Distributed Consensus in MongoDB

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@stbrody

Agenda

- Introduction to consensus
- Leader-based replicated state machine
- Elections and data replication in MongoDB
- Improvements coming in MongoDB 3.2

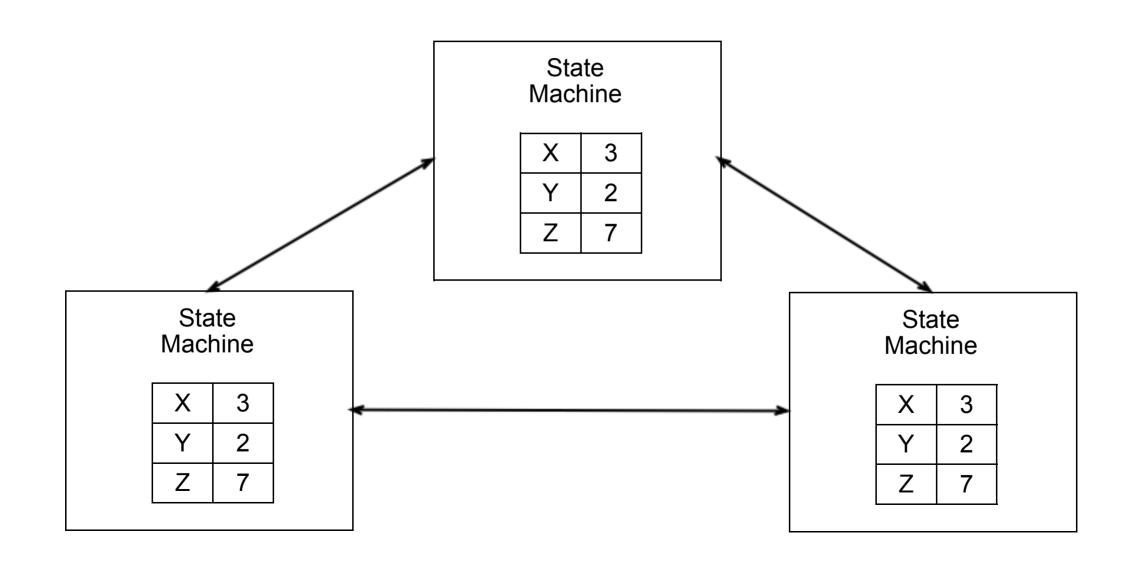
Why use Replication?

- Data redundancy
- High availability

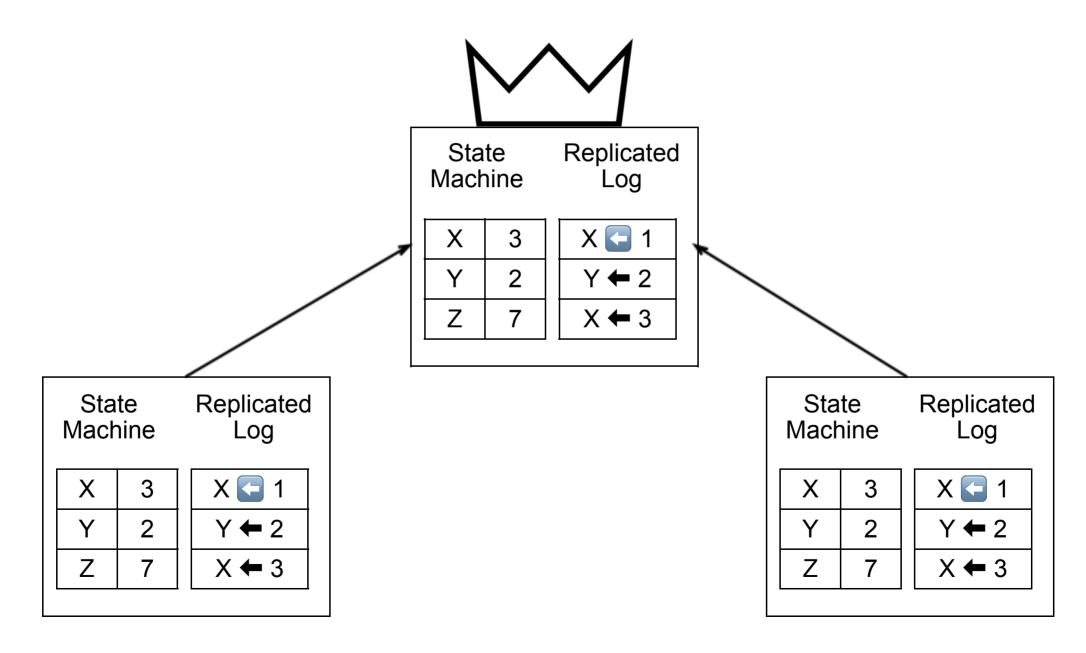
What is Consensus?

- Getting multiple processes/servers to agree on something
- Must handle a wide range of failure modes
- Disk failure
- Network partitions
- Machine freezes
- Clock skews

Basic consensus

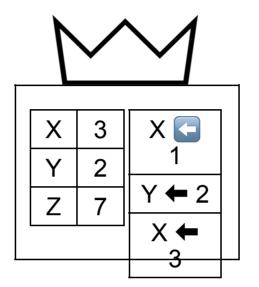


Leader Based Consensus



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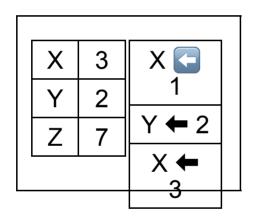


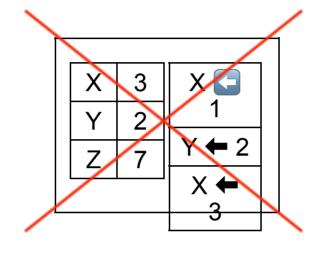
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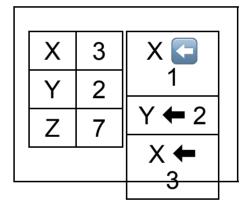
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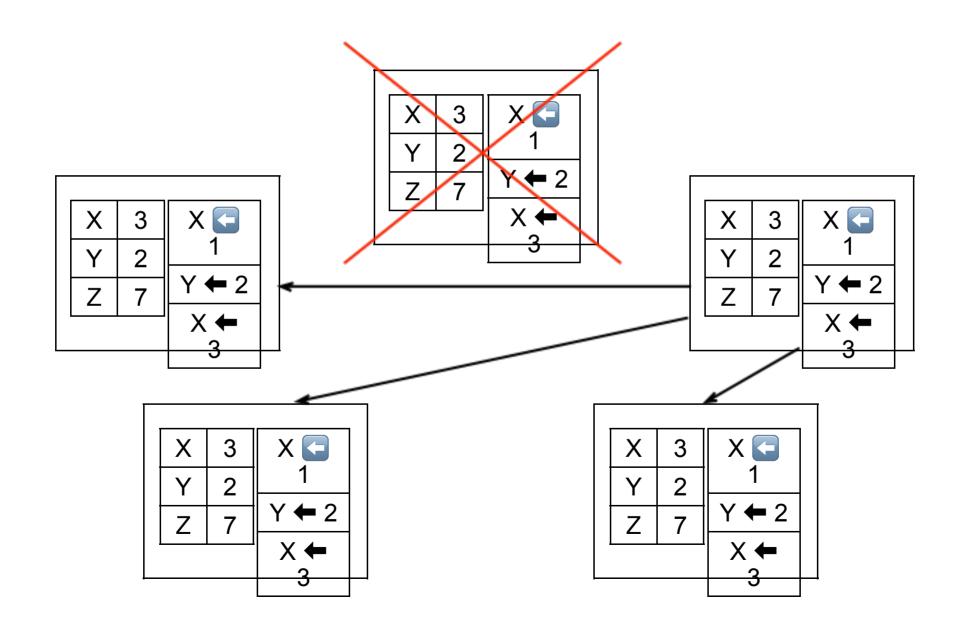


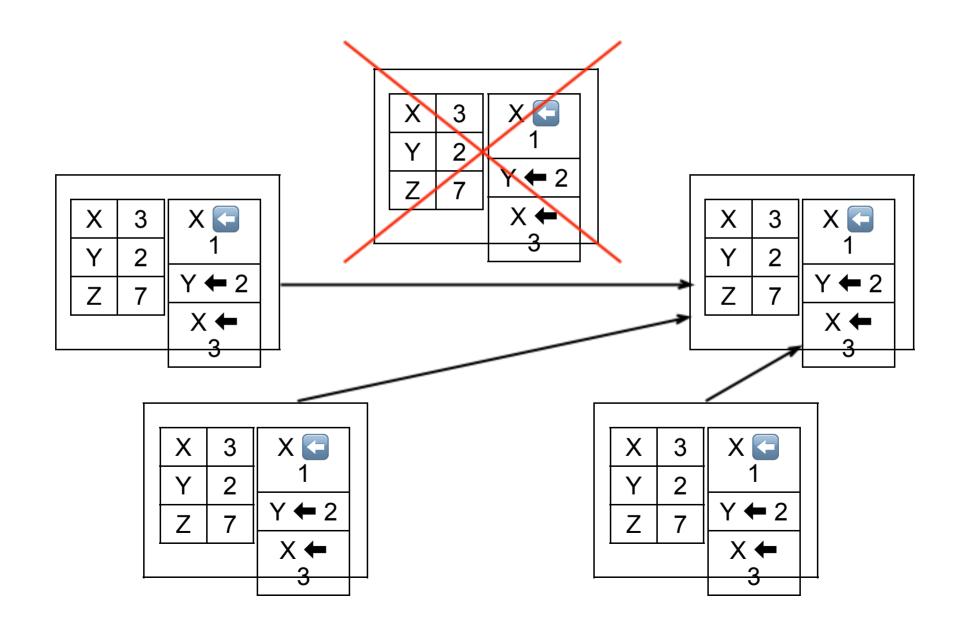


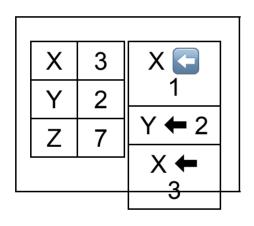


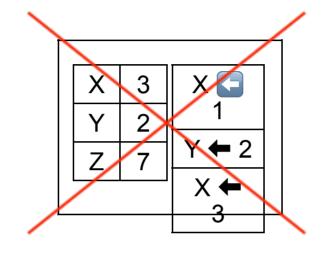
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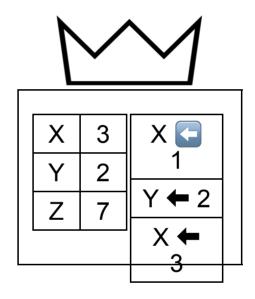
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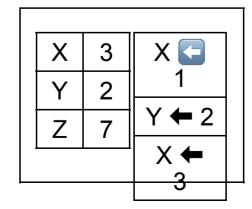




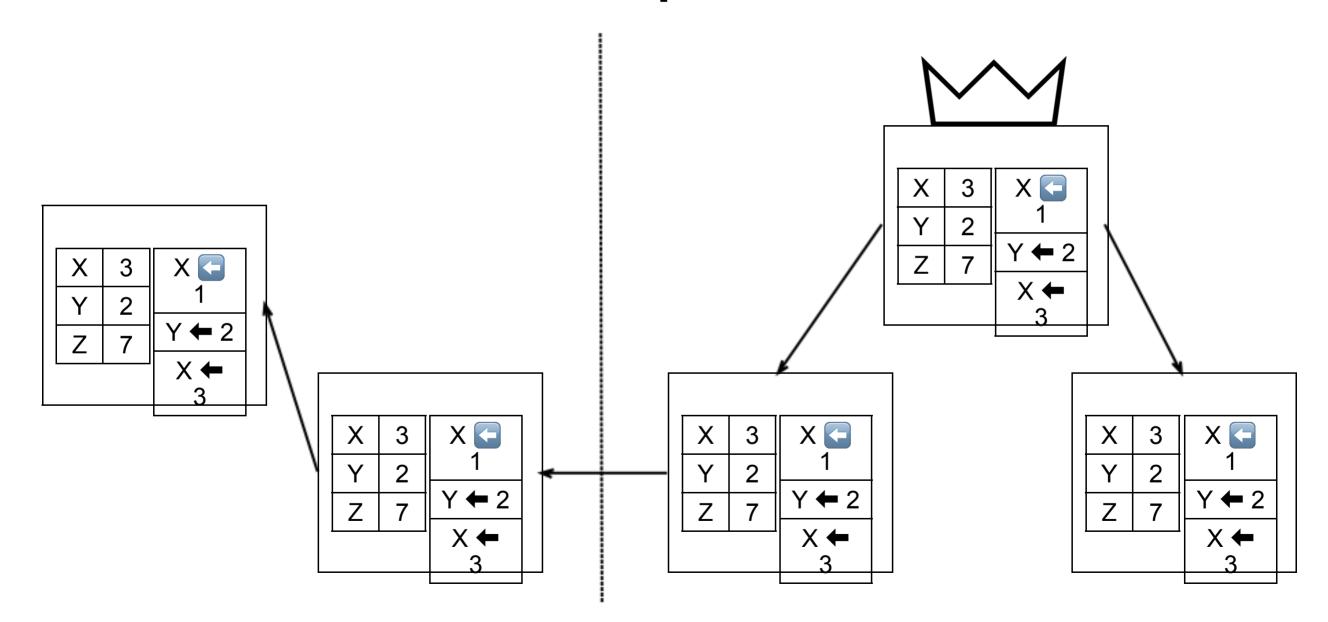




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Data Replication



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- Goals and inspiration from Raft Consensus Algorithm
- Preventing double voting
- Monitoring node status
- Calling for elections

Goals for MongoDB 3.2

- Decrease failover time
- Speed up detection and resolution of false primary situations

Finding Inspiration in Raft

- "In Search of an Understandable Consensus Algorithm" by Diego Ongaro: https://ramcloud.stanford.edu/raft.pdf
- Designed to address the shortcomings of Paxos
- Easier to understand
- Easier to implement in real applications
- Provably correct
- Remarkably similar to what we're doing already

Raft Concepts

- Term (election) IDs
- Monitoring node status using existing data replication channel
- Asymmetric election timeouts

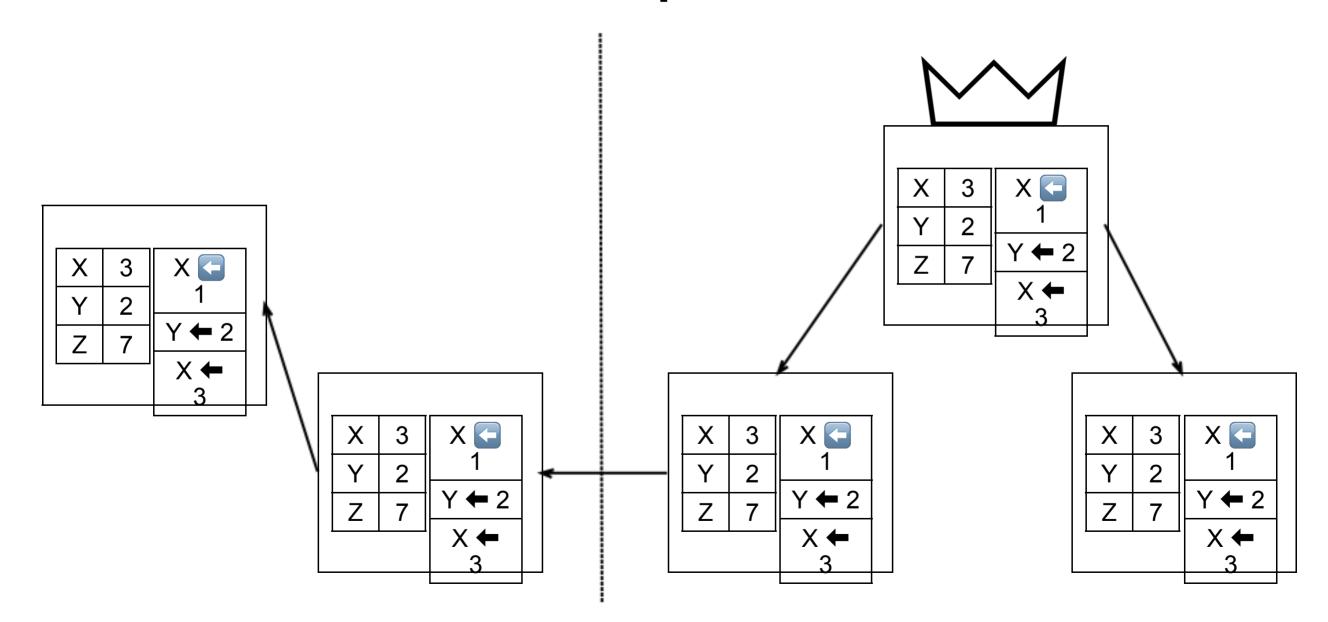
Preventing Double Voting

- Can't vote for 2 nodes in the same election
- Pre-3.2: 30 second vote timeout
- Post-3.2: Term IDs
- Term:
- Monotonically increasing ID
- Incremented on every election *attempt*
- Lets voters distinguish elections so they can vote twice quickly in different elections.

Monitoring Node Status

- Pre-3.2: Heartbeats
- Sent every two seconds from every node to every other node
- Volume increases quadratically as nodes are added to the replica set
- Post-3.2: Extra metadata sent via existing data replication channel
- Utilizes chained replication
- Faster heartbeats = faster elections and detection of false primaries

Data Replication



Determining When To Call For An Election

- Tradeoff between failover time and spurious failovers
- Node calls for an election when it hasn't heard from the primary within the election timeout
- Starting in 3.2:
- Election timeout is configurable
- Election timeout is varied randomly for each node
- Varying timeouts help reduce tied votes
- Fewer tied votes = faster failover

Conclusion

- MongoDB 3.2 will have
- Faster failovers
- Faster error detection
- More control to prevent spurious failovers
- This means your systems are
- More stable
- More resilient to failure
- Easier to maintain

Questions?