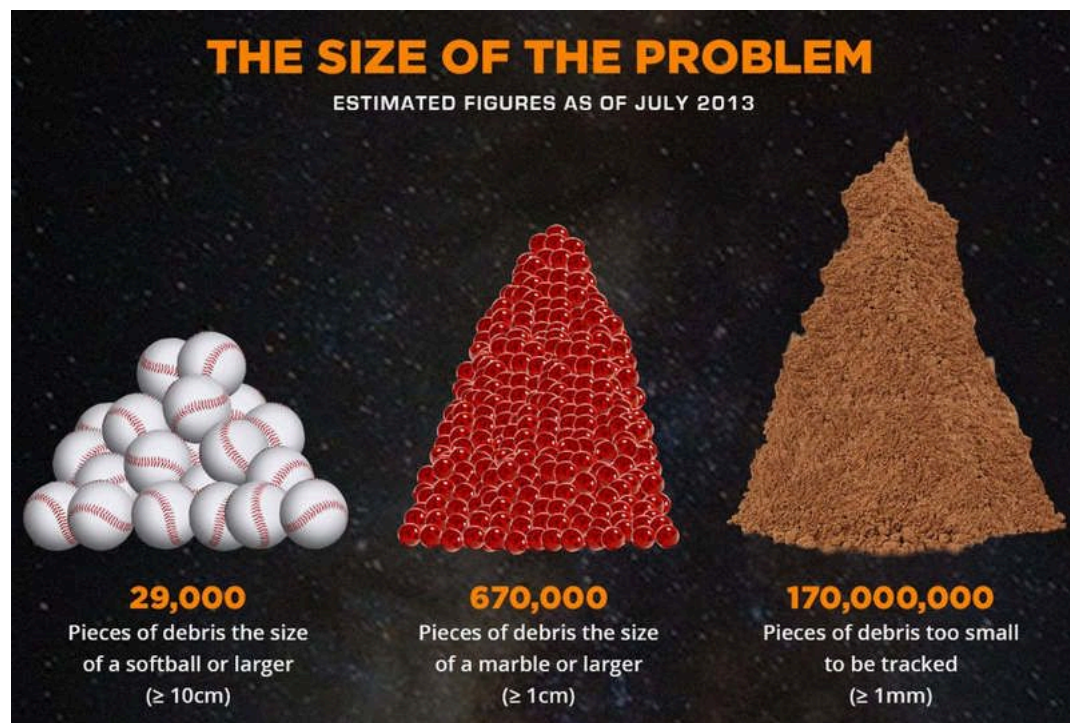


Space Debris - Exploratory Data Analysis

Blake Rayvid - <https://github.com/brayvid>

Dataset: <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kandhalkhandeka/satellites-and-debris-in-earths-orbit>



[Image link](#)

✓ Dataset overview

This dataset contains roughly 14,000 objects, classified as DEBRIS, PAYLOAD, ROCKET or unknown, and either LARGE, MEDIUM, SMALL or unknown.

According to Google's AI chatbot, space debris range from:

"Larger than 1 mm: 100 million - 170 million objects

Larger than 1 cm: 670,000 objects

Larger than 10 cm: 25,000 - 29,000 objects"

So we know this dataset does not contain all debris objects.

We will investigate the object size and type columns, the orbital parameters, the country of origin and launch date.

Note: This dataset does not contain any mass estimates.

The total mass of all space debris is known to exceed 9,000 metric tons. [Source](#)

✓ Read and clean data

```

1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt; plt.rcParams["figure.dpi"] = 144
4 import seaborn as sns
5 from matplotlib import ticker

```

```

1 # Check out the columns
2 df = pd.read_csv('space_decay.csv')
3 df.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 14372 entries, 0 to 14371
Data columns (total 40 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   CCSDS_OMM_VERS        14372 non-null  int64
1   COMMENT               14372 non-null  object
2   CREATION_DATE         14372 non-null  object
3   ORIGINATOR            14372 non-null  object
4   OBJECT_NAME           14372 non-null  object
5   OBJECT_ID             14333 non-null  object
6   CENTER_NAME           14372 non-null  object
7   REF_FRAME             14372 non-null  object
8   TIME_SYSTEM           14372 non-null  object
9   MEAN_ELEMENT_THEORY   14372 non-null  object
10  EPOCH                 14372 non-null  object
11  MEAN_MOTION           14372 non-null  float64
12  ECCENTRICITY          14372 non-null  float64
13  INCLINATION           14372 non-null  float64
14  RA_OF_ASC_NODE        14372 non-null  float64
15  ARG_OF_PERICENTER     14372 non-null  float64
16  MEAN_ANOMALY          14372 non-null  float64
17  EPHEMERIS_TYPE        14372 non-null  int64
18  CLASSIFICATION_TYPE    14372 non-null  object
19  NORAD_CAT_ID          14372 non-null  int64
20  ELEMENT_SET_NO        14372 non-null  int64
21  REV_AT_EPOCH          14372 non-null  int64
22  BSTAR                 14372 non-null  float64
23  MEAN_MOTION_DOT       14372 non-null  float64
24  MEAN_MOTION_DDOT      14372 non-null  float64
25  SEMIMAJOR_AXIS        14372 non-null  float64
26  PERIOD                14372 non-null  float64
27  APOAPSIS              14372 non-null  float64
28  PERIAPSIS             14372 non-null  float64
29  OBJECT_TYPE           14372 non-null  object
30  RCS_SIZE              14174 non-null  object
31  COUNTRY_CODE          14333 non-null  object
32  LAUNCH_DATE           14333 non-null  float64
33  SITE                  14333 non-null  object
34  DECAY_DATE            0 non-null     float64
35  FILE                  14372 non-null  int64
36  GP_ID                 14372 non-null  int64
37  TLE_LINE0             14372 non-null  object
38  TLE_LINE1             14372 non-null  object
39  TLE_LINE2             14372 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(15), int64(7), object(18)
memory usage: 4.4+ MB

```

```

1 # Check out the values of important columns
2 df['RCS_SIZE'].unique()

```

```

array(['MEDIUM', 'SMALL', 'LARGE', nan], dtype=object)

```

```

1 df['OBJECT_TYPE'].unique()

```

```

array(['DEBRIS', 'PAYLOAD', 'ROCKET BODY', 'TBA'], dtype=object)

```

```

1 df['COUNTRY_CODE'].unique()

```

```

array(['FR', 'CIS', 'IND', 'PRC', 'US', 'SEAL', 'ITSO', 'SES', 'NICO',
      'ESA', 'JPN', 'EUTE', 'GER', 'PAKI', 'EUME', 'SPN', 'ALG', 'AUS',
      'ARGN', 'SAUD', 'IT', 'CA', 'AC', 'GLOB', 'GREC', 'UAE', 'DEN',
      'NIG', 'UK', 'TURK', 'SKOR', 'CHBZ', 'ISRA', 'USBZ', 'ROC', 'IM',
      'THAI', 'IRAN', 'INDO', 'KAZ', 'AB', 'MALA', 'EGYP', 'COL', 'BRAZ',
      'RASC', 'NOR', 'VTNM', 'NETH', 'ORB', 'VENZ', 'SAFR', 'SWTZ',
      'SWED', 'UKR', 'SING', 'STCT', 'MEX', 'LUXE', 'CHLE', 'BELA',
      'NKOR', 'AZER', 'ASRA', 'ECU', 'EST', 'O3B', 'QAT', 'POL', 'PER',
      'BOL', 'FRIT', 'BEL', 'URY', 'IRAQ', 'TMMC', 'LAOS', 'BERM', 'LTU',
      'FIN', 'CZCH', 'BGR', 'TBD', 'MA', 'AGO', 'BGD', 'RP', 'JOR',

```

```
'ISS', 'SDN', 'RWA', 'SVN', 'NZ', 'PRY', 'TUN', 'HUN', 'MMR',
'MUS', 'KWT', nan], dtype=object)
```

```
1 # Show how many elements of each column are NaN
2 df.isna().sum()
```

```
CCSDS_OMM_VERS      0
COMMENT              0
CREATION_DATE        0
ORIGINATOR           0
OBJECT_NAME          0
OBJECT_ID            39
CENTER_NAME          0
REF_FRAME            0
TIME_SYSTEM          0
MEAN_ELEMENT_THEORY  0
EPOCH                0
MEAN_MOTION          0
ECCENTRICITY         0
INCLINATION          0
RA_OF_ASC_NODE       0
ARG_OF_PERICENTER    0
MEAN_ANOMALY         0
EPHEMERIS_TYPE       0
CLASSIFICATION_TYPE  0
NORAD_CAT_ID         0
ELEMENT_SET_NO       0
REV_AT_EPOCH         0
BSTAR                0
MEAN_MOTION_DOT      0
MEAN_MOTION_DDOT     0
SEMIMAJOR_AXIS       0
PERIOD               0
APOAPSIS             0
PERIAPSIS            0
OBJECT_TYPE          0
RCS_SIZE             198
COUNTRY_CODE         39
LAUNCH_DATE          39
SITE                 39
DECAY_DATE           14372
FILE                 0
GP_ID                0
TLE_LINE0            0
TLE_LINE1            0
TLE_LINE2            0
dtype: int64
```

```
1 # This column is always NaN so drop it entirely
2 df = df.drop(labels=['DECAY_DATE'], axis=1)
```

```
1 # Rename the object type to be more presentable
2 df['OBJECT_TYPE'] = df['OBJECT_TYPE'].replace(to_replace={'DEBRIS':'Debris','PAYLOAD':'Payload','TBA': 'Unknown','ROCKET BOD'
3 df['OBJECT_TYPE'].unique()
```

```
array(['Debris', 'Payload', 'Rocket', 'Unknown'], dtype=object)
```

```
1 # Rename 'TBD' and NaN country codes to 'Unknown'
2 df['COUNTRY_CODE'] = df['COUNTRY_CODE'].replace(to_replace={'TBD':'Unknown',np.nan:'Unknown'})
3 df['COUNTRY_CODE'].unique()
```

```
array(['FR', 'CIS', 'IND', 'PRC', 'US', 'SEAL', 'ITSO', 'SES', 'NICO',
      'ESA', 'JPN', 'EUTE', 'GER', 'PAKI', 'EUME', 'SPN', 'ALG', 'AUS',
      'ARGN', 'SAUD', 'IT', 'CA', 'AC', 'GLOB', 'GREC', 'UAE', 'DEN',
      'NIG', 'UK', 'TURK', 'SKOR', 'CHBZ', 'ISRA', 'USBZ', 'ROC', 'IM',
      'THAI', 'IRAN', 'INDO', 'KAZ', 'AB', 'MALA', 'EGYP', 'COL', 'BRAZ',
      'RASC', 'NOR', 'VTNM', 'NETH', 'ORB', 'VENZ', 'SAFR', 'SWTZ',
      'SWED', 'UKR', 'SING', 'STCT', 'MEX', 'LUXE', 'CHLE', 'BELA',
      'NKOR', 'AZER', 'ASRA', 'ECU', 'EST', 'O3B', 'QAT', 'POL', 'PER',
      'BOL', 'FRIT', 'BEL', 'URY', 'IRAQ', 'TMMC', 'LAOS', 'BERM', 'LTU',
      'FIN', 'CZCH', 'BGR', 'Unknown', 'MA', 'AGO', 'BGD', 'RP', 'JOR',
      'ISS', 'SDN', 'RWA', 'SVN', 'NZ', 'PRY', 'TUN', 'HUN', 'MMR',
      'MUS', 'KWT'], dtype=object)
```

```
1 # Rename object size for presentation
2 df['RCS_SIZE'] = df['RCS_SIZE'].replace(to_replace={'LARGE':'Large','MEDIUM':'Medium','SMALL':"Small"})
3 df['RCS_SIZE'].unique()
```

```
array(['Medium', 'Small', 'Large', nan], dtype=object)
```

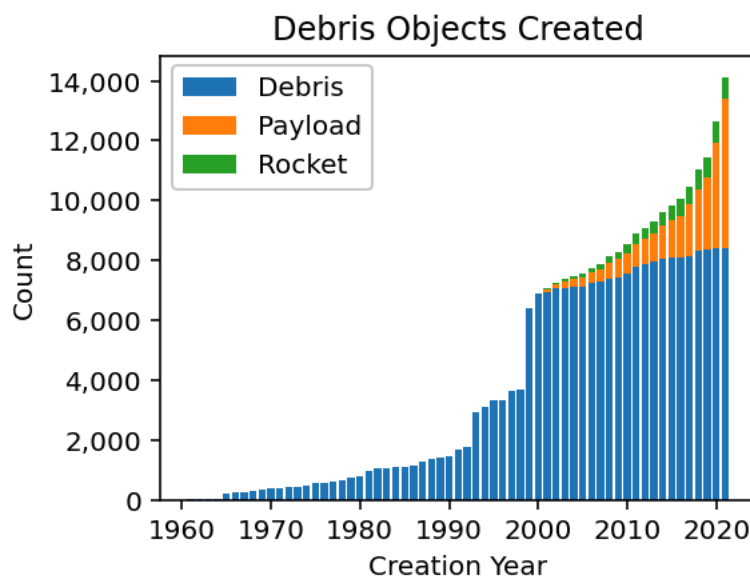
```
1 # Create a new column for the period in hours
2 df['PERIOD_HOURS'] = df['PERIOD'] / 60
```

```
1 # Create new column for the (maximum) altitude above Earth surface (Earth radius ~ 6371km)
2 df['ALTITUDE_MI'] = (df['SEMIMAJOR_AXIS'] - 6371) * 0.6213
```

✓ Descriptive questions

✓ What time range does the dataset cover?

```
1 df['AggValue'] = 1
2 has_launch_date_df = df.dropna(subset='LAUNCH_DATE')
3 has_launch_date_year_counts = has_launch_date_df.pivot_table(values='AggValue', index='LAUNCH_DATE', columns='OBJECT_TYPE',
4
5 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
6 plt.bar(x=has_launch_date_year_counts.index, height=has_launch_date_year_counts['Debris'])
7 plt.bar(x=has_launch_date_year_counts.index, height=has_launch_date_year_counts['Payload'], bottom=has_launch_date_year_coun
8 plt.bar(x=has_launch_date_year_counts.index, height=has_launch_date_year_counts['Rocket'], bottom=(has_launch_date_year_coun
9 plt.legend(['Debris', 'Payload', 'Rocket'], framealpha=1, loc=(0.02,0.7))
10 plt.xlabel('Creation Year')
11 plt.ylabel('Count')
12 plt.title('Debris Objects Created')
13
14 # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/25973581/how-to-format-axis-number-format-to-thousands-with-a-comma
15 thousands_format = ticker.StrMethodFormatter('{x:,.0f}')
16 ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
17 plt.show()
```

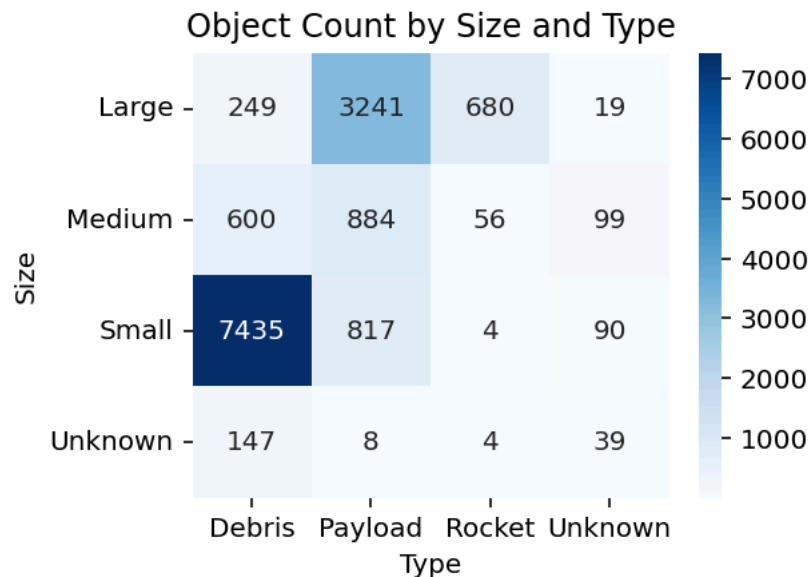


✓ How much of each size and type of space debris is there?

```

1 # Plot heatmap of size vs type
2 df_filled = df.copy()
3 df_filled.loc[:, 'RCS_SIZE'] = df_filled['RCS_SIZE'].fillna('Unknown')
4 class_counts = df_filled.pivot_table(values='AggValue', index='RCS_SIZE', columns='OBJECT_TYPE', aggfunc=np.sum)
5
6 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
7 sns.heatmap(class_counts, cmap="Blues", annot=True, fmt='g')
8 plt.ylabel('Size')
9 plt.xlabel('Type')
10 plt.title("Object Count by Size and Type")
11 plt.yticks(rotation=0)
12 plt.show()

```



✓ In what orbits are the debris mainly located?

```

1 # Display statistics of the orbital elements
2 debris_elements_df = df[['ECCENTRICITY', 'INCLINATION', 'RA_OF_ASC_NODE', 'ARG_OF_PERICENTER', 'MEAN_ANOMALY', 'SEMIMAJOR_AXIS']]
3 debris_elements_df.describe()

```

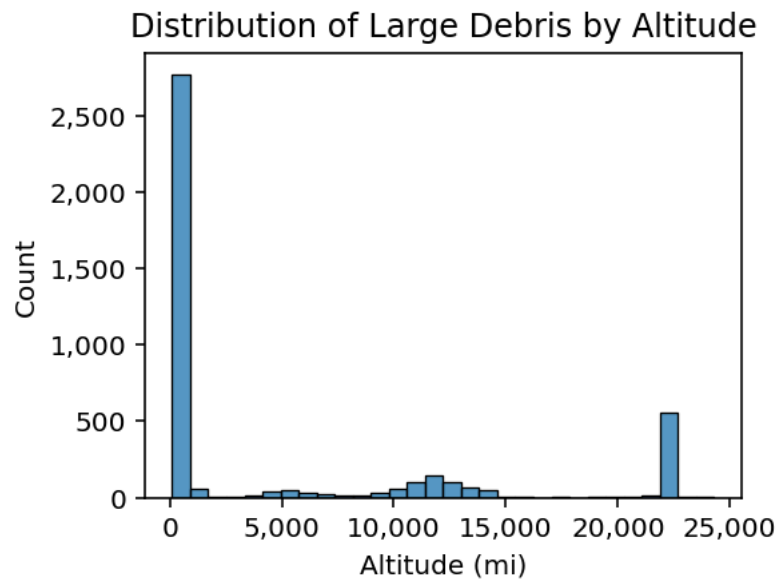


	ECCENTRICITY	INCLINATION	RA_OF_ASC_NODE	ARG_OF_PERICENTER	MEAN_ANOMALY
count	14372.000000	14372.000000	14372.000000	14372.000000	14372.000000
mean	0.067168	74.354208	182.353111	165.977199	191.015595
std	0.181547	29.626780	116.717713	104.461866	109.873807
min	0.000005	0.001400	0.020000	0.008200	0.004800
25%	0.000725	53.055300	71.987350	77.363475	90.001600
50%	0.003416	86.369200	189.460250	150.483900	206.957400
75%	0.013505	98.565125	292.484750	258.328550	284.163200
max	0.897218	144.586200	359.967900	359.989900	359.981900

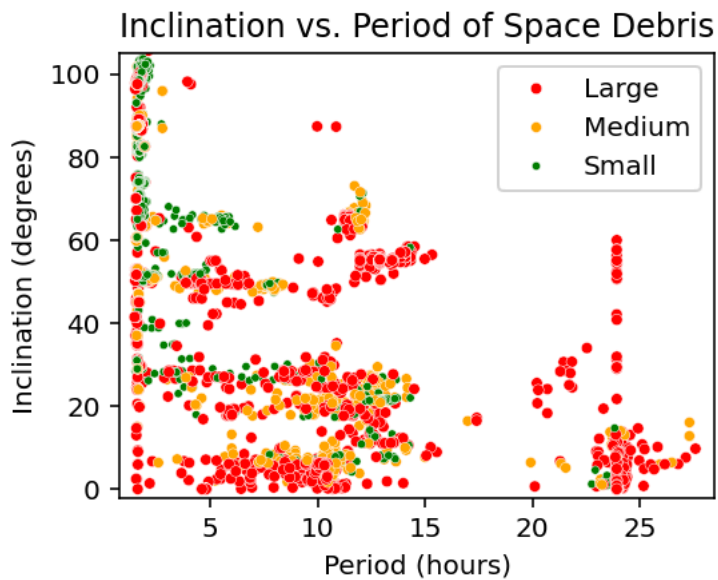
```

1 # Plot count vs altitude histogram for just large debris
2 PERIOD_NO_OUTLIERS_LARGE_MASK = ((df['PERIOD_HOURS'] < 27) & (df['RCS_SIZE'] == 'Large'))
3 period_no_outliers_large_df = df[PERIOD_NO_OUTLIERS_LARGE_MASK]
4
5 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
6 sns.histplot(data=period_no_outliers_large_df, x="ALTITUDE_MI", bins=30)
7 plt.xlabel('Altitude (mi)')
8 plt.title('Distribution of Large Debris by Altitude')
9 ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
10 ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
11 plt.show()

```



```
1 # Inclination vs period scatter plot
2 sizes = ['Large', 'Medium', 'Small']
3 sizes_palette = {'Small': 'green', 'Medium': 'orange', 'Large': 'red'}
4
5 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
6 sns.scatterplot(x=df['PERIOD_HOURS'], y=df['INCLINATION'], s=10, size=df['RCS_SIZE'], size_order=sizes, sizes=[18,16,10], hue:
7 plt.xlabel('Period (hours)')
8 plt.ylabel('Inclination (degrees)')
9 plt.title('Inclination vs. Period of Space Debris')
10 plt.xlim((0.75,28.5))
11 plt.ylim((-2,105))
12 plt.legend()
13 plt.show()
```

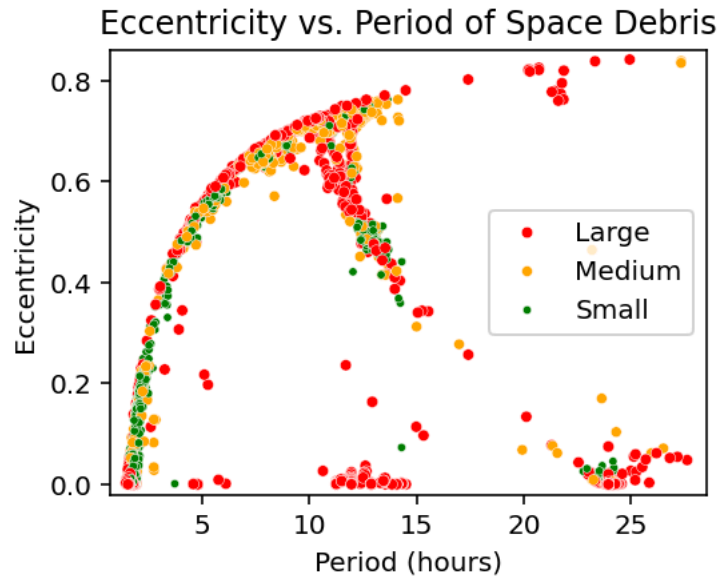


Notice the vertical bands at roughly $T = 1.5h$ and $T = 24h$. This corresponds to the lowest-earth orbits and geosynchronous orbit respectively.

```

1 # Eccentricity vs period scatter plot
2 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
3 sns.scatterplot(x=df['PERIOD_HOURS'], y=df['ECCENTRICITY'], s=10, size=df['RCS_SIZE'], size_order=sizes, sizes=[18,16,10], hue='RCS_SIZE')
4 plt.xlabel('Period (hours)')
5 plt.ylabel('Eccentricity')
6 plt.title('Eccentricity vs. Period of Space Debris')
7 plt.xlim((0.75,28.5))
8 plt.ylim((-0.02,0.86))
9 plt.legend()
10 plt.show()

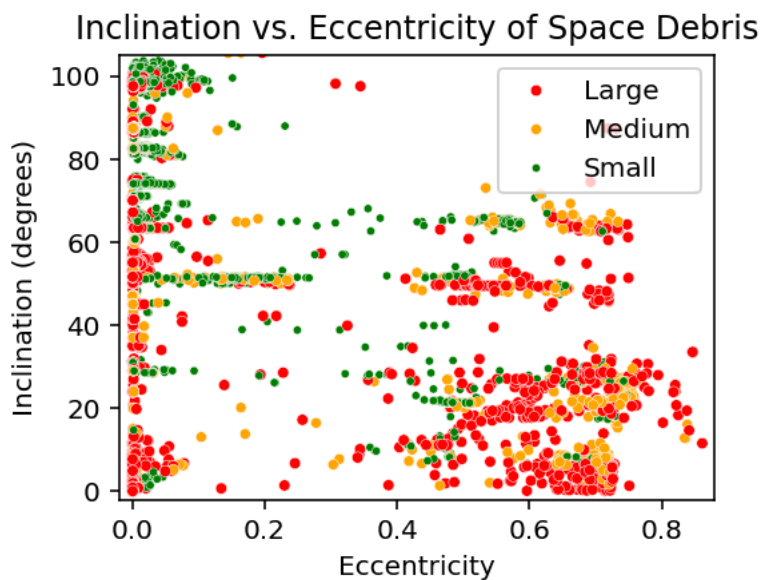
```



```

1 # Inclination vs eccentricity scatter plot
2 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
3 sns.scatterplot(x=df['ECCENTRICITY'], y=df['INCLINATION'], s=10, size=df['RCS_SIZE'], size_order=sizes, sizes=[18,16,10], hue='RCS_SIZE')
4 plt.xlabel('Eccentricity')
5 plt.ylabel('Inclination (degrees)')
6 plt.title('Inclination vs. Eccentricity of Space Debris')
7 plt.xlim((-0.02,0.88))
8 plt.ylim((-2,105))
9 plt.legend()
10 plt.show()

```

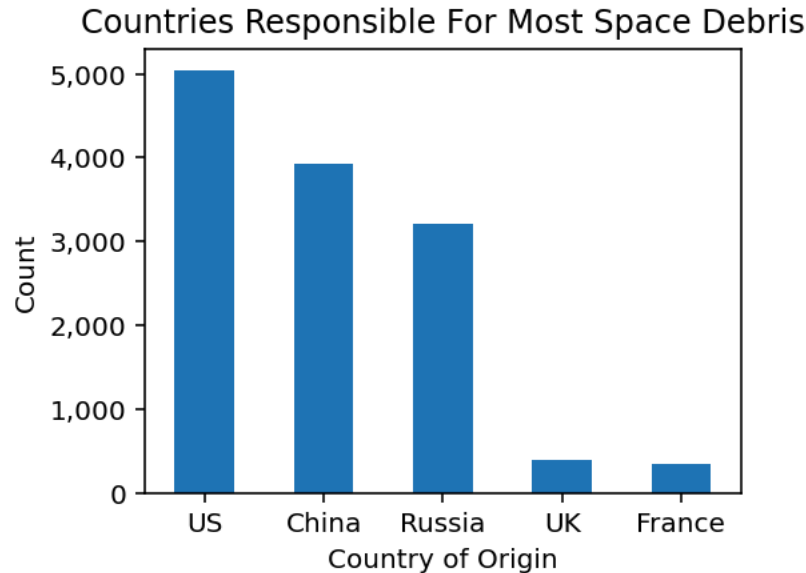


✓ Which countries are responsible for the most debris?

```

1 # Bar chart count by country
2 top_counts = df['COUNTRY_CODE'].value_counts()[:5]
3
4 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
5 top_counts.plot(kind='bar')
6 plt.xlabel('Country of Origin')
7 plt.ylabel('Count')
8 plt.title('Countries Responsible For Most Space Debris')
9 plt.xticks(ticks=[0,1,2,3,4], labels=["US", 'China', 'Russia', 'UK', 'France'], rotation=0)
10 ax.yaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
11 plt.show()

```



```

1 responsibility = top_counts / len(df)
2 print(f'The US is responsible for roughly {int(100 * responsibility[0])}% of space debris.')

```



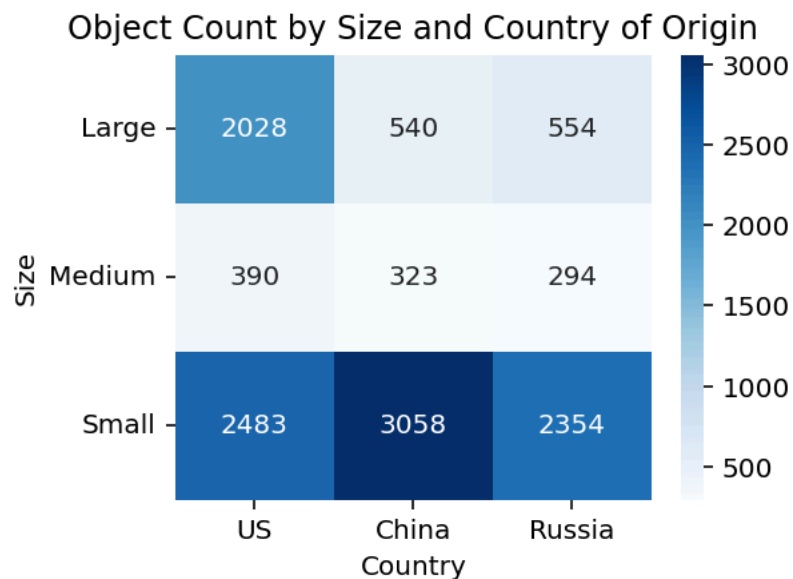
The US is responsible for roughly 35% of space debris.

✓ How many small, medium and large objects are there from the top 3 contributing countries?

```

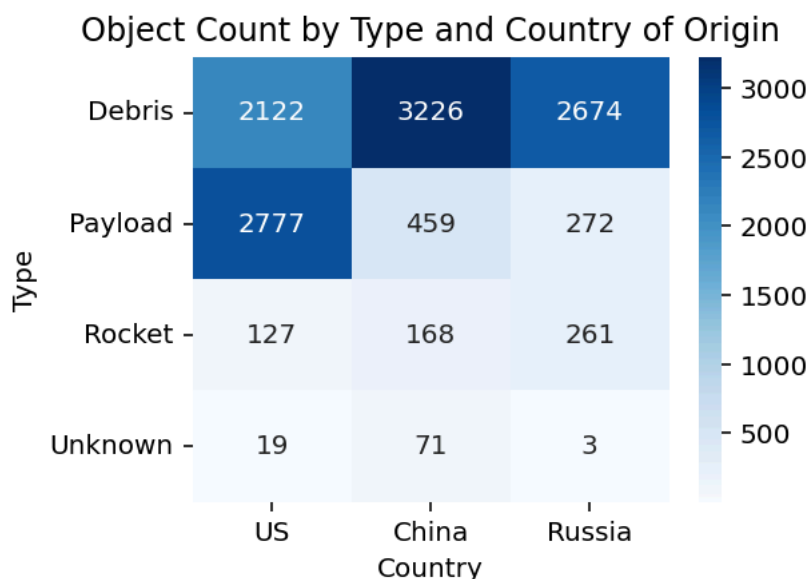
1 # Just look at top 3 contributors
2 top_codes = top_counts.keys()[:3]
3 TOP_MASK = (df['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(top_codes))
4 top_df = df[TOP_MASK]
5 country_names = ["US", 'China', 'Russia']
6
7 country_counts = top_df.pivot_table(values='AggValue', index='RCS_SIZE', columns='COUNTRY_CODE', aggfunc=np.sum)
8
9 # Specify order of rows and columns
10 country_counts = country_counts.reindex(index=sizes, columns=top_codes)
11
12 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
13 sns.heatmap(country_counts, cmap="Blues", annot=True, fmt='g')
14 plt.ylabel('Size')
15 plt.xlabel('Country')
16 plt.title("Object Count by Size and Country of Origin")
17 plt.xticks(ticks=[0.5,1.5,2.5], labels=country_names)
18 plt.yticks(ticks=[0.5,1.5,2.5], labels=sizes, rotation=0)
19 plt.show()

```

✓ How many of each category of object are there from the top 3 contributing countries?

```
1 top_codes = top_counts.keys()[:3]
2 TOP_MASK = (df_filled['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(top_codes))
3 top_df = df[TOP_MASK]
4
5 country_counts = top_df.pivot_table(values='AggValue', index='OBJECT_TYPE', columns='COUNTRY_CODE', aggfunc=np.sum)
6
7 # Specify order of rows and columns
8 obj_types = ['Debris', 'Payload', 'Rocket', 'Unknown']
9 country_counts = country_counts.reindex(index=obj_types, columns=top_codes)
10
11 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
12 sns.heatmap(country_counts, cmap="Blues", annot=True, fmt='g')
13 plt.ylabel('Type')
14 plt.xlabel('Country')
15 plt.title("Object Count by Type and Country of Origin")
16 plt.xticks(ticks=[0.5,1.5,2.5], labels=country_names)
17 plt.yticks(ticks=[0.5,1.5,2.5,3.5], labels=obj_types, rotation=0)
18 plt.show()
```



✓ How many objects' country of origin is unknown?

```

1 NO_COUNTRY_MASK = ((df['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'Unknown'))
2 no_country_df = df[NO_COUNTRY_MASK]
3 print(f"There are {len(no_country_df)} debris objects in this dataset with unknown country of origin.")

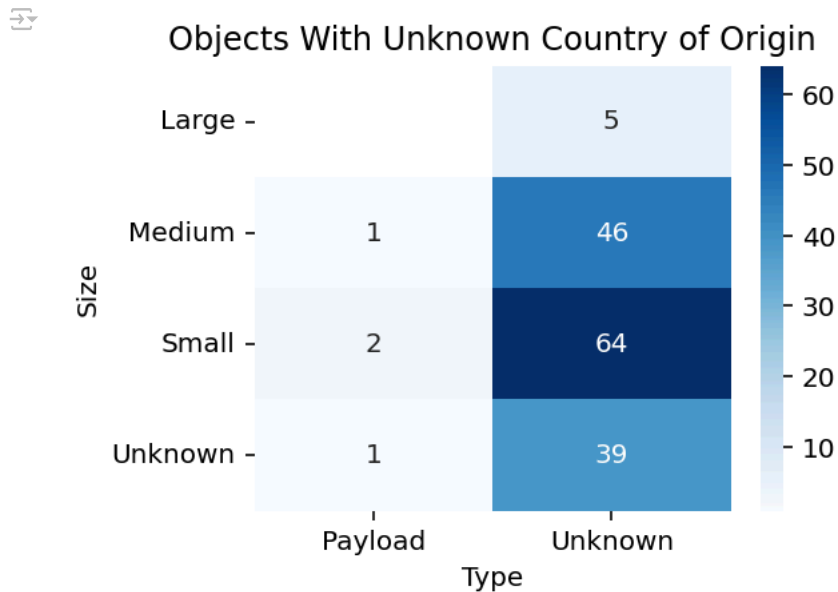
```

➡ There are 158 debris objects in this dataset with unknown country of origin.

```

1 no_country_df.loc[:, 'RCS_SIZE'] = no_country_df['RCS_SIZE'].fillna('Unknown')
2 no_country_class_counts = no_country_df.pivot_table(values='AggValue', index='RCS_SIZE', columns='OBJECT_TYPE', aggfunc=np.sum)
3
4 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
5 sns.heatmap(no_country_class_counts, cmap="Blues", annot=True, fmt='g')
6 plt.ylabel('Size')
7 plt.xlabel('Type')
8 plt.title("Objects With Unknown Country of Origin")
9 plt.xticks(ticks=[0.5, 1.5], labels=["Payload", 'Unknown'])
10 plt.yticks(ticks=[0.5, 1.5, 2.5, 3.5], labels=["Large", 'Medium', 'Small', 'Unknown'], rotation=0)
11 plt.show()

```

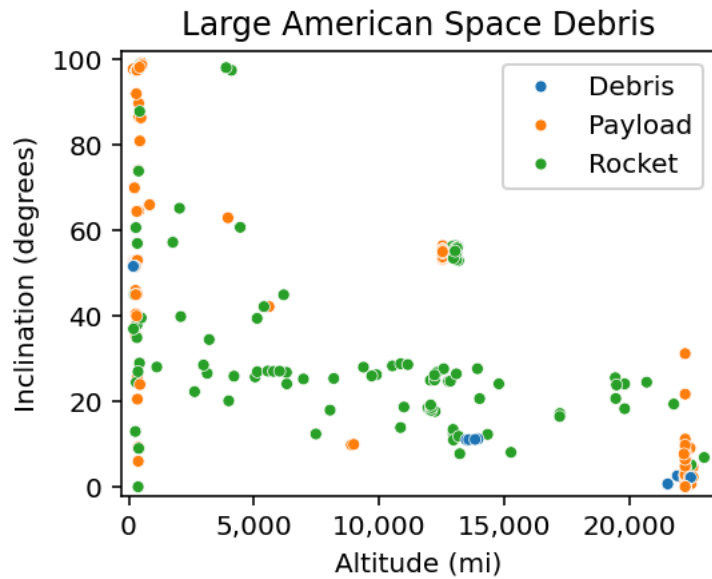


✓ Dive into specific slices and analyze their orbits.

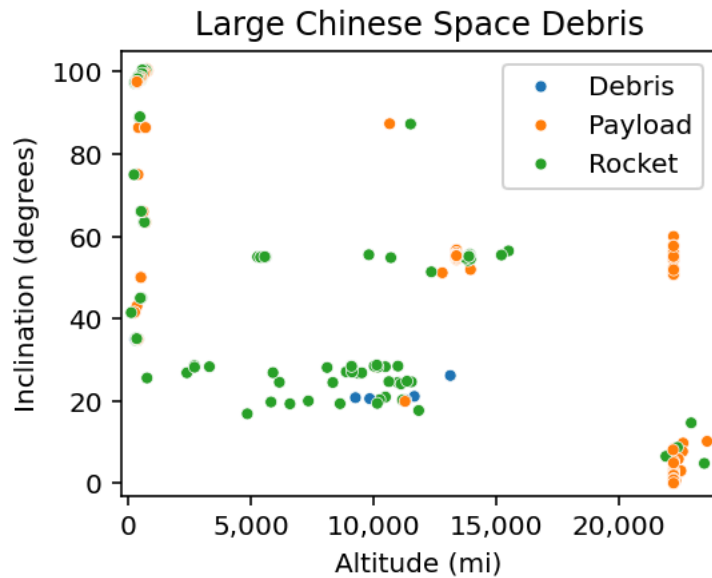
```

1 AMERICAN_LARGE_MASK = ((df['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'US') & (df['RCS_SIZE'] == 'Large') & (df['OBJECT_TYPE'] != 'Unknown')) # exclude unknown country of origin
2 american_large_df = df[AMERICAN_LARGE_MASK]
3
4 obj_type_2 = ['Debris', 'Payload', 'Rocket']
5
6 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
7 sns.scatterplot(x=american_large_df['ALTITUDE_MI'], y=american_large_df['INCLINATION'], s=20, hue=american_large_df['OBJECT_TYPE'])
8 plt.xlabel('Altitude (mi)')
9 plt.ylabel('Inclination (degrees)')
10 plt.title('Large American Space Debris')
11 plt.xlim((-300, 23500))
12 plt.ylim((-2, 102))
13 plt.legend()
14 ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
15 plt.show()

```



```
1 CHINESE_LARGE_MASK = ((df['COUNTRY_CODE'] == 'PRC') & (df['RCS_SIZE']=='Large') & (df['OBJECT_TYPE'] != 'Unknown')) # exclude
2 chinese_large_df = df[CHINESE_LARGE_MASK]
3
4 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
5 sns.scatterplot(x=chinese_large_df['ALTITUDE_MI'], y=chinese_large_df['INCLINATION'], s=20, hue=chinese_large_df['OBJECT_TYPE']
6 plt.xlabel('Altitude (mi)')
7 plt.ylabel('Inclination (degrees)')
8 plt.title('Large Chinese Space Debris')
9 plt.xlim((-300, 24000))
10 plt.ylim((-3, 105))
11 plt.legend()
12 ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(thousands_format)
13 plt.show()
```



```
1 LEO_MASK = (df['PERIOD'] <= 130)
2 leo_df = df[LEO_MASK]
3
4 US_CN_RU_MASK = (leo_df['COUNTRY_CODE'].isin(['US', 'PRC', 'CIS', 'Unknown']))
5 leo_ucr_df = leo_df[US_CN_RU_MASK]
6
7 LG_MASK = (leo_ucr_df['RCS_SIZE'] == 'Large')
8 leo_ucr_lg_df = leo_ucr_df[LG_MASK]
9
10 fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(4, 3))
11 sns.scatterplot(x=leo_ucr_lg_df['ALTITUDE_MI'], y=leo_ucr_lg_df['INCLINATION'], s=20, hue=leo_ucr_lg_df['COUNTRY_CODE'], hue_
12 plt.xlabel('Altitude (mi)')
13 plt.ylabel('Inclination (degrees)')
```