



Big Data

La finalidad de esta práctica es familiarizarse con el entorno HIVE.

Vete haciendo capturas de pantalla de todos los pasos que vayas dando, acompañándolas de comentarios descriptivos de los mismos.

INTRODUCCIÓN

A.- Continuaremos trabajando con el conjunto de datos **Movielens** de **Kaggle**:

<https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/prajitdatta/movielens-100k-dataset>

CONTENIDO

APARTADO A

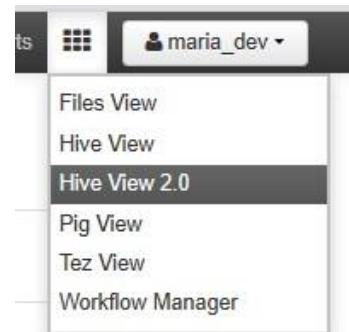
Práctica con HIVE

De modo similar a como hicimos con PIG, por cada uno de los *scripts* siguientes:

Prueba su ejecución tanto desde la consola de Hive

```
[maria_dev@sandbox-hdp ~]$ hive
log4j:WARN No such property [maxFileSize] in org.apache.log4j.DailyRollingFileAppender.
Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/2.6.5.0-292/0/hive-log4j.properties
hive>
```

como desde Ambari Hive View 2.0.



1.- Crea una base de datos que llamaremos movielens para almacenar las tablas necesarias. Para cada una de las consultas deberás crear previamente las tablas y cargar los datos necesarios para poder realizarlas.

```
Logging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/2.6.5.0-292/0/hive-log4j.properties
hive> CREATE DATABASE movielens;
OK
T: Guardado en Este PC 376 seconds
hive>
```

```

hive> SHOW DATABASES;
OK
default
foodmart
movielens
Time taken: 0.017 seconds, Fetched: 3 row(s)
hive>

```

HIVE

WORKSHEET1

DATABASE

Select or search database/schema

- x default
- foodmart
- movielens
- default

Tablas necesarias PELICULAS, USUARIOS, VOTACIONES

VOTOS: u.data2.txt : user id , movie id , rating , timestamp. (AHORA SEPARADO POR COMAS)

USUARIOS: - u.user2.txt: user id , age , gender , occupation | (AHORA SEPARADO POR COMAS)

PELICULAS: - u.item2.txt: movie id | movie title | release date (SEPARADA POR TAB)

CARGAMOS VOTOS

```

hive> CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS VOTOS (
>     user_id INT,
>     movie_id INT,
>     rating INT,
>     times_tamp INT
> )
> ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
> FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
> STORED AS TEXTFILE;
OK
Time taken: 1.773 seconds

```

```

hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/maria_dev/movielens/u.data2.txt'
>          OVERWRITE INTO TABLE VOTOS;
Loading data to table movielens.votos
chgrp: changing ownership of 'hdfs://sandbox-hdp.hortonworks.com:8020/apps/hive/warehouse/movielens.db/votos/u.data2.txt'
': User null does not belong to hadoop
Table movielens.votos stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=0, totalSize=1979173, rawDataSize=0]
OK
Time taken: 1.645 seconds
hive> |

```

CARGAMOS LOS USUARIOS

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS USUARIOS (
    >     user_id INT,
    >     age INT,
    >     gender STRING,
    >     occupation STRING
    > )
    > ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
    > FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
    > STORED AS TEXTFILE;
```

```
hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/maria_dev/movielens/u.user2.txt'
      >          OVERWRITE INTO TABLE USUARIOS;
Loading data to table movielens.usuarios
```

CARGAMOS LAS PELICULAS

```
hive> CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS PELICULAS(
    >     movie_id INT,
    >     title STRING,
    >     release_year INT
    > )
    > ROW FORMAT DELIMITED
    > FIELDS TERMINATED BY '\t'
    > STORED AS TEXTFILE;
OK
Time taken: 0.741 seconds
```

```
hive> LOAD DATA INPATH '/user/maria_dev/movielens/u.item2.txt'
      >          OVERWRITE INTO TABLE PELICULAS;
```

HIVE

- [QUERY](#)
- [JOBS](#)
- [TABLES](#)
- [SAVED QUERIES](#)
- [UDFs](#)
- [SETTINGS](#)

DATABASE
Select or search database/schema

movielens

TABLES 3		COLUMNS	DDL	STORAGE INFORMATION	DETAILED INFORMATION
Search		peliculas	AUTHORIZATION		
		usuarios	COLUMN NAME	COLUMN TYPE	COMMENT
		votos	user_id	int	
			movie_id	int	
			rating	int	
			times_tamp	int	

2.- Encontrar las 10 ocupaciones más frecuentes entre los votantes

```
hive> SELECT occupation, COUNT(*) AS total  
> FROM USUARIOS  
> GROUP BY occupation  
> ORDER BY total DESC  
> LIMIT 10;
```

VERTICES	STATUS	TOTAL	COMPLETED	RUNNING	PENDING	FAILED	KILLED
Map 1	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 2	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 3	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
VERTICES: 03/03 [=====>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 4.16 s							
OK							
student	196						
other	105						
educator	95						
administrator	79						
engineer	67						
programmer	66						
librarian	51						
writer	45						
executive	32						
scientist	31						

3.- Y luego el número de hombres y mujeres

```
hive> SELECT gender, COUNT(*)  
> FROM USUARIOS  
> GROUP BY gender;
```

VERTICES	STATUS	TOTAL	COMPLETED	RUNNING	PENDING	FAILED	KILLED
Map 1	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 2	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
VERTICES: 02/02 [=====>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 3.82 s							
OK							
F	273						
M	670						
Time taken: 4.594 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)							

4.- Muestra la edad media por géneros.

```
hive> SELECT gender, AVG(age)  
> FROM USUARIOS  
> GROUP BY gender;
```

```
VERTICES      STATUS  TOTAL  COMPLETED  RUNNING  PENDING  FAILED  KILLED
Map 1 .....  SUCCEEDED    1        1        0        0        0        0
Reducer 2 ....  SUCCEEDED    1        1        0        0        0        0

VERTICES: 02/02  [=====>>>] 100%  ELAPSED TIME: 2.87 s
OK
F      33.81318681318681
M      34.149253731343286
Time taken: 3.568 seconds, Fetched: 2 row(s)
hive>
```

5.- Muestra la edad media por ocupaciones.

```
hive> SELECT occupation, AVG(age)
      > FROM USUARIOS
      > GROUP BY occupation
      > ORDER BY occupation;
```

VERTICES	STATUS	TOTAL	COMPLETED	RUNNING	PENDING	FAILED	KILLED
Map 1	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 2	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 3	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0

VERTICES: 03/03 [=====>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 3.08 s

OK

administrator	38.74683544303797
artist	31.392857142857142
doctor	43.57142857142857
educator	42.01052631578948
engineer	36.38805970149254
entertainment	29.22222222222222
executive	38.71875
healthcare	41.5625
homemaker	32.57142857142857
lawyer	36.75
librarian	40.0
marketing	37.61538461538461
none	26.55555555555557
other	34.523809523809526
programmer	33.121212121212125
retired	63.07142857142857
salesman	35.666666666666664
scientist	35.54838709677419
student	22.081632653061224
technician	33.148148148148145
writer	36.31111111111111

Time taken: 3.789 seconds, Fetched: 21 row(s)

6.- Encontrar las cinco películas (código, título y número de votos) más votadas (recuento de votos, no media).

```
hive> SELECT r.movie_id, i.title, COUNT(*) AS num_votos  
> FROM VOTOS r  
> JOIN PELICULAS i ON r.movie_id = i.movie_id  
> GROUP BY r.movie_id, i.title  
> ORDER BY num_votos DESC  
> LIMIT 5;
```

VERTICES	STATUS	TOTAL	COMPLETED	RUNNING	PENDING	FAILED	KILLED
Map 1	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Map 4	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 2	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0
Reducer 3	SUCCEEDED	1	1	0	0	0	0

VERTICES: 04/04 [=====>>] 100% ELAPSED TIME: 5.23 s

OK

```
50      Star Wars      583  
258     Contact 509  
100     Fargo      508  
181     Return of the Jedi    507  
294     Liar Liar     485
```

Time taken: 6.213 seconds, Fetched: 5 row(s)