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1 To 20  2 Street Advance of the subsymmetric region of 182 of 180 one of 182	
Surgery and the second of the	
Delignant of the second of 3000 ms.  The property of the second	500 bytes 1900 bytes $\frac{2.0-2.1}{1.00000} = 0.00000 \text{ ms/byte}$
Deligning of the common day appropriate \$\frac{1}{5}\to 60\to arcs  There can alway from process  There can deligate \$\frac{1}{5}\to 60\to arcs  There can deligate \$\frac{1}{5}\to 60\to 6	+24 +28 = 0
The second of the second (S. 66 as to)  The recovery dates (The second of the second o	TY = 1
Transmission Adam (Try) consist in region are not the best to the	
Property being (Type) in the give a sub-special form of the sub-special form o	
Cieving delay (To): as as some in the mines your day a agree.  Although Type + Toy + Tog  Although Type = Tog  Alt	· depends on packet size and link bandwidth
delay: $T_{yx}$ : $T_{yx}$	Propagation delay (Tprop): also time it takes to send parket over link depends on physical medium and distance which is constant for all parkets an the same link
delay = $T_{77} + T_{9}$ delay = $T_{77} + T_{9}$ delay = $T_{77} = T_{9}$ delay = $T_{9} = T_{9}$ $T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9}$ $T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9}$ $T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9}$ $T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9} = T_{9}$ $T_{9} = T_{9} = $	Queving delay (Tq): the time spent in the renters queve due to congestion depends on traffic conditions
delay = $T_{7x} + T_{q}$ delay = $T_{7x} + T_{q}$ delay = $T_{7x} = T_{q}$ $T_{7x} = T$	$delan = \begin{cases}                                  $
delay - $T_{ty} = T_{q}$ delay - $\frac{(size)}{R} = T_{q}$ and $\frac{(u+v+2.8+3.15.5)}{5} - 28$ - $\frac{(1000)}{3C7.1} = T_{q/0000}$ if $T_{q} : 0$ delay : $\frac{5.92}{R}$ $24 : \frac{5.00}{200}$ $R : \frac{5.00}{200} = \frac{2.00}{3}$ for soo types	they that I get a
If $T_{q=0}$ $delay = \frac{\sin^2 e}{R}$ $2.4 = \frac{500}{4}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} (2.59.1)$ for $1000$ bytes $T_{q=0} = \frac{1000}{2.8} (2.59.1)$ for $1000$ bytes	delay = Ttx + ta
If $T_{q=0}$ $delony = \frac{size}{R}$ $2.4 = \frac{500}{7}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{200}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{19}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{19} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.69}{19} = \frac{1000}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.69}{19} = \frac{1000}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{100} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{2.8} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{2.9} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}$	$\int d\rho d\rho = \int d\rho d\rho$
If $T_{q=0}$ $delony = \frac{size}{R}$ $2.4 = \frac{500}{7}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{200}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{19}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{19} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.69}{19} = \frac{1000}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.69}{19} = \frac{1000}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{100} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{2.8} = \frac{100}{100}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{3.66}{2.9} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} = \frac{100}{2.8} = \frac{100}$	$\left(\frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1} + $
If $T_{q=0}$ $delay = \frac{\sin^2 e}{R}$ $2.4 = \frac{500}{4}$ $R = \frac{1000}{2.8} (2.59.1)$ for $1000$ bytes $T_{q=0} = \frac{1000}{2.8} (2.59.1)$ for $1000$ bytes	delay - (512e) - [21000 (-1012.01375.5) - 2.8) - (-1012.01375.5)
delay: $\frac{5.90}{R}$ $2.4:\frac{5.00}{R}$ $R=\frac{5.00}{2.9}(\frac{2.08.3}{2.09.3})$ for 500 into $\frac{3.66}{2.9}$ $R=\frac{1000}{2.9}(\frac{2.09.3}{2.09.1})$ for $\frac{1000}{2.9}$ by thes $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$ $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$ $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$	35+11 (35+1)
delay: $\frac{5.90}{R}$ $2.4:\frac{5.00}{R}$ $R=\frac{5.00}{2.9}(\frac{2.08.3}{2.09.3})$ for 500 into $\frac{3.66}{2.9}$ $R=\frac{1000}{2.9}(\frac{2.09.3}{2.09.1})$ for $\frac{1000}{2.9}$ by thes $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$ $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$ $\frac{1}{1+4}=(0.00 \text{ y},0008=0.48 \text{ ms})$	$T_{q} = 0$
$R = \frac{500}{24} = \frac{2083}{2083} \text{ for 500 bytes}$ $R = \frac{1000}{248} = \frac{2083}{259} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1000}{248} = \frac{354.1}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1000}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1000}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1000}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{1}{9}$ $R = \frac{1}{248} = \frac{3.66}{200} = \frac{3.66}{2$	517e dolan = 7
$P = \frac{500}{28} (-208.3) \text{ for 500 hytes}$ $P = \frac{1000}{28} (-357.1) \text{ for 1000 hytes}$	$\int G d\Omega$
$P = \frac{1000}{28} (357.1) \text{ for 1000 bytes}$ $FOR 600 \text{ bytes}$ $Tyrup = 2.8 - 0.8 = 0.48 \text{ ms}$ $Tprup = 2.8 - 0.8 = 2.0 \text{ ms}$	
For 600 bytes  Ty = (000 x,0008 = 0.48 ms  Tyrup = 2.8 - 0.8 = 2.0 ms	
Tyrup = 2.8-0.8= 0.48 ms Tprup = 2.8-0.8= 2.0 ms	$2 = \frac{1000}{2.8} = 357.1$ for 1000 bytes
Tyrup = 2.8-0.8= 0.48 ms Tprup = 2.8-0.8= 2.0 ms	FOR 600 bytes
Tprup = 2.8 - 0.8 = 2.0 ms	
	) + x = 6000 x ,0008 = 6.48 ms
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Total transmission and propagation Allow for (200 bytes & ) 42 ms	JPrup = 2.0 - 0.0
Allan for (200) bytes	Total transmission and progragation
Allan Hor (200) Protect (3 ) GX no S	
$\int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \int_{\mathbb{R}^{n}} \int_{$	allay too 600 bytes & 2.48 ms