



### **NPTEL ONLINE CERTIFICATION COURSES**

Blockchain and its applications
Prof. Sandip Chakraborty
Department of Computer Science &
Engineering

Lecture 08: Distributed Systems for Decentralization - The Beginning

### **CONCEPTS COVERED**

- Distributed Systems
- Blockchain as a Distributed System
- Distributed Consensus A History



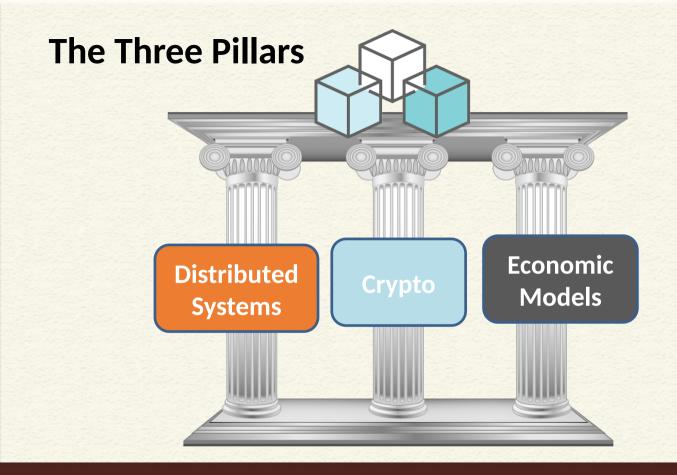


### **KEYWORDS**

- Distributed System
- Consensus



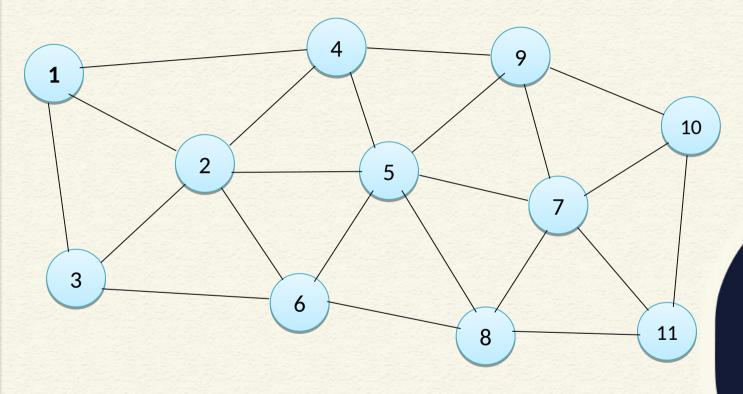






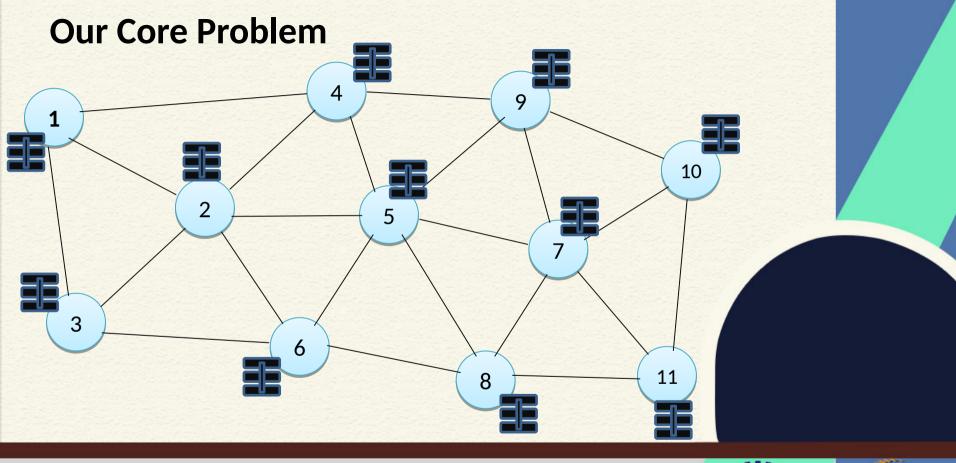


### **Our Core Problem**



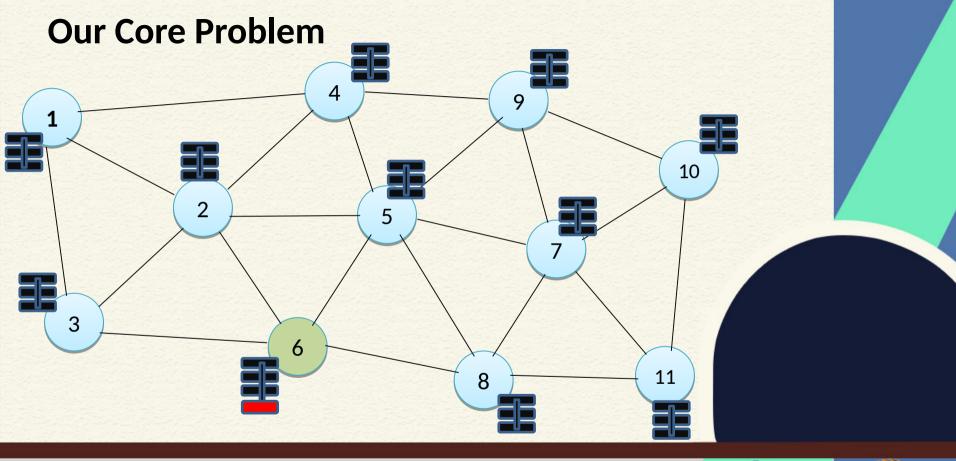






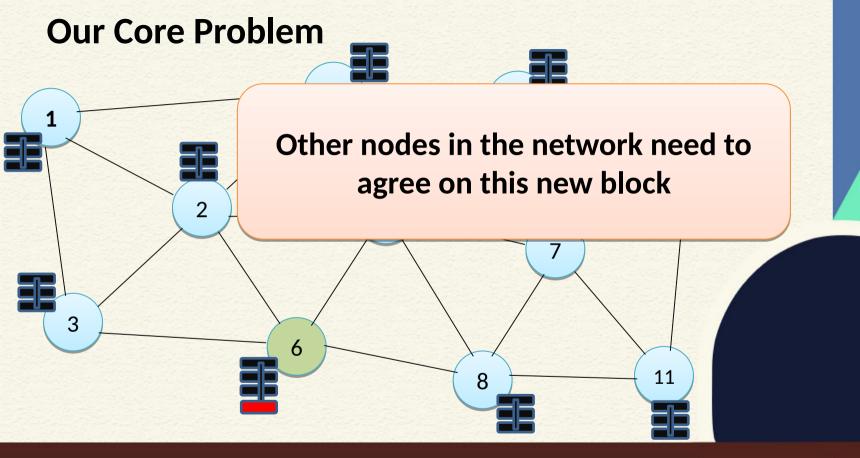






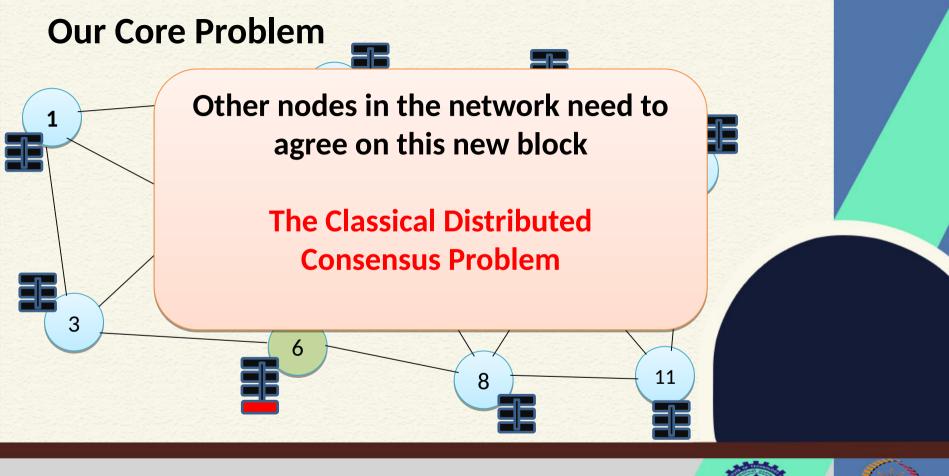
































































How can we make this decision in a distributed way?







































### Take a majority voting and decide



















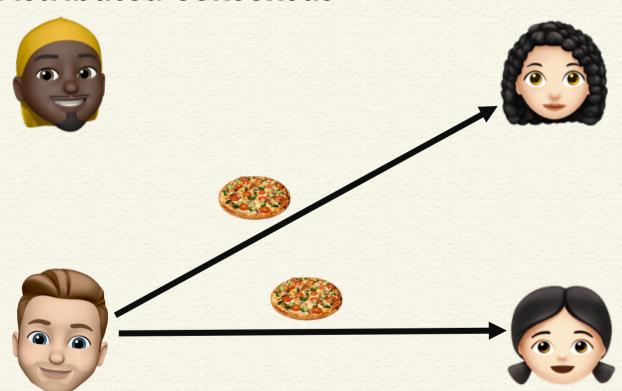
























### **Distributed Consensus The Byzantine Behavior**





- 1985: FLP Impossibility Theorem Fischer, Lynch, Paterson
  - Consensus is impossible in a fully asynchronous system even with a single crash fault





- 1985: FLP Impossibility Theorem Fischer, Lynch, Paterson
  - Consensus is impossible in a fully asynchronous system even with a single crash fault
  - Cannot ensure "<u>Safety</u>" and "<u>Liveness</u>" together





- 1985: FLP Impossibility Theorem Fischer, Lynch, Paterson
  - Consensus is impossible in a fully asynchronous system even with a single crash fault
  - Cannot ensure "<u>Safety</u>" and "<u>Liveness</u>" together

Correct processes will yield the correct output

The output will be produced within a finite amount of time (eventual termination)





- 1985: FLP Impossibility Theorem Fischer, Lynch, Paterson
  - Consensus is impossible in a fully asynchronous system even with a single crash fault
  - Cannot ensure "<u>Safety</u>" and "<u>Liveness</u>" together

- 1989: Lamport started talking about "Paxos"
  - Supports safety but not the liveness





- 1985: FLP Impossibility Theorem Fischer, Lynch, Paterson
  - Consensus is impossible in a fully asynchronous system even with a single crash fault
  - Cannot ensure "<u>Safety</u>" and "<u>Liveness</u>" together

- 1989: Lamport started talking about "Paxos"
  - Supports safety but not the liveness
- 1990's: Everyone were confused about the correctness of Paxos





 1998: Paxos got published in ACM Transactions on Computer Systems

- 2001: FLP Impossibility paper wins Dijkstra Prize
  - People starts talking about Distributed Systems

- 2009: Zookeeper released
  - Service for managing distributed applications





- 2010's onward: Different types of consensus algorithms released
  - Multi-Paxos
  - Raft
  - Byzantine Fault Tolerance
  - PBFT
  - •





### Conclusion



- Blockchain needs consensus at its back
- There is a vast literature on distributed consensus
- Can we use them for blockchain?









