

CompTIA A+ Certification Exam: Core 2 Objectives

EXAM NUMBER: CORE 2 (220-1002)



About the Exam

Candidates are encouraged to use this document to help prepare for CompTIA A+ Core 2. In order to receive the CompTIA A+ certification, you must pass two exams: Core 1 (220-1001) and Core 2 (220-1002). CompTIA A+ Core 2 measures the necessary skills for an entry-level IT professional. Successful candidates will have the knowledge required to:

- · Assemble components based on customer requirements
- Install, configure, and maintain PCs, mobile devices, and software for end users
- · Understand the basics of networking and security forensics
- · Properly and safely diagnose, resolve, and document common hardware and software issues
- · Apply troubleshooting skills
- · Provide appropriate customer support
- · Understand the basics of scripting, virtualization, desktop imaging, and deployment

These content examples are meant to clarify the test objectives and should not be construed as a comprehensive listing of all the content of this examination.

EXAM ACCREDITATION

CompTIA A+ is accredited by ANSI to show compliance with the ISO 17024 Standard and, as such, undergoes regular reviews and updates to the exam objectives.

EXAM DEVELOPMENT

CompTIA exams result from subject matter expert workshops and industry-wide survey results regarding the skills and knowledge required of an entry-level IT professional.

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PLEASE NOTE

The lists of examples provided in bulleted format are not exhaustive lists. Other examples of technologies, processes, or tasks pertaining to each objective may also be included on the exam although not listed or covered in this objectives document. CompTIA is constantly reviewing the content of our exams and updating test questions to be sure our exams are current and the security of the questions is protected. When necessary, we will publish updated exams based on testing exam objectives. Please know that all related exam preparation materials will still be valid.



TEST DETAILS

Required exam Core 2

Number of questions Maximum of 90

Types of questions Multiple choice and performance-based

Length of test 90 minutes

Recommended experience 12 months of experience as an IT support specialist

Passing score 700 (on a scale of 100–900)

EXAM OBJECTIVES (DOMAINS)

The table below lists the domains measured by this examination and the extent to which they are represented:

| DOMAIN | PERCENTAGE OF EXAMINATION | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| 1.0 Operating Systems | 27% | |
| 2.0 Security | 24% | |
| 3.0 Software Troubleshootir | g 26% | |
| 4.0 Operational Procedures | 23% | |
| Total | 100% | |





· 1.0 Operating Systems

^{1.1} Compare and contrast common operating system types and their purposes.

- 32-bit vs. 64-bit
 - RAM limitations
 - Software compatibility
- Workstation operating systems

- Microsoft Windows

- Apple Macintosh OS

- Linux

- Cell phone/tablet operating systems
 - Microsoft Windows
 - Android
 - iOS
 - Chrome OS
- Vendor-specific limitations
 - End-of-life
 - Update limitations

Compatibility concerns
between operating systems

Compare and contrast features of Microsoft Windows versions.

- Windows 7
- · Windows 8
- Windows 8.1
- Windows 10

- · Corporate vs. personal needs
 - Domain access
 - Bitlocker
 - Media center

- Branchcache
- EFS
- Desktop styles/user interface

- Summarize general OS installation considerations and upgrade methods.
 - · Boot methods

- USB

- CD-ROM

- DVD

- PXE

- Solid state/flash drives

- Netboot
- External/hot-swappable drive
- Internal hard drive (partition)
- Type of installations
 - Unattended installation
 - In-place upgrade

- Clean install

- Repair installation

- Multiboot

- Remote network installation

- Image deployment
- Recovery partition
- Refresh/restore
- Partitioning

- Dynamio

Basic

Primarv

Extende

Logical

GPT

- File system types/formatting
 - ExFAT - FAT32
 - NTFS
 - CDFS
 - NFS

- ext3, ext4
- Swap partition
- Quick format vs. full format
- Load alternate third-party drivers when necessary
- Workgroup vs. Domain setup
- Time/date/region/language settings
- Driver installation, software, and Windows updates
- · Factory recovery partition
- Properly formatted boot drive with the correct partitions/format
- Prerequisites/hardware compatibility
- Application compatibility
- · OS compatibility/upgrade path



Given a scenario, use appropriate Microsoft command line tools.

• Navigation - dir - cd - ..

ipconfig

ping

• tracert

netstat

nslookup

shutdown

dism

• sfc

chkdsk

• diskpart

• taskkill

gpupdate

gpresultformat

copy

xcopy

robocopy

net usenet user

• [command name] /?

 Commands available with standard privileges vs. administrative privileges

List Given a scenario, use Microsoft operating system features and tools.

Administrative

- Computer Management

- Device Manager

- Local Users and Groups

- Local Security Policy

- Performance Monitor

- Services

- System Configuration

- Task Scheduler

- Component Services

- Data Sources

- Print Management

- Windows Memory Diagnostics

- Windows Firewall

- Advanced Security

- Event Viewer

- User Account Management

MSConfig

- General

- Boot

- Services

- Startup

- Tools

· Task Manager

- Applications

- Processes

- Performance

- Networking

- Users

· Disk Management

- Drive status

- Mounting

- Initializing

- Extending partitions

- Splitting partitions

- Shrink partitions

- Assigning/changing drive letters

- Adding drives

- Adding arrays

- Storage spaces

System utilities

- Regedit

- Command

- Services.msc

- MMC

- MSTSC

- Notepad

- Explorer

- Msinfo32

- DxDiag

- Disk Defragmenter

- System Restore

- Windows Update

Given a scenario, use Microsoft Windows Control Panel utilities.

Internet Options

- Connections

- Security
- General
- Privacy
- Programs
- Advanced

· Display/Display Settings

- Resolution

- Color depth

- Refresh rate

User Accounts

Folder Options

- View hidden files

- Hide extensions

- General options

- View options

System

- Performance (virtual memory)

- Remote settings

- System protection

• Windows Firewall

Power Options

- Hibernate

- Power plans

- Sleep/suspend

- Standby

Credential Manager

Programs and features

HomeGroup

Devices and Printers

Sound

Troubleshooting

Network and Sharing Center

• Device Manager

Bitlocker

Sync Center



^{1.7} Summarize application installation and configuration concepts.

- System requirements
 - Drive space
 - RAM
- OS requirements
 - Compatibility

- · Methods of installation and deployment
 - Local (CD/USB)
 - Network-based
- · Local user permissions
 - Folder/file access for installation
- · Security considerations
 - Impact to device
 - Impact to network

Given a scenario, configure Microsoft Windows networking on a client/desktop.

- · HomeGroup vs. Workgroup
- · Domain setup
- Network shares/administrative shares/mapping drives
- Printer sharing vs. network printer mapping
- Establish networking connections
 - VPN
 - Dial-ups
 - Wireless
 - Wired
 - WWAN (Cellular)

- Proxy settings
- Remote Desktop Connection
- Remote Assistance
- · Home vs. Work vs. Public network settings
- Firewall settings
 - Exceptions
 - Configuration
 - Enabling/disabling Windows Firewall
- · Configuring an alternative
- IP address in Windows
 - IP addressing
 - Subnet mask

- DNS
- Gateway
- Network card properties
 - Half duplex/full duplex/auto

- Speed

- Wake-on-LAN

- QoS

- BIOS (on-board NIC)

Given a scenario, use features and tools of the Mac OS and Linux client/desktop operating systems.

- Best practices
 - Scheduled backups
 - Scheduled disk maintenance
 - System updates/App Store
 - Patch management
 - Driver/firmware updates
 - Antivirus/Anti-malware updates
- Tools
 - Backup/Time Machine
 - Restore/Snapshot
 - Image recovery
 - Disk maintenance utilities
 - Shell/Terminal
 - Screen sharing
 - Force Quit

- Features
 - Multiple desktops/Mission Control
 - Key Chain
 - Spot Light
 - iCloud
 - Gestures
 - destures
 - Finder - Remote Disc
 - Dock
 - Boot Camp
- Basic Linux commands
 - Is
 - grep
 - cd
 - shutdown

- pwd vs. passwd
- mv
- ср
- rm
- chmod
- chown
- iwconfig/ifconfig
- DS
- -su/sudo
- apt-get
- Vİ
 - dd
 - kill



-- 2.0 Security

Summarize the importance of physical security measures.

Mantrap

Badge reader

Smart card

 Security guard Door lock

Biometric locks

Hardware tokens

Cable locks

Server locks

USB locks

 Privacy screen Key fobs

Entry control roster

Explain logical security concepts.

Active Directory

- Login script

- Domain

- Group Policy/Updates

- Organizational Units

- Home Folder

- Folder redirection

Software tokens

MDM policies

Port security

MAC address filtering

Certificates

· Antivirus/Anti-malware

Firewalls

User authentication/strong passwords

Multifactor authentication

Directory permissions

VPN

• DI P

Access control lists

· Smart card

· Email filtering

• Trusted/untrusted software sources

· Principle of least privilege

Compare and contrast wireless security protocols and authentication methods.

· Protocols and encryption

- WEP

- WPA

-TKIP - AES

- WPA2

Authentication

- Single-factor - Multifactor

- RADIUS - TACACS

Given a scenario, detect, remove, and prevent malware using appropriate tools and methods.

Malware

- Ransomware

- Trojan - Keylogger

- Rootkit - Virus

- Botnet - Worm

- Spyware

Tools and methods

- Antivirus

- Anti-malware

- Recovery console

- Backup/restore

- End user education

- Software firewalls

- SecureDNS



Compare and contrast social engineering, threats, and vulnerabilities.

· Social engineering

- Phishing

- Spear phishing

- Impersonation

- Shoulder surfing

- Tailgating

- Dumpster diving

DDoS

DoS

Zero-day

· Man-in-the-middle

Brute force

Dictionary

Rainbow table

Spoofing

- Non-compliant systems
- Zombie

Compare and contrast the differences of basic Microsoft Windows OS security settings.

- · User and groups
 - Administrator
 - Power user
 - Guest
 - Standard user
- NTFS vs. share permissions
 - Allow vs. deny

- Moving vs. copying folders and files
- File attributes
- Shared files and folders
 - Administrative shares vs. local shares
 - Permission propagation
 - Inheritance
- · System files and folders

- User authentication
 - Single sign-on
- · Run as administrator vs. standard user
- BitLocker
- · BitLocker To Go
- EFS

Given a scenario, implement security best practices to secure a workstation.

- Password best practices
 - Setting strong passwords
 - Password expiration
 - Screensaver required password
 - BIOS/UEFI passwords
 - Requiring passwords
- Account management
 - Restricting user permissions
 - Logon time restrictions
 - Disabling guest account

- Failed attempts lockout
- Timeout/screen lock
- Change default admin user account/password
- Basic Active Directory functions
 - Account creation
 - Account deletion
 - Password reset/unlock account
 - Disable account

- · Disable autorun
- Data encryption
- · Patch/update management



^{2.8} Given a scenario, implement methods for securing mobile devices.

- Screen locks
 - Fingerprint lock
 - Face lock
 - Swipe lock
 - Passcode lock
- Remote wipes
- Locator applications

- Remote backup applications
- · Failed login attempts restrictions
- · Antivirus/Anti-malware
- · Patching/OS updates
- Biometric authentication
- Full device encryption
- Multifactor authentication

- Authenticator applications
- Trusted sources vs. untrusted sources
- Firewalls
- Policies and procedures
 - BYOD vs. corporate-owned
 - Profile security requirements

Given a scenario, implement appropriate data destruction and disposal methods.

- Physical destruction
 - Shredder
 - Drill/hammer
 - Electromagnetic (Degaussing)
 - Incineration
 - Certificate of destruction

- Recycling or repurposing best practices
 - Low-level format vs. standard format
 - Overwrite
 - Drive wipe

Given a scenario, configure security on SOHO wireless and wired networks.

- Wireless-specific
 - Changing default SSID
 - Setting encryption
 - Disabling SSID broadcast
 - Antenna and access point placement
 - Radio power levels
 - WPS
- Change default usernames and passwords
- · Enable MAC filtering
- Assign static IP addresses

- Firewall settings
- Port forwarding/mapping
- Disabling ports
- · Content filtering/parental controls
- · Update firmware
- · Physical security





3.0 Software Troubleshooting

- Given a scenario, troubleshoot Microsoft Windows OS problems.
 - Common symptoms
 - Slow performance
 - Limited connectivity
 - Failure to boot
 - No OS found
 - Application crashes
 - Blue screens
 - Black screens
 - Printing issues
 - Services fail to start

- Slow bootup
- Slow profile load
- Common solutions
 - Defragment the hard drive
 - Reboot
 - Kill tasks
 - Restart services
 - Update network settings
 - Reimage/reload OS
 - Roll back updates

- Roll back devices drivers
- Apply updates
- Repair application
- Update boot order
- Disable Windows services/applications
- Disable application startup
- Safe boot
- Rebuild Windows profiles
- Given a scenario, troubleshoot and resolve PC security issues.
 - Common symptoms
 - Pop-ups
 - Browser redirection
 - Security alerts
 - Slow performance
 - Internet connectivity issues
 - PC/OS lockup

- Application crash
- OS updates failures
- Rogue antivirus
- Spam
- Renamed system files
- Disappearing files
- File permission changes

- Hijacked email
 - Responses from users regarding email
 - Automated replies

from unknown sent email

- Access denied
- Invalid certificate (trusted root CA)
- System/application log errors
- Given a scenario, use best practice procedures for malware removal.
 - 1. Identify and research malware symptoms.
 - 2. Quarantine the infected systems.
 - 3. Disable System Restore (in Windows).
 - 4. Remediate the infected systems.
 - a. Update the anti-malware software.
 - b. Scan and use removal techniques (safe mode, pre-installation environment).
- 5. Schedule scans and run updates.
- 6. Enable System Restore and create
- a restore point (in Windows).
- 7. Educate the end user.



Given a scenario, troubleshoot mobile OS and application issues.

- Common symptoms
 - Dim display
 - Intermittent wireless
 - No wireless connectivity
 - No Bluetooth connectivity
 - Cannot broadcast to external monitor
- Touchscreen non-responsive
- Apps not loading
- Slow performance
- Unable to decrypt email
- Extremely short battery life
- Overheating

- Frozen system
- No sound from speakers
- Inaccurate touch screen response
- System lockout
- App log errors

Given a scenario, troubleshoot mobile OS and application security issues.

- Common symptoms
 - Signal drop/weak signal
 - Power drain
 - Slow data speeds
 - Unintended WiFi connection
 - Unintended Bluetooth pairing
 - Leaked personal files/data
 - Data transmission over limit

- Unauthorized account access
- Unauthorized location tracking
- Unauthorized camera/ microphone activation
- High resource utilization





4.0 Operational Procedures

- 4.1 Compare and contrast best practices associated with types of documentation.
 - · Network topology diagrams
 - · Knowledge base/articles
 - · Incident documentation
 - Regulatory and compliance policy
 - · Acceptable use policy

- Password policy
- · Inventory management
 - Asset tags
 - Barcodes
- Given a scenario, implement basic change management best practices.
 - Documented business processes
 - · Purpose of the change
 - Scope the change
 - · Risk analysis
 - · Plan for change
 - · End-user acceptance

- Change board
 - Approvals
- · Backout plan
- · Document changes
- Given a scenario, implement basic disaster prevention and recovery methods.
 - Backup and recovery
 - Image level
 - File level
 - Critical applications
 - Backup testing
 - UPS

- Surge protector
- Cloud storage vs. local storage backups
- Account recovery options
- Explain common safety procedures.
 - Equipment grounding
 - Proper component handling and storage
 - Antistatic bags
 - ESD straps
 - ESD mats
 - Self-grounding
 - Toxic waste handling
 - Batteries

- Toner
- CRT
- Cell phones
- Tablets
- Personal safety
 - Disconnect power before repairing PC
 - Remove jewelry
 - Lifting techniques

- Weight limitations
- Electrical fire safety
- Cable management
- Safety goggles
- Air filter mask
- · Compliance with government regulations



Explain environmental impacts and appropriate controls.

- MSDS documentation for handling and disposal
- Temperature, humidity level awareness, and proper ventilation
- · Power surges, brownouts, and blackouts
 - Battery backup
 - Surge suppressor
- Protection from airborne particles
 - Enclosures
 - Air filters/mask

- Dust and debris
 - Compressed air
 - Vacuums
- · Compliance to government regulations

Explain the processes for addressing prohibited content/ activity, and privacy, licensing, and policy concepts.

- Incident response
 - First response
 - Identify
 - Report through proper channels
 - Data/device preservation
 - Use of documentation/ documentation changes
 - Chain of custody
 - Tracking of evidence/ documenting process

- · Licensing/DRM/EULA
 - Open-source vs. commercial license
 - Personal license vs. enterprise licenses
- · Regulated data
 - PII
 - PCI
 - GDPR
 - PHI
- Follow all policies and security best practices

Given a scenario, use proper communication techniques and professionalism.

- Use proper language and avoid jargon, acronyms, and slang, when applicable
- Maintain a positive attitude/ project confidence
- Actively listen (taking notes) and avoid interrupting the customer
- Be culturally sensitive
 - Use appropriate professional titles, when applicable
- · Be on time (if late, contact the customer)
- Avoid distractions
 - Personal calls
 - Texting/social media sites
 - Talking to coworkers while interacting with customers
 - Personal interruptions

- Dealing with difficult customers or situations
 - Do not argue with customers and/or be defensive
 - Avoid dismissing customer problems
 - Avoid being judgmental
 - Clarify customer statements (ask open-ended questions to narrow the scope of the problem, restate the issue, or question to verify understanding)
 - Do not disclose experiences via social media outlets

- Set and meet expectations/timeline and communicate status with the customer
 - Offer different repair/ replacement options, if applicable
 - Provide proper documentation on the services provided
 - Follow up with customer/user at a later date to verify satisfaction
- Deal appropriately with customers' confidential and private materials
 - Located on a computer, desktop, printer, etc.



Identify the basics of scripting.

- Script file types
 - -.bat
 - -.ps1
 - .vbs
 - .sh
 - .51
 - .py
 - .js

- Environment variables
- Comment syntax
- Basic script constructs
 - Basic loops
 - Variables

- · Basic data types
 - Integers
 - Strings

Given a scenario, use remote access technologies.

- RDP
- Telnet
- SSH
- Third-party tools
 - Screen share feature
 - File share
- Security considerations of each access method



CompTIA A+ Acronyms

The following is a list of acronyms that appear on the CompTIA A+ exams. Candidates are encouraged to review the complete list and attain a working knowledge of all listed acronyms as a part of a comprehensive exam preparation program.

| ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT | ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT |
|---------|--|---------|--|
| AC | Alternating Current | CGA | Computer Graphics and Applications |
| ACL | Access Control List | CIDR | Classless Inter-Domain Routing |
| ACPI | Advanced Configuration Power Interface | CIFS | Common Internet File System |
| ADF | Automatic Document Feeder | CMOS | Complementary Metal-Oxide Semiconductor |
| ADSL | Asymmetrical Digital Subscriber Line | CNR | Communications and Networking Riser |
| AES | Advanced Encryption Standard | COMx | Communication port (x=port number) |
| AHCI | Advanced Host Controller Interface | CPU | Central Processing Unit |
| AP | Access Point | CRT | Cathode-Ray Tube |
| APIPA | Automatic Private Internet Protocol Addressing | DaaS | Data as a Service |
| APM | Advanced Power Management | DAC | Discretionary Access Control |
| ARP | Address Resolution Protocol | DB-25 | Serial Communications D-Shell Connector, 25 pins |
| ASR | Automated System Recovery | DB-9 | Serial Communications D-Shell Connector, 9 pins |
| ATA | Advanced Technology Attachment | DBaas | Database as a Service |
| ATAPI | Advanced Technology Attachment | DC | Direct Current |
| | Packet Interface | DDoS | Distributed Denial of Service |
| ATM | Asynchronous Transfer Mode | DDR | Double Data Rate |
| ATX | Advanced Technology Extended | DDR RAM | Double Data Rate Random Access Memory |
| AUP | Acceptable Use Policy | DFS | Distributed File System |
| A/V | Audio Video | DHCP | Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol |
| BD-R | Blu-ray Disc Recordable | DIMM | Dual Inline Memory Module |
| BIOS | Basic Input/Output System | DIN | Deutsche Industrie Norm |
| BD-RE | Blu-ray Disc Rewritable | DLT | Digital Linear Tape |
| BNC | Bayonet-Neill-Concelman | DLP | Digital Light Processing or Data Loss Prevention |
| BSOD | Blue Screen of Death | DMA | Direct Memory Access |
| BYOD | Bring Your Own Device | DMZ | Demilitarized Zone |
| CAD | Computer-Aided Design | DNS | Domain Name Service or Domain Name Server |
| CAPTCHA | Completely Automated Public Turing test | DoS | Denial of Service |
| | to tell Computers and Humans Apart | DRAM | Dynamic Random Access Memory |
| CD | Compact Disc | DRM | Digital Rights Management |
| CD-ROM | Compact Disc-Read-Only Memory | DSL | Digital Subscriber Line |
| CD-RW | Compact Disc-Rewritable | DVD | Digital Versatile Disc |
| CDFS | Compact Disc File System | DVD-RAM | Digital Versatile Disc-Random Access Memory |
| CERT | Computer Emergency Response Team | DVD-ROM | Digital Versatile Disc-Read Only Memory |
| CFS | Central File System, Common File System, | DVD-R | Digital Versatile Disc-Recordable |
| | or Command File System | DVD-RW | Digital Versatile Disc-Rewritable |
| | | | |



| ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT | ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT |
|----------------|--|----------------|---|
| DVI | Digital Visual Interface | HTTP | Hypertext Transfer Protocol |
| DVI-D | Digital Visual Interface-Digital | HTTPS | Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure |
| ECC | Error Correcting Code | I/O | Input/Output |
| ECP | Extended Capabilities Port | IaaS | Infrastructure as a Service |
| EEPROM | Electrically Erasable Programmable | ICMP | Internet Control Message Protocol |
| | Read-Only Memory | ICR | Intelligent Character Recognition |
| EFS | Encrypting File System | IDE | Integrated Drive Electronics |
| EIDE | Enhanced Integrated Drive Electronics | IDS | Intrusion Detection System |
| EMI | Electromagnetic Interference | IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers |
| EMP | Electromagnetic Pulse | IIS | Internet Information Services |
| EPROM | Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory | IMAP | Internet Mail Access Protocol |
| EPP | Enhanced Parallel Port | IMEI | International Mobile Equipment Identity |
| ERD | Emergency Repair Disk | IMSI | International Mobile Subscriber Identity |
| eSATA | External Serial Advanced Technology Attachment | IP | Internet Protocol |
| ESD | Electrostatic Discharge | IPConfig | Internet Protocol Configuration |
| EULA | End User License Agreement | IPP | Internet Printing Protocol |
| EVGA | Extended Video Graphics Adapter/Array | IPS | Intrusion Prevention System |
| Ext2 | Second Extended File System | IPSec | Internet Protocol Security |
| exFAT | Extended File Allocation Table | IR | Infrared |
| FAT | File Allocation Table | IrDA | Infrared Data Association |
| FAT12 | 12-bit File Allocation Table | IRP | Incident Response Plan |
| FAT16 | 16-bit File Allocation Table | IRQ | Interrupt Request |
| FAT32 | 32-bit File Allocation Table | ISA | Industry Standard Architecture |
| FDD | Floppy Disk Drive | ISDN | Integrated Services Digital Network |
| FPM | Fast Page Mode | ISO | International Organization for Standardization |
| FSB | Front-Side Bus | ISP | Internet Service Provider |
| FTP | File Transfer Protocol | JBOD | Just a Bunch of Disks |
| FQDN | Fully Qualified Domain Name | KB | Knowledge Base |
| GDDR | Graphics Double Data Rate | KVM | Kernel-based Virtual Machine |
| GDI | Graphics Device Interface | KVM | Keyboard-Video-Mouse |
| GUI | Graphical User Interface | LAN | Local Area Network |
| GUID | Globally Unique Identifier | LBA | Logical Block Addressing |
| GPS | Global Positioning System | LC | Lucent Connector |
| GPT | GUID Partition Table | LCD | Liquid Crystal Display |
| GPU | Graphics Processing Unit | LDAP | Lightweight Directory Access Protocol |
| GSM | Global System for Mobile Communications | LED | Light Emitting Diode |
| HAL | Hardware Abstraction Layer | LPD/LPR | Line Printer Daemon/Line Printer Remote |
| HAV | Hardware Assisted Virtualization | LPT | Line Printer Terminal |
| HCL | Hardware Compatibility List | LVD | Low Voltage Differential |
| HDCP | High-Bandwidth Digital Content Protection | MAC | Media Access Control/Mandatory Access Control |
| HDD | Hard Disk Drive | MAN | Metropolitan Area Network |
| HDMI | High Definition Media Interface | MAPI | Messaging Application Programming Interface |
| HIPS | Host Intrusion Prevention System | mATX | Micro Advanced Technology Extended |
| HPFS | High Performance File System | MAU | Media Access Unit/Media Attachment Unit |
| HTML | Hypertext Markup Language | MBR | Master Boot Record |
| HTPC | Home Theater PC | MBSA | Microsoft Baseline Security Analyzer |
| | | | |



| ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT | ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT |
|--------------|--|---------|--|
| MDM | Mobile Device Management | PCIe | Peripheral Component Interconnect Express |
| MFA | Multifactor Authentication | PCIX | Peripheral Component Interconnect Extended |
| MFD | Multifunction Device | PCL | Printer Control Language |
| MFP | Multifunction Product | PCMCIA | Personal Computer Memory Card |
| MicroDIMM | Micro Dual Inline Memory Module | | International Association |
| MIDI | Musical Instrument Digital Interface | PE | Preinstallation Environment |
| MIME | Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension | PGA | Pin Grid Array |
| MIMO | Multiple Input Multiple Output | PGA2 | Pin Grid Array 2 |
| MMC | Microsoft Management Console | PGP | Pretty Good Protection |
| MP3 | Moving Picture Experts Group Layer 3 Audio | PII | Personally Identifiable Information |
| MP4 | Moving Picture Experts Group Layer 4 | PIN | Personal Identification Number |
| MPEG | Moving Picture Experts Group | PHI | Personal Health Information |
| MSConfig | Microsoft Configuration | PKI | Public Key Infrastructure |
| MSDS | Material Safety Data Sheet | PnP | Plug and Play |
| | - | | Power over Ethernet |
| MT-RJ MUI | Mechanical Transfer Registered Jack | PoE | |
| | Multilingual User Interface | POP3 | Post Office Protocol 3 |
| NaaS | Network as a Service | PoS | Point of Sale |
| NAC | Network Access Control | POST | Power-On sSelf-tTest |
| NAS | Network-Attached Storage | POTS | Plain Old Telephone Service |
| NAT | Network Address Translation | PPM | Pages Per Minute |
| NetBIOS | Networked Basic Input/Output System | PPP | Point-to-Point Protocol |
| NetBEUI | Networked Basic Input/Output | PPTP | Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol |
| | System Extended User Interface | PRI | Primary Rate Interface |
| NFC | Near Field Communication | PROM | Programmable Read-Only Memory |
| NFS | Network File System | PS/2 | Personal System/2 connector |
| NIC | Network Interface Card | PSTN | Public Switched Telephone Network |
| NiCd | Nickel Cadmium | PSU | Power Supply Unit |
| NiMH | Nickel Metal Hydride | PVA | Patterned Vertical Alignment |
| NLX | New Low-profile Extended | PVC | Permanent Virtual Circuit |
| NNTP | Network News Transfer Protocol | PXE | Preboot Execution Environment |
| NTFS | New Technology File System | QoS | Quality of Service |
| NTLDR | New Technology Loader | RADIUS | Remote Authentication Dial-In User Server |
| NTP | Network Time Protocol | RAID | Redundant Array of Independent |
| NTSC | National Transmission Standards Committee | | (or inexpensive) Discs |
| NVMe | Non-volatile Memory Express | RAM | Random Access Memory |
| OCR | Optical Character Recognition | RAS | Remote Access Service |
| OEM | Original Equipment Manufacturer | RDP | Remote Desktop Protocol |
| OLED | Organic Light Emitting Diode | RF | Radio Frequency |
| OS | Operating System | RFI | Radio Frequency Interference |
| PaaS | Platform as a Service | RFID | Radio Frequency Identification |
| PAL | Phase Alternating Line | RGB | Red Green Blue |
| PAN | Personal Area Network | RIP | Routing Information Protocol |
| PAT | Port Address Translation | RIS | Remote Installation Service |
| PC | Personal Computer | RISC | Reduced Instruction Set Computer |
| PCI | Peripheral Component Interconnect | RJ-11 | Registered Jack Function 11 |
| PCI | Payment Card Industry | RJ-45 | Registered Jack Function 45 |
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| ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT | ACRONYM | SPELLED OUT |
|------------|--|---------|---|
| RMA | Returned Materials Authorization | TKIP | Temporal Key Integrity Protocol |
| ROM | Read-Only Memory | TLS | Transport Layer Security |
| RPO | Recovery Point Objective | TN | Twisted Nematic |
| RTC | Real-Time Clock | TPM | Trusted Platform Module |
| RTO | Recovery Time Objective | UAC | User Account Control |
| SaaS | Software as a Service | UDF | User Defined Functions or Universal Disk Format |
| SAN | Storage Area Network | | or Universal Data Format |
| SAS | Serial Attached SCSI | UDP | User Datagram Protocol |
| SATA | Serial Advanced Technology Attachment | UEFI | Unified Extensible Firmware Interface |
| SC | Subscription Channel | UNC | Universal Naming Convention |
| SCP | Secure Copy Protection | UPnP | Universal Plug and Play |
| SCSI | Small Computer System Interface | UPS | Uninterruptible Power Supply |
| SCSLID | Small Computer System Interface Identifier | URL | Uniform Resource Locator |
| SD card | Secure Digital Card | USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| SEC | Single Edge Connector | USMT | User State Migration Tool |
| SFC | System File Checker | UTM | Unified Threat Management |
| SFF | Small Form Factor | UTP | Unshielded Twisted Pair |
| SFTP | Secure File Transfer Protocol | UXGA | Ultra Extended Graphics Array |
| SIM | Subscriber Identity Module | VA | Vertical Alignment |
| SIMM | Single In-Line Memory Module | VDC | Volts DC |
| SLI | Scalable Link Interface or System Level | VDI | Virtual Desktop Infrastructure |
| | Integration or Scanline Interleave Mode | VESA | Video Electronics Standards Association |
| S.M.A.R.T. | Self-Monitoring, Analysis, and | VFAT | Virtual File Allocation Table |
| | Reporting Technology | VGA | Video Graphics Array |
| SMB | Server Message Block | VLAN | Virtual LAN |
| SMTP | Simple Mail Transfer Protocol | VM | Virtual Machine |
| SNMP | Simple Network Management Protocol | VNC | Virtual Network Computer |
| SoDIMM | Small Outline Dual Inline Memory Module | VoIP | Voice over Internet Protocol |
| SOHO | Small Office/Home Office | VPN | Virtual Private Network |
| SP | Service Pack | VRAM | Video Random Access Memory |
| SPDIF | Sony-Philips Digital Interface Format | WAN | Wide Area Network |
| SPGA | Staggered Pin Grid Array | WAP | Wireless Access Protocol/Wireless Access Point |
| SRAM | Static Random Access Memory | WEP | Wired Equivalent Privacy |
| SSD | Solid State Drive | WIFI | Wireless Fidelity |
| SSH | Secure Shell | WINS | Windows Internet Name Service |
| SSID | Service Set Identifier | WLAN | Wireless Local Area Network |
| SSL | Secure Sockets Layer | WMN | Wireless Mesh Network |
| SSO | Single Sign-on | WPA | Wireless Protected Access |
| ST | Straight Tip | WPA2 | WiFi Protected Access 2 |
| STP | Shielded Twisted Pair | WPS | WiFi Protected Setup |
| SXGA | Super Extended Graphics Array | WUXGA | Wide Ultra Extended Graphics Array |
| TACACS | Terminal Access Controller Access-Control System | WWAN | Wireless Wide Area Network |
| TCP | Transmission Control Protocol | XGA | Extended Graphics Array |
| TCP/IP | Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol | ZIF | Zero-Insertion-Force |
| TDR | Time Domain Reflectometer | ZIP | Zigzag Inline Package |
| TFTP | Trivial File Transfer Protocol | | |



A+ Proposed Hardware and Software List

CompTIA has included this sample list of hardware and software to assist candidates as they prepare for the A+ exam. This list may also be helpful for training companies that wish to create a lab component for their training offering. The bulleted lists below each topic are sample lists and not exhaustive.

EQUIPMENT

- · Apple tablet/smartphone
- Android tablet/smartphone
- · Windows tablet/Smartphone
- Chromebook
- Windows laptop/Mac laptop/Linux laptop
- Windows desktop/Mac desktop/Linux desktop
- Windows Server w/Active Directory and Print Management
- Monitors
- Projectors
- SOHO router/switch
- Access point
- VoIP phone
- Printer
 - Laser/inkjet
 - Wireless
 - 3D printer
- Surge suppressor
- UPS
- VR headset
- Smart devices (IoT devices)

SPARE PARTS/HARDWARE

- Motherboards
- RAM
- Hard drives
- Power supplies
- Video cards
- · Sounds cards
- Network cards
- Wireless NICs
- Fans/cooling devices/heat sink

- CPUs
- Assorted connectors/cables
 - USB
 - HDMI
 - Etc.
- Adapters
- Network cables
- Unterminated network cables/connectors
- AC adapters
- Optical drives
- Screws/stand-offs
- · Cases
- Maintenance kit
- · Mice/keyboards
- KVM
- Console cable

TOOLS

- Screw drivers
- Multimeter
- Wire cutters
- Punchdown tool
- Crimper
- Power supply tester
- Cable stripper
- · Standard technician toolkit
- ESD strap
- Thermal paste
- · Cable tester
- · Cable toner
- WiFi analyzer
- SATA to USB connectors

SOFTWARE

- Operating systems
 - Linux
 - Chrome OS
 - Microsoft Windows
 - Mac OS
 - Android
 - -iOS
- PE Disk/Live CD
- Antivirus software
- · Virtualization software
- Anti-malware
- Driver software

