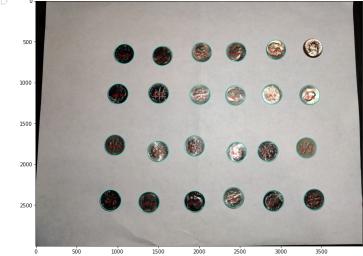
Brazos Fitch - Pattern Recognition Project - Coin Classifier

The purpose of this code is to create a function which can identify all of the coins in an image and then find their colors, and radius. Then populate an array with this information and include an empty list for the classification of the coins.

```
### First we have to import all the necessary libraries
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import sklearn
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
import collections
from collections import Counter
### this is just part of the process to get the most dominant color
  return "#{:02x}{:02x}{:02x}".format(int(color[0]),int(color[1]), int(color[2]))
def coincutter(image,coin):
  ### Coins are as follow, dime: 1, penny: 2, Nickel: 3, Quarter: 4
  ### load in an image and make some copies of it for other use
  image0 = cv2.imread(image)
  image0 = cv2.cvtColor(image0, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
  image1 = image0.copy()
  image2 = image0.copy()
  image3 = image0.copy()
  ### Next, we need to flip an image to GRAY in order to find all the circles
  ### It will also be helpful to blur it slightly
  image0 = cv2.cvtColor(image0, cv2.CoLOR_RGB2GRAY)
#image0 = cv2.GaussianBlur(image0, (21,21), cv2.BORDER_DEFAULT)
  ### Go ahead and find the circles in the image
  all_circs = cv2.HoughCircles(image0, cv2.HOUGH_GRADIENT, 0.92, 115, param1 = 80, param2 = 65, minRadius = 115, maxRadius = 170) all_circs_rounded = np.uint(np.around(all_circs))
  X_test = np.arange(all_circs_rounded.shape[1]*3).reshape(all_circs_rounded.shape[1],3)
  X_test[:][:] = 0
  ### We can also print out the circles that are drawn
  for i in all_circs_rounded[0, :]:
    cv2.circle(image1, (i[0],i[1]),i[2],(50,200,200),5)
    {\tt cv2.circle(image1,(i[0],i[1]),2,(255,0,0),3)}
     \text{cv2.putText(image1,'Coin'} + \text{str(count), (int(i[0]-70),int(i[1]+30)), cv2.FONT\_HERSHEY\_SIMPLEX, 1.1, (255,0,0),2) }  
  plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (16,9)
  plt.imshow(image1)
  ### And next we will cycle through each coin and take it's radius and size
  ### we can put them in positions 1 and 2 of the array X_{test}
  for i in range(0,all_circs_rounded.shape[1]):
    y1 = ((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[0])-((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[2])
    y2 = ((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[0])+((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[2])
x2 = ((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[1])+((all_circs_rounded[0][i])[2])
    x1 = ((all\_circs\_rounded[0][i])[1])-((all\_circs\_rounded[0][i])[2])
    cropped = image2[x1:x2,y1:y2]
    #plt.imshow(cropped)
    ### Here is where we will drop the radius into X_test, hopefully this is right
    X_{\text{test}[i][0]} = all_{\text{circs}_{\text{rounded}[0][i][2]}
    ### Next is to pull the most dominant color
    ### To do this: We are going to find the most dominant color ### Then we will convert it to RGB, to HEX, and then to Decimal
    radius = int(all_circs_rounded[0][i][2])
    modcrop = cropped.reshape((2*radius)**2,3)
    clf = KMeans(n_clusters = 1)
labels = clf.fit_predict(modcrop)
    counts = Counter(lahels)
    center_colors = clf.cluster_centers
    ordered_colors = [center_colors[i] for i in counts.keys()]
    hex_colors = [RGB2HEX(ordered_colors[i]) for i in counts.keys()]
    ### We now have a list which has the most dominant color as a hex value string
    ### We need to extract that
    colval = hex_colors[0]
    colval = colval[1:]
    X_{\text{test[i][1]}} = int(colval, 16)
    for i in range(0,all_circs_rounded.shape[1]):
      X_{\text{test[i][2]}} = coin
  return(X test)
tst1 = coincutter("attemptcoins1.jpg")
```

```
TypeError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-2-9b35312dce7b> in <module>()
     ---> 1 tst1 = coincutter("attemptcoins1.jpg")
     TypeError: coincutter() missing 1 required positional argument: 'coin'
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
tst1
tst1[0]
tst1[0][1]
### So, tst[0] notates the first coin in the classifier
### and tst[0][0] notates the first coins radius
### and tst[0][1] notates the first coins color valule
### and \mathsf{tst}[0][2] notates the classification of the first coin
tst2 = coincutter("24dimes.jpg",1)
```



```
120, 11182487,
123, 10919573,
array([[
                             118, 12039087,
120, 7892066,
                             121, 8024938,
117, 12431777,
```

117, 12431777, 124, 7827306, 123, 13287089, 123, 9341058, 123, 9076334, 128, 4603963, 5261895. 124, 124, 8617077, 5591372, 119, 126, 4603192, 5129792,

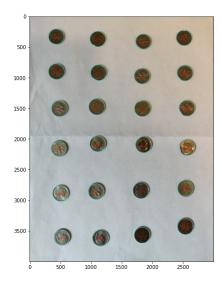
128, 4802372, 121, 8680551, 121, 10654081, 123, 127, 3814707, 5590343,

121, 128, 3485743, 3157291,

tst2.shape

tst22 = coincutter("24dimes2.jpg",1)

[→ (23, 3)



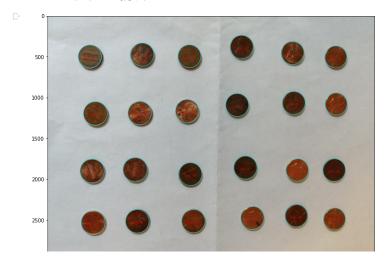
tst22

```
Tarray([[ 130, 6969148, 1], [ 126, 6837564, 1], [ 128, 5852217, 1], [ 128, 7296829, 1], [ 128, 9597519, 1], [ 129, 5390644, 1], [ 129, 5390644, 1], [ 129, 6643020, 1], [ 131, 6841180, 1], [ 129, 6643020, 1], [ 130, 6906450, 1], [ 130, 6906450, 1], [ 127, 6902071, 1], [ 122, 8223602, 1], [ 129, 4471602, 1], [ 129, 4471602, 1], [ 130, 5392446, 1], [ 130, 5392446, 1], [ 130, 5392446, 1], [ 126, 5720888, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 139, 5852731, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1], [ 128, 7625536, 1]
```

tst22.shape

[→ (24, 3)

tst3 = coincutter("24pennies.jpg",2)



tst3

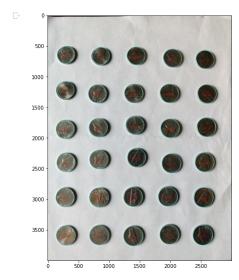
D)

```
array([[ 142, 6967358, 2], [ 138, 8998192, 2], [ 143, 8542016, 2], [ 144, 4863529, 2], [ 142, 8467569, 2], [ 147, 7622459, 2], [ 147, 7622459, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 6701875, 2], [ 148, 7159594, 2], [ 148, 8341555, 2], [ 148, 8341555, 2], [ 148, 7896628, 2], [ 148, 5978152, 2], [ 141, 4798508, 2], [ 141, 4798508, 2], [ 142, 4928806, 2], [ 148, 5978152, 2], [ 149, 4928806, 2], [ 149, 4928806, 2], [ 149, 4928806, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 144, 5783087, 2], [ 149, 559069, 2]], [ 149, 5519659, 2]])
```

tst3.shape

[→ (24, 3)

tstN = coincutter("30nickels.jpg",3)



```
tstN
```

```
☐ array([[ 157, 5130560, 3], [ 160, 6051148, 3], [ 156, 8088927, 3], [ 156, 5064769, 3], [ 155, 5064769, 3], [ 150, 6863119, 3], [ 160, 7695713, 3], [ 150, 6617844, 3], [ 150, 6775641, 3], [ 150, 6775641, 3], [ 157, 9536627, 3], [ 156, 4999231, 3], [ 144, 5196609, 3], [ 156, 5064251, 3], [ 157, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5261371, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 140, 5722952, 3], [ 151, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 155, 5393215, 3], [ 157, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009, 3]], [ 147, 5459009
```

tstN.shape

[→ (30, 3)

testQ = coincutter("40quarters.jpg",4)

D



```
testQ
```

testQ.shape

D. (49. 3)

As you can see, I have gathered some training data for the classifier. ### Now I am going to append them all together

 $X_{train} = np.concatenate((tst2,tst22,tst3,tstN,testQ),axis = 0)$ X_{train}

D

,	- ,	- 42
147,	4341819,	3],
144,	5196609,	3],
150,	5064251,	3],
155,	5721929,	3],
152,	5985867,	3],
155,	5261371,	3],
155,	5195838,	3],
153,	5656902,	3],
162,	4604220,	3],
139,	6972760,	3],
161,	5458496,	3],
147,	6709590,	3],
140,	5722952,	3],
151,	5393215,	3],
150,	5787717,	3],
155,	5392959,	3],
147,	5459009,	3],
135,	6644054,	3],
162,	4998972,	4],
169,	8089695,	4],
162,	7696483,	4],
160,	5525830,	4],
165,	7760987,	4],
163,	7170140,	4],
168,	9538175,	4],
167,	6249296,	4],
165,	8486002,	4],
164,	5853510,	4],
167,	8815479,	4],
167,	7629918,	4],
167,	4538422,	4],
162,	7565414,	4],
164,	8157552,	4],
	8353643,	4],
167,	4932666,	4],
165,	9538431,	4],
	6183762,	4],
169,	4867390,	4],
168,	5524034,	4],
169,	5591111,	4],
169,	5656390,	4],
	6445649,	4],
164,	5722694,	4],
	4538164,	4],
	4406579,	4],
	4669494,	4],
	4867393,	4],
	6511954,	4],
169,	5525577,	4],
169,	5065024,	4],
169,	4734776,	4],
	4669752,	4],
	5788489,	4],
	5195840,	4],
	4603702,	4],
	4274994,	4],
	4932925,	4],
169,	3748398,	4]]

```
### I'm just gonna start by throwing it at a NeuralNetwork
from sklearn import datasets
\  \, \text{from sklearn import preprocessing}
from sklearn import neural_network
X = X_{train}[:,[0,1]]
y = X_train[:,[2]]
clf = neural_network.MLPClassifier(hidden_layer_sizes=(5),max_iter = 10000, random_state = 42)
clf.fit(X,y)
clf.score(X,y)
🕞 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/neural_network/_multilayer_perceptron.py:934: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please ch
     y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
0.28368794326241137
### The neural network didn't work too well. Lets try nearest neighbors
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
#from sklearn import trees
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
clf1 = KNeighborsClassifier()
clf1.fit(X,y)
clf1.score(X,y)
🕒 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/statsmodels/tools/_testing.py:19: FutureWarning: pandas.util.testing is deprecated. Use the functions in the public API at pandas.testing instead
     import pandas.util.testing as tm
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:7: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_sam
     import sys
0.5602836879432624
### now we try naive bayes
from sklearn import naive_bayes
clf2 = naive_bayes.GaussianNB()
clf2.fit(X,y)
🕒 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/naive_bayes.py:206: DataConversionWarning: A column-vector y was passed when a 1d array was expected. Please change the shape of y to (n_
     y = column_or_1d(y, warn=True)
0.4326241134751773
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
import sklearn.tree
clf3 = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth = 3)
clf3.fit(X,y)
clf3.score(X,y)
0.9361702127659575
#### Now that we know that the Decision tree works, we can go ahead and try to use it.
X_{\text{test}} = \text{coincutter}(\text{"classifythis1.jpg",0})
```

```
1500
 ### Creating the test data
X_test = X_test[:,[0,1]]
X_test
                                   163, 4603957],
162, 7432013],
138, 6833460],
  array([[
                                   152, 6839887],
135, 8934970],
                                   130, 7299657],
133, 4206633],
128, 5918528],
124, 8484448]])
 results = clf3.predict(X_test)
 results.shape
  [→ (9,)
total = 0
for i in range(0,results.shape[0]):
    if(results[i] == 4):
        total += 0.25
    if(results[i] == 3):
        total += 0.05
    if(results[i] == 2):
        total += 0.05
        total += 0.01
    if(results[i] == 1):
total += 0.10
 print(total)
  □ 1.01
 ### The real total is 0.88, so this example is not perfect.
def getmoney(image):
    X_coin = coincutter(image,0)
    X_coin = X_coin[:,[0,1]]
    results = clf3.predict(X_coin)
    amount = 0
    amount = 0
for i in range(0,results.shape[0]):
    if(results[i] == 4):
        amount += 0.25
    if(results[i] == 3):
        amount += 0.05
        if(results[i] == 2):
    amount += 0.01
if(results[i] == 1):
    amount += 0.10
print(amount)
     print(X_coin, results)
 getmoney("classifythis1.jpg")
```

The real total for this image is 0.93, so this is inaccurate

Lets try again with one of the larger images
getmoney("24pennies.jpg")

D

```
getmoney("classifythis3.jpg")
                     158 7958620]
164 5919365]
161 4340275]
164 6906709]
128 6373684]
133 3524341]
158 4274477]
142 5964254]
128 8670774]
144 5984834]
120 6182470] [3 4 3 4 1 1 3 2 1 2 1]
            1000
            1500
            2000
            2500
            3000
            3500
                                                                                                  2500
```