1. T(n)= O(n2) Q11 This is because for the white loop to's TIM)=O(M) and for the insert operation it's T(n) = O(n) .. the total worst case run time is $T(n) = O(n \times n) = O(n^2)$ 2. T(n) = O(n) This is because for the white loop it's T(n)=O(n) and for the append operation it's Th) =0(1) .. The total worst case run time is T(n) = O(n×1) = O(n) 03. 6) The worst case run time for my function would be (O(n). This is because my function consists of 3 for loops that run parallel 60 each other with each for loop having Th)=0(nx1) =0(n) since the operation inside each loop is O(1). ... the fotal worst case run fine is O(n+n+n) = O(3n) = O(n) Q4. a) The worse worst case run time is if we world have to remove all elements in the hist and the loop would exit once the volve Error is raised. In this case we would have to iterate over the whole list. So T(n)=O(n) for the outer while loop and T(n)=O(n) for the inner remove function. Thus, the total run time in the worst as case would be T(n) = O(nxn) = O(n2). c) The implementation consists of 2 parallel for loops with each having T(n) = 0(1) as inside them for the quantions performed. So for each loops it's TLn) = O(nx1) = O(n). The both worst case run time would be T(n) = O(n+n) = O(2n) = O(n)