#### NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Suggested Solutions

### MH1401/CY1401 - Algorithms and Computing I

November 2016 TIME ALLOWED: 120 MINUTES

#### INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This examination paper contains FOUR (4) questions and comprises SIX (6) printed pages.
- 2. Answer **all** questions. The marks for each question are indicated at the beginning of each question.
- 3. Answer each question beginning on a FRESH page of the answer book.
- 4. This **IS NOT** and **OPEN BOOK** exam.
- 5. This paper has been converted from the original MATLAB exam to a PYTHON exam. All questions are the property of Nanyang Technological University.

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### Suggested Solutions (Brandon)

QUESTION 1. (28 marks)

```
(a) x = -1
    while(x <= 0):
        x = int(input("Input a positive integer"))
(b) 0
(c) 18
(d) if x < -3 or x >= 3:
        y = f(x,1)
    else:
        if x < 0:
            y = f(x,3)
        else:
            if x == 0:
                 y = f(x,4)
            else:
            y = f(x,2)</pre>
```

QUESTION 2. (24 marks)

```
(i) def income_tax(income):
       if income <= 20000:
           return 0
       elif income <= 40000:
           return 0.05 * income
       elif income <= 100000:
           return 0.1 * income
       elif income <= 200000:
           return 0.15 * income
       else
           return 0.2 * income
(ii) def income_tax_sg(income):
       if income <= 20000:
           return 0
       elif income <= 40000:
           return 0.05 * (income-20000)
       elif income <= 100000:
           return 0.05 * 20000 + 0.1 * (income - 60000)
       elif income <= 200000:
           return 0.05 * 20000 + 0.1 * 60000 + 0.15 * \
           (income - 100000)
       else
           return 0.05 * 20000 + 0.1 * 60000 + 0.15 * 100000 + \
           0.2 * (income - 200000)
   # '\' is a newline character that continues the previous line
```

(24 marks)

QUESTION 3.

```
(i) def newton_sqrt(X,n):
       if X < 0 or n <= 0:
           return -1;
       if n == 1:
           R1 = 10;
           return R1;
       else:
           out = newton_sqrt(X,n-1)
           Rx = 0.5 * (out + X) / out
           return Rx;
   # Note that if they did not ask for recursion,
   # we can use the following for loop instead:
   # Non-recursion method:
   def newton_sqrt(X,n):
       R1 = 10
       for i in range(1,n+1):
           if i-1 == 0:
                Rx = R1
            else:
                Rx = 0.5 * (R1+x)/R1
                R1 = Rx
       return(Rx)
(ii) def newton_sqrt_approx(X,a):
       import math
       i = 0;
       dist=a+1;
       while (i \le 0 \text{ or dist } > a):
            i+=1;
           temp = newton_sqrt(X,i)
            if temp == -1:
                return (-1,0)
            else:
                dist = abs(math.sqrt(X)-(newton_sqrt(X,i)))
       return (i,dist)
   11 11 11
   The above implementation works by adding these lines:
   x=int(input("Input a non-negative number X: "))
   a=float(input("Input a positive number a: "))
```

```
(n, dist) = newton_sqrt_approx(x, a)
if n == -1:
    print("Invalid input(s)!")
else:
    print("%d iterations required, distance = %.6f" % \
(n, dist))
"""
```

### QUESTION 4.

(24 marks)

```
(i) def check_move(x,y):
       if x == []:
            return -1
       elif y== []:
           return 0
       elif x[-1] > y[-1]:
            return -1
       else:
            return 0
(ii) def check_victory(x):
       if len(x) != 5:
            return -1
       else:
            for i in range(len(x)-1):
                if x[i] \leftarrow x[i+1]:
                    return -1
       return 0
```

```
(iii) vectorofrods = [[5,4,3,2,1],[],[]]
    win = -1;
   while(win != 0):
        movevalid = -1
        while (movevalid != 0):
            movefrom = int(input( \
            "Which rod do you want to move the disc from? "))
            moveto = int(input( \
            "Which rod do you want to move the disc to? "))
            movevalid = check_move(vectorofrods[movefrom],\
            vectorofrods[moveto])
            if (movevalid != 0):
                print("Invalid move, try again!\n")
                print("Current rod list:", vectorofrods)
            else:
                vectorofrods[moveto].append( \
                vectorofrods[movefrom].pop())
                print("Current rod list:", vectorofrods)
        win = check_victory(vectorofrods[moveto])
   print("Congratulations to you for finishing MH1401!")
    11 11 11
    Part (i), (ii), (iii) is a working implementation of Tower of Hanoi.
    You can play it by copying the code into Spyder and running it!
    Good luck! :)
```

# Suggested Solutions (Camille)