



K-pop Insights

Understanding K-pop
with Data Science.

02 - K-pop Groups Segmentation

In this study, I used K-Means Clustering Algorithm to classify K-pop groups into 4 and found some interesting insights using the segmentation .

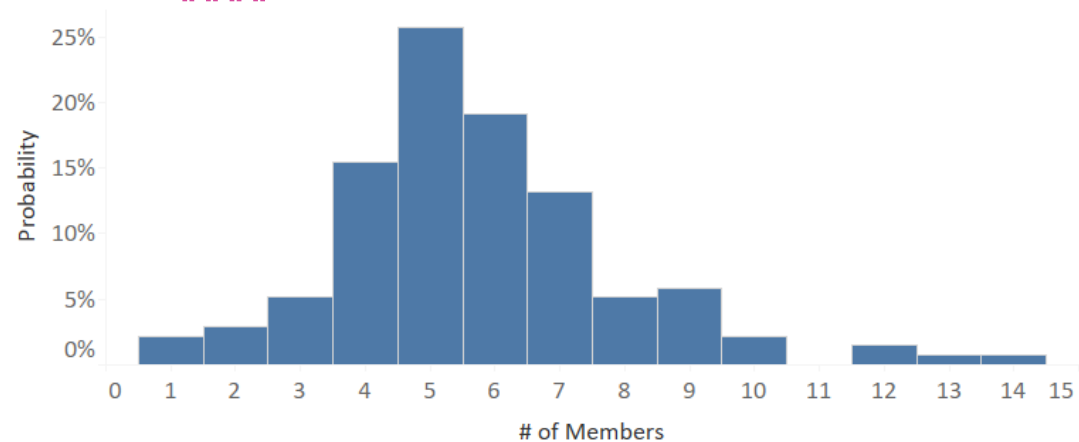
By Yuchen Wang.


Data Source: 2005-2019 kpop data from dbkpop.com

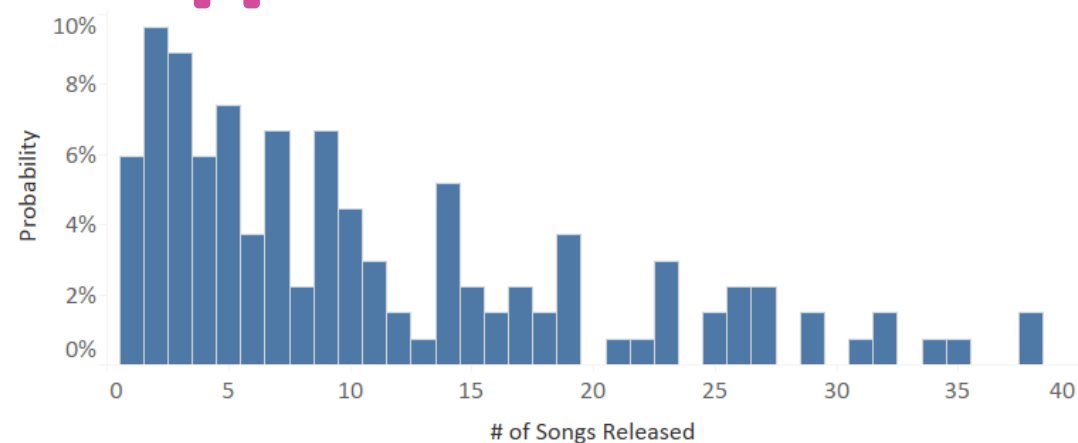
Features Captured




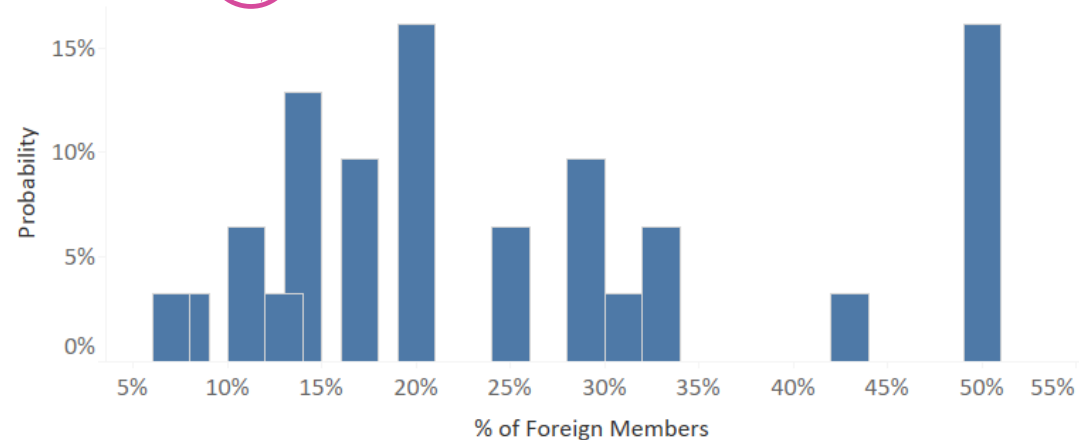
Group Size 




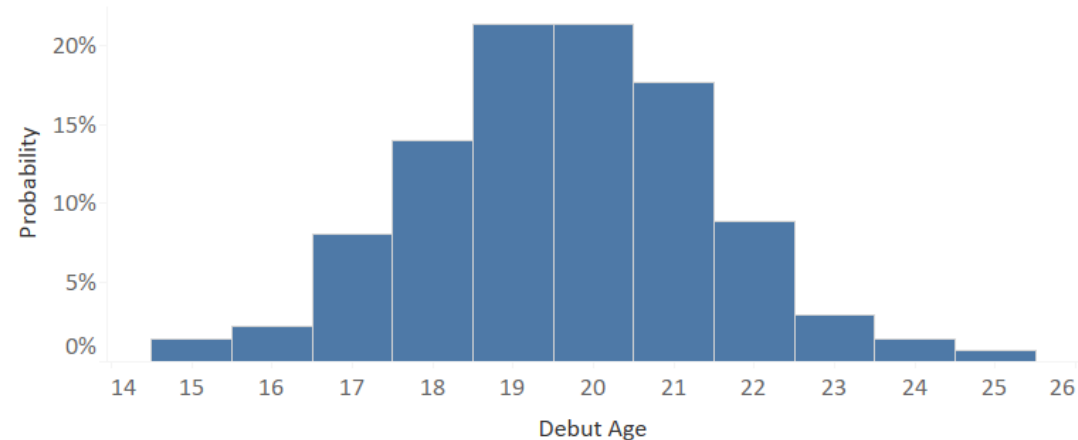
Production 



International 



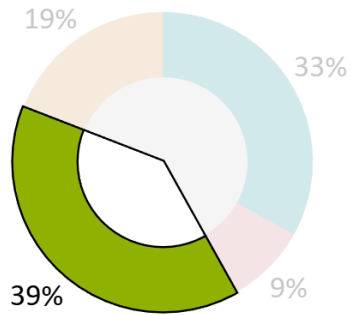
Youthness 



Clustering Output



Mature

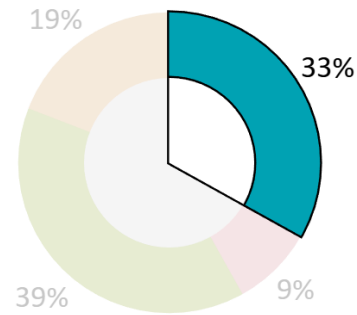


They debut at **21 years old** on average, 2 years later than the other groups, producing mature styles' images and songs .

BROWN EYED GIRLS
제아·미료·나르샤·가인



Big-sized

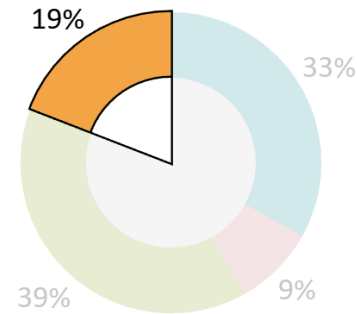


They averagely have **~8 members** in each group, bringing more variety of idols' images, personalities and skills .

IZ*ONE



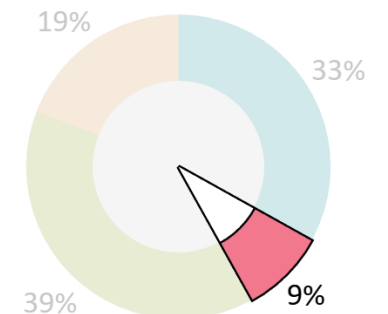
Productive



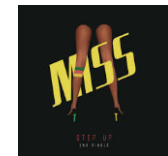
They behave more productively than other groups, normally with **25+ songs** launched.



International



Rather than Korean local market, they focus more on international fans by recruiting more **foreign members (40% on avg.)**.



The background of the slide is decorated with various colorful elements. There are several small circles in green, blue, and orange scattered across the left side. Additionally, there are multiple rainbow-like arcs in orange and yellow, some of which are larger and more prominent, particularly on the left edge of the slide.

More in the Future

Some spoiler alerts:

- Dashboards on **PowerBI** and **Google Data Studio**
- Music Videos Sentimental Analysis (**NLP**)
- Music Album Covers Analysis (**Image Processing**)

If you are interested in working on this fun project with me, please feel free to **contact me!**

[linkedin.com/in/yuchenwang01](https://www.linkedin.com/in/yuchenwang01)

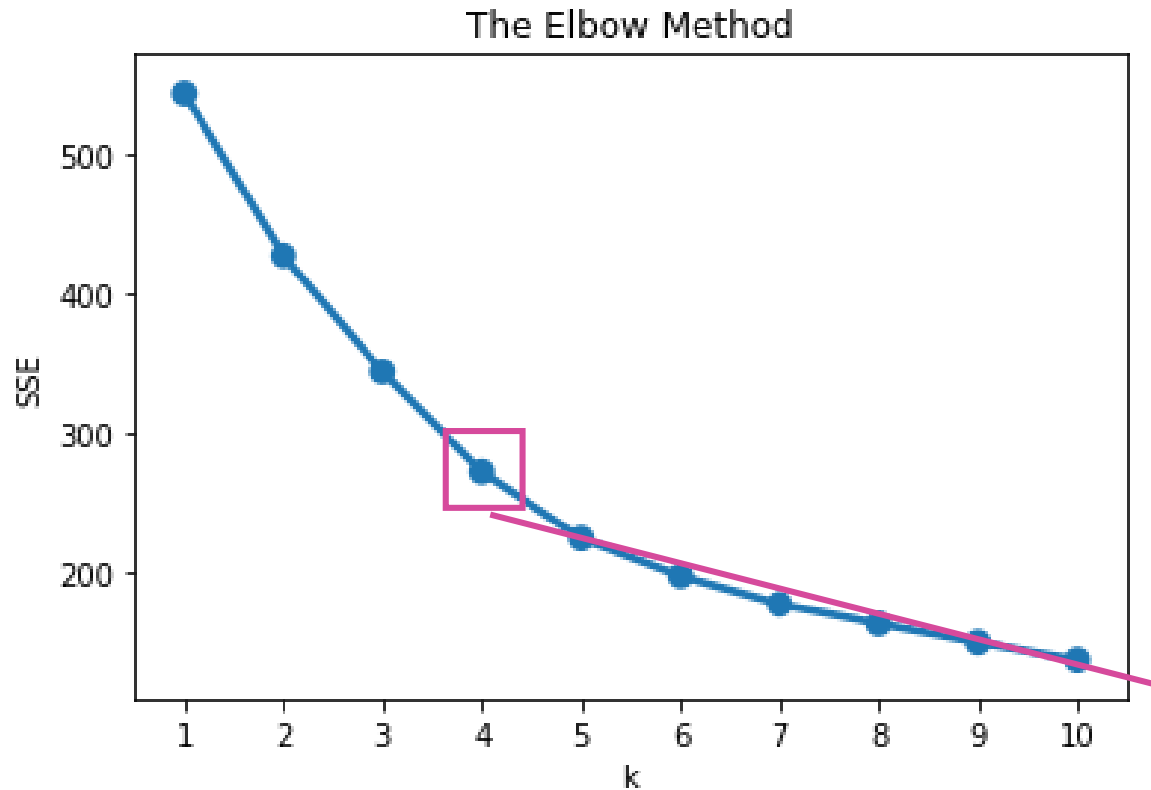
All codes, reports and dashboards are at my **Github**.

github.com/brantgithub/K-pop-Data-Aanalysis

Appendix – The Elbow Method



To tune the parameter of KMeans Clustering Algorithm, I used “The Elbow Method” to determine the number of clusters we want to output.



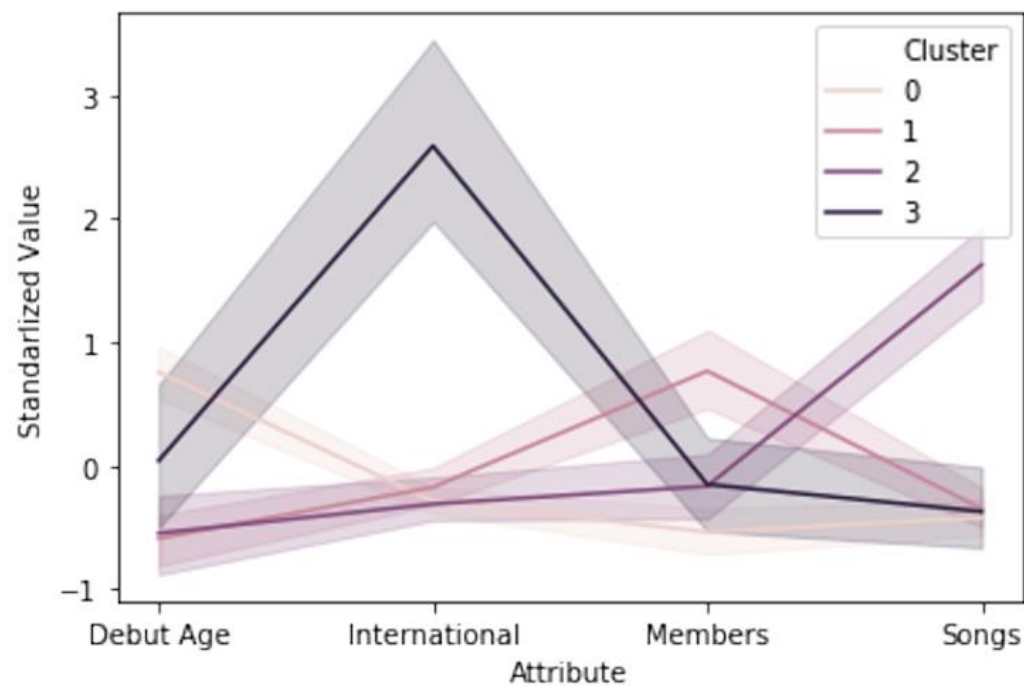
- X-axis: value of K
- Y-axis: SSE of the models
- To use this plot, we choose the K-value that will have a linear trend on the next consecutive K.
- Based on our observation, the K-value of 4 is the best hyperparameter for our model because the next K-value tend to have a linear trend.

Appendix – Clustering Output

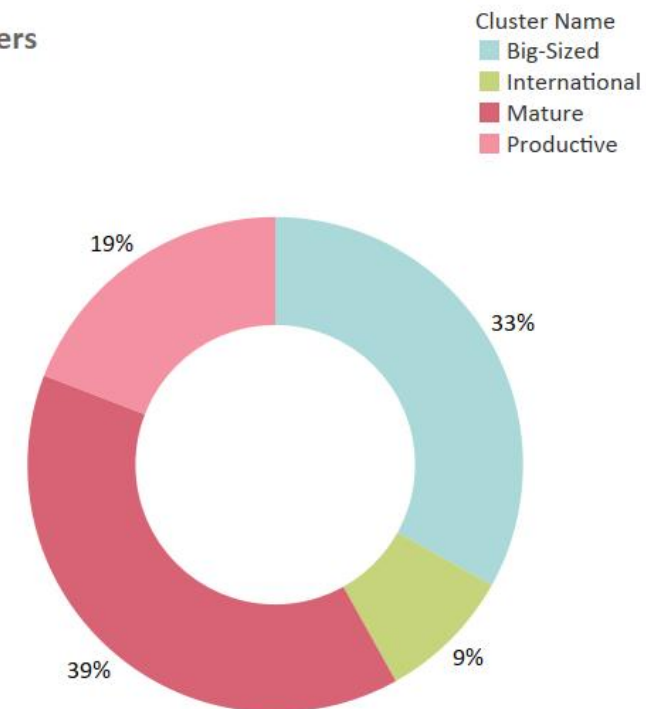


Mean Value

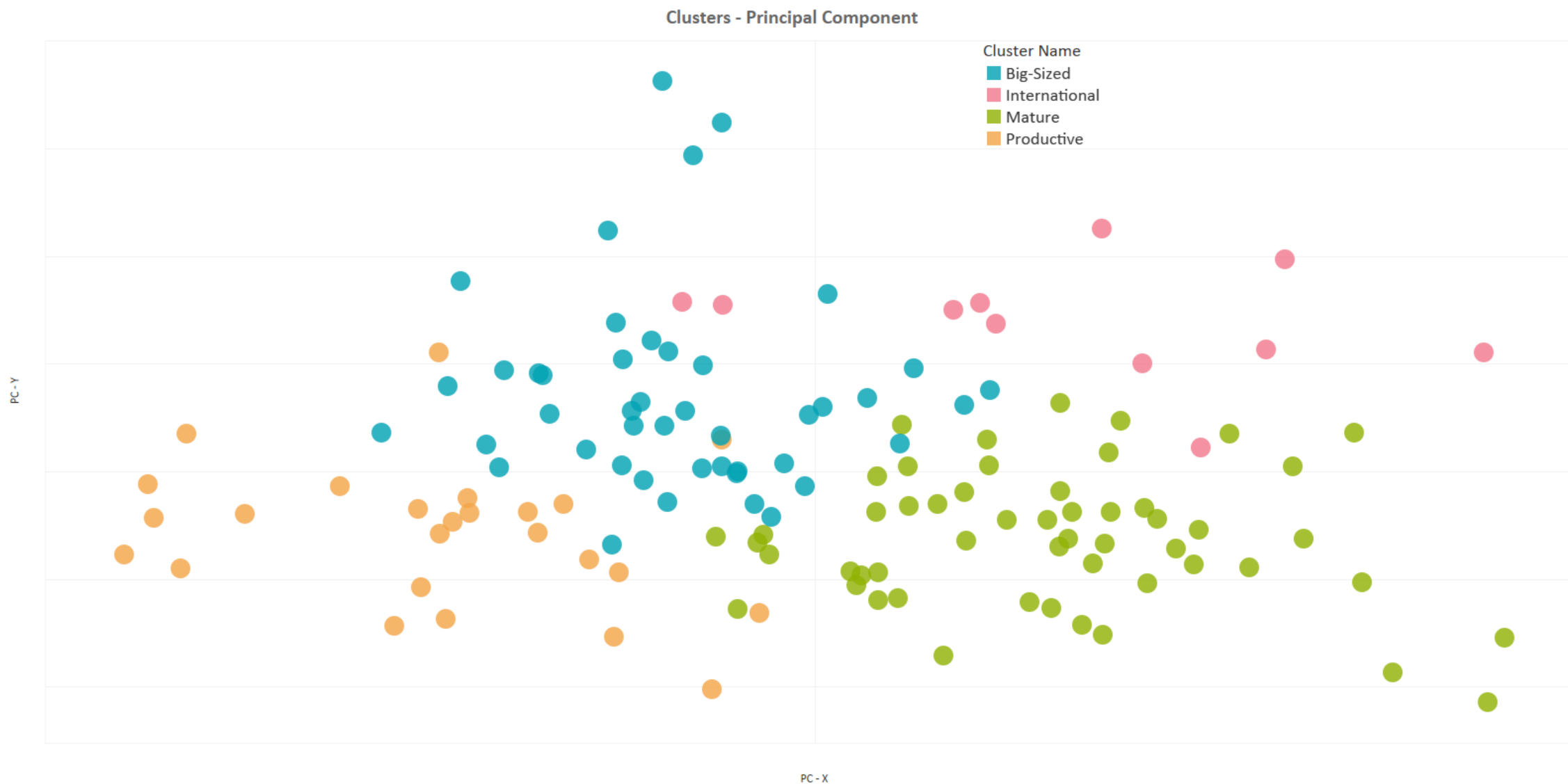
Cluster Name	Avg. Debut Age	% of Foreign Members	# of Members	# of Songs
Big-Sized	19	4%	8	12
International	19	40%	6	14
Mature	21	3%	5	11
Productive	19	2%	6	30



% of Clusters



Appendix – Principal Component Visualization



Appendix



- Reference: <https://towardsdatascience.com/customer-segmentation-in-python-9c15acf6f945>
- Tableau Dashboards: <https://public.tableau.com/profile/yuchen.brant.wang>
- Reports, Codes & Models: <https://github.com/brantgithub/K-pop-Data-Analysis>