

## CS 201 Data Structures II – Spring 2024

Instructor: Dr. Muhammad Mobeen Movania

### Quiz 1 - Solution

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Regn. No. : \_\_\_\_\_

There are two questions in this quiz. Each question carries 5 marks.

Q1) Show how you may implement the deque using

a) the list interface? (2.5 marks)

```
addFirst(x) -> add(0,x)
removeFirst() -> remove(0)
addLast() -> add(size(), x)
removeLast() -> remove(size()-1)
```

b) using 2 stacks? (2.5 marks)

```
class DequeUsingTwoStacks:
    def __init__(self):
        self.front_stack = []
        self.rear_stack = []

    def addFirst(self, item):
        self.front_stack.append(item)

    def removeFirst(self):
        if not self.front_stack:
            # If front stack is empty, transfer elements from rear stack
            while self.rear_stack:
                self.front_stack.append(self.rear_stack.pop())
        if not self.front_stack:
            # If both stacks are empty, deque is empty
            return None
        return self.front_stack.pop()

    def addLast(self, item):
        self.rear_stack.append(item)

    def removeLast(self):
        if not self.rear_stack:
            # If rear stack is empty, transfer elements from front stack
            while self.front_stack:
                self.rear_stack.append(self.front_stack.pop())
        if not self.rear_stack:
```

```
def is_empty(self):
    return not self.front_stack and not self.rear_stack

def size(self):
    return len(self.front_stack) + len(self.rear_stack)
```

$$j=1, n=3$$

	A	P	P	
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Operation	State of ArrayQueue																
remove()	<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td></td><td>P</td><td>P</td><td></td></tr></table> j=2, n=2			P	P												
		P	P														
add('L')	<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td></td><td>P</td><td>P</td><td>L</td></tr></table> j=2, n=3			P	P	L											
		P	P	L													
add('E')	<table border="1"><tr><td>E</td><td></td><td>P</td><td>P</td><td>L</td></tr></table> j=2, n=4	E		P	P	L											
E		P	P	L													
add('T')	<table border="1"><tr><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>P</td><td>P</td><td>L</td></tr></table> j=2, n=5	E	T	P	P	L											
E	T	P	P	L													
add('S')	<table border="1"><tr><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>P</td><td>P</td><td>L</td></tr></table> <table border="1"><tr><td>P</td><td>P</td><td>L</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> j=0, n=6	E	T	P	P	L	P	P	L	E	T	S					
E	T	P	P	L													
P	P	L	E	T	S												
remove()	<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td>P</td><td>L</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> j=1, n=5		P	L	E	T	S										
	P	L	E	T	S												
remove()	<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td></td><td>L</td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> j=2, n=4			L	E	T	S										
		L	E	T	S												
remove()	<table border="1"><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> j=3, n=3 <table border="1"><tr><td>E</td><td>T</td><td>S</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table> j=0, n=3				E	T	S					E	T	S			
			E	T	S												
E	T	S															

b) Show how you can implement the intersection function in USet interface?

(1 mark)

```
def intersection(self, other_set):  
    result_set = USet()  
    for element in self.elements:  
        if other_set.find(element) != null:  
            result_set.add(element)  
    return result_set
```

-----X-----