Chapter 4 – Additional Problems with Solution – Helpful for the Homework, and Chapter Quiz on Chapter 4

Problem 1:

For the following formulae, if the formula is true, prove it; if false, find a counterexample.

For all real numbers x, |x-1| = |x| - 1

Solution: Counterexample:

$$x = -1.2$$

 $|x-1| = |-1.2 - 1| = |-2.2| = 2.2$
 $|x| - 1 = |-1.2| - 1 = 1.2 - 1 = 0.2$
Therefore, $|x-1| \neq |x| - 1$

Problem 2:

Prove by contraposition: if the sum of two real numbers is less than 50, then at least one of the numbers is less than 25.

Solution:

Contraposition: In a sum of two real numbers, if both (not at least one $(\sim \exists)$ is both (\forall)) the numbers are greater than or equals to 25, then the sum is greater than or equals to 50.

Suppose: $a, b \in R$, and $a \ge 25, b \ge 25$.

Let a = 25 + x, $x \in R$ and $x \ge 0$

b = 25 + y, $y \in R$ and $y \ge 0$

If both x and y are 0, a + b = 25 + 25 = 50

If either x or y or both greater than 0, then a + b = 25 + 25 + x + y = 50 + x + y > 50

Problem 3: Write the following as a ratio of two integers.

0.575757575757....

Solution:

Let
$$n = 0.575757575757...$$

 $100n = 57.575757575757...$
 $100n - n = 57$
Or, $99n = 57$
Therefore, $n = 57 / 99$

Problem 4:

-33 mod 9 =?

Solution:

$$-33 = -4 \times 9 + 3$$

Therefore, $-33 \mod 9 = +3$