

Join Syntax

- Use **JOIN** to describe the table that will be joining query
- Use **ON** to describe the relationship

ex) # JOIN Syntax

SELECT columns

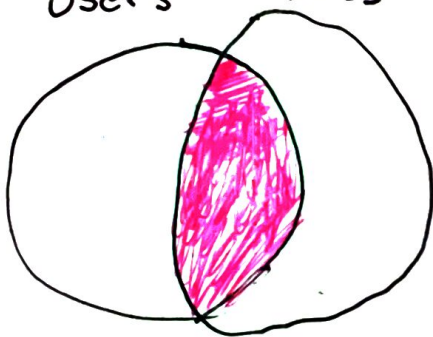
FROM table-a **AS** A

JOIN table-b **AS** A.id = B.fk-id;

ex) # JOIN/Inner Join

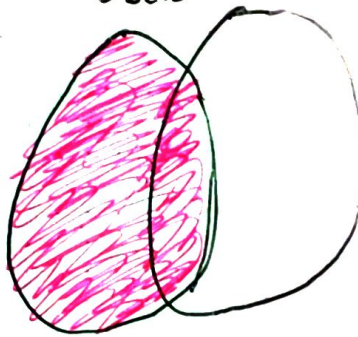
SELECT users.name **AS** user.name, roles.name **AS** role.name
FROM users
JOIN roles **ON**

Inner Join
Users Roles



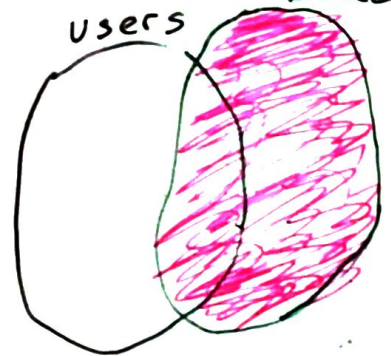
- Both left + right tables have values for their respective keys

Left Join
Users Roles



- Retrieve all records from left table regardless of corresponding right table records

Right Join
Users Roles



- Retrieve all the records from the right table, regardless of corresponding left table records.

ex) # Find Full Name + Dept for employee w/ employee id: 10001

SELECT CONCAT(e.first-name, ' ', e.last-name) **AS** full.name,
d.dept-name

FROM employees **AS** e

JOIN dept-emp **AS** de **ON** de.emp-no = e.emp-no

JOIN departments **AS** d **ON** d.dept-no = de.dept-no

WHERE hire date = '9999-01-01'