If a class have an entity reference, it is known as Aggregation. Aggregation represents HAS-A

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Consider a situation, Employee object contains many informations such as id, name, emailed etc. It contains one more object named address, which contains its own informations such as city,

state, country, zipcode etc. as given below.

String name; Address address;//Address is a class

}

In such case, Employee has an entity reference address, so relationship is Employee HAS-A address. Why use Aggregation? For Code Reusability.

Simple Example of Aggregation Circle Operation op

Operation square(int n) double pi area(intradius)

In this example, we have created the reference of Operation class in the Circle class. class Operation{

int square(int n){

return n*n; } }

class Circle{ Operation op;//aggregation double pi=3.14; double area(int radius){ op=new Operation(); int rsquare=op.square(radius);//code reusability (i.e. delegates the method call).

return pi*rsquare; } public static void main(String args[]){

Circle c=new Circle();

double result=c.area(5);

System.out.println(result);

Code reuse is also best achieved by aggregation when there is no is-a relationship.

lifetime of the objects involved; otherwise, aggregation is the best choice.

Inheritance should be used only if the relationship is-a is maintained throughout the

} } ☑ Test it Now Output:78.5 When use Aggregation?

Understanding meaningful example of Aggregation In this example, Employee has an object of Address, address object contains its own informations such as city, state, country etc. In such case relationship is Employee HAS-A address. Address.java public class Address {

} } Emp.java

String city, state, country;

this.city = city;

public class Emp {

Address address;

this.id = id;

void display(){

this.name = name;

this.address=address;

System.out.println(id+" "+name);

public static void main(String[] args) {

gno UP india

download this example

Address address1=new Address("gzb","UP","india");

Address address2=new Address("gno","UP","india");

int id;

String name;

this.state = state;

this.country = country;

public Address(String city, String state, String country) {

public Emp(int id, String name,Address address) {

}

}

}

}

Emp e=new Emp(111,"varun",address1); Emp e2=new Emp(112,"arun",address2); e.display(); e2.display(); ☑ Test it Now Output:111 varun gzb UP india 112 arun

System.out.println(address.city+" "+address.state+" "+address.country);