MEMORANDUM

TO: The Honorable Gregory Mitchell,

Alderman, 7th Ward

Chair, Chicago City Council Committee on Transportation and Public Way

FROM: Dorval R. Carter, Jr, President, Chicago Transit Authority

DATE: April 30, 2024

RE: CTA Responses to Questions Submitted Through Chair Following Committee Meeting

Thank you, Chairman Mitchell, for providing the alderpersons' questions from the February 27, 2024, Chicago City Council Committee on Transportation and Public Way. I appreciate your commitment to streamlining the process for managing the exchange of requested information between members of the Committee and the Authority. Please let us know if there is anything else we can do to accommodate any further needs of the Committee.

Below please find the answers to the Committee's questions.

1. What is the pathway currently for CPS students, if any, to access jobs within CTA?

CTA partners with One Summer Chicago to offer one of the largest high school internship programs in the city. In 2023, CTA hosted 237 high school students as part of the program. This summer, CTA will welcome 250 high school students from across the city exposing them to the breadth of career opportunities within the CTA.

2. What is the pathway currently for veterans, if any, to access jobs within CTA?

In 2023, the CTA hired 77 self-identified veterans—the highest number of veterans hired since 2014. The increase in veteran hires is in-part a result of some of the following initiatives below:

- In 2018, to assist with Veterans transitioning to civilian careers, the CTA added a Veteran Webpage with Military Job Match Functionality: https://www.transitchicago.com/careers/veterans/
- CTA launched a Veteran Resource Group (VERG) on June 28th, 2019. VERG currently has 50+ active members that meet bi-weekly.
- In partnership with VERG, recruitment facilitated multiple hiring manager informational sessions on the benefits of hiring a veteran.
- CTA signed a MOU with ArmyPays in Jan 2023 to promote the veteran hiring initiative.
- In conjunction with the union(s), a veteran patch was approved to be a part of the uniform effective Nov 2023.
- In 2023, the CTA attended 12 recruitment events that were veteran/military focused.
- In 2023, the CTA created a welcome packet with VERG membership benefit information for all new veterans that are hired at the CTA.
- 3. CTA updated the Veteran Hiring SOP in late Nov. 2023 in support of the 2012 Executive Order. What are the demographic breakdown of CTA leadership, departments and workforce categories?

Please see chart below for relevant demographic breakdown.

As of January 31, 2024	CTA Workforce	Managers
White (Not Hispanic or Latino)	14%	32%
Black or African American	68%	48%
Hispanic or Latino	16%	16%
Asian	2%	4%
Two or More	1%	1%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	< 1%	< 1%
Female	35%	32%
Male	65%	68%

4. What percentage of the employee population lives within the City of Chicago or in the surrounding suburbs?

CTA records show that 59% of CTA employees live within the City of Chicago; 98% of CTA employees live in Illinois. In general, while there is a residency requirement to live within the CTA service region for non-union CTA personnel (some exceptions excluded), there is no residency requirement for union personnel.

5. How many RFP's have gone out for the Red Line Extension? What are the demographics, if applicable, of winning contractors & subcontractors?

Seventeen (17) Requests for Proposals (RFPs) have been issued and awarded for the Red Line Extension (RLE) Project. More than \$115 million has been awarded to Disadvantaged Business Enterprises on RLE contracts so far.

The ethnic breakdown is as follows:

•	Black American	44.88%
•	Asian American	32.11%
•	Non-Minority	12.42%
•	Hispanic American	10.58%

Four task orders have been awarded to DBE primes, three of which were through Small Business Enterprise (SBE) contracts, totaling \$5.3MM.

Please see **Attachment A** for additional information, including DBE goals and commitments as well as other relevant data.

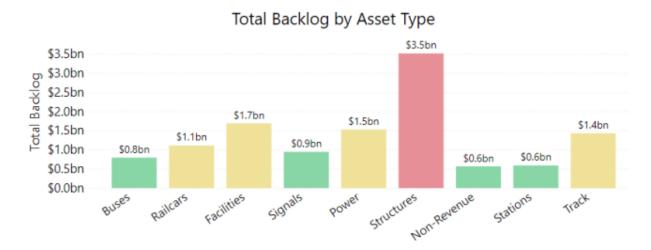
6. How much retail space is vacant across the system? How long are the remaining occupied retail spaces leases? What is the demographic information for occupied retail spaces (i.e., MWBE owners, etc.)?

As of March 1, 2024, forty-four percent (44%) of available retail space was vacant across CTA's system. The leases for the remaining occupied spaces are of varied length (please see **Attachment B** for start and end dates). CTA does not collect demographic information related to these leases.

7. How much is the anticipated capital repairs for all rail stations?

CTA's system-wide identified capital investment needs total \$37.8 billion. Of those identified needs, \$7.2 billion are funded, while the remaining \$30.6 billion are unfunded. The largest category of investment needs is Rail Infrastructure renewal and modernization, with major needs also identified for revenue vehicles.

The following charts reflect where there are major investments overdue in several key asset classes including Infrastructure, Vehicles, Stations, and Facilities as illustrated in the first chart below. In this figure, total backlog refers to the value of CTA's assets that need rehabilitation or replacement.



8. How much capital improvement by ward for bus stations & shelters?

The bus shelters at CTA stops are owned and maintained by the Chicago Department of Transportation.

9. Through the Chair, can you send a detailed explanation of how you gather the data for each category that is shown on your dashboard?

Please see **Attachment C** of this document, which explains the metrics, sources and calculation methods used for each CTA dashboard category.

10. Please share an organization chart for CTA leadership and their areas of focus.

Please see **Attachment D** for organizational chart of CTA leadership.

11. How do you track employee use of CTA services and report that out?

CTA acknowledges there is a separate request for data regarding ridership information on a quarterly basis. CTA will provide information responsive to this request for each quarterly hearing as requested.

12. Please share the strategic plan (more granular and forward-looking than Meeting the Moment) on how CTA will be returning service levels to 2019 levels by the end of 2024 (which Pres. Carter committed to do at the end of last year).

CTA service is expanding as a result of its aggressive hiring and training campaigns. In March, CTA announced added bus service across the system, including 29 bus routes reaching near prepandemic levels. In April, CTA announced the new, dynamic rail schedules, allowing for added service where demand is greatest, namely during the AM and PM rush periods on the Red, Green, Brown, and Purple lines as well as the O'Hare branch of the Blue line. Bus and rail service will continue to expand throughout the year, reaching pre-pandemic levels by the end of the year.

In 2023, CTA hired over 1,000 bus operators – more than in any year in CTA's history – and almost triple the amount of operators hired in previous years. CTA is on pace to fully staff all available bus operator positions in 2024. CTA has embarked on an aggressive training plan to train 200 new rail operators in 2024. This is in addition to the targeted hiring efforts of flaggers, the entry-level position for rail operators. CTA has hired 100 flaggers already in 2024. CTA hosted 12 job fairs throughout Chicago attended an additional 100 community-based job fairs in 2023 helping thousands of Chicagoans apply for jobs at CTA. At the current pace, CTA expects to meet pre-pandemic workforce levels by fall of 2024.

13. How do you regularly measure your progress compared to other cities—what metrics specifically?

For comparisons across key performance areas, CTA utilizes metrics that are common across all cities and are reported to the FTA's National Transit Database (NTD). CTA and the Regional Transportation Authority (RTA) regularly use and report NTD data to compare and report progress relative to other, similar systems. CTA typically compares to METRO (Los Angeles), MBTA (Boston), NYCT (New York), SEPTA (Philadelphia), WMATA (Washington, DC), and MARTA (Atlanta). The comparison metrics include those such as cost per trip, fleet size, fleet age, service delivery levels, recovery ratio, ridership, revenue, service coverage, maintenance, and capital investment. CTA reports system comparison metrics in its annual budget book. RTA publishes an annual Modal Peer Review.

14. We have heard of a tension between CTA and advocates for improved public transit services. How will CTA improve communications with advocates and the public on everything from long term planning to daily disruptions?

To help ensure the public is kept apprised of our ongoing efforts to increase rail services now through this summer, CTA will be issuing multiple announcements letting riders know how many new operators have been added, and where they will be allocated. This information will be amplified across CTA's communications channels.

With regards to ongoing communication with advocates, in February CTA hosted a virtual roundtable discussion with local community representatives and transit stakeholders with the goal of bringing them up to speed on key matters and measures being taken to address service reliability, safety and the customer experience, while also addressing any questions. CTA will continue to hold virtual roundtable discussion on a regular basis.

15. Safety: riders have concerns regarding crime on buses and trains, from assault/robberies to smoking on train cars, what's being done to address this?

Generally speaking, the CTA is a safe system when compared to overall ridership.

Currently, we carry roughly 900,000 passengers a day – more than the entire population of Indianapolis – and more than 5.5 million people each week, and incidents of crime are very low. That said, one crime is one too many, and CTA is committed to working with CPD to make the system even safer.

We continue to work in close collaboration with the Chicago Police Department to review data and information on a daily basis, which helps inform and guide the strategic deployment of both police and security resources across our bus and rail systems. CTA currently deploys more than 400+ security guards out on the system each day.

These efforts are making an impact. Throughout 2023, CTA saw year-over-year declines in crimes. And this year, through the end of March, overall transit crime is 5% lower year to date, while violent crime on the CTA has dropped 10% compared to this time in 2023.

Combatting incidents of crime on CTA requires a multi-pronged approach, which includes the strategic deployment of police and security resources, use of CTA's 33,000+ security cameras across all buses, trains, rail stations/platforms and other facilities – the most comprehensive security camera network among U.S. transit agencies – and use of new and emerging technologies and other ideas to boost crime deterrence.

As for enforcing the no smoking rule on CTA, this is a daily initiative for both CPD officers deployed on our system, as well as CTA security guards. Both are tasked with reminding offenders that smoking is not permitted on the system and to extinguish their device or ask them to leave the property. In the event someone does not comply, security guards request police assistance to have the offenders removed.

Last year alone, CPD issued more than 6,300 citations for smoking on the CTA and has already issued thousands more this year.

And it should be noted that the recently launched CTA ChatBot feature is already proving to be a valuable tool. CTA riders can use this web-based tool to get answers to common CTA/service questions, and to alert CTA personnel to real-time, non-emergency matters, including issues of cleanliness and smoking.

16. We know that there are unhoused neighbors who seek shelter on train cars, and that there has been a strategy of having a team engaging with those neighbors to provide them services. Please share the metrics by which CTA tracks progress and success in connecting those who need homelessness services with those services.

Beginning in 2023, the Department of Family Support Services received a new \$2 million investment from CTA to expand the homeless outreach services and coordination efforts of two delegate agencies on the two 24/7 train lines, the Red and Blue lines. The Red Line outreach team, Thresholds, started engagement in early January 2023 and the Blue Line outreach team,

Haymarket, started in late February 2023. With these funds, Thresholds was able to add a new overnight team and shift to conduct outreach on the Red Line. Haymarket was able to add two shifts of teams, one operating during the day and the other overnight to conduct outreach on the Blue Line.

Here are the following main key performance indicators for these CTA outreach teams:

- Number of unique individuals enrolled in the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)
- Number of unique individuals enrolled in the Coordinated Entry System (CES), a system
 used to assess, refer, and connect people with housing and homeless assistance based
 on their needs.
- Number of individuals placed in shelter
- Number of individuals housed
- Number of individuals transported

Number of encounters over time: Across both the Blue and Red Lines, outreach workers had a total of 7,800 encounters of people experiencing unsheltered homelessness from January through December 2023. The Red Line outreach team started outreach in early January 2023 and the Blue Line started in late February 2023. For the Red Line outreach team, they had over 2,600 encounters with unhoused people on the Red Line train and stations. The Blue Line outreach teams had over 5,100 encounters on the Blue Line train and stations.

Shelter and housing placements: From January through December 2023, there were 122 shelter placements recorded from the Red and Blue Lines. During that same period of time, 47 CTA clients were housed. A CTA-specific Accelerated Moving Event (AME) was held that housed 20 CTA clients through the Rapid Rehousing Program. Additionally, of those who were housed, 27 (or nearly 60%) clients were engaged through the CTA outreach teams (based on HMIS data) and exited from homelessness to other stable or permanent housing destinations outside of the AME process in 2023.

Unique individuals enrolled in HMIS and CES: Across both the Red and Blue Lines for all of 2023, there have been a total of 372 unique individuals enrolled in the Homeless Management information System (HMIS) across both agencies' outreach projects. Out of those 372 individuals, 90% (334) had a Coordinated Entry Assessment (CES) in HMIS.

Client transports: Regarding where clients got transported over the course of 2023, there were a variety of locations across both the Red and Blue lines. For both lines, the most common location for transport was to a shelter. There was a total of 124 individuals transported: 119 to shelters and five (5) to motels. A total of 22 transports across both outreach teams were to the DFSS Community Center at 10 S. Kedzie, which provides a variety of services including clothing as well as referrals and resources for connecting clients to food pantries, public benefits, shelters, veteran services and workforce development. And 31 were transports for medical, detox, or substance use treatment services across the Red and Blue Lines. Plus, a variety of other miscellaneous transports for housing-related visits, helping clients obtain benefits, access to warming centers, a job interview etc.

In addition, DFSS uses a comprehensive strategy to support all Chicagoans experiencing unsheltered homelessness, which includes the following related to CTA:

Coordinated daily outreach

- Street outreach teams including DFSS HOP and 11 delegate agencies build rapport with individuals experiencing homelessness to address basic needs and engage them in services.
- Coverage is coordinated across the city and includes CTA-dedicated teams and overnight services from two delegate agencies: Thresholds and Haymarket. For the 2023 contract year, the CTA invested \$2M towards outreach on the Red and Blue Lines of the CTA. Thresholds operate a day and evening shift on Red Line and Haymarket provides outreach on the Blue Line via a day shift and overnight shift. Both agencies have resources to support individuals riding the train with immediate needs, shelter, and longer-term support around mental health and substance use.

Connection to housing

- Unsheltered-dedicated Accelerated Moving Events began in December 2020 and continued through August 2023. Since then, 476 unsheltered individuals and families have moved into housing. As previously mentioned, 47 of those are people engaged while taking shelter on CTA, 20 of which were engaged through the AME process in 2023.
- Outreach teams assess clients for the Coordinated Entry System, to access Continuum of Care (CoC) housing resources.
- To sustainably address unsheltered homelessness, we need more housing resources as well as adequate shelter and supportive services.

17. A number of us support Western Ave BRT, would you also support efforts in moving that forward?

With a far broader geographic reach in Chicago than rail, many low income/minority communities throughout the city have bus access but not rail. This is one important reason the CTA continues to implement and explore ways to improve bus speed and reliability. Doing so will help increase equity and access for these communities.

Western Avenue was identified as one of 17 corridors across the city that will be prioritized for improvements under the Better Streets for Buses (BSB) Plan, which is the first framework plan for implementing infrastructure to enhance the bus riding experience, developed by CDOT and CTA together. Proposed plans and designs for each corridor will vary based on need and community preference. The BSB Plan includes a toolbox of street treatments such as enhanced bus stops, bus priority traffic signals, and dedicated bus lanes.

As a major next step towards implementation of robust bus priority projects, CTA and CDOT have successfully secured a competitive grant from Cook County's Invest in Cook program, to conduct additional public outreach and advance design for at least three corridors in the Better Streets for Buses Network. CDOT and CTA are currently in the process of selecting corridors for this study and developing a scope, in consultation with the Transportation Equity Network (TEN). Western Avenue is a top candidate for a number of reasons—the high bus ridership on the corridor, the connectivity it provides, the relatively wide roadway, and the support for bus priority we have heard from some community members and alders. CDOT and CTA anticipate finalizing the corridor selection and scope for the study in the next few months.

In the interim, several Bus Priority Zones have been implemented on Western Avenue, including near the Blue Line Western station and Diversey/Logan Boulevard. Bus Priority Zones are smaller infrastructure treatments intended to address pinch points on major bus corridors, with elements like short stretches of bus lanes and queue jump signals. CTA will continue to work with CDOT to identify near-term opportunities to implement these types of treatments.

In addition, traffic-signal prioritization, which gives extended green lights to approaching buses if they are behind schedule, is currently in place along Western between Howard Ave. and 79th St.

Like transit agencies across the country, the CTA is working to have a clearer picture of ridership trends/demand on all our service corridors, with an eye toward providing the best possible service now while also looking at possible future service improvements. To aid in developing this process, CTA is also embarking on a long-term Bus Vision Project; an initial assessment of the current bus network should be published in the next few months, and its release will kick off the public engagement phase.

The Bus Vision Project will evaluate how well the network serves area residents, considering operational challenges and the geographic and demographic context that the bus network operates within, and seek input from the public. A key component of this initiative is determining the best ways to provide equitable, accessible service to all parts of the city.

18. What is being done to support CTA workers in regard to getting their feedback on how to improve services and employee experience/retainment/and recruitment?

In addition to regular, ongoing discussions between CTA employees and management to solicit feedback at garages and terminals, CTA's Operations managers conduct routine "rap sessions" at both bus garage and rail terminals to address timely matters related to safety, security and day-to-day operations.

In addition, CTA's frontline workers are also represented by their unions, who are also regularly engaged in communication with CTA management, both through formal and informal means of feedback regarding matters and concerns related to our workforce.

Supplementing these ongoing channels of communication, CTA administers surveys on a regular basis to get input from all employees. The Human Resources Department ("HR") also administers an employee exit survey to departing employees. In 2023, HR administered two surveys to current employees: Culture & Safety and Employee Experience. All surveys are voluntary. Over 2,000 employees (out of 10,000 total) completed the most recent survey. HR conducts outreach to all employees using multiple methods to insure representation from front-line employees. The surveys can easily be completed using a cell phone and we have seen strong participation.

Surveys:

- Organizational Culture & Safety Survey: feedback from current employees about their perceptions of the workplace environment and safety.
- **Employee Experience Survey**: gathers feedback from current employees about their satisfaction, engagement, retention, and overall experience.
- **Exit Survey**: feedback from departing employees to understand reasons for leaving and identify areas for improvement.

Follow-up actions:

Survey results are provided to CTA department leadership/management. Individual departments are responsible for drafting department-specific follow-up goals. In 2024, HR met with 34 departments/units (174 management staff) across the Authority to review the results and discuss their goals. Employee feedback has led directly to the development of various initiatives, such as the enhancement to CTA's employee recognition programs and the creation of a new Employee Engagement, Outreach, and Marketing unit to further engage employees through a variety of programs and events.

19. Are there any legislative changes you would request or recommend from the Council to support your efforts of improvement, whether reliability or safety?

CTA's Government and Community Relations (GCR) Department works closely with the City Council and aldermanic staff to ensure a productive and ongoing dialogue between CTA and City Council members. We appreciate the Council's support and ask that you join us in lobbying legislative leaders in the General Assembly as we pursue a new funding formula that adequately supports public transit in Chicago. Under the current funding formula, although CTA provides 80% of the region's public transit rides, it only receives 49% of regional public transportation funding.

20. How does CTA position technology in order to track and monitor safety on trains and buses?

CTA boasts one of the most extensive security-camera networks among U.S. transit agencies, which now includes more than 33,000 cameras across all buses, trains, rail stations/platforms and other facilities. Security cameras are an invaluable tool for the CTA and the Chicago Police Department, who provides law enforcement for the agency. While the cameras serve as a deterrent, their primary job is to serve as an investigative tool. Images pulled from CTA's cameras have aided in the arrest of thousands of individuals that have committed crimes on or near CTA property.

Importantly, only cameras installed in CTA rail stations and other CTA facilities offer live feeds at this time. Access to these live camera feeds is shared with OEMC and CPD's Strategic Decision Support Center (SDSC), which features smart-policing technology and full connectivity to CTA's extensive security-camera network, as well as detectives dedicated to CTA-related crime.

Officers are assigned to the SDSC room 24/7 and have access to live feeds from security cameras across our rail system. The SDSC Room and the officers assigned to it are a vital tool that assists officers patrolling the system both proactively, by monitoring for suspicious activity on the monitors, and reactively, by listening to the radio and assisting officers calling in certain activities and monitoring either the situation or keeping an eye on the whereabouts of those involved in suspicious or criminal activity.

CPD has also has access to footage from CTA buses, trains and other CTA locations. This is provided by staff from CTA's Security Dept. who are tasked with pulling all relevant video and providing to CPD as part of their investigations.

CTA also recently completed the installation of new security camera monitors in every Customer Assistant (CA) booth across the rail system. CA booths in every rail station are now equipped

with a 21-inch monitor display that offers live feeds from that station's security cameras. There are 173 security camera monitors at all 146 rail stations. The goal of these monitors is to allow station personnel to monitor activity throughout the station in between carrying out their myriad assigned duties, which include assisting customers with fares/fare vending machines, answering questions and providing directions, assisting customers with disabilities and more. Importantly, these displays are not intended to be monitored constantly, as rail station personnel spend a good deal of time in other areas of the station outside the booth.

21. How often do you meet with the Mayor and Mayor's team to talk about CTA challenges and the plan forward?

President Carter and CTA's leadership team are in frequent contact with the administration about various matters regarding CTA's current operations and future planning. Additionally, CTA is also part of administrative initiatives with city departments and sister agencies.

22. Please share your vision for where you want to see CTA 5 years from now.

In the years to come, CTA will continue to make great strides towards its goal of being a world-class public transportation organization. In the near term, this focus is on increasing service throughout 2024 across both the bus and rail system, and continuing to enhance the customer experience through various targeted initiatives. In addition, CTA has been working on, and will soon introduce, a full strategic vision that lays out public transit's future in the region and seeks to position CTA to adopt and utilize new technologies to better serve our customers and train our employees; to continue to invest in transit projects that foster new levels of transit-oriented development; and to build upon CTA's role as the central mobility integrator for the City of Chicago to further goals of access and equity across the city.

The most critical factor to achieving these goals is to ensure public transit is adequately funded and that the wrongs of the past are corrected. As such, the coming years will be geared towards ensuring that the flawed funding formula for transit in the region is corrected and that CTA can not only survive, but thrive, as the lifeblood for our city and region.

For several years, I—along with other public transit leaders—have warned that the funding provided by the federal government to ease the effects of the ridership loss resulting from COVID-19 would be exhausted and that the resulting financial challenges would not only be extraordinary, but potentially devastating to our service. Today, transit leaders continue to sound the alarm regarding the looming fiscal cliff that awaits—a combined \$730 million per year shortfall for our agencies. At CTA, we are working hard every day to hire and train the employees necessary to provide the level of service our customers deserve, but the equity-based and customer-focused outcomes we are pursuing will require funding that in line with our shared goals. This is a reality that does not yet exist, but I am hopeful that it will.

Attachment A

RLE Contract Information – DBE & Workforce Goals

Red Line Extension (RLE) Awarded Contracts With DBE Information

As of February 29, 2024

Contract Description	DBE Goal	<u>DBE</u> Commitment / Attainment	Total Award	DBE Dollars	DBE's
Professional Consulting Video Services for RLE	30%	36.75%	\$249,000	\$91,500	3
General Engineering Consultant - RLE Preliminary Engineering Survey	30%	84.18%	\$838,746	\$706,027	2
RLE Transit Supportive Development (TSD) Comprehensive Plan	40%	39.73%	\$1,470,202	\$584,935	5
RLE Final Environmental Impact and Preliminary Engineering Services	26%	26.00%	\$38,324,821	\$9,964,453	16
Program Management Services for RLE	30%	30.00%	\$104,193,418	\$32,872,146	13
Consultant to assist CTA in the analysis, development and enactment of a Transit TIF District for RLE	20%	25.79%	\$1,440,000	\$371,376	3
Property Management Services for RLE	30%	60.03%	\$25,532,000	\$7,059,600	4
RLE Ordinary Demolition Design #1 (North)	100% SBE	100%	\$485,400	\$485,400	4
RLE Ordinary Demolition Design #1 (South)	100% SBE	100%	\$374,754	\$374,754	4
RLE Complex Demolition Design	30%	37.82%	\$1,200,281	\$453,986	3
RLE Community Office Buildout Design	100% SBE	100.00%	\$550,948	\$550,948	6
RLE Advanced Work Construction Management	30%	63.40%	\$3,943,240	\$2,500,000	1
RLE 120th Yard and Shop Design	30%	30%	\$28,596,777	\$8,579,038	10
RLE Construction Management	35%	37%	\$137,545,775	\$50,908,543	13
RLE Complex Demo Construction Blanket	TBD per Work Order	TBD per Work Order	TBD	TBD	TBD
RLE Ordinary Demo Construction Blanket	100%	100.00%	TBD	TBD	TBD
RLE Mainline Design - Build	25% Design / 22%	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
TOTAL			\$344,745,362	\$115,502,706	87

Red Line Extension (RLE) Contracts With Workforce Goals

As of February 29, 2024

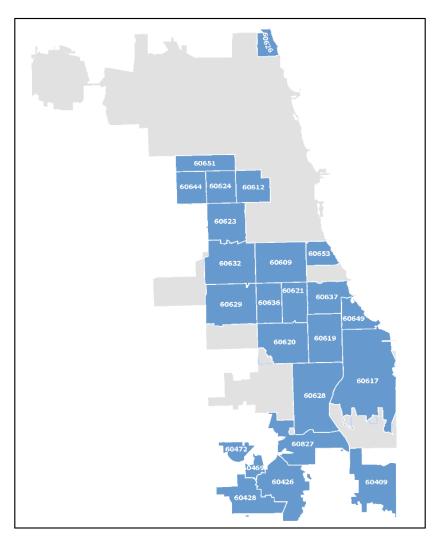
			Workfo	orce Goals
Contract Description	Projected Labor / Contract Hours	<u>Careers</u> <u>Opportunity</u>	<u>Apprentice</u>	Economically Disadvantaged Area (EDA)
Property Management Services for the Red				
Line Extension (RLE)	TBD	0%	15%	25%
RLE Advanced Work Construction Management	20,112	5%	0%	10% (Serivce Area EDA)
RLE Construction Management	667,310	0%	0%	12% (Service Area EDA)
RLE Complex Demo Construction Blanket	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
RLE Ordinary Demo Construction Blanket	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
RLE Mainline Design - Build	1,500,000,000	10%	15%	35% (Service Area EDA)

Workforce Goal Descriptions

Careers Opportunity: A percentage of the total labor / contract hours in a contract should be attained by hiring and utilizing Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) workers or Section 3 Workers. WIOA workers will be recognized for credit up to five (5) years after they are WIOA verified.

Apprentice: A percentage of the total labor hours of a contract should be attained by hiring and utilizing apprentices from US Department of Labor (USDOL)-approved apprentice programs

Economically Disadvantage Area (EDA): A percentage of the total labor / contract hours in a contract attained by hiring and utilizing residents of ZIP codes with a median household income \$45k or less. Service Area EDA creates opportunities for residents of ZIP codes within the CTA Service Area with median household income of \$45k or less. The ZIP codes included in the Service Area EDA are 60409, 60426, 60428, 60469, 60472, 60609, 60612, 60619, 60619, 60620, 60621, 60623, 60624, 60626, 60628, 60629, 60632, 60636, 60637, 60644, 60649, 60651, 60653, 60827.



Attachment B

Real Estate Report

				Inside or Outside														
				Pay				Square	Lease	Initial								
	Station	Property Address	City	Area?	Occ. / Vac.	Tenant Name	DBA	Footage	Commencement	Expiration			Option 2 Start		Option 3 Start	Option 3 End	Option 4 Start	Option 4 End
	Granville	1111 W. Granville	Chicago		Occupied	1111 West Granville Corporation	Gino's North	800	7/1/2015	6/30/2020	7/1/2020	6/30/2025	7/1/2025	6/30/2030				
Orange	Ashland-Midway Belmont-North Main	3011 S. Ashland 945-49 W. Belmont Ave.	Chicago Chicago	Out Both	Vacant Occupied	Belmont Donuts Transit, LLC	Dunkin Donuts	324 364	9/30/2010	9/29/2015	9/30/2015	9/29/2020						
	Clark/Division	107 W. Division	Chicago		Vacant	Delition Donats Transit, EEC	Durkin Dorius	385	Vacant	3/23/2013	9/30/2013	9/29/2020						
Blue	Jefferson Park	4917 N. Milwaukee Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			240	Vacant									
Red		1405 W. Morse Ave.	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Blyumin Foot & Ankle Clinic Ltd.	Blyumin Foot & Ankle Clinic Ltd	760	6/1/2016	5/31/2026	6/1/2026 8/1/2010	5/31/2031	6/1/2031	5/31/2036				
Red Pink		3942 N. Sheridan 2010 S. Damen Ave.	Chicago Chicago	Out	Occupied Occupied	Bu Ung Kang Café Jumping Bean, Inc.	Alta Vista Foods Café Jumping Bean	2529 288	8/1/2005 6/1/2016	7/31/2010 5/31/2026	8/1/2010 6/1/2026	7/31/2015 5/31/2031	6/1/2031	5/31/2036			 	
	Granville	1117 W. Granville	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Chicago Granville Donuts	Dunkin Donuts	800	4/1/2016	3/31/2026	4/1/2026	3/31/2031	4/1/2031	3/31/2036			 	
	Morse	1355 W Lunt Ave	Chicago	Out	Vacant	,		1,852	Vacant									
	Morse	1401 W. Morse Ave	Chicago		Vacant			1267	Vacant									
	95/Dan Ryan 18th	15 W. 95th St. 1710 W. 18th St.	Chicago Chicago	Out Out	Vacant Vacant	Churro Factory Incorporated	XURRO - Churro Factory	245	Vacant 5/1/2015	4/30/2020	5/1/2020	4/20/2025	5/1/2025	4/30/2030			 	
Red		1200-08 W. Loyola Ave	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Chicago Loyola Donuts	Dunkin Donuts	205 482	1/1/2015	12/31/2024		12/31/2029	1/1/2030	12/31/2034			 	
Purple	Central-Evanston	1022 W. Central Ave.	Evanston	Out	Occupied	Chicago Mezuzah and Mitzvah Campaigns	Chicago Mezuzah and Mitzvah Campaigns	1100	10/1/2013	1/31/2019	2/1/2019	1/31/2024	2/1/2024	1/31/2029	2/1/2029	1/31/2034	2/1/2034	1/31/2039
	Western-Ravenswood	4645 N Western Ave.	Chicago		Occupied	Diamond Bakery, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	400	8/22/2014	8/21/2024		8/21/2029	8/22/2029	8/21/2034				
	Central-Evanston Lake/State	1024 W. Central Ave.	Evanston	Out	Occupied	Equity Schools, LLC	Equity Schools, LLC	1048	11/1/2016 9/14/2011	10/31/2021	11/1/2021 5/1/2022	10/31/2026 4/30/2027	11/1/2026	10/31/2031			 	
	Washington/Dearborn	128 N State (Randolph/ Washington) 19 N Dearborn St (Washington/Madison)	Chicago Chicago	Out	Occupied Vacant	First Equity Group Concessions, LLC	Dunkin Donuts	195 180	9/14/2011 Vacant	4/30/2022	5/1/2022	4/30/2027	5/1/2027	4/30/2032				
	Pulaski-Douglas	2021 S. Pulaski Rd.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			270	Vacant								 	
Red	Howard	1649 W. Howard St. (2nd Ivl, Paulina)	Chicago	Out	Vacant	First Equity Group Concessions, LLC	Millennium Convenience	300	9/14/2011	4/30/2022	5/1/2022	4/30/2027	4/1/2027	4/30/2032				
	54th/Cermak	2134 S. 54th Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			345	Vacant								\vdash	
Orange	Jackson/Dearborn Roosevelt/Wabash	219 S. Dearborn St. (Adams/Jackson) - E 22 E. Roosevelt Rd.	Chicago Chicago		Vacant Occupied	Topaz Foods, LLC	Dunkin Donuts	205 347	Vacant 9/14/2011	4/30/2022	5/1/2022	4/30/2027	5/1/2027	4/30/2032			₩	
Blue	Belmont-O'Hare	3355 W. Belmont Ave.	Chicago		Vacant	Topaz Toous, LLO	Darmari Donata	265	9/14/2011 Vacant	4/30/2022	3/1/2022	÷13012021	3/1/2027	4/30/2032			\vdash	
Brown		4755 N. Kimball Ave.	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Shree Kimball, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	320	4/4/2013	10/3/2028	10/4/2028	10/3/2033	10/4/2033	10/3/2038				
Purple	Linden	349 N. Linden	Evanston	Out	Vacant			252	Vacant									
Red		3938 N Sheridan Road	Chicago	Out	Vacant	Trevino, Inc.	Emerald City Coffee	1037	6/1/2005	5/31/2010	6/1/2010	5/31/2015						
	King Drive Fullerton	400 East King Drive 943-47 W Fullerton	Chicago Chicago	Out	Vacant Occupied	HG Fullerton LLC	Dunkin Donuts	80 347	Vacant 9/14/2011	4/30/2022	5/1/2022	4/30/2027	5/1/2027	4/30/2032			├ ──┤	
	Granville	1116 - 1120 W. Granville	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Flaco's Tacos IV, LLC	Flaco's Tacos	2219	12/1/2014	11/30/2024	12/1/2024	11/30/2029	12/1/2029	11/20/2034			 	
Blue	Irving Park-O'Hare	4131 W. Irving Park Rd	Chicago	Out	Vacant	,		54	Vacant									
	Forest Park	719 S. Des Plaines	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Forest Park Blue Line, Inc	Forest Park Blue Line, Inc	1168	10/1/2013	9/30/2023	10/1/2023	9/30/2028	10/1/2028	9/30/2033				
	UIC-Halsted Western-Ravenswood	430 S Halsted St 4644 1/2 - 4648 N. Western Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant Occupied	Gary Hartig	Midwest Antiques	97 1900	Vacant Month to Month									
	Clark/Division	1200 N Clark St.	Chicago Chicago		Vacant	Gary Hartig	Iviidwest Artiiques	105	Vacant		-							
	Midway Airport	4612 W. 59th St.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			237	Vacant									
	Jackson/Dearborn	219 S. Dearborn St. (Adams/Jackson) - W	Chicago	Out	Vacant			149	Vacant									
Green Red	Cicero-Lake	4750-58 W. Lake St. 521 N. State Street	Chicago	Out	Vacant	Grand Red. Inc.	D. I. D. I	511 150	Vacant 10/1/2014	9/30/2024	10/1/2024	9/30/2029	10/1/2029	9/30/2034			\longleftarrow	
	95/Dan Ryan	15 W. 95th Street	Chicago Chicago	Out	Occupied Occupied		Dunkin Donuts Greyhound	350	Month to Month	9/30/2024	10/1/2024	9/30/2029	10/1/2029	9/30/2034			\longleftarrow	
	Cicero-Lake	4800 W. Lake St.	Chicago		Vacant	Greynound Lines, inc.	Greynound	595	Vacant								 	
Orange	Kedzie-Midway	4900 S. Kedzie	Chicago	Out	Vacant													
Orange	Western-Midway	4901 S. Western Ave	Chicago	Out	Vacant													
	Central Park Cumberland	1906 S. Central Park Ave.	Chicago Chicago		Vacant Occupied	Greyhound Lines, Inc.	Greyhound	465 420	Vacant 10/1/2014	9/30/2017	10/1/2017	9/30/2020	10/1/2020	9/30/2023			 	
Red		1115 W. Granville	Chicago	Out	Occupied	INS Illinois LP	International News	775	8/18/2013	8/17/2023	8/18/2023	8/17/2028	8/18/2028	8/17/2033				
Orange	Halsted-Midway	2520 S. Archer	Chicago	Out	Vacant			180	***************************************				5, 10, 20					
Red	Monroe/State	26 S. State St. (Madison/Monroe) - N	Chicago	Out	Vacant			164	Vacant									
	Logan Square	2610 N. Milwaukee Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			273	Vacant								\longleftarrow	
	Washington/Dearborn Jefferson Park	127 N. Dearborn St. (Randolph/Wash) 4917 N. Milwaukee Ave.	Chicago Chicago	Out	Vacant Vacant	+		292 288	Vacant Vacant								\longleftarrow	
Red	Jackson/State	312 S. State St. (Jackson/Van Buren)	Chicago	Out	Vacant			175	Vacant									
Red	Chicago/State	800 N. State St.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			350	Vacant	3/6/2023	3/7/2023	3/6/2028	3/7/2028	3/6/2033				
	Monroe/Dearborn	114 S. Dearborn St.(Monroe/ Adams) - S	Chicago	Out	Vacant	Paniwani Network Restaurants, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	216	Vacant 12/1/2014	11/30/2024	12/1/2024	11/30/2029	40/4/0000	11/1/2034			\vdash	
Yellow Purple		5005 W. Dempster St 1612 W. Benson	Skokie Evanston	Out	Vacant Occupied	Panjwani Network Restaurants, Inc. KSK Concessions, LLC	Dunkin Donuts Dunkin Donuts	205 144	12/1/2014 9/12/2014	9/11/2024	12/1/2024	11/30/2029	12/1/2029	11/1/2034			├	
Orange	Pulaski-Midway	5106 S. Pulaski Ave.	Chicago		Vacant	Non Concessions, EEC	Samuel Bollato	189	Vacant	57.172024	 						 	
Pink	Polk	1713 W. Polk St	Chicago	Out	Occupied	KSK Concessions, LLC	Dunkin Donuts	252	9/12/2014	9/11/2024								
	Thorndale	1118 W. Thorndale Ave.	Chicago		Vacant			164	Vacant								$ldsymbol{oxed}$	
	Division/Milwaukee	1200 N Milwaukee Ave.	Chicago	In Out	Vacant			165	Vacant									
Red Red	Jackson/State	1649 W. Howard 230 S. State St. (Adams/Jackson)	Chicago Chicago	Out	Vacant Vacant	1		388 150	Vacant Vacant								 	
Blue	Harlem-O'Hare	5550 N. Harlem Av.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			125	Vacant									
Orange	35th/Archer	3528 S. Leavitt St.	Chicago	Out	Occupied	KSK Concessions, LLC	Dunkin Donuts	250	8/22/2014	8/22/2024								
	Washington/Dearborn	127 N. Dearborn St. (Randolph/Wash)	Chicago	Out	Vacant	1	1	170	Vacant		.						\vdash	
Red Green	Monroe/State Garfield	128 S. State St. (Monroe/Adams) - S 319 Fast Garfield	Chicago Chicago	Out	Vacant Occupied	LPA Management	LPA Management	276 710	Vacant TBD		+						├	
Red		1400-02 W. Morse Ave.	Chicago		Vacant	EL A Michagement	LI A Management	1072	Vacant		 						 	
	95/Dan Ryan	15 W.95th St.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			300	9/3/2010									
Blue		150 W. Congress Parkway	Chicago		Vacant			126	Vacant						·	•		
Brown	Western/Milwaukee	1909-11 N. Western Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			100 780	Vacant								 	
Diowii		1200 W. Loyola Ave.	Chicago		Vacant	-	1		Vacant		1						├	
Red				Cut	Vacant													
Red Red		1527 W. Jarvis 1817 W Montrose Ave.	Chicago Chicago	Out Out	Vacant Vacant			1010 55	Vacant Vacant								†	
Red Red Brown Red	Jarvis Montrose-Ravenswood Granville	1527 W. Jarvis 1817 W Montrose Ave. 1113 W. Granville	Chicago Chicago Chicago	Out Out	Vacant Occupied	Loyola University of Chicago	Loyola University	55 556	Vacant 2/1/2011	1/31/2016	2/1/2016	1/31/2021						
Red Red Brown Red Red	Jarvis Montrose-Ravenswood	1527 W. Jarvis 1817 W Montrose Ave. 1113 W. Granville 188 N. State St. (Lake/Randolph)	Chicago Chicago	Out Out Out	Vacant Occupied Vacant		Loyola University Dunkin Donuts	55	Vacant	1/31/2016		1/31/2021	10/1/2029	9/30/2034				

Orange Midway Airport	4612 W. 59th St.	Chicago	Out	Occupied	NRN Midway, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	237	9/12/2012	9/11/2022	9/12/2022	9/11/2027	9/12/2027	9/11/2032				
Red Morse	1357 W Morse Ave	Chicago	Out	Occupied	1121.91	Dunkin Donuts	1852	2/1/2015	5/31/2025	6/1/2025	5/31/2030	6/1/2030	5/31/2035				
Green Ashland/63rd	6315 S. Ashland Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			82	Vacant									
Green Halsted/63rd	6321 S Halsted Av	Chicago	Out	Vacant			1144	Vacant									·
Green Cottage Grove-East 63	d 6322 S Cottage Grove Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			90	Vacant									·
Blue Rosemont	5800 N. River Road - E	Rosemont	Out	Occupied	Shaun, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	460	8/22/2014	8/21/2029	8/22/2029	8/21/2034	8/22/2034	8/21/2039				
Red Chicago/State	800 N. State St	Chicago	In	Vacant			100	Vacant									
Blue Rosemont	5800 N. River Road - W	Rosemont	Out	Occupied	Shaun, Inc.	Dunkin Donuts	105	8/22/2014	8/21/2029	8/22/2029	8/21/2034	8/22/2034	8/21/2039				
Brown Diversey	940 - 944 W Diversey Ave	Chicago	Out	Vacant			463	Vacant									
Red Addison-North Main	940 W. Addison	Chicago	Out	Vacant			245	Vacant									
Green Harlem-Lake	1 S. Marion St.	Oak Park	Out	Occupied	Sri Sri Ananta, Inc.	Ronnie's Mini Mart	690	1/1/2015	12/31/2024	1/1/2025	12/31/2029	1/1/2030	12/31/2034				
Brown Wellington	945 W. Wellington Ave.	Chicago	Out	Vacant			88	Vacant									
Red North/Clybourn	1599 N Clybourn	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Starbucks Corporation	Starbucks	600	5/9/2012	9/26/2022	9/27/2022	9/26/2027	9/27/2027	9/26/2032	9/27/2032	9/26/2037	9/27/2037	9/26/2042
Orange Midway Airport	4612 W. 59th St.	Chicago	Out	Occupied	Unni Inc	Unni											

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Attachment C

Metric Definitions

Year-to-date Ridership and % Change over Prior Year				CTA Performance Metrics
Vectors detail Ridersop Jan K. Chalego own Print See System, Northern See Seed of the printing of the seed of the printing of the printing of the seed of the printing o	Page	Metric	Source	Calculation
and Control Control Membry Control M	Ridership	Total Monthly Ridership	Ventra ridership	On the rail system, a customer is counted as an entry each time they pass through a turnstile to enter a station or a customer makes a free "cross-platform" transfer from one rail line to another. On the
vectors Average Role you North The count of inferbile (as elucited in four Monthly Riders) in medical on an everage event day for that month. Note that New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Indooredonce Day, Labor Day, Table (2014) Aud Operator Headman Fall Operators Aud Operator Headman Aud Operator Adverteration		and % Change over Prior	Ventra ridership	
The count of indexing is accidanted in road Months (Refer ship weeting on the most work). Note that there Year-Only, Memorial by, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, Chromatis Stay year, or to appear as a study year and y				Total Monthly Ridership for all the prior year-to-date months, and % change from prior year's ridership.
Interest of the fall time Equivalent number of bus operators. This includes full time employees and Part Time employees. Red Operators Note that the surprise of Red Operators is the number of Issal operators. This includes full time employees and Part Time employees. Hiring But Operator Time But Operator Time But Operators revery But Operator reverse reve		, ,	Ventra ridership	The count of ridership (as calculated in Total Monthly Ridership metric) on an average weekday for that month. Note that New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas Day are considered as "Sundays" for the purposes of ridership reporting, as CTA operates a Sunday schedule on these holidays. All other holidays are reported as the type of day they fall on.
Ball Operations Hornar resources Hornary	Headcount	Bus Operator Headcount	management system,	The Full Time Fauivalent number of bus operators. This includes Full-Time employees and Part-Time employees.
Harma Max Diperator streng Human resources Interpretation of this processor of the second of the sec		Rail Operations		The second secon
management system, force of the first operations. Find (friend), number of transfers out of the Bus Operations department (Transfers), and number of bus operators who have left the control of the first operations. Find (friend) number of transfers out of the Rail Operations department to another department (Transfers), and number of rail operations employees who have left the control of the Rail Operation department of transfers out of the Rail Operations department to another department (Transfers), and number of rail operations employees who have forced in the Rail Operation operations department on the Rail Operation September of the Rail Operation September		Headcount		
The number of rail operations positions filled [Hirsel], number of the Rail Operations department to another department (Transfers), and number of rail operations on sometimes of the Rail Operator Absenteetim Transfer operations (Linguistics) and the Cart entirely (Spanistics) included are Combined and positions included are Combined (Department of the Rail Operator Absenteetim Transfer operations (Linguistics) and positions included are Combined (Department of the Rail Operator Absenteetim Infrarsfer operations (Linguistics) and the Cart of the Rail operator Absences due to lock, liquiry on Duty, Miss, A.W.O.L., and Family Medical Lave Act (FMLA) reasons. The percent of these absences out of all scheduled and worked days, excluding holds and cardion days. Not On Time S of Big Cags Intervals S of Big Cags Intervals Annucciation System Annucciation System Annucciation System Rail Delays of 10 CTA Corticol Center Medical Annucciation System Annucciation System Annucciation System Train track data, Quiktrak Rail Headways Train track data, Quiktrak Rail Recent Wait Time All Excess Wait Time All	Hiring	Bus Operator Hiring	management system,	The number of bus operator positions filled (Hired), number of transfers out of the Bus Operations department to another CTA department (Transfers), and number of bus operators who have left the CTA entirely (Separations). This is calculated as Full-Time Equivalent; of Full-Time and Part-Time employees.
Abortneesin by Operator Absenteesin planning system and vacation days. Bus Operator Absenteesin Transit operations planning system and vacation days. Bus On-Time Sof Bunched Intervals Sof Bunched Intervals Automated Voice Aut		Rail Operations Hiring	management system,	The number of rail operations positions filled (Hired), number of transfers out of the Rail Operations department to another department (Transfers), and number of rail operations employees who have
Bus On-Time Sing Delays Single Commended Voice Annunciation System Annunciation System Number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, that are within a minute [or 60 second.] of each other divided by the total number of intervals recorded. Number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, that are within a minute [or 60 second.] of each other divided by the total number of intervals recorded. Number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, where the actual headway is greater than double the scheduled headway and the actual headway is 15 minutes divided by total number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, where the actual headway is greater than double the scheduled headway and the actual headway is 15 minutes divided by total number of intervals recorded. Number of intervals recorded. Number of intervals recorded by CTA Control Center where the delay time is 10 or more minutes. Rail Headways Train track data, Quiktral Total number of rail service delays recorded by CTA Control Center where the delay time is 10 or more minutes. Rail Readways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other is used and behalved with the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g. if a train touched the same track at 9:00, the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. Headways are categorized in this metric based on the scheduled headways, when a trip's headway is twice the length of scheduled headways, when a trip's headways is twice the length of scheduled headways are the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g. if a train touched the same track at 9:00, the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. Headways are categorized in this metric based on the scheduled headways, when a trip's headway is twice the length of scheduled headways, when a trip's headway is twice the length of sc	Absenteeism	Bus Operator Absenteeism	Transit operations	Bus Operator absences due to Sick, Injury on Duty, Miss, A.W.O.L., and Family Medical Leave Act (FMLA) reasons. The percent of these absences out of all scheduled and worked days, excluding holiday
Support Sof Bunched Intervals Automated Voice Annotation System Automated Voice Annotation System Automated Voice Annotation System Annotation State System Annotation State S		Rail Operator Absenteeism		
Secondary Seco	Due On Time	0/ -f Bla-d latar -la		percent of these days out of all scheduled and worked days, excluding holiday and vacation days.
Rail Delays (A Big Gags Interval) Rail Delays (Total Rail Delays of 10 CTA Control Center Minutes of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, where the actual headway is greater than double the scheduled headway and the actual headway is 15 minutes divided by total Annual Control Center Minutes of Minutes or More Rail Headways Rail Headways Train track data, Quiktrak Rail headways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issue alternative locations are used. The headways received the headways is shoulted. Headways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issue alternative locations are used. The headways is received the following the headways is received the following the headways. The headways is received the headways with the received interval between trains, and the previous one, e.g. if a train touches a track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched the same track at 505 and the prior train touched to track work or other issue districted by the same of the scheduled interval between the prior train touched to track work or other issue districted as the length of the scheduled interv	Bus On-Time	% of Bunched Intervals		Number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, that are within a minute (or 60 seconds) of each other divided by the total number of intervals recorded.
Minutes or More Rail Headways Rail Fere to time between a train and the previous one, e.g. if a train touches a track at 9.05 and the prior track work or the issue dispands Rail Fere to the Management Information System This metric is calculated as the s		% of Big Gaps Intervals	Automated Voice	Number of intervals between buses, as measured at each timepoint, where the actual headway is greater than double the scheduled headway and the actual headway is 15 minutes divided by total
Rail headways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issue alternative locations are used. The headway for this trip is 5 minutes the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g., if a train touches a track at 9.00 and the prior train touched the same track at 9.00. the headway for this trip is 5 minutes the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g., if a train touches a track at 9.00 and the prior train touched the same track at 9.00 and the pri	Rail Delays		CTA Control Center	Total number of rail service delays recorded by CTA Control Center where the delay time is 10 or more minutes.
alternative locations are used. The headway is calculated as the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g., if a train touches a track at 9.05 and the prior train touched the same track at 9.00, the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. Headways are categorized in this metric based on the scheduled headway; when a trip's headway is whee the length of scheduled interval, it is a triple headway. This metric shows the sum of double and triple headways. Rail Excess Wait Time Rail Excess Wait Time Rail Excess Wait Time Rail Excess Wait Time Rail Excess Wait Time the length of the scheduled interval, it is a triple headway. This metric shows the sum of the scheduled interval for the scheduled interval the length of the scheduled interval for the scheduled interval the length of the scheduled interval for the scheduled interval for the scheduled interval for the scheduled f	Rail Headways	Rail Headways	Train track data, Quiktrak	
alternative locations are used. The headway is calculated as the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g., if a train touches a track at 9:05 and the prior train touched the same track at 9:00, the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. This metric calculates the difference between the average headway and the scheduled interval. Mileage Maintenance Management Information System The sum of mileage driven by either buses or rail cars as recorded by those vehicles and CTA's vehicle maintenance system. Asset Management System, Infor The count of track miles from CTA's asset management system with a slow zone of 15mph, 25mph or 35 mph. Calculated as the percentage of all track miles. Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses. Maintenance Management Information System This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Maintenance Management Information				Rail headways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issues), alternative locations are used. The headway is calculated as the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g. if a train touches a track at 9:05 and the prior train touched the same track at 9:00, the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. Headways are categorized in this metric based on the scheduled headway: when a trip's headway is twice the length of scheduled interval between trains, it is a double headway. If it is three times the length of the scheduled interval, it is a triple headway. This metric shows the sum of double and triple headways.
Mileage Bus & Rail Mileage Maintenance Management Information System The sum of mileage driven by either buses or rail cars as recorded by those vehicles and CTA's vehicle maintenance system. Slow Zones Asset Management System, Infor The count of track miles from CTA's asset management system with a slow zone of 15mph, 25mph or 35 mph. Calculated as the percentage of all track miles. Miles Between Reported Bus Service Disruptions Due to Equipment System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses. This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Mean Miles Between Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars.	Rail Excess Wait Time	Rail Excess Wait Time	Train track data, Quiktrak	Rail headways are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issues), alternative locations are used. The headway is calculated as the length of time between a train and the previous one, e.g. if a train touches a track at 9:05 and the prior train touched the same track at 9:00 the headway for this trip is 5 minutes. This metric calculates the difference between the average headway and the scheduled interval
Slow Zones Asset Management System, Infor The count of track miles from CTA's asset management system with a slow zone of 15mph, 25mph or 35 mph. Calculated as the percentage of all track miles. Bus Fleet Miles Between Reported Bus Service Disruptions Due to Equipment System Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses. Fleet Size Management Information System This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information Management Information	Mileage	Bus & Rail Mileage	Management Information	
Bus Fleet Miles Between Reported Bus Service Disruptions Due to Equipment System Maintenance Management Information System Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars.		Slow Zonos		The sum of mileage driven by either buses or rail cars as recorded by those vehicles and CTA's vehicle maintenance system.
Bus Fleet Bus Service Disruptions Due to Equipment System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars.		510 W 2011E3	_	The count of track miles from CTA's asset management system with a slow zone of 15mph, 25mph or 35 mph. Calculated as the percentage of all track miles.
Management Information System This metric is the daily average of the count of active buses unavailable for service divided by the fleet size. Fleet Size Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars.	Bus Fleet	Bus Service Disruptions	Management Information	This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service defects on buses resulting in a service disruption divided by the sum of mileage driven by buses.
Fleet Size Maintenance Management Information System This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses. Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information		Unavailability	Management Information	
Rail Fleet Mean Miles Between Reported Rail Vehicle Management Information System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information Management Information		Fleet Size	Maintenance Management Information	, <u> </u>
Defects System This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars. Unavailability Maintenance Management Information	Rail Fleet		Maintenance	This metric is calculated as the count of all active buses.
Management Information		Defects	System	This metric is calculated as the sum of in-service, maintenance-related defects on rail cars divided by the sum of mileage driven by rail cars.
			Management Information	This metric is calculated as the count of active rail cars unavailable for service divided by the fleet size.

	Fleet Size	Maintenance	
		Management Information	
		COCIDITI	This metric is calculated as the count of all active rail cars.
Service Delivered	Rail Service		Rail trips are measured using the track monitoring system. Select midroute locations are primarily used to measure rail trips and headways. If there are outages (due to track work or other issues),
			alternative locations are used. Measured trips are divided by scheduled trips to report % of service delivered.
	Bus Service	Transit Operations	
		· · ·	This measure calculates the trips worked as recorded by the Transit Operations Planning System divided by the sum of scheduled trips.
Customer Service	Reported Complaints	CTA Customer Service	The sum of complaints emailed or phoned to CTA Customer Service (including redirected 311 calls). General inquiry calls which are not complaints such as calls about account management, general
			inquiries, balances, etc. are excluded.
	Reported Commendations	CTA Customer Service	
			The sum of commendations emailed or phoned to CTA Customer Service (including redirected 311 calls).
Facility Uptime	Elevator Uptime	CTA Control Center	
			Elevator outages are recorded by CTA Control Center and reported by Customer Service Assistants. Control Center logs these outages into the CTA work order system. Once elevators are repaired, the
			Control Center enters these repair into system. This data is supplemented by field data from CTA elevator maintenance contractor. For this metric, we sum the time in which our elevators are logged as
			out of service and subtract that from the sum of service time, including only when a station in open, to get uptime. Uptime is then divided by the sum of service time.
	Escalator Uptime	CTA Control Center	
	·		Escalator outages are recorded by CTA Control Center and reported by Customer Service Assistants. Control Center logs these outages into our work order system, Infor. CTA escalator servicers update
			the system when they repair the outage and the escalator is functioning again. Infor data is supplemented by field data from facilities maintenance staff. For this metric, we sum the time in which our
			escalators are logged as out of service and subtract that from the sum of service time, including only when a station in open, to get uptime. Uptime is then divided by the sum of service time.
NTD	NTD Safety Related	CTA Control Center	
	Incidents per 100,000		This data is manually reviewed from recorded incidents. Includes events that meet the National Transit Database S&S-40 reporting thresholds and criteria, divided by bus or rail vehicle revenue miles
	Miles		divided by 100,000. Definitions for S&S-40 may differ by year, 2024 reporting requirements can be found at: https://www.transit.dot.gov/ntd/2024-ntd-safety-and-security-reporting-policy-manual
	NTD Security Related	CTA Control Center	This data is manually reviewed from recorded incidents. Includes events that meet the National Transit Database S&S-40 reporting thresholds, divided by bus or rail vehicle revenue miles divided by
	Incidents per 100,000		100,000. Includes both system security events and personal security events. Definitions for S&S-40 may differ by year, 2024 reporting requirements can be found at:
	Miles		https://www.transit.dot.gov/ntd/2024-ntd-safety-and-security-reporting-policy-manual
Cleans	Rail Deep Cleans	Maintenance	
		Management Information	The metric is calculated as the count of instances where rail maintenance staff are performing deep cleaning tasks called general cleans. A general clean is an in-depth cleaning of the vehicle which
		-	typically takes 4-6 hours.
	Bus Deep Cleans	Maintenance	· ·
			The metric is calculated as the count of instances where bus maintenance staff are performing deep cleaning tasks called general cleans. A general clean is an in-depth cleaning of the vehicle which
			typically takes 4-6 hours.
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Attachment D

CTA Organizational Chart

CTA Executives

