HW 4: Unsigned Binary Addition

For each of the <X, Y> pairs below:

- a) Convert X and Y → binary
- b) Use binary addition, to compute the 8-bit sum
- c) Convert the sum -- hexadecimal
- d) Indicate whether the sum produces a carry
- e) Convert X, Y, sum → decimal (to check your work)

Where $\langle X, Y \rangle =$

```
1) <0x4F, 0x6D>
```

$$3)$$
 $<0xA3, 0x95>$

$$4)$$
 $<0xB4, 0xE1>$

Example X1

```
\langle X, Y \rangle = \langle 0_X 9E, 0_X 7A \rangle
   \langle X, Y \rangle = \langle 0b10011110, 0b01111010 \rangle
    X + Y = 10011110
                 01111010
carry
                1 1 1 1 1 1 0
             -100011000 \rightarrow 0x18 + 0x100
X
           = 9 \cdot 16 + 14 = 158
           = 7 \cdot 16 + 10 = 122
         = 1 \cdot 16 + 8 = 24
sum
                              # 24
\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{Y} = 280
X + Y = 280
                              = 24 + 256
carry = 1 \cdot 16^2
                                          256
```

Example X2

```
\langle X, Y \rangle = \langle 0xB5, 0x3C \rangle
   \langle X, Y \rangle = \langle 0b10110101, 0b00111100 \rangle
     X + Y = 10110101
                  00111100
carry
               ^{\bullet}011110001 \rightarrow 0xF1 + 0x0
            = 11 \cdot 16 + 5 = 181
X
            = 3 · 16 + 12 = 60
           = 15 \cdot 16 + 1 = 241
 sum
\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{241}
                              = 241
```

HW 4: Unsigned Binary Addition

```
#X2 X = 0xB5
                      Y = 0x3C
a) X = 0b10110101 Y = 0b00111100
b) X + Y = 10110101
            00111100
           0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0
            11110001
  sum = 0xF1
C)
d) carry = 0
          = 11 \cdot 16 + 5 = 181
   X
e)
            = 3 · 16 + 12 = 60
            = 15 \cdot 16 + 1 = 241
    sum
                        = 241
    X + Y = 241
```