

PHYSICS 1320

MIDTERM #2

PROBLEM #1

A) $\rho = 1.68 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot m$

$$d = 0.002052 \text{ m} \Rightarrow r = 0.001026 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \pi r^2 = 3.307 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$$

$$R = \rho \frac{L}{A} = 1.68 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot m \left(\frac{20 \text{ m}}{3.307 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2} \right)$$

$R = 0.102 \Omega$

B) $\rho = 2.68 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot m$

$$A = \rho \frac{L}{R}$$

$$= 2.68 \times 10^{-8} \Omega \cdot m \left(\frac{20 \text{ m}}{0.102 \Omega} \right)$$

$$= 5.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2$$

$$d = 2 \sqrt{\frac{5.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2}{\pi}}$$

$d = 2.57 \text{ mm}$

C) $R_{\text{eq}} = 100 \Omega + 0.102 \Omega$
 $= 100.102 \Omega$

$$I = \frac{V}{R} = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{100.102 \Omega} = 0.1199 \text{ A}$$

$$P = VI = I^2 R$$

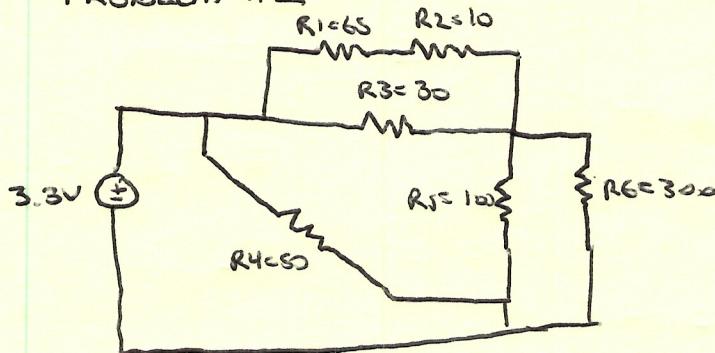
$$= (0.1199 \text{ A})^2 (0.102 \Omega)$$

$$= 0.00147$$

$P = 1.47 \text{ mW}$

D) HEAT

PROBLEM #2



R_1 and R_2 in series

$$R_{12} = 75 \Omega$$

R_{12} || R_3 in parallel

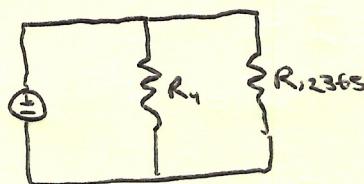
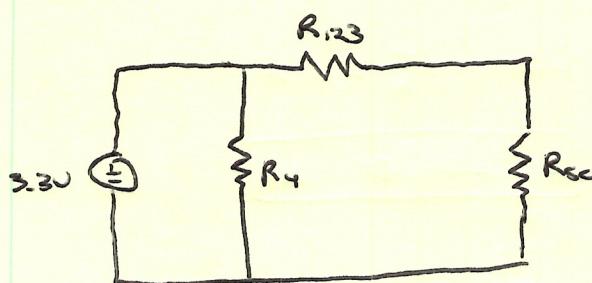
$$R_{123} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{75} + \frac{1}{30}} = 21.4 \Omega$$

R_5 and R_6 in parallel

$$R_{56} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{300}} = 75 \Omega$$

R_{123} and R_{56} in series

$$R_{12356} = 96.4 \Omega$$



R_4 || R_{12356}

$$R_{EQ} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{50} + \frac{1}{96.4}}$$

$$R_{EQ} = 32.9 \Omega$$

$$A) I = \frac{V}{R_{EQ}} = \frac{3.3V}{32.9 \Omega}$$

$$\boxed{I = 0.1 A}$$

$$B) V = V_4 = V_{12356} = 3.3V$$

$$I_{12356} = \frac{3.3V}{96.4 \Omega} = 0.034A$$

$$V_{123} = I_{12356} R_{123} = (0.034A)(21.4 \Omega) \\ = .73V$$

$$I_{12} = \frac{V_{123}}{R_{12}} = \frac{(0.73V)}{75 \Omega} = 0.0097A$$

$$V_2 = I_{12} R_2 = (0.0097A)(10 \Omega)$$

$$\boxed{V_2 = 97mV}$$

$$\boxed{V = 97mV}$$

$$C) V_{56} = I_{12356} R_{56}$$

$$= (0.034A)(75 \Omega)$$

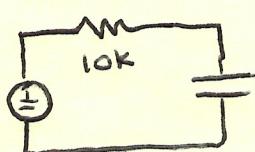
$$= 2.55V$$

$$I_6 = \frac{V_{56}}{R_6} \\ = \frac{2.55V}{300 \Omega}$$

$$\boxed{I_6 = 8.5mA}$$

PROBLEM #3

CHARGING ($5 < t < 14$)



$$C_{EQ} = C_1 \parallel C_2 = 300 \mu F$$

$$\tau = R, C_{EQ} = (10k\Omega)(300 \mu F) = 3s$$

a) $t_1 = \text{time since switch to charging}$ $t=11s \Rightarrow t_1 = 6s$

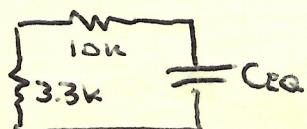
$$q_f(t) = Q_f (1 - e^{-t/t_1})$$

$$Q_f = C_{EQ}V = (300 \mu F)(12V) = 0.0036 C$$

$$q_f(t_1) = (0.0036 C) (1 - e^{-6/3}) \\ = (0.0036 C) (0.865)$$

$$q_f(t_1) = 0.00311 C$$

DISCHARGING



$$C_{EQ} = 300 \mu F$$

$$R_{EQ} = R_1 + R_2 = 13.3k\Omega$$

$$\tau = R_{EQ} C_{EQ} = 4s$$

$t_2 = \text{time since discharge}$ $t \leq 20 \Rightarrow t_2 = 6s$

$$q_f(t) = Q_f e^{-t_2/\tau}$$

$$Q_f = q_f(t=14) = (0.0036 C) (1 - e^{-8/3}) \\ = 0.00335 C$$

$$q_f(t_2) = (0.00335 C) (e^{-6/4}) \\ = 2.47 \times 10^{-4} C$$

At $t_2 = 6s$:

$$C_{EQ} \Rightarrow V_{EQ} = \frac{q(t_2)}{C_{EQ}} = 2.49 V$$

$$\text{GIVEN: } \frac{1}{T} C_{EQ} = \frac{1}{C_1} \parallel \frac{1}{C_2} \quad V_{EQ} = V_1 = V_2$$

$$q_{C_2}(t_2) = V_{EQ} \cdot C_2 = (2.49 V)(120 \mu F)$$

$$q_{C_2}(t_2) = 2.99 \times 10^{-4} C$$

PROBLEM 4

$$\vec{F} = q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{B} = 2.73 \hat{k} T$$

A) $\vec{v} = -4.2 \hat{j} m/s$

$$q_s = -1.6 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$\vec{F} = (-1.6 \times 10^{-19} C) (-4.2 m/s \hat{j}) \times (2.73 T) \hat{k}$$

$$= (-1.6 \times 10^{-19} C) (-4.2 m/s) (2.73 T) (+\hat{i})$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F} = +1.83 \times 10^{-18} N \hat{i}}$$

B) $\vec{v} = -8.99 \hat{k} m/s$

$$-\hat{k} \times \hat{k} = \emptyset$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F} = \emptyset}$$

C) $\vec{v} = (-3 \hat{i} + 4 \hat{j} - 5 \hat{k}) m/s$

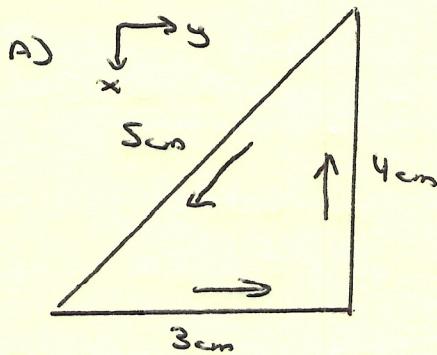
$$q_s = 3.2 \times 10^{-19} C$$

$$\vec{F} = (3.2 \times 10^{-19} C) [(-3 m/s) \hat{i} \times 2.73 T \hat{k} + (4 m/s) \hat{j} \times 2.73 T \hat{k} + \emptyset]$$

$$= (3.2 \times 10^{-19} C) [(-8.19)(-\hat{j}) + (10.92)(\hat{i})] m/s$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F} = 3.49 \times 10^{-18} N \hat{i} + 2.62 \times 10^{-18} N \hat{j}}$$

PROBLEMS



$$\Theta = \emptyset$$

$$\vec{d}_1 = 0.04 \text{ m} (-\hat{i})$$

$$\vec{d}_2 = 0.04 \text{ m} (\hat{i}) + (0.03 \text{ m})(-\hat{j})$$

$$\vec{d}_3 = 0.03 \text{ m} (+\hat{j})$$

$$B = 80 \text{ mT} (\hat{j}) \quad I = 5 \text{ A}$$

$$\vec{F}_1 = I \vec{d}_1 \times \vec{B}$$

$$= (5 \text{ A}) (0.04 \text{ m}) (-\hat{i}) \times (0.08 \text{ T}) (\hat{j})$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_1 = 0.016 \text{ N} (-\hat{k})}$$

$$\vec{F}_2 = I \vec{d}_2 \times \vec{B}$$

$$= (5 \text{ A}) [0.04 (\hat{i}) + (0.03)(-\hat{j}) \times 0.08 \hat{j}]$$

$$= (5 \text{ A}) (0.04 \text{ m}) (0.08 \text{ T}) \hat{k} + \emptyset$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_2 = 0.016 \text{ N} (\hat{k})}$$

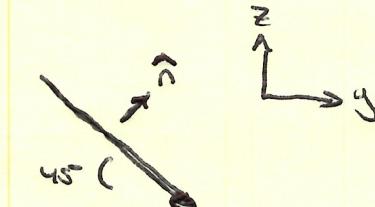
$$\boxed{\vec{F}_3 = \emptyset} \quad \hat{j} \times \hat{j} = 0$$

B) $\vec{\mu} = IA \hat{n}$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} (0.04 \text{ m}) (0.03 \text{ m})$$

$$A = 0.0006 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\vec{\mu} = \frac{(5 \text{ A})(0.0006 \text{ m}^2)}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{j} + \hat{k})$$



$$\begin{aligned} \hat{n} &= \sin \Theta \hat{j} + \cos \Theta \hat{k} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{j} + \hat{k}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{\mu} = (0.0021 \hat{j} + 0.0021 \hat{k}) (\text{A} \cdot \text{m}^2)}$$

C) $\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$

$$= (0.0021 \text{ A} \cdot \text{m}^2) \hat{k} \times (0.08 \text{ T}) (\hat{j})$$

$$\boxed{\vec{\tau} = -1.68 \times 10^{-4} \hat{i}}$$

PROBLEM #6

A) The velocity selector allows particles with the velocity where \vec{F}_E and \vec{F}_B are equal and opposite to pass through. All other particle velocities are deflected either right or left.

$$B) v = \frac{E}{B} = \frac{12,500 \text{ V/m}}{0.01 \text{ T}}$$

$$v = 1.25 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$C) R = \frac{mv}{qB_0}$$

$$m = \frac{qB_0R}{v}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{(1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(1.404 \text{ T})(0.1291 \text{ m})}{1.25 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$m_1 = 2.32 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{(1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C})(1.404 \text{ T})(0.1475 \text{ m})}{1.25 \times 10^6 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$m_2 = 2.65 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}$$

$$D) 1 \text{ Amu} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{PARTICLE 1: } m_1 = \frac{2.32 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}}{1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg/amu}} = 14 \text{ amu} \Rightarrow \text{NITROGEN}$$

$$\text{PARTICLE 2: } m_2 = \frac{2.65 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}}{1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg/amu}} = 16 \text{ amu} \Rightarrow \text{OXYGEN}$$

GAS \Rightarrow NO Nitrous Oxide

EXTRA CREDIT

$$A) 1 \text{ HORSE CAN EXERT } 14.9 \text{ horsepower}$$

$$B) 14.9 \text{ hp} \times 745.7 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{hp}} = 11,110 \text{ W}$$

$$5 \text{ min} = \frac{1}{12} \text{ hr}$$

$$\text{Energy} = P \times t_{\text{time}} = 0.925 \text{ kWh}$$

$$\text{or } 3.33 \times 10^9 \text{ J}$$