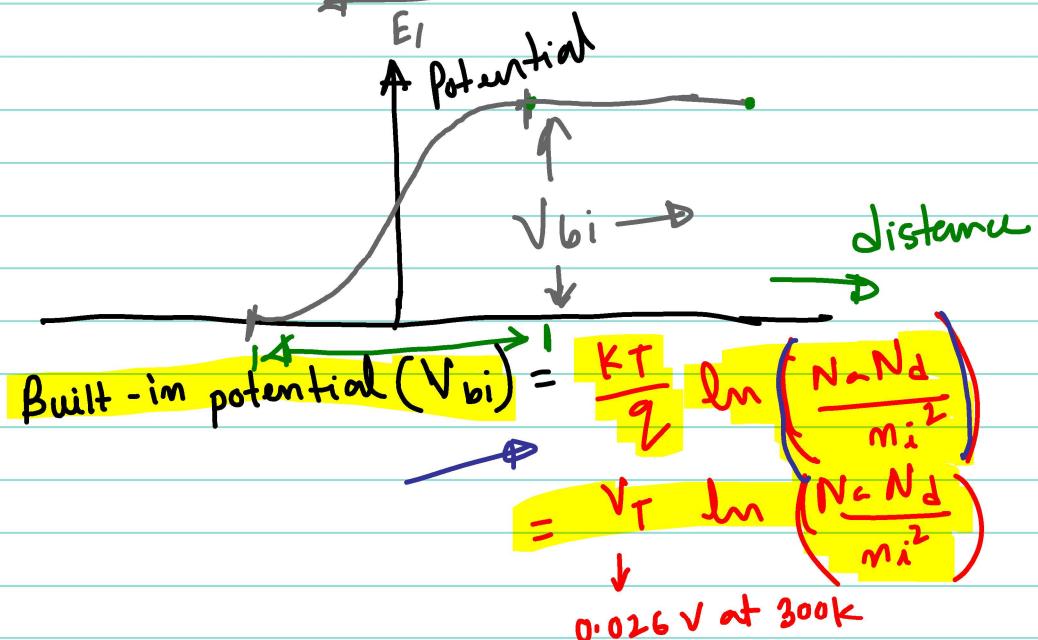
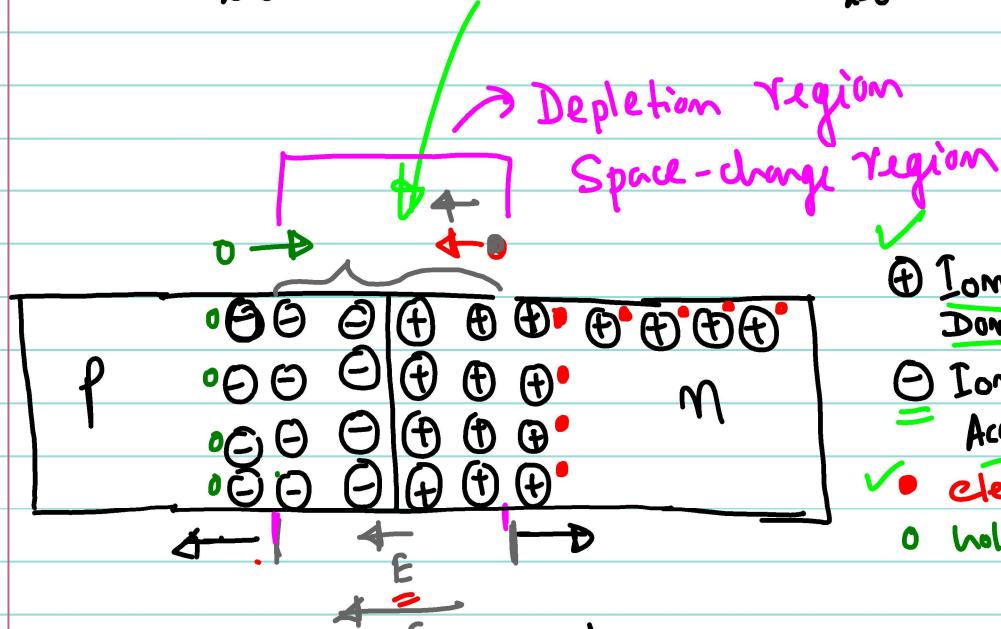
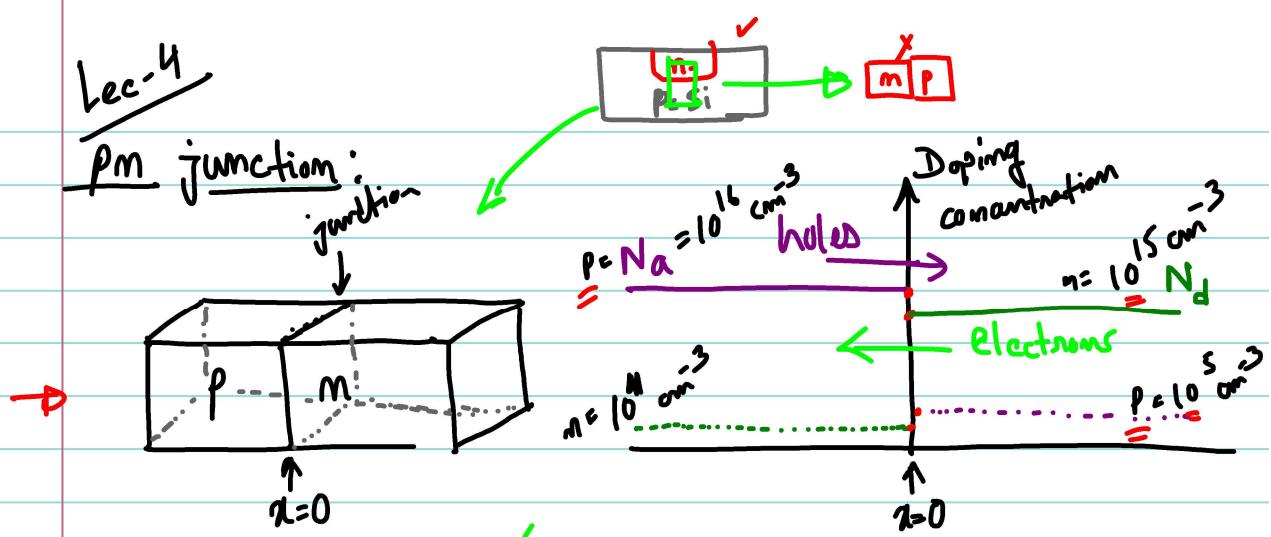


Lec-4



Detailed notes on carrier density products:

$$m_0 P_0 = m_i^2$$

$$N_D P_0 = m_i^2$$

Equation for carrier density ratio:

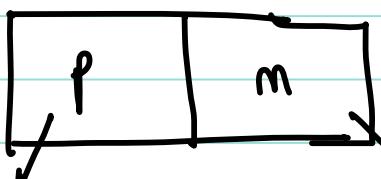
$$m_0 = \frac{m_i^2}{N_D}$$

$$\frac{N_A}{N_D} = \frac{m_i^2}{m_0}$$

Built-in potential:

$$Si \rightarrow n_i = 1.5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3} \text{ at } T = 300K$$

$$V_T = 26 \text{ mV}$$



Case I

$$N_a = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$N_d = 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$V_{bi} = V_T \ln \left(\frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} \right) = 0.637 \text{ V.}$$

Case II

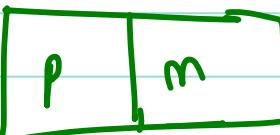
$$N_a = 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$N_d = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$\underline{V_{bi} = 0.757 \text{ V.}}$$

#

Grafts \rightarrow "Eg" higher

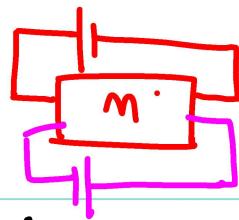


$$N_a = 10^{16} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

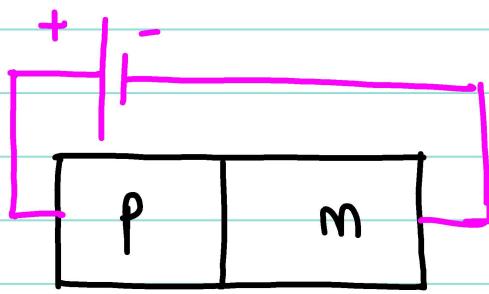
$$N_d = 10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$V_{bi} = V_T \ln \left(\frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} \right)$$

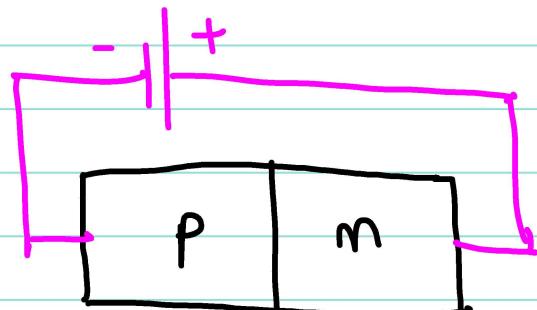
$$\underline{\underline{V_{bi} = 1.107 \text{ V}}}$$



A p-n junction when it is biased:



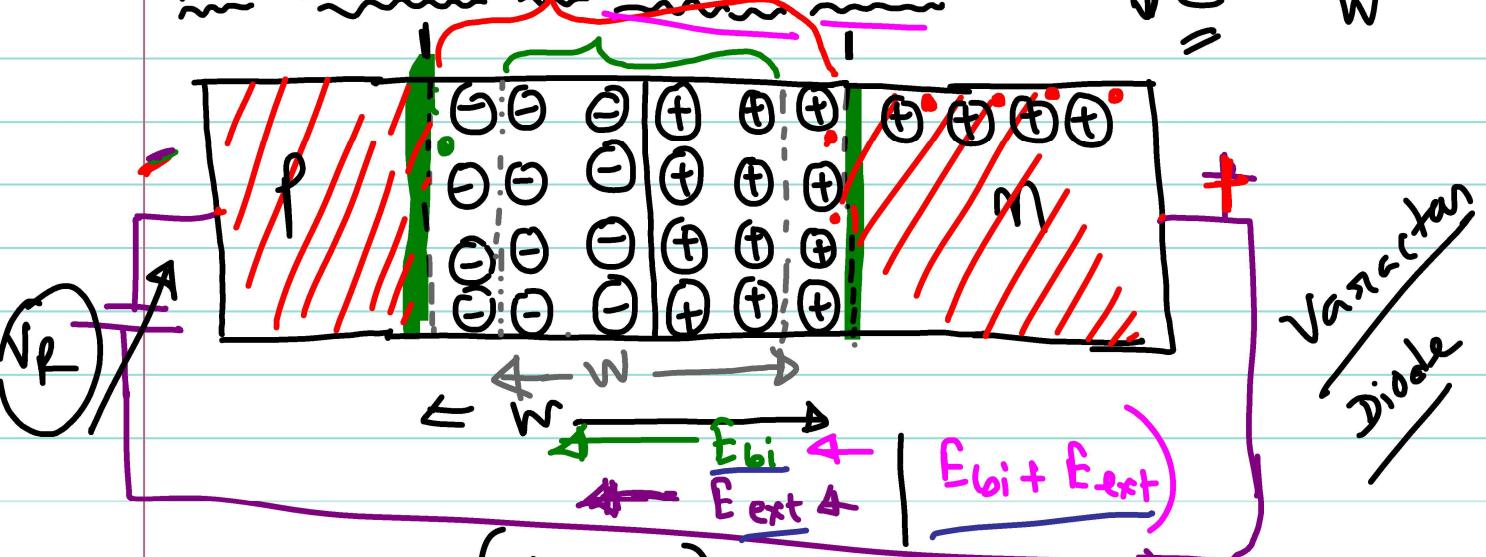
Forward Bias



Reverse Bias

// p-n junction in Reverse Bias

$$C = \frac{\epsilon A}{W}$$



$$W = \left[\frac{2\epsilon(V_{bi} - V)}{q} \left(\frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} \right) \right]^{1/2}$$

p-n junction in forward Bias

