Rio 2016 Olympics Data Analysis

April 10, 2018

```
In [86]: #import statements for visualization and data analysis
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from pandas import DataFrame as df
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from datetime import datetime
         from datetime import date
         import seaborn as sns
         import math
         import random
         from math import sqrt
         from scipy import stats
         from sklearn.svm import SVC
         from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
         from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
```

0.1 Initialize Data

Import 'athletes.csv' and store the data in a DataFrame

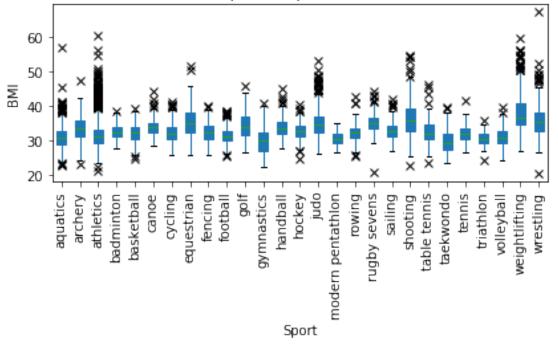
```
physical=ath_data[col_list]
physical = physical[physical.height.notnull()]
physical = physical[physical.weight.notnull()]
physical['BMI'] = (physical[col_list].sum(axis=1))/(physical['height'])**2

col_list = ['height', 'weight']
physical2 = physical
physical2['sport'] = ath_data['sport']
```

1 Investigation 1: Comparing Mean BMI Across Gymnastics, Aquatics, and Weightlifting

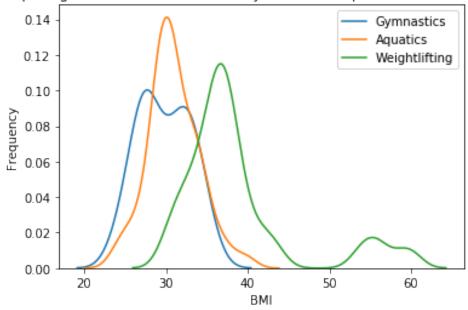
Is the mean height/weight distribution (i.e BMI) equal across aquatics, gymnastics, and weightlifting? If not, which sports have different means?



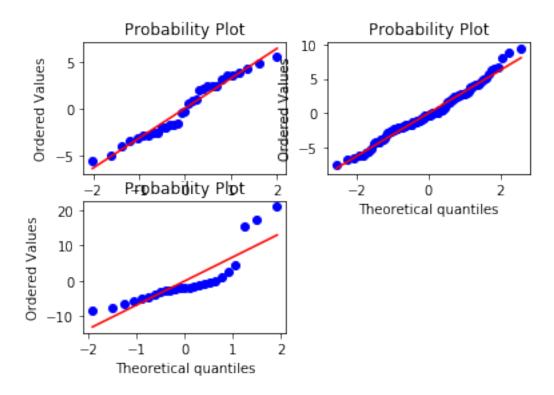


```
In [83]: #pulls respective Series of aq/qy/wl athletes of their BMIs
         gy = physical[physical['sport'] == 'gymnastics']['BMI']
         aq = physical[physical['sport'] == 'aquatics']['BMI']
         wl = physical[physical['sport'] == 'weightlifting']['BMI']
         sampleintgy = [random.randint(0, gy.shape[0]-1) for i in range(int(.1*gy.shape[0]))]
         sampleintaq = [random.randint(0, aq.shape[0]-1) for i in range(int(.1*aq.shape[0]))]
         sampleintwl = [random.randint(0, wl.shape[0]-1) for i in range(int(.1*wl.shape[0]))]
         gy = gy.iloc[sampleintgy]
         aq = aq.iloc[sampleintaq]
         wl = wl.iloc[sampleintwl]
         #density plot of BMI distribution
         sns.distplot(gy, hist=False, label='Gymnastics')
         sns.distplot(aq, hist=False, label='Aquatics')
         sns.distplot(wl, hist=False, label='Weightlifting')
         plt.xlabel('BMI')
         plt.ylabel('Frequency')
         plt.title("Comparing the BMI Distribution of Gymnastics, Aquatics, and Weightlifting"
         plt.show()
```

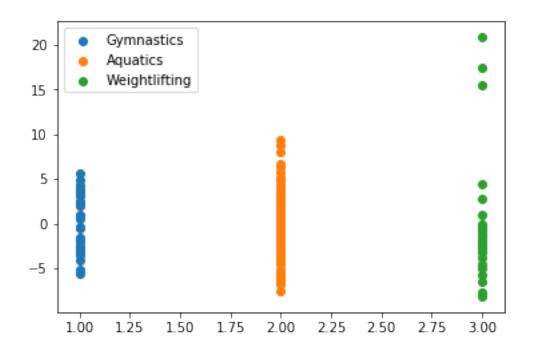
Comparing the BMI Distribution of Gymnastics, Aquatics, and Weightlifting



```
n1 = len(sampleintgy)
         n2 = len(sampleintaq)
         n3 = len(sampleintwl)
         gy_sum = sum(gy)
         gy_sample_sq = gy**2
         gy_sum_sq = sum(gy_sample_sq)
         gy_avg = gy.mean()
         aq_sum = sum(aq)
         aq\_sample\_sq = aq**2
         aq_sum_sq = sum(aq_sample_sq)
         aq_avg = aq.mean()
         wl_sum = sum(wl)
         wl_sample_sq = wl**2
         wl_sum_sq = sum(wl_sample_sq)
         wl_avg = wl.mean()
         total_sum = gy_sum+aq_sum+wl_sum
n1 = 31
n2 = 139
n3 = 25
In [85]: gy_residuals = gy-gy_avg
         aq_residuals = aq-aq_avg
         wl_residuals = wl-wl_avg
         ax1 = plt.subplot(221)
         stats.probplot(gy_residuals, plot=plt)
         ax2 = plt.subplot(222)
         stats.probplot(aq_residuals, plot=plt)
         ax3 = plt.subplot(223)
         stats.probplot(wl_residuals, plot=plt)
         plt.show()
```



```
In [86]: x = [1 for i in range(gy_residuals.shape[0])]
        gym = plt.scatter(x, gy_residuals.values, label='Gymnastics')
        x = [2 for i in range(aq_residuals.shape[0])]
        aqu = plt.scatter(x, aq_residuals.values, label='Aquatics')
        x = [3 for i in range(wl_residuals.shape[0])]
        wei = plt.scatter(x, wl_residuals.values, label='Weightlifting')
        plt.legend(handles=[gym, aqu, wei])
        plt.show()
```



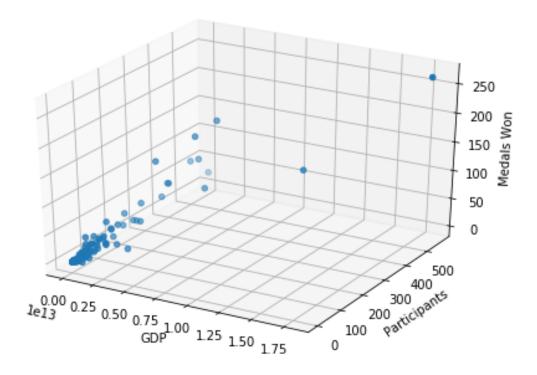
```
In [87]: ss_{total} = (gy_sum_sq+aq_sum_sq+wl_sum_sq) - ((total_sum)**2)/(n1+n2+n3)
       print("SS_total =", ss_total)
        print("SS_treatments =", ss_treat)
       ss_error = ss_total-ss_treat
       print("SS_error =", ss_error)
       ms_treat = ss_treat/2
       print("MS_treatments =", ms_treat)
       ms_error = ss_error/((n1+n2+n3)-2)
       print("MS_error =", ms_error)
       F0 = ms_treat/ms_error
       print("Test statistic =", F0)
SS_{total} = 4374.6962813
SS_{treatments} = 1431.95234487
SS_error = 2942.74393643
MS_treatments = 715.976172435
MS_error = 15.247377909
Test statistic = 46.957331071
In [88]: print("Gymnastics Average BMI:", gy_avg)
```

print("Aquatics Average BMI:", aq_avg)
print("Weightlifting Average BMI:", wl_avg)

```
LSD_gyaq = 1.972*sqrt(ms_error*(1/n1+1/n2))
        gyaq_diff = abs(gy_avg-aq_avg)
        print("Mean difference of average BMI between Gymnastics and Aquatics is", gyaq_diff)
        print("LSD of Gymnastics and Aquatics is", LSD_gyaq)
        LSD_gywl = 1.972*sqrt(ms_error*(1/n1+1/n3))
        gywl_diff = abs(gy_avg-wl_avg)
        print("Mean difference of average BMI between Gymnastics and Weightlifting is", gywl_
        print("LSD of Gymnastics and Weightlifting is", LSD_gywl)
        LSD_aqwl = 1.972*sqrt(ms_error*(1/n2+1/n3))
        aqwl_diff = abs(aq_avg-wl_avg)
        print("Mean difference of average BMI between Aquatics and Weightlifting is", aqwl_di
        print("LSD of Aquatics and Weightlifting is", LSD_aqwl)
Gymnastics Average BMI: 29.7958607882
Aquatics Average BMI: 30.9436728076
Weightlifting Average BMI: 38.7449305116
Mean difference of average BMI between Gymnastics and Aquatics is 1.14781201936
LSD of Gymnastics and Aquatics is 1.5294690971104137
Mean difference of average BMI between Gymnastics and Weightlifting is 8.9490697234
LSD of Gymnastics and Weightlifting is 2.069891852634907
Mean difference of average BMI between Aquatics and Weightlifting is 7.80125770404
LSD of Aquatics and Weightlifting is 1.6728192304487266
```

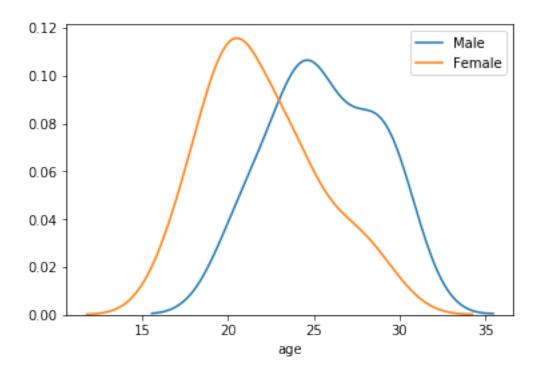
1.1 INVESTIGATION 2: Determining Relationship Between GDP and Medals Won

```
In [85]: ath_data_copy = ath_data
         country_data = pd.read_csv('countries.csv', index_col=0)
         country_data['gdp']=country_data['gdp_per_capita']*country_data['population']
         country_data = country_data.drop('gdp_per_capita', 1)
         country_data = country_data.rename(index = str, columns={"code":"nationality"})
         ath_data_copy = ath_data_copy.merge(country_data, on='nationality', how='left')
         ath_data_copy = ath_data_copy.sort_values(by='gdp')
         ath_data_copy = ath_data_copy[ath_data_copy.gdp.notnull()]
         gdp_data = ath_data_copy.groupby(by="gdp")['totals'].agg(['count', 'sum'])
         fig = plt.figure()
         ax = Axes3D(fig)
         ax.scatter(xs=gdp_data.index, ys=gdp_data['count'].values, zs=gdp_data['sum'].values,
         ax.set_xlabel('GDP')
         ax.set_ylabel('Participants')
         ax.set_zlabel('Medals Won')
         plt.show()
```



2 INVESTIGATION 3: Comparing Mean Age of Male/Female Medalists in Gymnastics

```
In [64]: gymnastics = ath_data[ath_data['sport'] == 'gymnastics']
        gymnastics_m = gymnastics[gymnastics['sex'] == 'male']
        gymnastics_f = gymnastics[gymnastics['sex'] == 'female']
        sampleintgy_m = [random.randint(0, gymnastics_m.shape[0]-1) for i in
            range(int(.5*gymnastics_m.shape[0]))]
        sampleintgy_f = [random.randint(0, gymnastics_f.shape[0]-1) for i in
            range(int(.5*gymnastics_f.shape[0]))]
        gymnastics_m = gymnastics_m.iloc[sampleintgy_m]
        gymnastics_f = gymnastics_f.iloc[sampleintgy_f]
        gymnastics_winners_m = gymnastics_m[gymnastics_m['totals']>0]['age']
        gymnastics_winners_f = gymnastics_f[gymnastics_f['totals']>0]['age']
        sns.distplot(gymnastics_winners_m, hist=False, label='Male')
        sns.distplot(gymnastics_winners_f, hist=False, label='Female')
        plt.show()
```



```
In [65]: gymnastics = ath_data[ath_data['sport'] == 'gymnastics']
         gymnastics_m = gymnastics[gymnastics['sex']=='male']
         gymnastics_f = gymnastics[gymnastics['sex']=='female']
         sampleintgy_m = [random.randint(0, gymnastics_m.shape[0]-1) for i in
             range(int(.5*gymnastics_m.shape[0]))]
         sampleintgy f = [random.randint(0, gymnastics_f.shape[0]-1) for i in
             range(int(.5*gymnastics_f.shape[0]))]
         gymnastics_m = gymnastics_m.iloc[sampleintgy_m]
         gymnastics_f = gymnastics_f.iloc[sampleintgy_f]
         gymnastics_winners_m = gymnastics_m[gymnastics_m['totals']>0]['age']
         gymnastics_winners_f = gymnastics_f[gymnastics_f['totals']>0]['age']
         print("Average age of male Gymnastics medalists:", gymnastics_winners_m.mean())
         print("Average age of female Gymnastics medalists:", gymnastics_winners_f.mean())
         print("Standard deviation of ages of male Gymnastics medalists:", gymnastics_winners_
         print("Standard deviation of ages of female Gymnastics medalists:", gymnastics_winner
         print("n_male =", gymnastics_winners_m.shape[0])
         print("n_female =", gymnastics_winners_f.shape[0])
Average age of male Gymnastics medalists: 26.75
Average age of female Gymnastics medalists: 21.68
Standard deviation of ages of male Gymnastics medalists: 3.17280107581
Standard deviation of ages of female Gymnastics medalists: 3.49666507785
n_male = 16
n_{female} = 25
```

3 INVESTIGATION 4: Analyzing Heights/Weights Between Male/Female Athletes

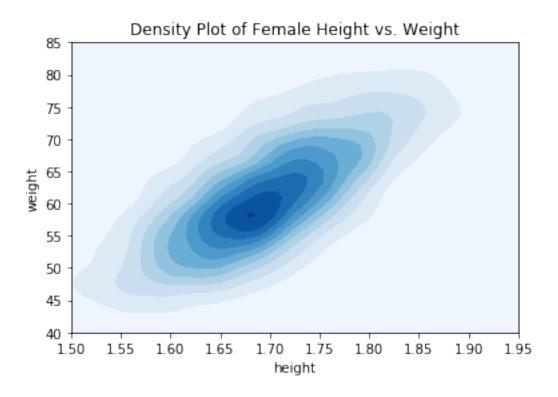
```
In [88]: #pulls the height/weight/age/sex of athletes; removes athletes with NaN
          #values in any height/weight columns
          #plots a scatterplot matrix to observe relationship between features
         plot = sns.PairGrid(physical, hue='sex')
         plot = plot.map_diag(plt.hist)
         plot = plot.map_offdiag(plt.scatter, s = 4)
         #sns.pairplot(physical)
         plt.show()
       2.2
       2.0
     1.8
1.6
       1.4
       1.2
       175
       150
       125
       100
       75
       50
       25
       60
       50
      ag 40
       30
       20
       70
       60
       50
       20
              15
                                    100
                                          150
```

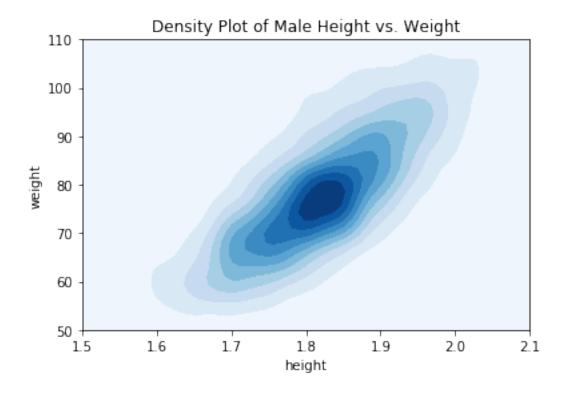
In [89]: #plots density plot of female/male height vs. weight

weight

height

```
physical_f=physical[physical['sex']=='female']
physical_m=physical[physical['sex']=='male']
sns.kdeplot(physical_f.height, physical_f.weight, cmap="Blues", shade=True)
plt.xlim(1.5, 1.95)
plt.ylim(40, 85)
plt.title('Density Plot of Female Height vs. Weight')
plt.show()
sns.kdeplot(physical_m.height, physical_m.weight, cmap="Blues", shade=True)
plt.xlim(1.5, 2.1)
plt.title('Density Plot of Male Height vs. Weight')
plt.ylim(50,110)
plt.show()
```



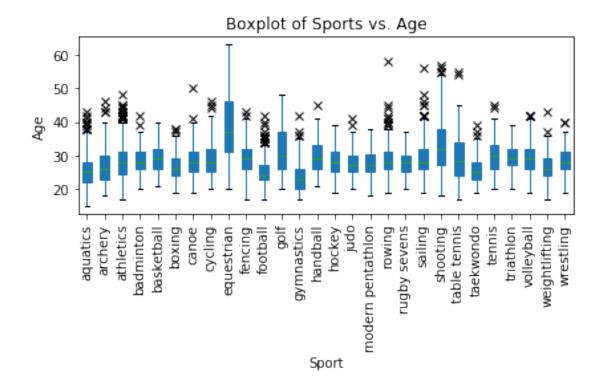


```
In [138]: male = physical[physical['sex']=='male']
          female = physical[physical['sex']=='female']
          sampleint m = [random.randint(0, male.shape[0]-1) for i in
              range(int(.5*male.shape[0]))]
          sampleint_f = [random.randint(0, female.shape[0]-1) for i in
             range(int(.5*female.shape[0]))]
          male = male.iloc[sampleint_m]
          female = female.iloc[sampleint_f]
          print("num_males = ", len(sampleint_m))
          print("num_females = ", len(sampleint_f))
          print("Male average height is ", male['height'].mean())
          print("Female average height is ", female['height'].mean())
          print("Male height standard deviation is ", male['height'].std())
          print("Female height standard deviation is ", female['height'].std())
num males = 2931
num_females = 2498
Male average height is 1.82363357216
Female average height is 1.69742994396
Male height standard deviation is 0.102126874276
Female height standard deviation is 0.0879301891154
In [139]: print("Male average weight is ", male['weight'].mean())
          print("Female average weight is ", female['weight'].mean())
```

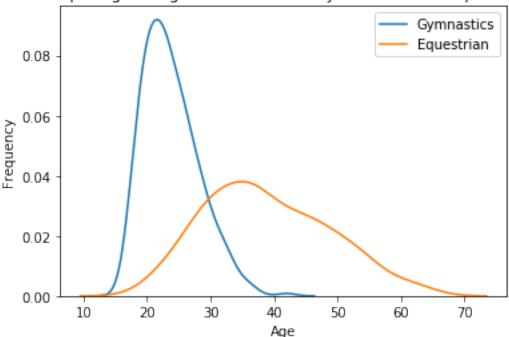
```
print("Male weight standard deviation is ", male['weight'].std())
print("Female weight standard deviation is ", female['weight'].std())
```

Male average weight is 79.9099283521 Female average weight is 62.5940752602 Male weight standard deviation is 15.646524449 Female weight standard deviation is 11.5126715776

4 INVESTIGATION 5: Comparing Variability of Ages of Equestrians and Gymnasts



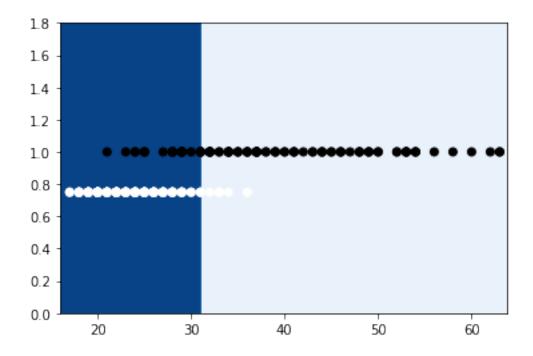
Comparing the Age Distribution of Gymnastics and Equestrian



```
print("Mean of gymnast ages is", gymnastics_age.mean())
         print("Mean of equestrian ages is", equestrian_age.mean())
         print("Standard deviation of gymnast ages is", gymnastics_age.std())
         print("Standard deviation of equestrian ages is", equestrian_age.std())
n_{gymnasts} = 162
n_{equestrians} = 111
Mean of gymnast ages is 23.5432098765
Mean of equestrian ages is 39.4234234234
Standard deviation of gymnast ages is 4.24424896301
Standard deviation of equestrian ages is 9.57415987252
In [63]: data = gymnastics.append(equestrian)
         sample_gym = [random.randint(0, gymnastics.shape[0]) for i in
             range(int(.8*gymnastics.shape[0]))]
         sample_test_gym = []
         for i in list(range(gymnastics.shape[0])):
             if i not in sample_gym:
                 sample_test_gym.append(i)
         train = data.iloc[sample_gym]
         ones = [1 for i in range(train.shape[0])]
         train['label'] = ones
         test = data.iloc[sample_test_gym]
         n1 = len(sample_test_gym)
         sample_eq = [gymnastics.shape[0]-1+random.randint(0, equestrian.shape[0]) for i in
             range(int(.8*equestrian.shape[0]))]
         sample_test_eq = []
         list_range = list(range(gymnastics.shape[0]-1, gymnastics.shape[0]-1+equestrian.shape
         for i in list_range:
             if i not in sample_eq:
                 sample_test_eq.append(i)
         eq_train = data.iloc[sample_eq]
         zeros = [0 for i in range(eq_train.shape[0])]
         eq_train['label']=zeros
         train = train.append(eq_train)
         eq_test = data.iloc[sample_test_eq]
         test = test.append(eq_test)
         param_grid = {'C': [1, 5, 10, 50], 'kernel': ['linear']},
         grid = GridSearchCV(SVC(), param_grid, cv=5, scoring='accuracy')
         grid.fit(train['age'].values.reshape(-1,1), train['label'])
         print("Best values of the parameters for the SVM are", grid.best_params_, "with an ac
         predict = grid.predict(test['age'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         h = 0.2
         x_{min}, x_{max} = min(test['age']) - 1, max(test['age']) + 1
         y_min, y_max = 0, 2
```

```
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(
    np.arange(x_min, x_max, h),
    np.arange(y_min, y_max, h))
Z = grid.predict(np.c_[xx.ravel()])
Z = Z.reshape(xx.shape)
plt.contourf(xx, yy, Z, cmap="Blues")
ones = [1 for i in range(test.shape[0])]
color= ['black' if l == 'equestrian' else 'white' for l in test['sport']]
vec = []
for i in list(range(test.shape[0])):
    if test['sport'].iloc[i] == 'gymnastics':
        vec.append(0.75)
    else:
        vec.append(1)
plt.scatter(test['age'].values, vec, c=color, cmap=plt.cm.Paired)
plt.figure
plt.show()
```

Best values of the parameters for the SVM are {'C': 10, 'kernel': 'linear'} with an accuracy of



5 INVESTIGATION 6: Comparing Proportion of Male and Female Medalists

```
In [56]: males = ath_data[ath_data['sex'] == 'male']
         females = ath_data[ath_data['sex'] == 'female']
         sampleint_m = [random.randint(0, males.shape[0]-1) for i in
             range(int(.5*males.shape[0]))]
         sampleint_f = [random.randint(0, females.shape[0]-1) for i in
             range(int(.5*females.shape[0]))]
         males = males.iloc[sampleint_m]
         females = females.iloc[sampleint_f]
         male_winners = males[males['totals']>0]
         female_winners = females[females['totals']>0]
        print("n_males =", males.shape[0])
         print("n_females =", females.shape[0])
         print("Proportion of male medalists:", male_winners.shape[0]/males.shape[0])
         print("Proportion of female medalists:", female_winners.shape[0]/females.shape[0])
n_{males} = 3166
n_females = 2602
Proportion of male medalists: 0.15476942514213518
Proportion of female medalists: 0.16986933128362797
```