Think About: What factors prompted the scramble for Asia?

Asian Imperialism

- MISSIONARIES
- SEPOY REBELLION
 - DIRECT RULE
- BAL GANGADHAR TILAK
 - CONFUCIUS
 - LIN ZEXU
 - OPIUM WAR

- BOXER REBELLION
 - SPHERES OF INFLUENCE



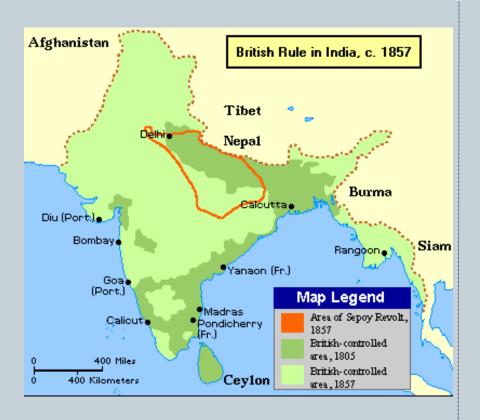
Map



Imperialism

- When a nation expands and controls more territory. In the 19th century, this meant European nations controlling other parts of the world to exploit these other parts and gain their resources.
- Imperialists justify their actions by claiming they are improving the lives of the subjegated.

India

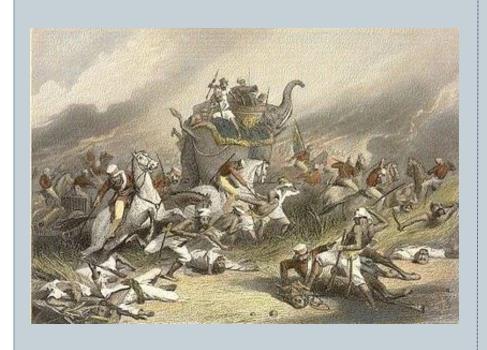




Christian Missionaries



Sepoy Rebellion/ Sepoy Mutiny





Direct UK Control of India



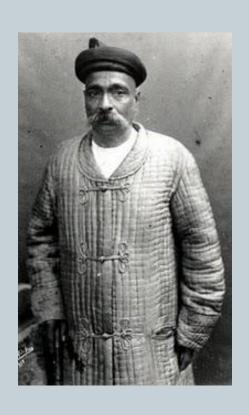
• British Reforms:

- More government jobs
- Education
- Voting rights

All-Indian National Congress



Bal Gangadhar Tilak



China

Confucius Thinking



- Morality
- Deference toward elders
- Virtue and responsibility
- Order within society

Lin Zexu





First Opium War



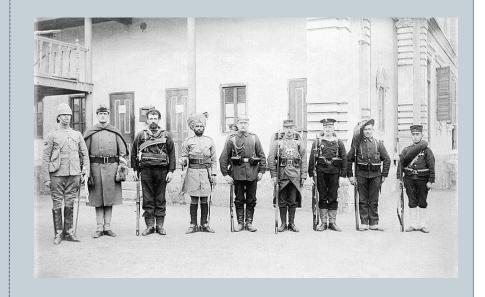
Results of First Opium War



- China gave UK \$21million
- China agreed to open trade to UK
- China gave Hong Kong to UK for 175 years
- British citizens had a right to be tried in British court

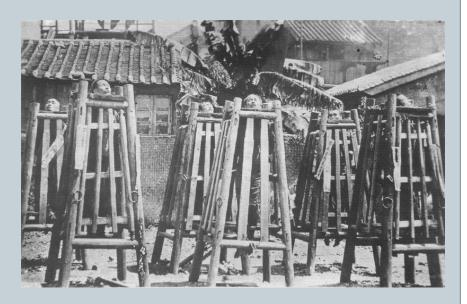
Boxer Rebellion





Boxer Rebellion





China Sphere of Influence



