

# Physics 201 -

## Lecture 3

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### (i) Scalars and Vectors

(ii) The Algebra of Scalars

(iii) the Algebra of Vectors.

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Every thing that we measure in an experiment (a physical quantity) can be classified as either a scalar or a vector

### SCALARS

- number + unit

### VECTORS

- number + unit + direction

Example's:

32 kg

7.4 m

100 m<sup>3</sup>

32 K



10 km East

400 N upward

10.2 m 30° West  
of North

Different  
math!



## Scalars

mass  $\rightarrow m$

temp  $\rightarrow T$

pressure  $\rightarrow P$

length  $\rightarrow L$

156 lbs ~~North~~

comes from  
no medium

## Algebra of Scalars. $\rightarrow$ Same!

$$y = mx + b$$

$$x = y^2$$

$$g = \log_{10}(x)$$

(i) Be careful about units.

$$\frac{m_1}{\text{kg}} = \frac{m_2}{\text{kg}} + \frac{m_3}{\text{kg}}^2 \quad X$$

(ii) EASY!

## Algorithm of Vectors.

→ Several ways to do this  
→ easiest, most robust.

(i) DRAW A PICTURE!

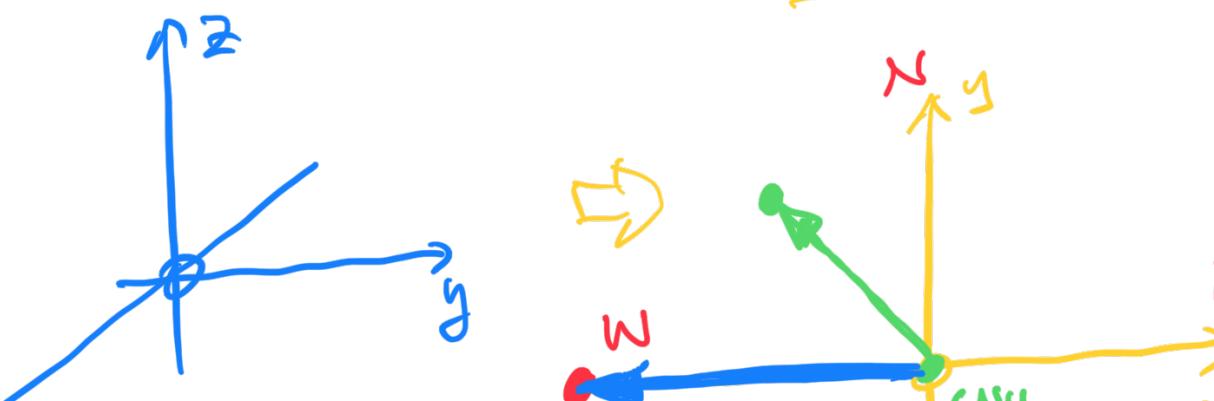
→ tech.

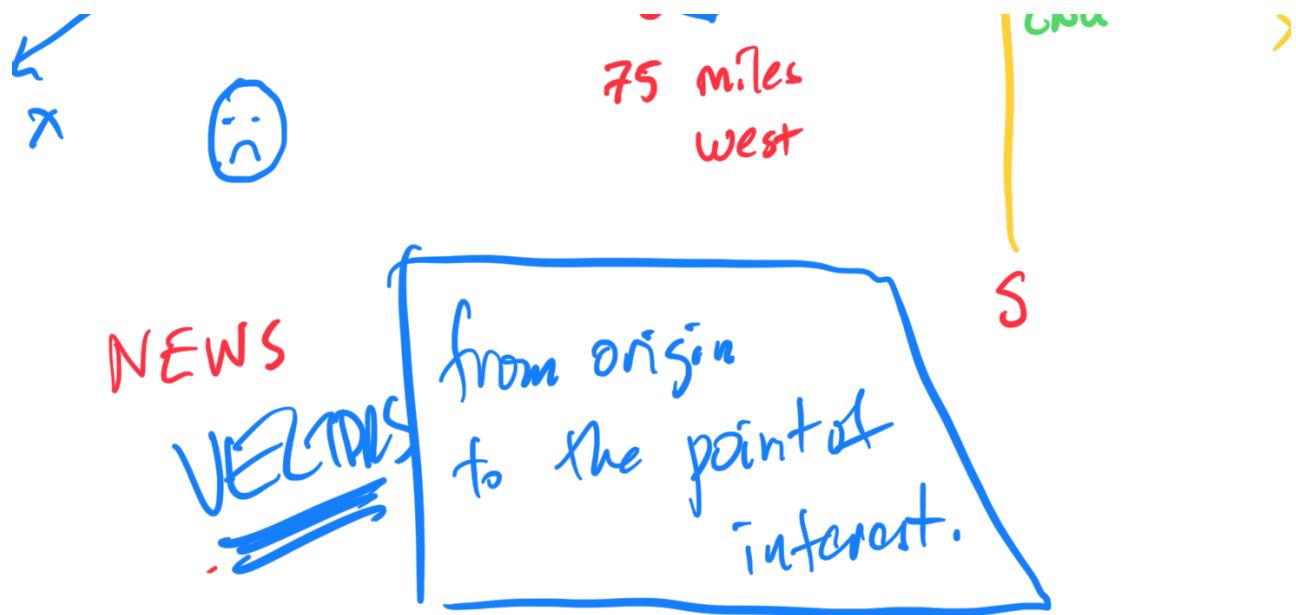
'Relative to the CNU campus'

→ origin of a coordinate system.

→ center of universe

1D, 2D





80 miles NW

## Algebra of Vectors.

"The method"

↳ rules for  $[+,-,\times,\div, ( ), \log]$ :  
 $m, p, P$

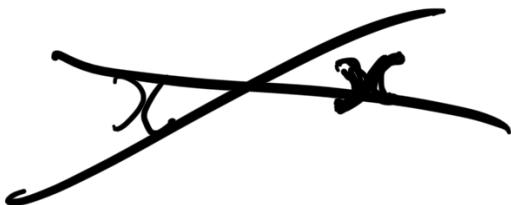
Symbols

$\dots - + \top$

position, velocity, force, ...

$\vec{x}$      $\vec{v}$      $\vec{F}$

Textbooks  $\rightarrow$  bold face

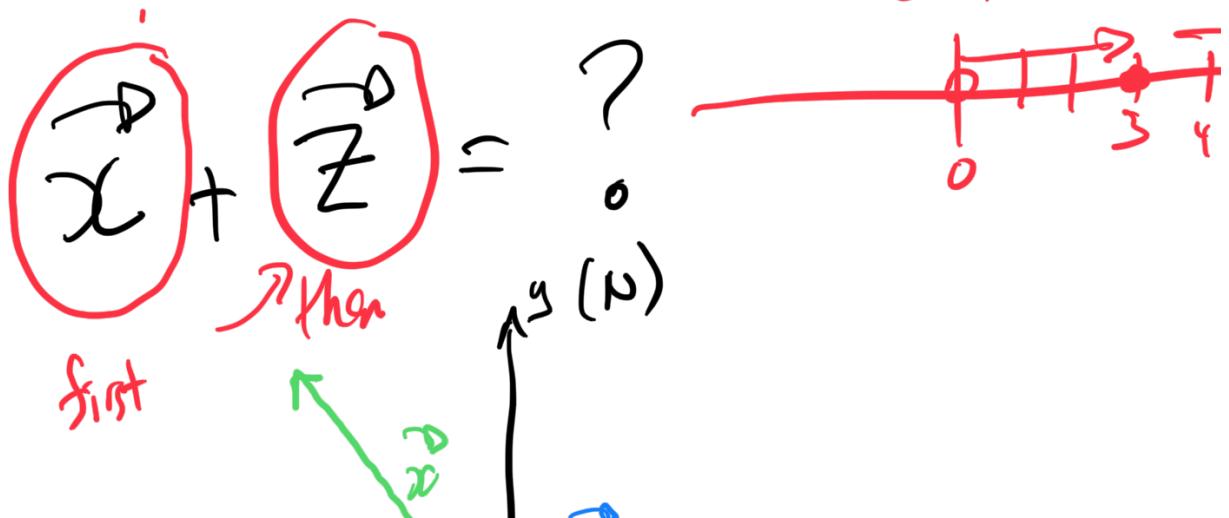


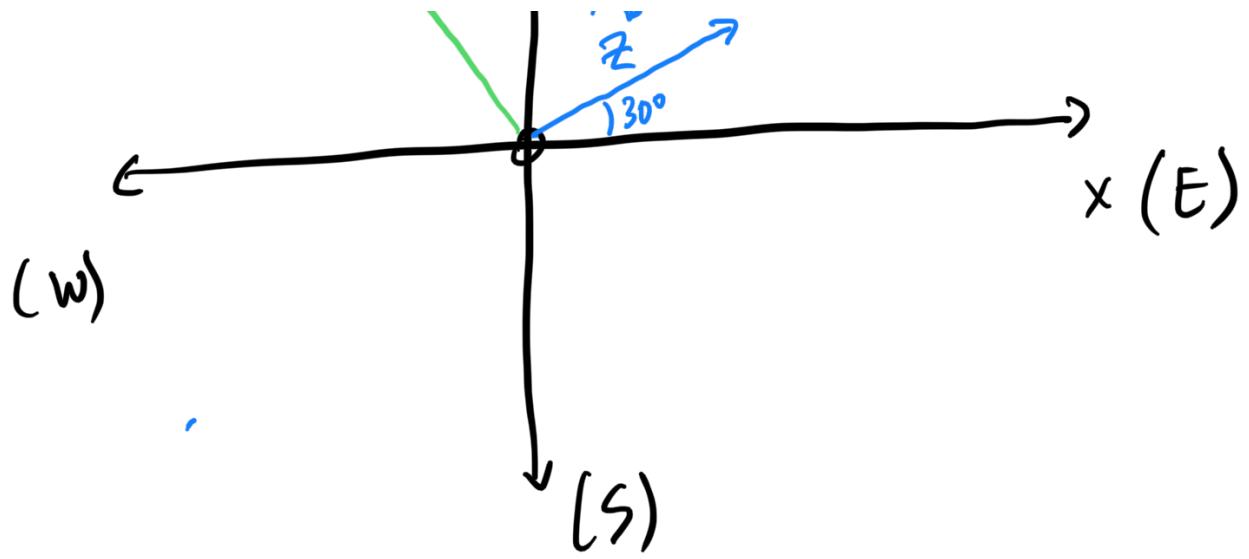
$\vec{x} = 80 \text{ miles NW}$

$\vec{y} = 60 \text{ miles West}$

$\vec{z} = 30 \text{ miles } 30^\circ \text{ N of East}$

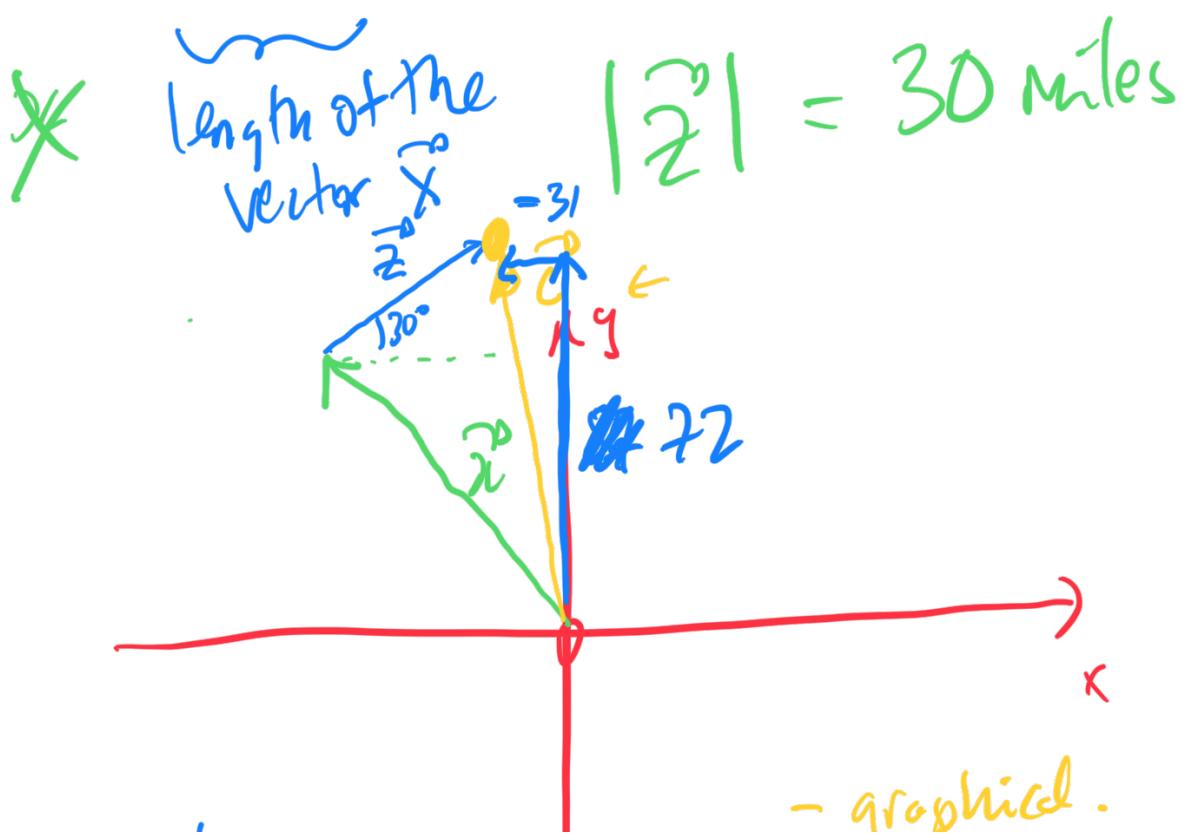
$3 + 2$





Length of vector:

$$|\vec{z}| = 80 \text{ miles}$$



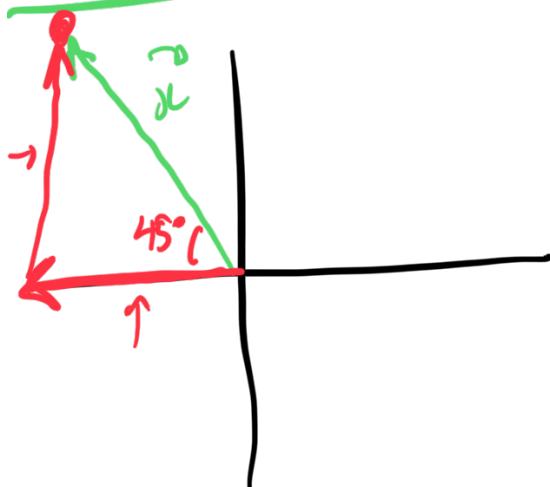
$$\vec{C} = \vec{x} + \vec{z}$$

- law of sines  
and cosines.  
(trig & geom)

Physics method:

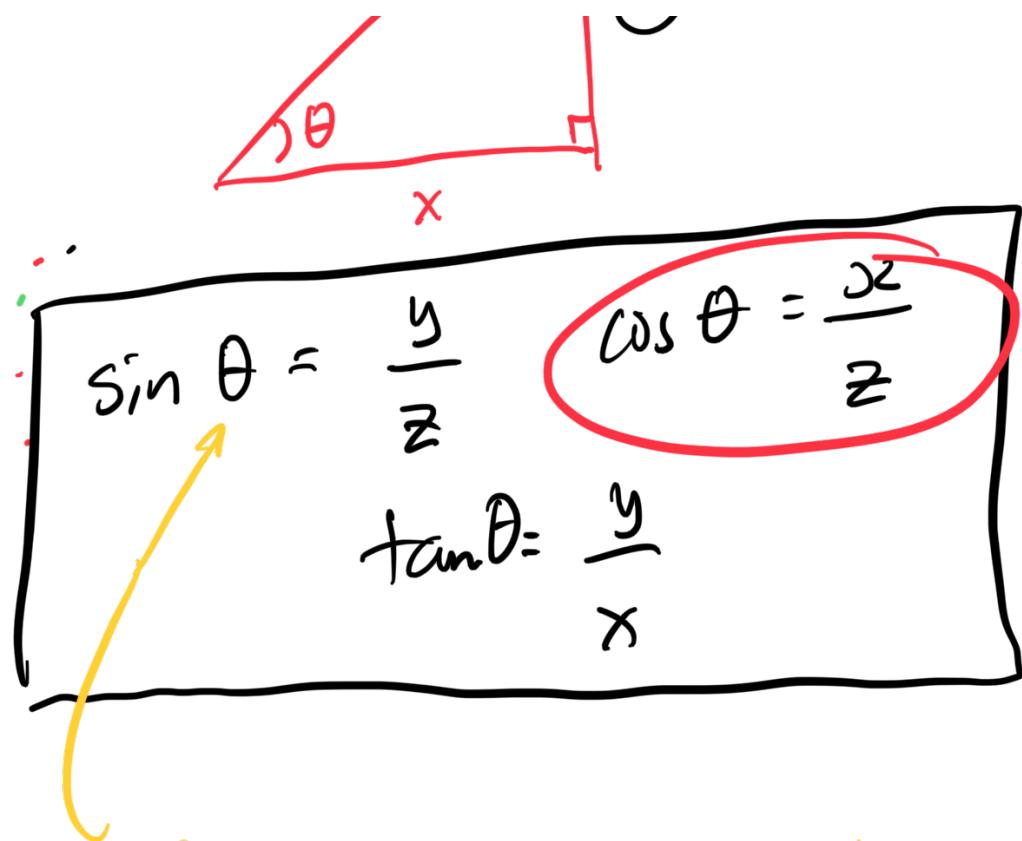
Recipe:

- ① Draw each vector individually.
- ② Break into x- and y-components
- ③ Add x-components, y-components



SOH CAH TOA





$\rightarrow$  theta ✓ angle

~~theta ✗ chare~~



$$\cos 45^\circ = \frac{a}{|\vec{x}|}$$

(a)

$$a = |\vec{x}| \cos 45^\circ$$

80 miles.

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{o}{|\vec{x}|}$$

$$o = |\vec{x}| \sin 45^\circ$$

$$o = 56.5685 \text{ miles}$$

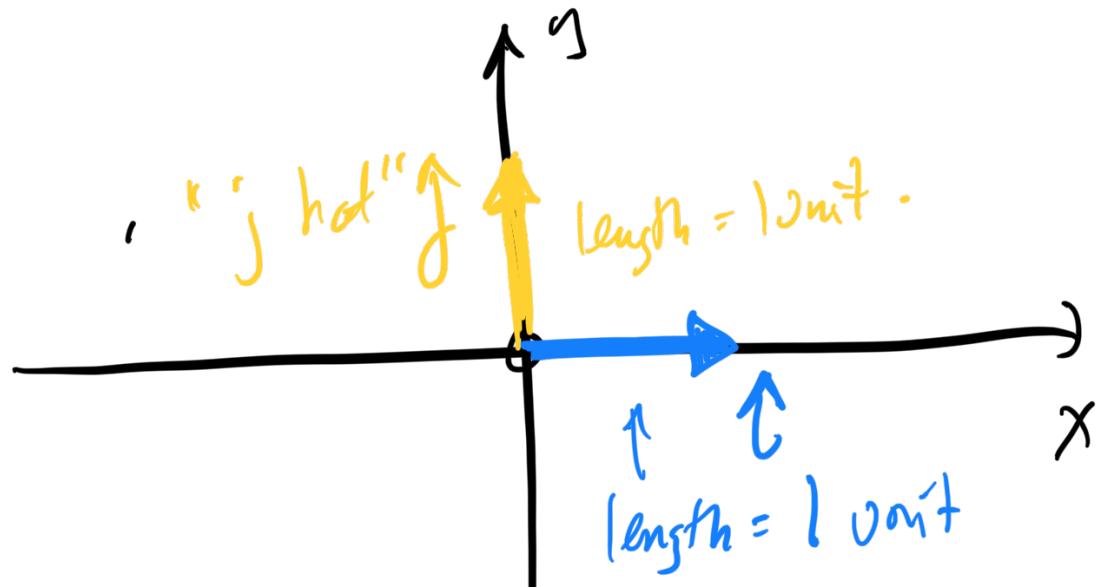
$$a = 56.5685 \text{ miles}$$

Unit Vectors

!!! ... Super importz

"j hat"

length = 1 unit



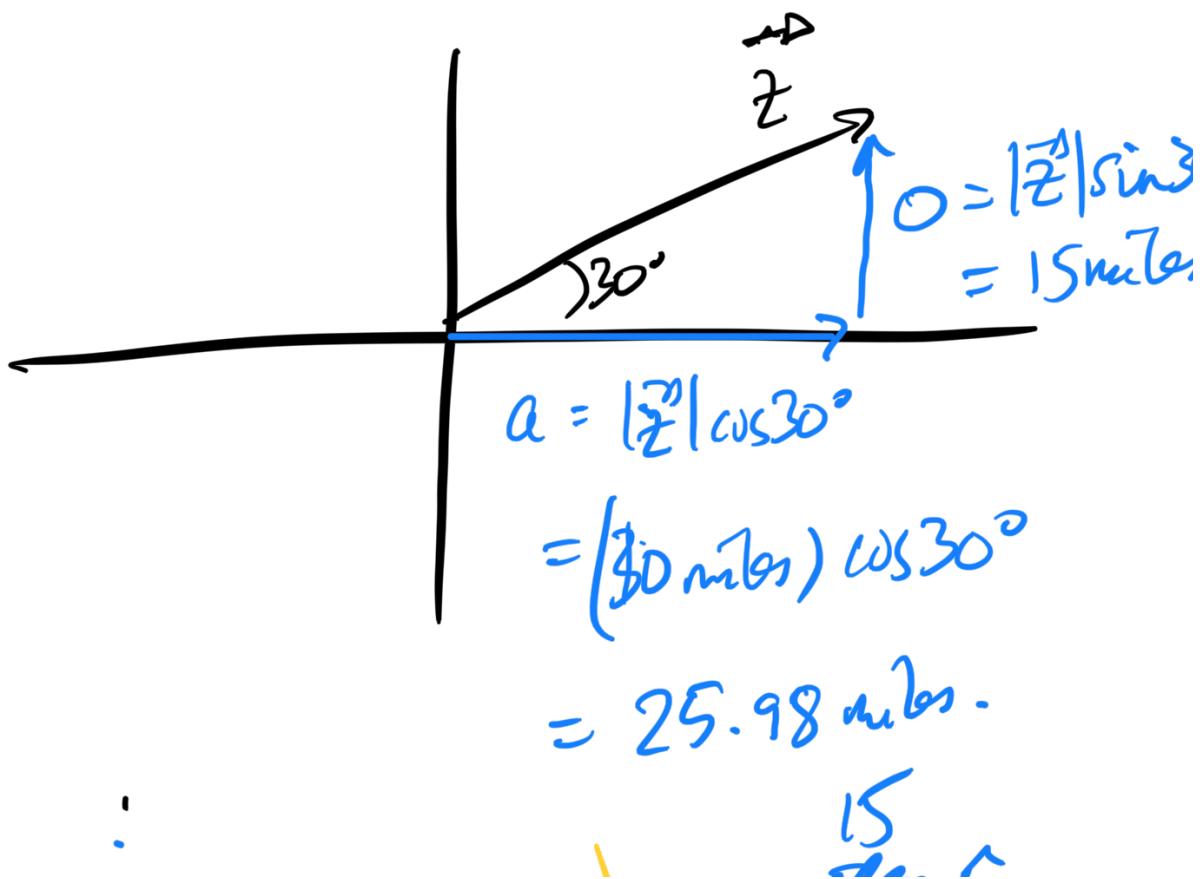
| = 1 mile

"i hat"

$$\vec{x} = -56.5685 \uparrow + 56.5685 \uparrow$$

!!!

Broken down into x- al y- components.



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{z} &= \begin{pmatrix} 25.98 \uparrow \\ -56.57 \uparrow \end{pmatrix} + \cancel{40} j \\ + \vec{x} &= + 56.57 \hat{j}\end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}\vec{c} &= -30.6 \uparrow + \frac{\cancel{80} 6}{71.6} \hat{j}\end{aligned}$$

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Does it make sense?