

Montgomery College, CMSC 203
Worksheet 1
Module 17

Objectives

- Interfaces
- Polymorphism with interfaces

Concept Questions

- 1) In Java, a(n) _____ is a collection of constants and abstract methods.
 - a) polymorphic reference
 - b) abstract class
 - c) implementation
 - d) interface
 - e) iterator

- 2) Write a header for an interface called “Animal”

- 3) The fields in the interfaces are treated as:
 - a) final
 - b) static
 - c) both a and b
 - d) interfaces cannot contain fields

- 4) (True/False) An instance of an interface CAN be created just like an instance of a class.

- 5) A class can be derived from (one/multiple) superclass(es) and it can implement (one/multiple) interface(s).

- 6) A polymorphic reference is one that can refer to _____ type(s) of object(s).
 - a) exactly one
 - b) zero
 - c) multiple
 - d) abstract
 - e) static

- 7) In Java, polymorphic references can be created through the use of _____ and _____.
 - a) inheritance, interfaces
 - b) inheritance, abstract classes
 - c) interfaces, abstract classes
 - d) interfaces, iterators
 - e) none of the above

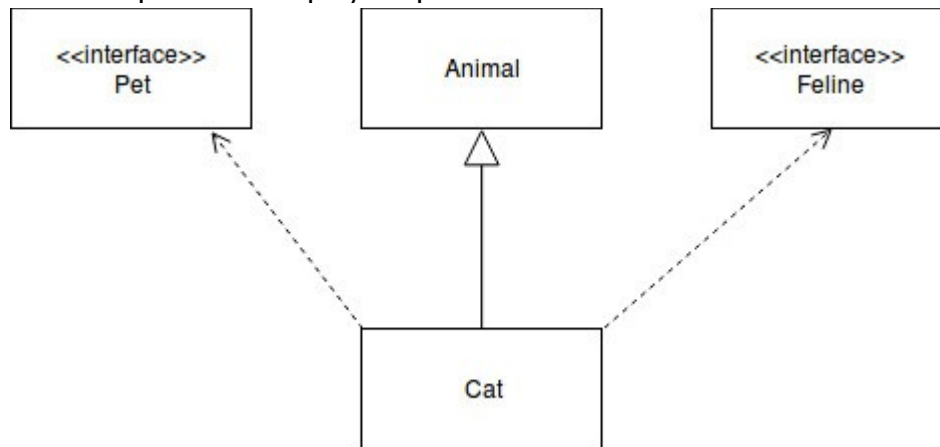
8) Suppose `Animal` is an interface that specifies a single method - `speak`. Now suppose the `Dog` class implements the `Animal` interface. In addition to the `speak` method, the `Dog` class also has a method called `wagTail`. Now consider the following code.

```
Animal a = new Dog();  
a.wagTail();
```

Which of the following is true about this code?

- a) It will result in a compile-time error.
- b) It will result in a run-time error.
- c) It will call the `speak` method defined in the `Animal` interface.
- d) It will call the `wagTail` method defined in the `Dog` class.
- e) none of the above are true.

9) Write a header that represents the polymorphic architecture of the class `Cat`:



10) It is possible to define a method in the interface by using a:

- a) static method
- b) final static method
- c) default method
- d) you cannot define methods in the interface

11) Methods in an interface have public visibility by default. (True/False)

12) All the methods in the Interface are abstract by default (True/False)

13) What is the wrong with the following code?(assume each class is defined in its own java file).

```
1. public interface MobileDevice
2. {
3.     String MNUFACTURE;
```

```

4.     public String turnOn();
5.     public String takePicture() { return "Ready to take picture"; }
6.     public String record(int start, int end);
7.     public String pause();
8. }

```

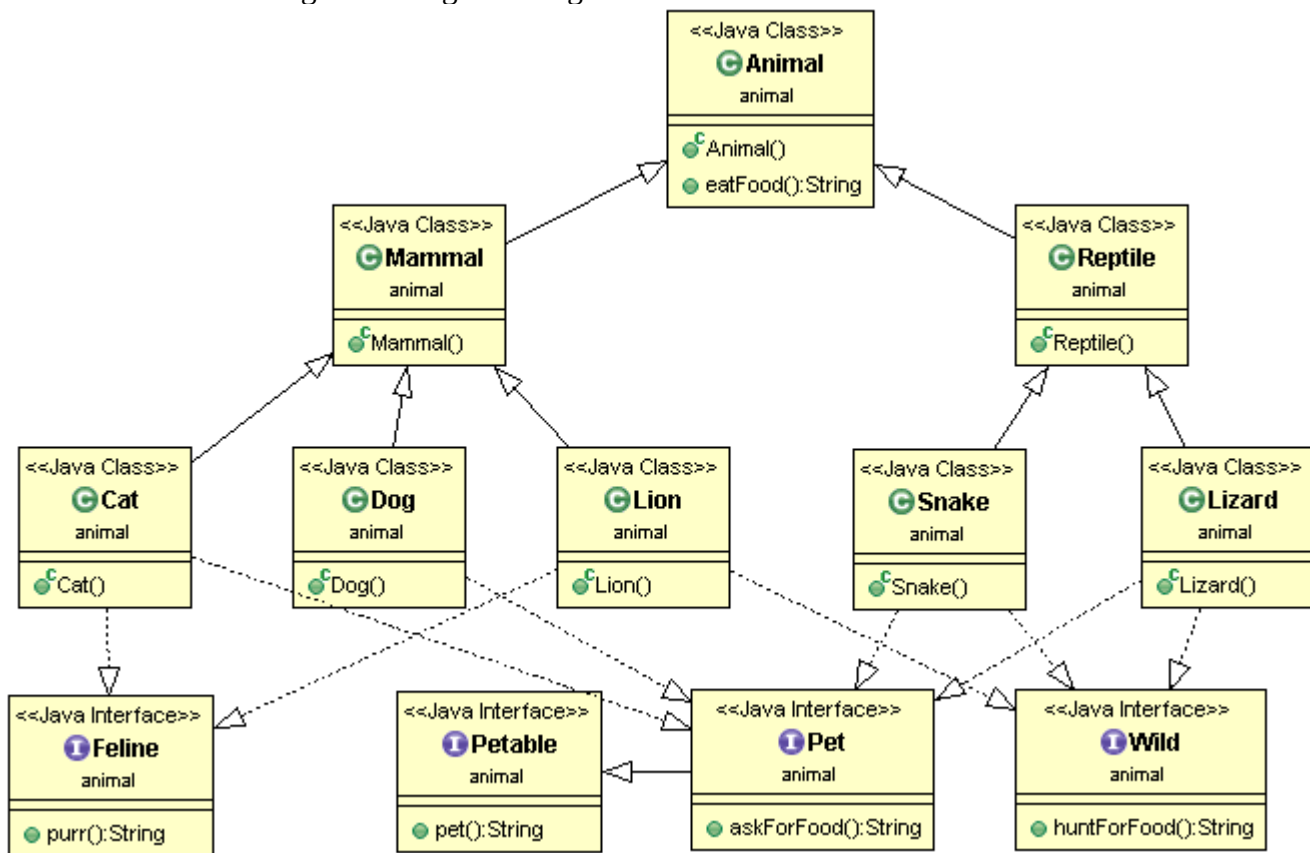
```

1. public class Iphone implements MobileDevice {
2.     public String turnOn () { return "Iphone is turned on"; }
3.     public String takePicture () { return "picture taken by iphone"; }
4.     public String pause(){ return "pause recording"; }
5. }

```

Programming Question:

1. Convert the following UML diagram design into classes and interfaces



2. Implement the methods seen in the UML diagram. All the methods simply return a string of the activity. For example, askForFood() method implementation in the Cat subclass will simply return a string "Cat is asking for food". Another example is a pet() method in the Petable interface will return "Being petted".