```
Othello.java.
1 import java.util.ArrayList;
2 import java.util.List;
4 /**
  * The class {@code Othello} represents the game Othello itself.
  * All game logic is done in this class.
   * The Java Doc can be found here:
   * <a href="http://www.martin-thoma.de/programmieren-othello-1adf234d3f5/">
   * martin-thoma.de/programmieren-othello-1adf234d3fS</a>
11
   * @author Martin Thoma
12
   */
13
15 public class Othello {
      /** Error message: a player already moved */
16
      public static final String ERR_PLAYER_MOVED
17
                           = "Cannot add hole area. A player did move.";
18
19
      /** Error message: no active game */
      public static final String ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME = "No active game.";
21
22
      /** Error message: the move target isn't on the board */
23
      public static final String ERR_OFFBOARD_MOVE
24
                           = "The move position has to be on the board.";
25
26
      /** Error message: a color is in the for a hole specified rectangle*/
      public static final String ERR_COLOR_IN_RECTANGLE
28
          = "You can't place the hole here. There are color pieces.";
29
30
      /** Error message: the specified rectangle isn't valid */
31
      public static final String ERR_NO_VALID_RECTANGLE = "The specified";
32
          + " rectangle isn't valid. "
          + "Valid is something like A1:B3 or A1:A1. The first position ";
          + "has to be on the top left.";
35
36
      /** The current player. Always start with black. */
37
      private Field currentPlayer = Field.BLACK;
38
39
      /** Is the current game still in progress? */
      private boolean isRunning = true;
41
42
      /** Has already a move command been submitted? */
43
      private boolean submittedMove = false;
44
45
      /** The board with all pieces */
46
      public final Board board;
48
      private final int[][] adjactantFields = {{-1, -1}, {0, -1}, {1, -1},
49
```

```
\{-1, 0\}, \{1, 0\}, \{-1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}, \{1, 1\}\};
50
51
      /**
52
       * Constructor for Othello.
       * It is possible, that the game is finished as soon as it is created.
        * Oparam width the width of the board
55
       * Oparam height the height of the board
56
       */
57
      public Othello(int width, int height) {
58
          this.board = new Board(width, height);
           checkState();
      }
61
62
      /**
63
       * Constructor for Othello with a given start situation.
64
       * It is possible, that the game is finished as soon as it is created.
65
        * Oparam width the width of the board
        * Oparam height the height of the board
       * Oparam situation the situation the player wants to start with
68
       */
69
      public Othello(int width, int height, String situation) {
70
          this.board = new Board(width, height, situation);
71
           checkState();
72
      }
73
74
      /**
75
       * Checks for all constructors if black can make a move.
76
        * If black can't it's the turn of white. If white can't move either,
77
        * the game is finished.
78
       */
79
      private void checkState() {
           if (!isMovePossible(Field.BLACK)) {
81
               if (!isMovePossible(Field.WHITE)) {
82
                   // if no moves are possible, the game is instantly finished
83
                   this.isRunning = false;
84
               } else {
85
                   // if black can't move but white can, it's whites turn
                   this.currentPlayer = Field.WHITE;
               }
88
          }
89
      }
90
91
92
       * This method checks if any move is possible for player
93
        * Oparam player the color of the player you want to check
        * Oreturn {Ocode true} if any move is possible,
                  otherwise {@code false}
96
       */
97
      private boolean isMovePossible(Field player) {
98
          return (getPossibleMoves(player).size() > 0);
99
```

```
}
100
101
       /**
102
        * Get a list of all possible moves.
103
         * Oparam player the player whose possible moves you want to get
104
         * Oreturn a list of all possible moves
105
106
       public List<Position> getPossibleMoves(Field player) {
107
            if (!isRunning) {
108
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME);
109
            }
110
111
           List<Position> possibleMoves = new ArrayList<Position>();
112
113
            Position pos;
114
            for (int x = 0; x < board.width; x++) {
115
                for (int y = 0; y < board.height; y++) {</pre>
                    pos = new Position(x, y);
117
                    if (isMovePositionValid(pos)
118
                         && (getNrOfSwitches(player, pos) > 0)) {
119
                         possibleMoves.add(pos);
120
                    }
121
                }
122
            }
123
124
            return possibleMoves;
125
       }
126
127
       /**
128
        * Checks if a position on the board has a color.
129
         * If the position is not valid (e.g. negative array index) it
130
        * returns {@code false}.
131
        * Oparam pos the position you want to check
132
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if a color is at this position,
133
                     otherwise {@code false}
134
        */
135
       private boolean hasPiece(Position pos) {
136
            boolean returnVal = false;
137
138
            if (board.isPositionOnBoard(pos) && board.get(pos) != null
139
                && board.get(pos) != Field.HOLE) {
140
                returnVal = true;
141
            }
142
143
            return returnVal;
       }
145
146
       /**
147
        * Check if a move position is valid. This checks if the position
148
        * exists on the board, if it is empty and if a piece is adjacent.
149
```

```
* Oparam pos the position you want to check
150
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if the move position can be valid,
151
                   otherwise {@code false}
152
        */
153
       private boolean isMovePositionValid(Position pos) {
154
           boolean isMovePositionValid = false;
155
156
           if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(pos)) {
157
                return false;
158
           }
159
160
           for (int[] field : adjactantFields) {
161
                Position tmp = new Position(pos.x + field[0],
162
                                                          pos.y + field[1]);
163
                if (hasPiece(tmp)) {
164
                    isMovePositionValid = true;
165
                }
           }
168
           if (board.get(pos.x, pos.y) != null) {
169
                // a piece is already on the field
170
                isMovePositionValid = false;
171
           }
172
173
           return isMovePositionValid;
174
       }
175
176
       /**
177
        * Set the current player to the next player.
178
179
       private void nextPlayer() {
180
           if (!isRunning) {
181
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME);
182
           }
183
184
           if (currentPlayer == Field.BLACK) {
185
                currentPlayer = Field.WHITE;
           } else {
187
                currentPlayer = Field.BLACK;
188
           }
189
       }
190
191
192
        * Make a move, if possible and return a code that indicates what
193
         * happened.
194
        * Oparam pos the position you want to set the next piece on
195
        * Oreturn 0 if the player could move,
196
        * -1 if the player could not move,
197
        * 1 if the next regular player had to pass,
198
        * 2 if the game ended with this move
199
```

```
*/
200
       public int move(Position pos) {
201
            if (!isRunning) {
202
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME);
203
            }
204
205
            int returnCode = -1;
206
            int switches;
207
208
            if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(pos)) {
209
                throw new IllegalArgumentException(ERR_OFFBOARD_MOVE);
210
            }
211
212
            if (isMovePositionValid(pos)
213
                && (getNrOfSwitches(currentPlayer, pos) > 0)) {
214
                board.set(pos, currentPlayer);
215
                // switch all pieces in between
217
                for (int[] direction: adjactantFields) {
218
                     switches = getNrOfIncludedPieces(currentPlayer, pos,
219
                                                  direction[0], direction[1]);
220
                     if (switches > 0) {
221
                         switchPieces(currentPlayer, pos, direction[0], direction[1]);
222
                     }
223
                }
224
225
                // switch to the next player
226
                nextPlayer();
227
228
                if (!isMovePossible(getCurrentPlayer())) {
229
                     Field nextPlayer = getWaitingPlayer();
230
                     if (isMovePossible(nextPlayer)) {
231
232
                         nextPlayer();
                         returnCode = 1;
233
                     } else {
234
                         setFinished();
235
                         returnCode = 2;
236
                     }
237
                } else {
238
                     returnCode = 0;
239
                }
240
241
                submittedMove = true;
242
            }
243
245
            return returnCode;
       }
246
247
248
        * Get the current player.
249
```

```
* Oreturn the current player
250
        */
251
       public Field getCurrentPlayer() {
252
           return currentPlayer;
       }
254
255
       /**
256
        * This method determines the number of pieces of the opponent
257
        * between the given position and the next piece of the given player.
258
        * Oparam player The player.
259
        * Oparam pos the position of one piece of this player.
260
        * Oparam xDir this has to be 1, 0 or -1.
261
                               1 means it goes to the right, -1 to the left.
262
                               0 means it doesn't change the x-direction.
263
        * Oparam yDir this has to be 1, 0 or -1.
264
                           1 means it goes to the bottom, -1 to the top.
265
                            0 means it doesn't change the y-direction.
266
        * Oreturn the number of pieces of the opponent between the given position
        * and the next piece of the given player.
268
        */
269
270
       private int getNrOfIncludedPieces(Field player, Position pos, int xDir, int yDir) {
271
           int switches = 0;
272
           int opponentCount = 0;
273
           Field opponent = (player == Field.WHITE ? Field.BLACK : Field.WHITE);
274
275
           for (int tmp = 1;
276
                // stop the loop if you're no longer on the board
277
                (pos.x + tmp * xDir >= 0)
                                             // important if you go to the left
278
                && (pos.x + tmp * xDir < board.width) // important if you go to the right
279
                && (pos.y + tmp * yDir >= 0) // important if you go to the bottom
280
                && (pos.y + tmp * yDir < board.height); // important if you go to the top
281
                tmp++) {
282
283
               Field piece = board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir);
284
285
                if (piece == player) {
                    switches += opponentCount;
287
                    opponentCount = 0;
288
                    break;
289
                } else if (piece == Field.HOLE) {
290
                    return 0;
291
                } else if (piece == opponent) {
292
                    opponentCount++;
293
                } else if (piece == null) {
294
                    return 0;
295
296
           }
297
298
           return switches;
299
```

```
}
300
301
       /**
302
        * Switch all pieces from the opponent of player in the given direction.
303
        * Make sure that in the given direction is one of the pieces of player at the end.
304
        * Oparam player the given player who set the new piece
305
        * Oparam pos the position where you want to start
306
        * Oparam xDir one part of the direction
307
        * Oparam yDir other part of the direction
308
        */
309
       private void switchPieces(Field player, Position pos, int xDir, int yDir) {
310
           if (!isRunning) {
311
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME);
312
           }
313
314
           Field opponent = (player == Field.WHITE ? Field.BLACK : Field.WHITE);
315
316
           // this ends always with the break as one piece of player has to be at the end
317
           for (int tmp = 1;; tmp++) {
318
                if (board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir) == player) {
319
                    break;
320
                } else if (board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir) == opponent) {
321
                    board.set(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir, player);
322
                }
323
           }
324
       }
325
326
       /**
327
        * Return the number of pieces that get switched when player sets
328
        * a new piece on (x/y)
329
        * Oparam player the given player
330
        * Oparam pos the position of the new piece
331
332
        * Oreturn the number of switched pieces.
        */
333
       private int getNrOfSwitches(Field player, Position pos) {
334
           int switches = 0;
335
336
           for (int[] direction : adjactantFields) {
337
                switches += getNrOfIncludedPieces(player, pos, direction[0], direction[1]);
338
           }
339
340
           return switches;
341
       }
342
343
       /**
344
345
        * Return the result.
        * Oreturn an array with two elements where the first element
346
                   represents the points
347
        * of the white player and the second element the points of the second player
348
        */
349
```

```
public int[] getResult() {
350
            int[] result = new int[2];
351
            result[0] = countPieces(Field.WHITE);
352
            result[1] = countPieces(Field.BLACK);
353
            return result;
354
       }
355
356
       // this method counts the pieces of one player on the board
357
       private int countPieces(Field player) {
358
            int counter = 0;
359
            for (int x = 0; x < board.width; x++) {
360
                for (int y = 0; y < board.height; y++) {</pre>
361
                    if (board.get(x, y) == player) {
362
                         counter++;
363
                    }
364
                }
365
            }
366
            return counter;
367
       }
368
369
370
        * Mark the game as finished.
371
        */
372
       public void setFinished() {
373
            if (!isRunning) {
374
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME);
375
            }
376
377
            isRunning = false;
378
       }
379
380
       /**
381
382
        * Getter for isRunning.
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if the game is still in progress,
383
                   otherwise {@code false}
384
        */
385
       public boolean isRunning() {
386
            return isRunning;
387
       }
388
389
390
         * Checks if the rectangle is within the borders of the board and
391
        * if the first position is at the top left and the second is at
392
        * the bottom right.
393
         * Oparam rectangle the rectangle
394
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if the rectangle is valid according to the
395
                   specification, otherwise {@code false}
396
         */
397
       public boolean isValidRectangle(Position[] rectangle) {
398
            if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(rectangle[0])) {
399
```

```
return false;
400
           } else if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(rectangle[1])) {
401
                return false;
402
           } else if (rectangle[0].x > rectangle[1].x) {
403
                return false;
404
           } else if (rectangle[0].y > rectangle[1].y) {
405
                return false:
406
           } else {
407
                return true;
408
           }
409
       }
410
411
       /**
412
        * Check if a piece is in the specified rectangle.
413
         * Oparam rectangle the specified rectangle
414
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if a piece is in the specified rectangle,
415
                   otherwise {@code false}
416
        */
417
       public boolean isColorInRectangle(Position[] rectangle) {
418
           if (!isValidRectangle(rectangle)) {
419
                throw new IllegalArgumentException(ERR_NO_VALID_RECTANGLE);
420
           }
421
422
           for (int x = rectangle[0].x; x \le rectangle[1].x; x++) {
                for (int y = rectangle[0].y; y <= rectangle[1].y; y++) {
424
                    if (board.get(x, y) == Field.BLACK || board.get(x, y) == Field.WHITE) {
425
426
                         return true;
                    }
427
                }
428
           }
429
430
           return false;
431
       }
432
433
434
        * Make an hole into the board if possible.
435
         * Oparam rectangle The edges of the rectangle of the hole
436
         * Oreturn {Ocode true} if a hole could be created, otherwise {Ocode false}
437
         */
438
       public boolean makeHole(Position[] rectangle) {
439
           if (submittedMove) {
440
                throw new IllegalStateException(ERR_PLAYER_MOVED);
441
           } else if (!isValidRectangle(rectangle)) {
442
                throw new IllegalArgumentException(ERR_NO_VALID_RECTANGLE);
443
           } else if (isColorInRectangle(rectangle)) {
445
                throw new IllegalArgumentException(ERR_COLOR_IN_RECTANGLE);
           }
446
447
           for (int x = rectangle[0].x; x \le rectangle[1].x; x++) {
448
                for (int y = rectangle[0].y; y <= rectangle[1].y; y++) {</pre>
449
```

```
board.set(x, y, Field.HOLE);
450
                }
451
            }
452
453
            // Switch to the other player if the current player can't move any longer
454
            if (getPossibleMoves(currentPlayer).size() == 0) {
455
                nextPlayer();
456
            }
457
458
            return true;
459
       }
460
461
       /**
462
        * Was a move already submitted?
463
        * Oreturn {Ocode true} if a move was already submitted, otherwise {Ocode false}
464
465
       public boolean wasMoveSubmitted() {
            return submittedMove;
467
       }
468
469
470
        * This method aborts the current game and returns the result.
471
        * Oreturn the result as an int array with two elements where {Ocode result[0]}
472
         * represents the points of the white player and {@code result[1]} represents the
473
         * points of the black player
474
475
       public int[] abortGame() {
476
            int[] result = getResult();
477
            setFinished();
478
            return result;
479
       }
480
481
       /**
482
        * Get the player who can't make a turn by now.
483
        * @return the player who can't make a turn by now
484
        */
485
       public Field getWaitingPlayer() {
486
            return getCurrentPlayer() == Field.BLACK ? Field.WHITE : Field.BLACK;
487
       }
488
489 }
```