Adapt an Example Script The BRAPH 2 Developers August 10, 2024

This is the developer tutorial for adapting a script to calculate different graph measures. In this tutorial, you will learn how to edit an example script to calculate different graph measures. Here, you will use the scrip in file example_ST_MP_WU.m as an example to learn how to edit this script to calculate different graph measures for structural data using a multiplex weighted undirected graph.

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Header

The header section of the script in example_ST_MP_WU.m is shown in

Code 1: Script header. The header section of the pipeline names and describes the script.

```
% EXAMPLE_ST_MP_WU (1)
% Script example pipeline ST MP WU (2)
clear variables %#ok<*NASGU> (3)
```

Atlas Loading

The script starts by importing the brain atlas. For this, it uses the element ImporterBrainAtlasXLS to import the atlas from an *.xlsx file, as shown in Code 2.

Code 2: Load brain atlas. This section defines the importer to load the brain atlas.

```
1 %% Load BrainAtlas
 im_ba = ImporterBrainAtlasXLS( ...
     'FILE', [fileparts(which('example_ST_MP_WU')) filesep 'Example data
      ST_MP XLS' filesep 'atlas.xlsx'], ... (1)
     'WAITBAR', true ... (2)
     );
 ba = im_ba.get('BA');
```

Data Loading

The next step is to load the data of the two groups from the folders where the relative *.xlsx files are stored. It uses the element ImporterGroupSubjectST_MP_XLS to load the SubjectST_MP subjects, as shown in Code 3.

Code 3: Load groups of subjects. The group data importer section provides the code for loading the data corresponding to the groups of subjects.

```
1 %% Load Groups of SubjectST_MP
im_gr1 = ImporterGroupSubjectST_MP_XLS( ...
     'DIRECTORY', [fileparts(which('SubjectST_MP')) filesep 'Example data
      ST_MP XLS' filesep 'ST_MP_Group_1_XLS'], ... (1)
     'BA', ba, ... (1)
     'WAITBAR', true ... (3)
     );
```

- 1) defines the name of the script.
- (2) provides a brief description of the script.
- (3) clears the workspace.

- (1) loads the brain atlas from the file atlas.xlsx.
- (2) shows a waitbar during the loading process.

- (1) imports the first group of subjects with structural data and their (optional) covariates from the files contained in the folder.
- (1) uses the previously loaded brain atlas.
- (3) shows a waitbar during the loading process.

```
8 gr1 = im_gr1.get('GR');
im_gr2 = ImporterGroupSubjectST_MP_XLS( ...
      'DIRECTORY', [fileparts(which('SubjectST_MP')) filesep 'Example data
       ST_MP XLS' filesep 'ST_MP_Group_2_XLS'], ... (4)
       'BA', ba, ...
12
       'WAITBAR', true ...
13
14
      );
16 gr2 = im_gr2.get('GR');
```

(4) imports the first group of subjects.

Group Analysis

The next step is to perform the group data analysis using the element , as shown in Code 4.

Code 4: Analysis. The group data analysis sections provides code to perform the analyses for the two groups.

```
1 %% Analysis ST MP WU
 a_WU1 = AnalyzeGroup_ST_MP_WU( ...
      'GR', gr1, ... (1)
      'CORRELATION_RULE', Correlation.PEARSON ... (2)
     );
 a_WU2 = AnalyzeGroup_ST_MP_WU( ...
     'TEMPLATE', a_WU1, ... (3)
     'GR', gr2 ... (4)
```

- 1) uses the previously defined group gr1 for the first analysis.
- (2) defines the correlation rule to be
- (3) uses the same parameters as in the analysis a_WU1.
- (4) uses the previously defined group gr2 for the second analysis.

Measure Calculation

You can now calculate graph measures with the analyses defined in the previous step, as shown in Code 5.

Code 5: Within-group measure calculation. The measure calculation section calculates the measures for each group independently.

```
% measure calculation
 g_WU1 = a_WU1.memorize('G'); (1)
3 ovstrength_WU2 = g_WU2.get('MEASURE', 'OverlappingS').get('M'); (2)
4 ovstrength_av_WU2 = g_WU2.get('MEASURE', 'OverlappingSAv').get('M'); (3)
6 g_WU2 = a_WU2.get('G'); (4)
ovstrength_WU2 = g_WU2.get('MEASURE', 'OverlappingS').get('M');
s ovstrength_av_WU2 = g_WU2.get('MEASURE', 'OverlappingSAv').get('M');
```

Group Comparison

The last step is to perform the group comparison. This uses the element CompareGroup as shown in Code 6.

- (1) memorizes the graphs to ensure consistency if there are measures with non-default rules.
- (2) calculates the overlapping strength measure for the analysis a_WU1.
- (3) calculates the overlapping strength average measure for the analysis a_WU1.
- (4) calcualtes the same measures for the analysis a_WU2.

Specifically, it contains the one-tailed and two-tailed p-values and the 95% confidence interval.

Code 6: **Between-group measure comparison.** The comparison section performs the comparison of the measures between the two groups.

```
1 % comparison
c_WU = CompareGroup( ...
      'P', 1000, ... (1)
      'A1', a_WU1, ... (2)
      'A2', a_WU2, ... (3)
      'WAITBAR', true, ... (4)
      'VERBOSE', false, ... 5
      'MEMORIZE', true ... 6
ovstrength_WU_diff = c_WU.get('COMPARISON', 'OverlappingS').get('DIFF'); (7)
ovstrength_WU_p1 = c_WU.get('COMPARISON', 'OverlappingS').get('P1'); (8)
ovstrength_WU_p2 = c_WU.get('COMPARISON', 'OverlappingS').get('P2'); (9)
ovstrength_WU_cil = c_WU.get('COMPARISON', 'OverlappingS').get('CIL'); (10)
ovstrength_WU_ciu = c_WU.get('COMPARISON', 'OverlappingS').get('CIU'); (11)
```

- (1) uses 1000 permutations in the false-discovery-rate (FDR) test.
- (2) and (3) define the two analyses to be compared.
- (4) shows a waitbar during the comparison.
- (5) does not print updates during the comparison.
- (6) memorizes the intermediate results of the comparison. This speeds up the comparison at the cost of estra memory requirements.
- (7) (11) calculate the difference of group comparison ('DIFF'), the onetailed p-value ('P1'), the two-tailed p-value ('P2'), the lower value of the 95% confidence interval ('CIL'), and the upper value of the 95% confidence interval ('CIU') for the overlapping strength measure ('OverlappingS').