## Homework 1

Brayan Durán Medina November 2023

## Contents

Problem 1 3

## Problem 1

$$f(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2)$$

$$f'(x) = (\exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2))'$$

Applying Chain Rule and  $(\exp(x))' = \exp(x)$ :

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2)(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2)'$$

Applying Constant Rule:

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2) \cdot -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}((x-\mu)^2)'$$

Applying Chain Rule and  $(x^2)' = 2x$ :

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2) \cdot -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \cdot 2(x-\mu)(x-\mu)'$$

Applying Sum Rule

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2) \cdot -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \cdot 2(x-\mu)(x'+(-\mu)')$$

Applying Constant Rule and (x)' = 1:

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2) \cdot -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \cdot 2(x-\mu)(1+0)$$

$$f'(x) = \exp(-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x-\mu)^2) \cdot -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \cdot 2(x-\mu)$$