



# CSR Synergy Bluetooth 18.2.0

# OBEX Basic Imaging Profile Server

**API** Description

November 2011



# Cambridge Silicon Radio Limited

Churchill House Cambridge Business Park Cowley Road Cambridge CB4 0WZ United Kingdom

Registered in England and Wales 3665875

Tel: +44 (0)1223 692000 Fax: +44 (0)1223 692001 www.csr.com





# **Contents**

1	Intro	roduction	5	5
•	1.1			
		·		
•			5	
2		•	6	
	2.1		6	
	2.2	Reference Model	6	ŝ
	2.3		7	
3	Inter	erface Description	9	Э
	3.1	Common Interfaces	g	9
			S Profile9	
		3.1.2 Activation	g	9
			11	
		3.1.6 Abort Handling	12	2
		3.1.7 Disconnect	12	2
		3.1.8 Disconnect with Automatic Archive		3 4
	3.2			
		3.2.1 Get Capabilities	15	5
			16	
	3.3			
	5.5			
		3.3.3 Get Image	19	9
			19	
	3.4			
		3.4.2 Get Capabilities		1
			23	
	3.5			
		•	25	
		3.5.2 Payload Memory	25	5
4	OBE	EX Basic Imaging Profile Responder Primitive	es26	3
	4.1	List of All Primitives	26	3
	4.2	Common Primitives		3
			28	
			30	
			31 33	
		4.2.6 CSR BT BIPS DISCONNECT	36	6
			D	
	4.3			
	-	<u> </u>	LITIES_HEADER42	



List of Figures  Figure 1: Reference model				CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_OBJECT	
4.3.5 CSR BT BIPS PUSH PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE					
4.3.6 CSR BT BIPS PUSH PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE			4.3.4	CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER	.48 .50
4.3.8 CSR BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_FILE. 56 4.4.1 Remote Camera Primitives. 58 4.4.1 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_HEADER. 58 4.4.2 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_HEADER. 60 4.4.3 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_DEJECT. 60 4.4.4 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT. 64 4.4.5 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT. 64 4.4.6 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT. 64 4.4.6 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER. 66 4.4.7 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER. 70 4.4.8 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER. 70 4.4.5 AUGMBIC ACTION OF THE A			4.3.6	CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE	.52
4.4 Remote Camera Primitives         58           4.4.1 CSR BT BIPS RC GET MONITORING IMAGE HEADER         58           4.4.2 CSR BT BIPS RC GET MONITORING IMAGE OBJECT         60           4.4.3 CSR BT BIPS RC GET MAGE PROPERTIES DIECT         60           4.4.4 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES DIECT         64           4.4.5 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE HEADER         66           4.4.6 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE DIECT         68           4.4.7 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE DIECT         68           4.4.7 CSR BT BIPS RC GET LINKED THUMBNAIL HEADER         70           4.4.8 CSR BT BIPS RC GET LINKED THUMBNAIL DIECT         72           4.5 Automatic Archive Primitives         74           4.5.1 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE LIST & CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE LIST & CSR BT BIPS AA GET MAGE PROPERTIES         77           4.5.2 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES         77           4.5.5 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES         77           4.5.6 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES         77           4.5.6 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED ATTACHMENT         83           4.5.6 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED THUMBNAIL         84           4.5.7 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED THUMBNAIL         85           4.5.8 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED THUMBNAIL         86           4.5.9 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED THUMBNAIL         86           <					
4.4.1 CSR, BT BIPS, RC, GET, MONITORING, IMAGE, DELECT		1 1			
4.4.2 CSR BT BIPS RC GET MONITORING IMAGE OBJECT       60         4.4.3 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES DEJECT       62         4.4.4 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES OBJECT       64         4.4.5 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES OBJECT       68         4.4.6 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE DEJECT       68         4.4.7 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE DEJECT       72         4.4.8 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE DEJECT       72         4.5 Automatic Archive Primitives       74         4.5.1 CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE LIST & CSR BT BIPS AA GET THAGE LIST & CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES       77         4.5.2 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES       77         4.5.5 CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE LIST & CSR BT		4.4			
4.4.4 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HADER					
4.4.5 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_DBJECT					
4.4.6 CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER					
4.4.7 CSR_ST_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER         70           4.4.8 CSR_ST_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_DBJECT         72           4.5.1 CSR_ST_BIPS_RA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_& CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER?         74           4.5.2 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_& CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER?         77           4.5.3 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES         77           4.5.4 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_ROPERTIES         79           4.5.5 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT         83           4.5.6 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL         86           4.5.7 CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE         87           4.5.8 CSR_ST_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE         88           5 Document References         89           List of Figures           Figure 1: Reference model           6. Figure 2: BIPS_state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera         7           7. Figure 3: BIPS_state diagram – Automatic Archive         8           8. Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances         9           9. Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances         9           9. Figure 6: Activation handling with out authentication         10           1. Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication         10           1. Figure 9: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Auto					
4.5 Automatic Archive Primitives			4.4.7	CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER	.70
4.5.1       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_MAGE_LIST & CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER74         4.5.2       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_MAGE_CAPABILITIES       77         4.5.3       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_BROPERTIES       79         4.5.4       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE       81         4.5.5       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT       83         4.5.6       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL       85         4.5.7       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT       86         4.5.8       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT       88         5       Document References       89     List of Figures  Figure 1: Reference model  6. Figure 2: BIPS state diagram — Image Push and Remote Camera.  7. Figure 3: BIPS state diagram — Automatic Archive       8         Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances.  9. Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances.  9. Figure 6: Activation handling.  10. Figure 7: Connection handling without authentication.  11. Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive.  11. Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication.  12. Figure 10: Abort handling.  12. Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive.  12. Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive.  13. Figure 13: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections.  14. Figure 15: Deactivation request handling.  15. Figure 16: Deactivation indication handling.  16. Figure 17: Get Instances QID handling.  17. Figure 19: Image Push Put Linked Attachment handling.  1					
4.5.2 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LAPABILITIES       77         4.5.3 CSR BT BIPS AA GET LIMAGE       79         4.5.4 CSR_BT_BIPS AA GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT       81         4.5.5 CSR BT BIPS AA GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT       83         4.5.6 CSR BT BIPS AA GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL       85         4.5.7 CSR BT BIPS AA DELETE_IMAGE       87         4.5.8 CSR BT BIPS AA_BORT       88         5 Document References       89         List of Figures       89         List of Figures       6         Figure 1: Reference model       6         Figure 2: BIPS state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera       7         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive       8         Figure 6: Multiple application handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 6: Activation handling       10         Figure 6: Activation handling without authentication       10         Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive       11         Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication       12         Figure 10: Abort handling       12         Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive       12         Figure 12: Normal disconnect thandling       13         Figure 15: Deactivation request hand		4.5			
4.5.3       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE       .81         4.5.4       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT       .83         4.5.5       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_TATACHMENT       .83         4.5.6       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL       .85         4.5.7       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_BORT       .88         5       Document References       .89     List of Figures  Figure 1: Reference model  Figure 2: BIPS state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera       .7         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive       .8         Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances       .9         Figure 6: Activation handling       .9         Figure 6: Activation handling without authentication       .10         Figure 9: Connection handling without authentication       .10         Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication       .12         Figure 10: Abort handling       .12         Figure 11: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive       .11         Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive       .12         Figure 13: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections       .13         Figure 15: Deactivation indication handling       .14         Figure 16: Deactivation indication handling       .14         Figure 1			4.5.1 4.5.2	CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST&CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADEI	₹/4 77
4.5.6       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL       83         4.5.6       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL       85         4.5.7       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE       87         4.5.8       CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_BORT       88         5       Document References       89         List of Figures         Figure 1: Reference model.       6         Figure 2: Reference model.       6         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera       7         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive       8         Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 6: Activation handling without authentication       10         Figure 6: Activation handling without authentication       10         Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive       11         Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication       12         Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication       12         Figure 10: Abort handling       12         Figure 11: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive       12			4.5.3	CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES	.79
4.5.6       CSR BT BIPS AA GET LINKED THUMBNAIL       85         4.5.7       CSR BT BIPS AA DELETE IMAGE       87         4.5.8       CSR BT BIPS AA ABORT       88         5       Document References       89         List of Figures       89         List of Figures       6         Figure 1: Reference model       6         Figure 2: BIPS state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera       7         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive       8         Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 6: Activation handling       10         Figure 7: Connection handling without authentication       10         Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive       11         Figure 10: Abort handling       12         Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive 12       12         Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive       13         Figure 13: System MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections       13         Figure 14: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections       14         Figure 15: Deactivation indicati					
4.5.7 CSR BT BIPS AA DELETE_IMAGE       87         4.5.8 CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT       88         5 Document References       89         List of Figures       6         Figure 1: Reference model       6         Figure 2: BIPS state diagram – Image Push and Remote Camera       7         Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive       8         Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances       9         Figure 6: Activation handling without authentication       10         Figure 7: Connection handling without authentication       10         Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive       11         Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication       12         Figure 10: Abort handling       12         Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive       12         Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive       13         Figure 13: System MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections       13         Figure 14: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections       13         Figure 15: Deactivation indication handling       14         Figure 16: Deactivation indication handl					
List of Figures  Figure 1: Reference model					
List of Figures  Figure 1: Reference model					
Figure 1: Reference model	5	Docu	ument l	References	.89
Figure 3: BIPS state diagram – Automatic Archive	Figu	re 1:	Refere		
Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances	•				
Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances	•			•	
Figure 6: Activation handling	•		•		
Figure 7: Connection handling without authentication	•				
Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive	•			· ·	
Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication	•			· ·	
Figure 10: Abort handling	•		,	'	
Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive 12 Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive 13 Figure 13: System MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections 13 Figure 14: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections 14 Figure 15: Deactivation request handling 14 Figure 16: Deactivation indication handling 14 Figure 17: Get Instances QID handling 15 Figure 18: Image Push Get Capabilities handling 15 Figure 19: Image Push Put Image handling 16 Figure 20: Image Push Put Linked Thumbnail handling 17 Figure 21: Image Push Put Linked Attachment handling 17 Figure 22: Remote Camera Get Monitoring Image handling 18 Figure 23: Remote Camera Get Image Properties handling 19 Figure 24: Remote Camera Get Image handling 19	Figu	re 9:	Conne	ction handling with authentication	.12
Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive	•			•	
Figure 13: System MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections	-				
Figure 14: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections	Figu	re 12	2: Norm	al disconnect for Automatic Archive	. 13
Figure 15: Deactivation request handling	Figu	re 13	3: Syste	m MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections	. 13
Figure 16: Deactivation indication handling	Figu	re 14	l: Syste	m MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections	.14
Figure 17: Get Instances QID handling	Figu	re 15	5: Deact	tivation request handling	.14
Figure 18: Image Push Get Capabilities handling	Figu	re 16	3: Deact	tivation indication handling	.14
Figure 19: Image Push Put Image handling	Figu	re 17	': Get Ir	nstances QID handling	.15
Figure 20: Image Push Put Linked Thumbnail handling	Figu	re 18	3: Image	e Push Get Capabilities handling	.15
Figure 21: Image Push Put Linked Attachment handling	Figu	re 19	): Image	e Push Put Image handling	.16
Figure 22: Remote Camera Get Monitoring Image handling	Figu	re 20	): Image	e Push Put Linked Thumbnail handling	.17
Figure 23: Remote Camera Get Image Properties handling	Figu	re 21	l: Image	e Push Put Linked Attachment handling	.17
Figure 24: Remote Camera Get Image handling19	Figu	re 22	2: Remo	ote Camera Get Monitoring Image handling	.18
Figure 24: Remote Camera Get Image handling19	-				
	-				
Figure 25: Remote Camera Get Linked Thumbnail handling20	9	16 24			



Figure 26: Automatic Archive Get Image List handling	21
Figure 27: Automatic Archive Get Capabilities handling	21
Figure 28: Automatic Archive Get Image Properties handling	22
Figure 29: Automatic Archive Get Image handling	22
Figure 30: Automatic Archive Get Linked Attachment handling	23
Figure 31: Automatic Archive Get Linked Thumbnail handling	24
Figure 32: Automatic Archive Delete Image handling	24
Figure 33: Automatic Archive Abort handling	25
Link of Tables	
List of Tables	
Table 1: List of all primitives	
Table 2: CSR_BT_BIPS_ACTIVATE Primitives	
Table 3: CSR_BT_BIPS_DEACTIVATE Primitives	
Table 4: CSR_BT_BIPS_CONNECT Primitives	
Table 5: CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTHENTICATE Primitives	
Table 6: CSR_BT_BIPS_ABORT Primitives	
Table 7: CSR_BT_BIPS_DISCONNECT Primitives	
Table 8: CSR_BT_BIPS_REGISTER_QID Primitives	
Table 9: CSR_BT_BIPS_SECURITY_IN Primitives	
Table 10: CSR_BT_BIPS_CHALLENGE Primitives	
Table 11: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_HEADER Primitives	
Table 12: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_OBJECT Primitives	
Table 13: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_HEADER Primitives	
Table 14: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_FILE Primitives	
Table 15: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER Primitives	
Table 16: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE Primitives	
Table 17: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_HEADER Primitives	
Table 18: CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_FILE Primitives	
Table 19: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_HEADER Primitives	
Table 20: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_OBJECT Primitives	
Table 21: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_HEADER Primitives	62
Table 22: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT Primitives	
Table 23: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER Primitives	
Table 24: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJECT Primitives	
Table 25: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER Primitives	70
Table 26: CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_OBJECT Primitives	72
Table 27: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST & CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER Primitives	74
Table 28: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES Primitives	
Table 29: CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE PROPERTIES Primitives	
Table 30: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE Primitives	
Table 31: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT Primitives	
Table 32: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL Primitives	
Table 33: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE Primitives	
Table 34: CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT Primitives	



# 1 Introduction

# 1.1 Introduction and Scope

This document describes the message interface provided by the OBEX Basic Imaging Profile (BIPS). BIPS conforms to the responder side of the Image Push Feature, Remote Camera Feature and the Automatic Archive Feature, ref. [BIP].

# 1.2 Assumptions

The following assumptions and preconditions are made in the following:

- There is a secure and reliable transport between the profile part, i.e. BIPS and the application
- The BIPS shall only handle one request at a time
- The client only authenticates BIPS doing a connect session
- Bonding (pairing) is NOT handled by the BIPS



# 2 Description

# 2.1 Introduction

The scenarios covered by this profile are the following:

- Usage of a Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device e.g. a camera to send one or more images to another Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device e.g. a mobile phone
- Usage of a Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device e.g. a mobile phone to monitor and capture images on a Bluetooth camera device
- Usage of a Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device e.g. a mobile phone to automatically archive images on another Bluetooth<sup>®</sup> device e.g. a computer

The OBEX BIP server must be activated by the application. When it is activated it is able to provide the application with incoming images and request monitoring images from the application. Furthermore, if an Automatic Archive connection is made the application is able to retrieve images from the client using the server. The scheme used for selecting which images to retrieve from the client is to be determined by the application.

The BIPS provides Service Discovery handling.

The BIPS is handling the interpretation of the OBEX packet.

The application is responsible for handling the indications from the BIPS and sending the correct responses. The response codes used are described in the IrOBEX Specification [OBEX]. The BIPS does not check and verify the data in the responses. Thus, it is the responsibility of the application to make sure that data follows the appropriate standards and formats. For further details on this subject please consult ref. [BIP] and [OBEX].

#### 2.2 Reference Model

The BIPS interfaces to the Connection Manager (CM).

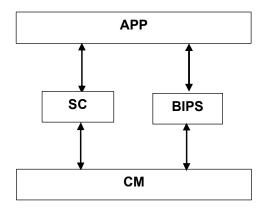


Figure 1: Reference model



# 2.3 Sequence Overview

The BIPS is capable of performing three different roles that are quite separated. For this reason the sequence overview figure is divided into two. Figure 2 illustrates the Image Push and the Remote Camera features and Figure 3 illustrates the Automatic Archive. No matter which feature is going to be used the BIPS starts up being in IDLE state. When the application activates BIPS, the server enters ACTIVE state and is ready to handle incoming requests. The incoming connections are for one specific function, i.e. Image Push, Remote Camera or Automatic Archive. When a connection for Remote Camera is made, only Remote Camera features are available. If Image Push features are needed the profile must be disconnected and an Image Push connection must be established. The server re-enters ACTIVE state when a connection is disconnected, and re-enters IDLE when deactivated.

Automatic Archive in Figure 3 uses two connections to perform its operations. This should, however, be invisible to the application using the profile.

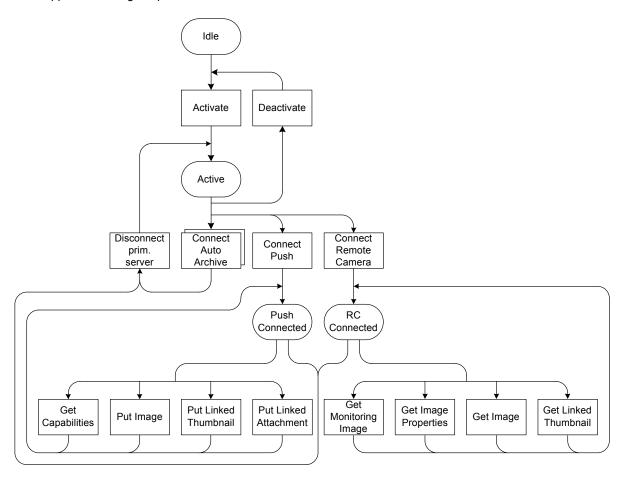


Figure 2: BIPS state diagram - Image Push and Remote Camera



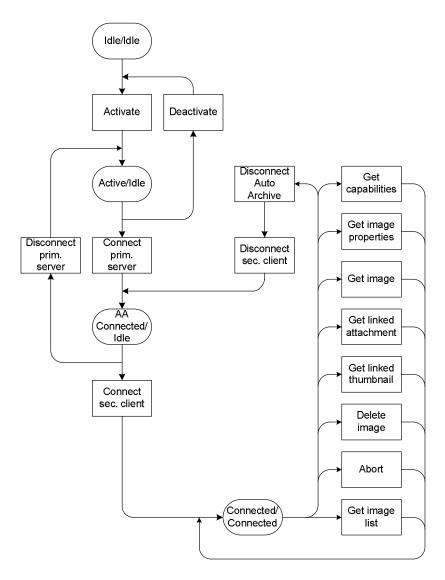


Figure 3: BIPS state diagram - Automatic Archive



# 3 Interface Description

The BIPS can perform three different operations depending on which type of connection is made. Therefore, this section is divided into four parts: a common part that describes the interfaces that are the same for all three session types; Image Push specific interfaces; Remote Camera specific interfaces; and finally Automatic Archive specific interfaces.

#### 3.1 Common Interfaces

The sequences in this section are common to the profile and not dependant on which type of connection is being made.

# 3.1.1 Relations between Application and BIPS Profile

It is possible to run multiple instances of BIPS simultaneously. These instances can be handled by one or multiple application. This is illustrated in Figure 4 and Figure 5 respectively.

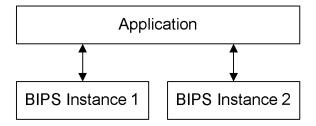


Figure 4: A single application handling multiple BIPS instances

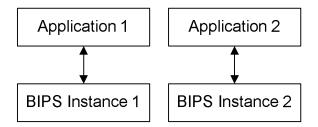


Figure 5: Multiple applications handling multiple BIPS instances

Each instance of the BIPS profile has its own queue id, e.g. if the application must send a message to BIPS Instance 2, it must be put onto the message queue of BIPS Instance 2. The message queues of the different instances may be retrieved by means of the CSR BT BIPS GET INSTANCES QID REQ/CFM messages.

BIPS instance 1 is special because it is the BIP-manager where all other BIPS instances register themselves.

This means that in order to get the BIPS message queue for the given instance the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCES\_QID\_REQ is to be sent to queue ID = CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_IFACEQUEUE.

Csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h defines a BIPS access library, which provides functions for building and sending downstream BIPS primitives. These functions provide a parameter (pHandleInst) which is the queue ID of the BIPS instance that the message is to be sent to. It is the responsibility of the application to remember the instance QID and provide it in all messages.

# 3.1.2 Activation

Sending a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_ACTIVATE\_REQ activates BIPS. The BIPS then registers a Service Record in the Service Discovery Server and make it connectable. The BIPS is now ready to handle incoming requests.





Figure 6: Activation handling

Please note that whether or not the Bluetooth device will be discoverable, i.e. can be found by other Bluetooth devices, it must be controlled by the application. For more information, please refer to [CM]. After initialization of CSR Synergy Bluetooth be device is set up to be discoverable.

#### 3.1.3 Connect without Authentication

When the client is making an OBEX connect request against the server, the first message the application receives is CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_IND, which the application must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_RES message with the appropriate result code. The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_IND contains information about which type of session is requested.

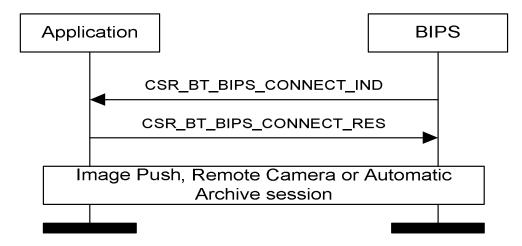


Figure 7: Connection handling without authentication

# 3.1.4 Connect with Automatic Archive

During the connection establishment of the automatic archive the BIPS profile takes full responsibility of establishing the needed primary (green) and secondary (blue) OBEX connection.

The automatic archive session is established under the control of the BIPS profile as follows: The BIP client peer initiates a primary (green) OBEX connection. Following the connect response BIPS awaits the OBEX request 'start archive'. When the start archive request has been received and responded to, BIPS will take the role as client and request a new secondary (blue) OBEX connection. When this is granted the application is finally informed of the automatic archive connection.



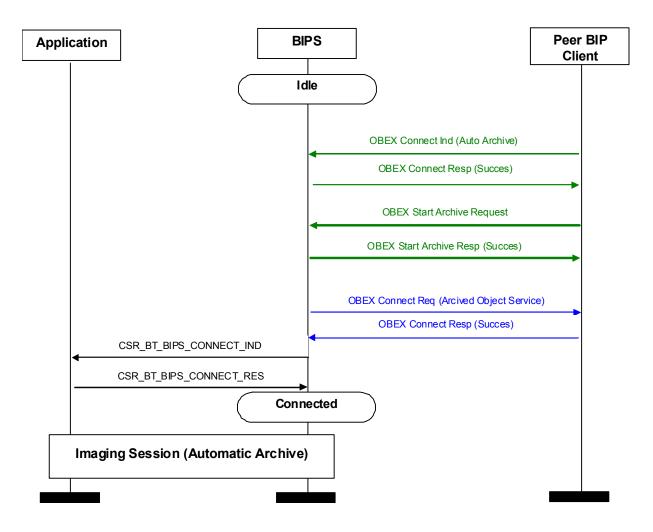


Figure 8: System MSC of the OBEX connections setup needed for Automatic Archive

Upon the establishment of the automatic archive imaging session, the application must take the role of client.

# 3.1.5 Connect with Authentication

If the client doing the OBEX connect request has authenticated the server, the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE\_IND, which the application must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE\_RES message.



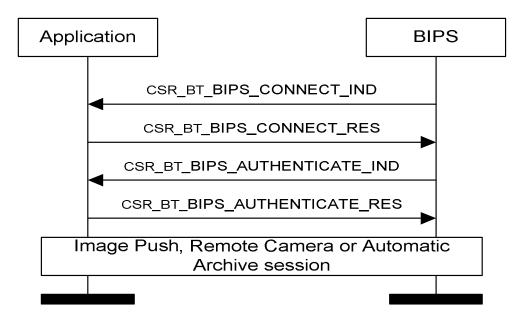


Figure 9: Connection handling with authentication

# 3.1.6 Abort Handling

The orderly sequence of request (from an OBEX client) followed by response (from an OBEX server) has one exception. An abort operation may come in the middle of a request/response sequence. It cancels the current operation. If the client makes an abort request in order to terminate a multi-packet operation before it normally ends, the BIPS will receive a CSR BT BIPS ABORT IND message.

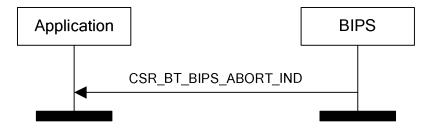


Figure 10: Abort handling

# 3.1.7 Disconnect

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT\_IND message signals the termination of an OBEX session. This signal can come at any time.



Figure 11: Normal disconnect handling for Image Push and Remote Camera, abnormal for Automatic archive



# 3.1.8 Disconnect with Automatic Archive

Due to the role reversal during automatic archive the application is expected to disconnect the image session. For this the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT\_REQ signal is provided.

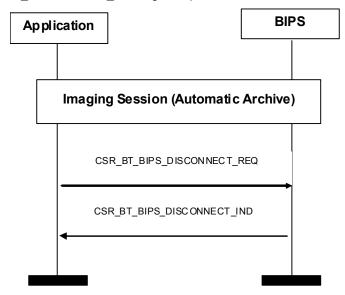


Figure 12: Normal disconnect for Automatic Archive

The system MSC below shows how the secondary (blue) OBEX connection is being disconnected on the initiative of the BIPS profile upon the receipt of the disconnect request from the application. The primary OBEX connection (green) is then expected to be taken down on initiative from the BIP client peer.

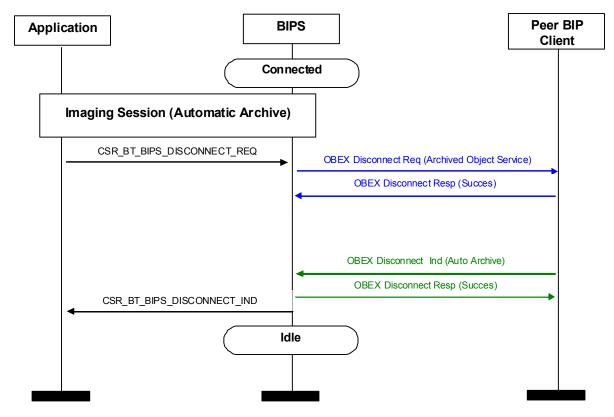


Figure 13: System MSC of the normal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections



In case of an abnormal disconnect of the secondary (blue) OBEX connection, the application is informed immediately and BIPS takes responsibility for waiting for the primary OBEX (green) connection to be disconnected.

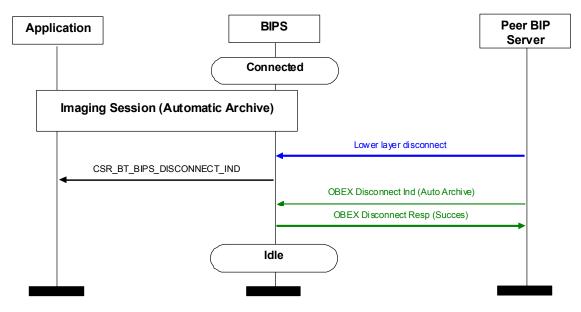


Figure 14: System MSC of the abnormal disconnect scenario showing OBEX disconnections

#### 3.1.9 Deactivation

Sending a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATION\_REQ deactivates the BIPS. This procedure may take some time depending on the current BIPS activity. When deactivated, the BIPS confirms with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_IND message.

Any transaction in progress will be terminated immediately when this message is received by the BIPS.

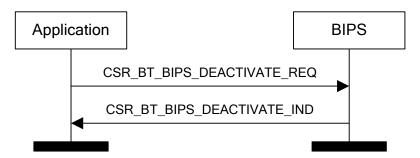


Figure 15: Deactivation request handling

Provided that the service discovery server cannot register the service record for BIPS, or provided that CSR Synergy Bluetooth does not allow any more simultaneous RFCOMM connections, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_IND message.



Figure 16: Deactivation indication handling



#### 3.1.10 Get Instances Identifier

As mentioned earlier most signals require a queue handle, as BIPS is capable of running multiple instances. The application gets this queue handle from the profile by issuing a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCES\_QID\_REQ. This is responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCES\_QID\_CFM containing the queue handles. The application is responsible for remembering this handles and providing it in all signals.

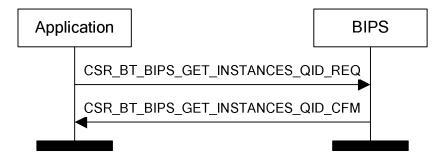


Figure 17: Get Instances QID handling

# 3.2 Image Push Interfaces

The sequences in this section can only occur when the BIPS is connected in an Image Push session. In the Image Push session images are pushed from the client to the server.

# 3.2.1 Get Capabilities

When an OBEX connection for Image Push has been made the get capabilities function is used for retrieving the imaging-capabilities object from BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX get capabilities request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_HEADER\_IND message, which the application must respond with CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_HEADER\_RES with the appropriate result code. If the application accepts the request, it will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT\_RES with the appropriate result code and data regarding capabilities. In case the capabilities object is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT\_RES message sequence is repeated.

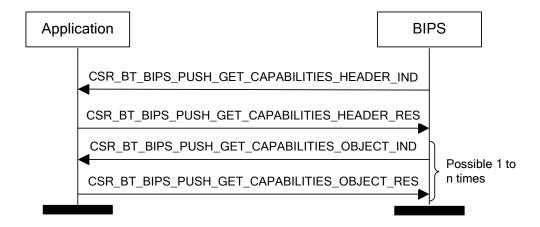


Figure 18: Image Push Get Capabilities handling



# 3.2.2 Put Image

When an OBEX connection for Image Push has been made the put image function is used for pushing an image to BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX put image request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_IND message, which the application must respond with CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_RES with the appropriate result code. If the application accepts the request, it will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_RES with the appropriate result code.

In case the image being pushed is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_RES message sequence is repeated.

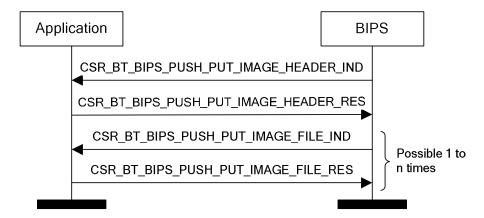


Figure 19: Image Push Put Image handling

BIPS may use the final CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_RES message to request that the client sends the thumbnail version of the image it just received, by replacing the success response code with the partial content response code. This capability is designed for applications that do not have the ability to convert images into the imaging thumbnail format.

#### 3.2.3 Put Linked Thumbnail

If the response code of the final CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_RES message is partial content, the client will push the thumbnail version of the image just being sent to the BIPS. Then the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_RES with the appropriate result code. If the application accepts the request, it will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_RES with the appropriate result code.

In case the thumbnail version of the images is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_RES message sequence is repeated.



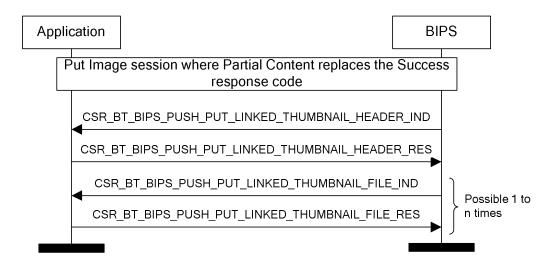


Figure 20: Image Push Put Linked Thumbnail handling

#### 3.2.4 Put Linked Attachment

When an image has been pushed to BIPS, the client might use the Put Linked Attachment function to send the attachments being linked to the image. If the client makes this request the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_HEADER\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_HEADER\_RES message, with the appropriate result code. If the application accepts the request, it will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_IND message, which it must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_RES with the appropriate result code.

In case the attachments being pushed are large enough to require several OBEX packets, the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_RES message sequence is repeated.

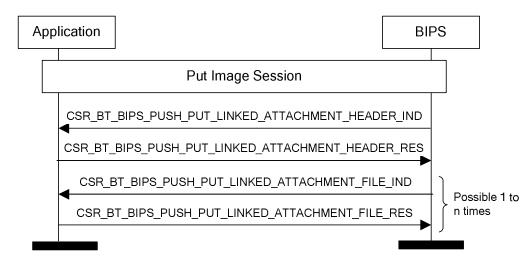


Figure 21: Image Push Put Linked Attachment handling

#### 3.3 Remote Camera Interfaces

The sequences in this section can only occur when the BIPS is connected in a Remote Camera session. In the Remote Camera session the server is most often an image recording device that the client can pull monitoring images and recorded images from.



# 3.3.1 Get Monitoring Image

When an OBEX connection for Remote Camera has been made the get monitoring image function is used for retrieving a monitoring image from BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX get monitoring image request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_IND message, which the application must respond with CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_RES containing an image handle if available. Following this the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_IND message requesting the image data itself. This must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_RES message containing the requested data.

In case the image being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_IND / BIPS CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_RES message sequence is repeated.

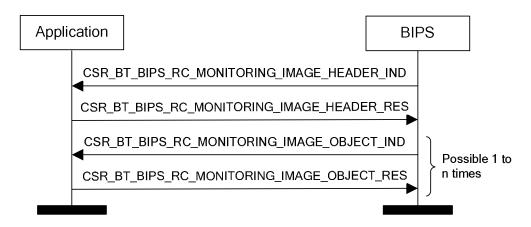


Figure 22: Remote Camera Get Monitoring Image handling

# 3.3.2 Get Image Properties

When an OBEX connection for Remote Camera has been made the get image properties function can be used for retrieving information about a specific image from BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX get image properties request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_HEADER\_IND message containing an image identifier, which the application must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_HEADER\_RES message containing the appropriate response code. Following this the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_IND message requesting the image properties itself. This must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_RES message containing the requested data.

In case the image properties being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_RES message sequence is repeated.



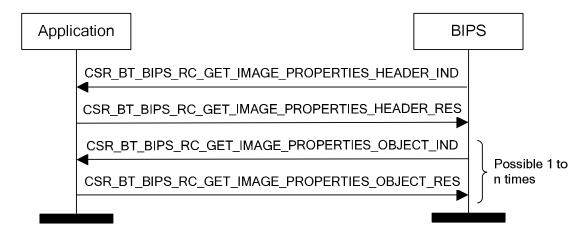


Figure 23: Remote Camera Get Image Properties handling

# 3.3.3 Get Image

When an OBEX connection for Remote Camera has been made the get image function can be used for retrieving a specific image from BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX get image request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_IND message containing an image identifier, which the application must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_RES message containing the appropriate response code. Following this the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_IND message requesting the image itself. This must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_RES message containing the requested data.

In case the image being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_RES message sequence is repeated.

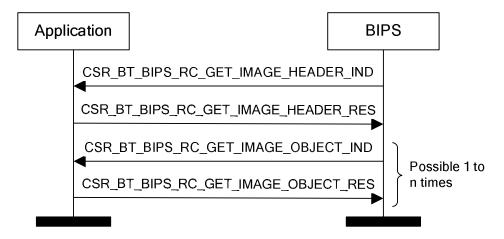


Figure 24: Remote Camera Get Image handling

# 3.3.4 Get Linked Thumbnail

When an OBEX connection for Remote Camera has been made the get linked thumbnail function can be used for retrieving the thumbnail of a specific image from BIPS.

When the client is making an OBEX get linked thumbnail request against the server, the application receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_IND message containing an image identifier, which the application must respond with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_RES message containing the appropriate response code. Following this the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT\_IND message requesting the thumbnail itself. This



must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT\_RES message containing the requested data.

In case the thumbnail being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT\_RES message sequence is repeated.

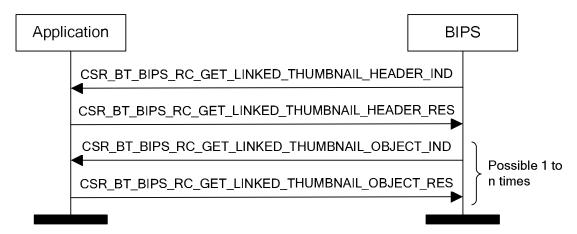


Figure 25: Remote Camera Get Linked Thumbnail handling

#### 3.4 Automatic Archive Interfaces

The sequences in this section can only occur when the BIPS is connected in an Automatic Archive session. In the Automatic Archive session the client asks the server to perform Automatic Archive and the server then retrieves and stores images from the client. In fact the server will start acting as a client and the client will start acting as a server, until the Automatic Archive session is completed.

# 3.4.1 Get Image List

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get image list function can be used for retrieving a list of images available on the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX get image list request against the client, the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_REQ message. This request can specify criteria that the image list must obey, e.g. that it must only contain images of the JPEG format. As a result the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER\_IND message containing the criteria that apply to the image list. This message must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER\_RES message. Following this the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_IND message with image list data, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_RES message. When the whole image list is received the application will receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_CFM message.

In case the image list being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_RES message sequence is repeated.



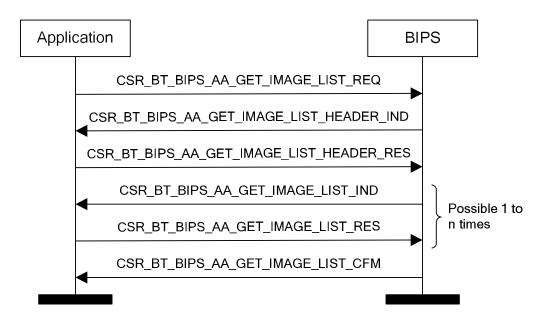


Figure 26: Automatic Archive Get Image List handling

# 3.4.2 Get Capabilities

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get capabilities function can be used for retrieving capabilities of the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX get capabilities request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_IND message containing the capabilities data, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_RES message. When all the capabilities have been received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_CFM message is received.

In case the capabilities object being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_RES message sequence is repeated.

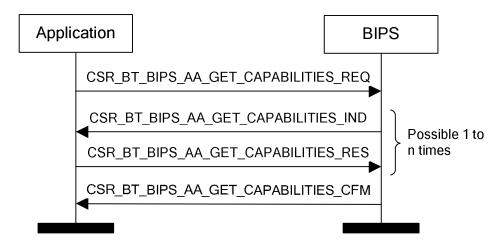


Figure 27: Automatic Archive Get Capabilities handling

# 3.4.3 Get Image Properties

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get image properties function can be used for retrieving image properties on a specific image from the client, using BIPS.



When the application is making an OBEX get image properties request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_IND message containing the properties data, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_RES message. When all the properties have been received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_CFM message is received.

In case the properties object being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_RES message sequence is repeated.

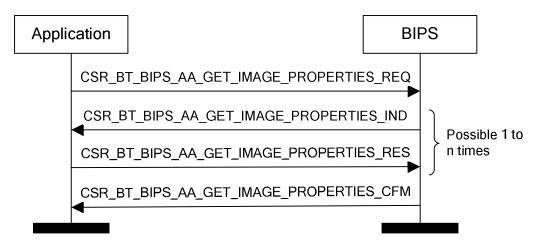


Figure 28: Automatic Archive Get Image Properties handling

# 3.4.4 Get Image

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get image function can be used for retrieving an image from the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX get image request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_IND message containing the image, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_RES message. When the entire image has been received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_CFM message is received.

In case the image being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_RES message sequence is repeated.

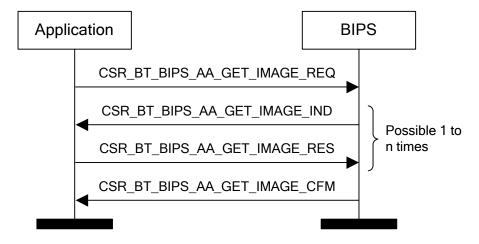


Figure 29: Automatic Archive Get Image handling



#### 3.4.5 Get Linked Attachment

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get linked attachment function can be used for retrieving an attachment associated with an image from the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX get linked attachment request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_IND message containing the attachment, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_RES message. When the entire attachment has been received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_CFM message is received.

In case the attachment being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_RES message sequence is repeated.

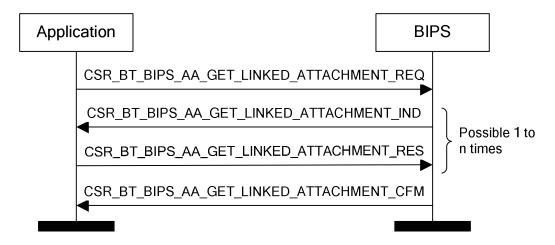


Figure 30: Automatic Archive Get Linked Attachment handling

# 3.4.6 Get Linked Thumbnail

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the get linked thumbnail function can be used for retrieving a thumbnail of an image from the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX get linked thumbnail request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_IND message containing the thumbnail, which must be responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_RES message. When the entire thumbnail has been received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_CFM message is received.

In case the thumbnail being sent is large enough to require several OBEX packets the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_IND / CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_RES message sequence is repeated.



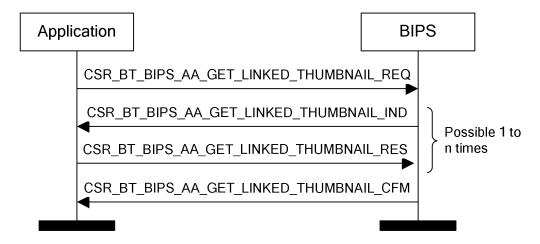


Figure 31: Automatic Archive Get Linked Thumbnail handling

# 3.4.7 Delete Image

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made the delete image function can be used for deleting an image on the client, using BIPS.

When the application is making an OBEX delete image request against the client the application sends a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE\_REQ message. The application will then receive a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE\_CFM message containing a response code indicating the outcome of the attempt to delete the image on the client.

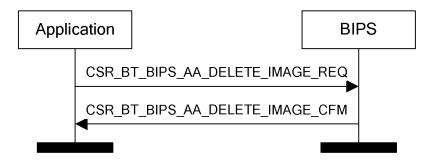


Figure 32: Automatic Archive Delete Image handling

#### 3.4.8 Abort

When an OBEX connection for Automatic Archive has been made and one of the above sequences is ongoing the abort function can be used for aborting the sequence.

If the application wants to abort an ongoing operation the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT\_REQ message can be issued. This is responded with a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT\_CFM message when the operation is terminated. When the confirm is received the profile is ready to start a operation but is still OBEX connected for Automatic Archive.

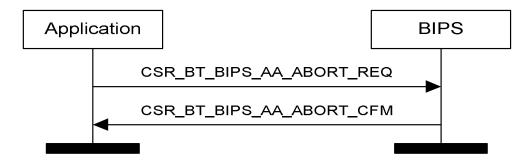




Figure 33: Automatic Archive Abort handling

# 3.5 Payload Encapsulated Data

# 3.5.1 Using Offsets

As many OBEX messages contain multiple parameters with variable length, some of the parameters are based on *offsets* instead of standard pointers to the data. Signals with offset-based data can easily be recognized as they have both a *payload* and a *payloadLength* parameter. The *payload* contains the actual data, on which the offset is based. For example, a typical signal may contain the following:

```
CsrBtCommonPrim type;
CsrUint8 result;
CsrUint16 ucs2nameOffset;
CsrUint16 bodyOffset;
CsrUint16 bodyLength;
CsrUint16 payloadLength;
CsrUint8 *payload;
```

In this example, two offset parameters can be found, namely *ucs2nameOffset* and *bodyOffset*. To obtain the actual data, the offset value is added to the *payload* pointer, which yields a pointer to the data, i.e.:

```
CsrUint8 *ucs2name;
ucs2name = (CsrUint8*) (primitive->payload + primitive->ucs2nameOffset);
```

As can be seen, the offset contains the number of bytes within the *payload* where the information begins. Similarly, the body data can be retrieved using the following:

```
CsrUint8 *body;
body = (CsrUint8*) (primitive->payload + primitive->bodyOffset);
```

And to illustrate the usage of the *length* parameter, which is also a common parameter, to copy the body one would typically use:

```
CsrMemCpy( copyOfBody, body, primitive->bodyLength );
```

Offset parameters will always have an "Offset" suffix on the name, and offsets are always relative to the "payload" parameter.

If the bodyOffset or the bodyLength is 0 (zero), this means that the signal does not contain any body. The same holds when the payloadLength is 0 (zero), which means that there is not payload.

# 3.5.2 Payload Memory

When the application receives a signal which has a *payload* parameter, the application must always free the payload pointer to avoid memory leaks, for example

```
CsrPfree(primitive->payload);
CsrPfree(primitive);
```

will free both the payload data and the message itself. Note that when the payload has been freed, offsets can not be used anymore, as the actual data is contained within the payload.

Signals that do not use the payload parameter must still have each of their pointer-based parameters freed.

Likewise, the profile will free any pointers received as parameters in API signals or functions



# 4 OBEX Basic Imaging Profile Responder Primitives

This section gives an overview of the primitives and parameters in the interface. Detailed information can be found in the corresponding csr\_bt\_bips\_prim.h file and in some cases bip\_common\_prim.h. Like the previous section this section is divided into subsections according to if the primitives are common, Image Push related, Remote Camera related or Automatic Archive related.

# 4.1 List of All Primitives

Primitives:	Reference:
CSR_BT_BIPS_ACTIVATE_REQ	See Section 4.2.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_DEACTIVATE_REQ	See Section 4.2.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_DEACTIVATE_IND	See Section 4.2.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_CONNECT_IND	See Section 4.2.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_CONNECT_RES	See Section 4.2.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTHENTICATE_IND	See Section 4.2.4
CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTHENTICATE_RES	See Section 4.2.4
CSR_BT_BIPS_ABORT_IND	See Section 4.2.5
CSR_BT_BIPS_DISCONNECT_IND	See Section 4.2.6
CSR_BT_BIPS_GET_INSTANCES_QID_REQ	See Section 4.2.7
CSR_BT_BIPS_GET_INSTANCES_QID_CFM	See Section 4.2.7
CSR_BT_BIPS_SECURITY_IN_REQ	See Section 4.2.8
CSR_BT_BIPS_SECURITY_IN_CFM	See Section 4.2.8
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.3.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.3.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_OBJECT_IND	See Section 4.3.2
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_OBJECT_RES	See Section 4.3.2
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.3.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.3.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_FILE_IND	See Section 4.3.4
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_FILE_RES	See Section 4.3.4
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.3.5
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.3.5
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE_IND	See Section 4.3.6
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_FILE_RES	See Section 4.3.6
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.3.7
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.3.7
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_FILE_IND	See Section 4.3.8
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_FILE_RES	See Section 4.3.8
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_MONITORING_IMAGE_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.4.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_MONITORING_IMAGE_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.4.1
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_MONITORING_IMAGE_OBJECT_IND	See Section 4.4.2
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_MONITORING_IMAGE_OBJECT_RES	See Section 4.4.2
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.4.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.4.3
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT_IND	See Section 4.4.4
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_OBJECT_RES	See Section 4.4.4



Primitives:	Reference:				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.4.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.4.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJECT_IND	See Section 4.4.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJECT_RES	See Section 4.4.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.4.7				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.4.7				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_OBJECT_IND	See Section 4.4.8				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_OBJECT_RES	See Section 4.4.8				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_REQ	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER_IND	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEADER_RES	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_IND	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_RES	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_GET_IMAGE_LIST_CFM	See Section 4.5.1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_REQ	See Section 4.5.2				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_IND	See Section 4.5.2				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_RES	See Section 4.5.2				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_CFM	See Section 4.5.2				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_REQ	See Section 4.5.3				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_IND	See Section 4.5.3				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_RES	See Section 4.5.3				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_CFM	See Section 4.5.3				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_REQ	See Section 4.5.4				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_IND	See Section 4.5.4				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_RES	See Section 4.5.4				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_CFM	See Section 4.5.4				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_REQ	See Section 4.5.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_IND	See Section 4.5.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_RES	See Section 4.5.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_CFM	See Section 4.5.5				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_REQ	See Section 4.5.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_IND	See Section 4.5.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINEKD_THUMBNAIL_RES	See Section4.5.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_CFM	See Section 4.5.6				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE_REQ	See Section 4.5.7				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE_CFM	See Section 4.5.7				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT_REQ	See Section 4.5.8				
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT_CFM	See Section 4.5.8				

Table 1: List of all primitives



# 4.2 Common Primitives

This section contains description of primitives that are common to Image Push, Remote Camera as well as Automatic Archive.

# 4.2.1 CSR BT BIPS ACTIVATE

Parameters						4)			
Primitives	type	appHandle	upperDataCapacity	lowerDataCapacity	featureSelection	obexMaxPacketSize	digestChallenge	windowSize	srmEnable
CSR_BT_BIPS_ACTIVATE_REQ	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 2: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_ACTIVATE Primitives

#### Description

This signal is used for activating the BIPS and makes it accessible from a remote device. The process includes:

- Register the OBEX Image Push Server, OBEX Remote Camera and/or OBEX Automatic Archive services in the service discovery database with the maximum memory available for image storage
- Enabling page scan

The BIPS will remain activated until a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_IND is received.

#### **Parameters**

type	Signal identity, CSR_BT_BIPS_ACTIVATE_REQ.
appHandle	The identity of the calling process. It is possible to initiate the procedure by any higher layer process as the response is returned to appHandle.
upperDataCapacity	The value of the maximum memory available for image storage in bytes. The value of this parameter represent bit 32 to bit 63.
IowerDataCapacity	The value of the maximum memory available for image storage in bytes. The value of this parameter represent bit 0 to bit 31.
featureSelection	Holds at least one of the following defines to identify which feature of the profile to activate: CSR_BT_BIPS_IMAGE_PUSH_FEATURE, CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTO_ARCHIVE_FEATURE, CSR_BT_BIPS_REMOTE_CAMERA_FEATURE. If multiple features are to be activated the above defines must be combined using bitwise or, e.g. (CSR_BT_BIPS_IMAGE_PUSH_FEATURE   CSR_BT_BIPS_REMOTE_CAMERA_FEATURE)
obexMaxPacketSize	The value of the maximum size of the OBEX packages to be received. Must be between 255 and 65535.
digestChallenge	Perform authentication challenge of clients when they connect.
windowSize	Controls how many packets the OBEX profile, and lower protocol layers, are allowed to cache on the data receive side. A value of zero (0) will cause the system to autodetect this value.
srmEnable	TRUE enables local support for Single Response Mode (SRM).



If SRM is enabled FTS allows that PUT and GET commands, multiple OBEX request packets (PUT) or OBEX response packet (GET), can be send immediately, without waiting for the remote device.

Please note, SRM can only be enabled if both sides support it. For more information about SRM, please refer to [GOEP2.0].

#### **Library Function**

The library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS ACTIVATE REQ signal:

```
void CsrBtBipsActivateReqSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst,
                               CsrSchedQid appHandle,
                              CsrUint32
                                           upperDataCapacity,
                               CsrUint32
                                           lowerDataCapacity,
                              CsrUint8
                                           featureSelection,
                              CsrUint16
                                           obexMaxPacketSize,
                              CsrBool
                                           digestChallenge,
                              CsrUint16
                                           windowSize,
                              CsrBool
                                           srmEnable);
```

Note that if a device initiates OBEX authentication, interoperability cannot be guaranteed with devices that lack a user interface. Therefore it is recommended that OBEX authentication be turned off.

The pHandleInst parameter is used for indicating the destination BIPS instance of the signal. The remaining parameters are as described in the table above.



# 4.2.2 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE

Parameters		
Primitives	type	pHandleInst
CSR_BT_BIPS_DEACTIVATE_REQ	✓	
CSR_BT_BIPS_DEACTIVATE_IND	1	1

Table 3: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE Primitives

#### Description

This signal deactivates the BIPS. The service cannot be re-activated until after the application has received a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_IND.

The service will no longer be visible to inquire devices and the inquiry and page scan may be stopped (depending on the fact if other services are available or not). The OBEX Image Push, OBEX Remote Camera and OBEX Automatic Archive server services are removed from the service discovery database.

The signal will stop any ongoing transaction.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_REQ/IND.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DEACTIVATE\_REQ signal:

void CsrBtBipsDeactivateReqSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst);

The parameter is as described in the table above.



# 4.2.3 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT

Parameters										
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	deviceAddr	connectType	responseCode	supportedFunctions	length	count	btConnId
CSR_BT_BIPS_CONNECT_IND	✓	<b>√</b>	1	✓	1			✓	✓	✓
CSR_BT_BIPS_CONNECT_RES	1		1			1	1			

Table 4: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT Primitives

#### Description

This signal is indicating that the BIP client is starting a session. The type of session, Image Push, Remote Camera or Automatic Archive, is indicated in the parameters. The application can accept or deny the request and has to return the connectionId received in the indication.

Please note that the maximum size that BIPS can receive from the peer device is always set to CSR\_BT\_MAX\_OBEX\_SIGNAL\_LENGTH is defined in csr\_bt\_usr\_config.h.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR BT BIPS CONNECT IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id tells the recipient of the request which OBEX connection this

request belongs to. The connection Id received in the indication must be returned in

the response.

deviceAddr The Bluetooth address of the device that is connecting

connectType Indicates the type of session, where the following sessions are defined:

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_CONNECT (Image push)
CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_CONNECT (Remote Camera)
CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_CONNECT (Automatic Archive)

These values are defined in csr\_bt\_bips\_prim.h

responseCode For accepting an OBEX connection the code is: CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the OBEX connection request: CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

supportedFunctions An Imaging functions flags that Indicates the function the Imaging (secondary) Server supports. For a detailed description of the Imaging functions flags, please refer to



[BIP].

Please note that this parameter is only valid if connectType equals

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_CONNECT.

length The length parameter contains the length in bytes of the bodies of all the objects that

the sender plans to send. Note this length cannot be guarantee correct, so while the value may be useful for status indicators and resource reservations, the application

should not die if the length is not correct.

If 0 this parameter were not included in the received OBEX Connect Request packet.

count Count is use to indicate the number of objects that will be sent by the sender during

this connection.

If 0 this parameter were not included in the received OBEX Connect Request packet.

btConnId Identifier which shall be used when using AMPM, for more information please refer to

[AMPM].

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS CONNECT RES signal:

The parameters are as described in the table above.



# 4.2.4 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE

Parameters	type	pHandleInst	options	realmLength	* realm	deviceAddr	passwordLength	*password	*userld
Primitives	1	7	U	_	*	0	7	*	*
CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTHENTICATE_IND	1	✓	✓	1	1	1			
CSR_BT_BIPS_AUTHENTICATE_RES	1						1	✓	✓

Table 5: CSR BT BIPS AUTHENTICATE Primitives

#### Description

The indication and response signal is used when the BIP client wants to OBEX authenticate the BIP server. The application has to response with a password or pin number in the password and a userId for client to identify the proper password.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

options Challenge information of type CsrUint8.

Bit 0 controls the responding of a valid user Id.

If bit 0 is set it means that the application must response with a user Id in a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE\_RES message. If bit 0 is not set the

application can just set the userId to NULL.

Bit 1 indicates the access mode being offered by the sender

If bit 1 is set the access mode is read only. If bit 1 is not set the sender gives full

access, e.g. both read and write.

Bit 2 - 7 is reserved.

realmLength Number of bytes in realm of type CsrUint16

Note in this release version the 'realmLength' parameter is always set to 0x0000

\* realm A displayable string indicating for the user which userid and/or password to use.

The first byte of the string is the character set of the string. The table below

shows the different values for character set.

Note that this pointer must be CsrPfree by the application, and that this pointer can be NULL because the realm field is optional to set by the peer device.

Note in this release version the 'realm' pointer is always set to NULL

Char set Code	Meaning
0	ASCII
1	ISO-8859-1



2	ISO-8859-2
3	ISO-8859-3
4	ISO-8859-4
5	ISO-8859-5
6	ISO-8859-6
7	ISO-8859-7
8	ISO-8859-8
9	ISO-8859-9
0xFF = 255	UNICODE

deviceAddr The Bluetooth address of the device that has initiated the OBEX authentication

procedure

passwordLength The length of the response password.

\*password Containing the response password of the OBEX authentication. This is a pointer

which shall be allocated by the application.

\*userId Pointer to a zero terminated string (ASCII) containing the userId for the

authentication.

This is a pointer which shall be allocated by the application.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AUTHENTICATE\_RES signal:

void CsrBtBipsAuthenticateResSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst, CsrUint8 \*password, CsrUint16 passwordLength, CsrCharString \*userId);

The parameters are as described in the table above.



# 4.2.5 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_ABORT

Parameters			
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId
CSR_BT_BIPS_ABORT_IND	✓	1	1

Table 6: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_ABORT Primitives

# Description

This signal is used when a client decides to terminate a multi-packet operation before it normally ends.

Please notice that the orderly sequence of request (from a client) followed by a response (from a server) has one exception. The ABORT operation may come in the middle of a request/response sequence.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_ABORT\_IND.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.



# 4.2.6 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT

Parameters						#
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	reasonCode	reasonSupplier	connectionId	normalDisconnect
CSR_BT_BIPS_DISCONNECT_IND	✓	1	✓	✓	1	
CSR_BT_BIPS_DISCONNECT_REQ	1					1

Table 7: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT Primitives

# Description

This signal is indicating that the OBEX image push session is finished, and is ready for a new one.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT\_IND.

reasonCode The reason code of the operation. Possible values depend on the value of

reasonSupplier. If e.g. the reasonSupplier == CSR\_BT\_SUPPLIER\_CM then the possible reason codes can be found in csr\_bt\_cm\_prim.h. If the reasonSupplier == CSR\_BT\_SUPPLIER\_OBEX then the possible result codes can be found in csr\_bt\_obex.h. All values which are currently not specified in the respective prim.h files or csr\_bt\_obex.h are regarded as reserved and the application should consider

them as errors.

reasonSupplier This parameter specifies the supplier of the reason given in reasonCode. Possible

values can be found in csr\_bt\_result.h

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

normalDisconnect Boolean indication whether the disconnect is normal or abnormal.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT\_REQ signal:

void CsrBtBipsDisconnectReqSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst, CsrBool normalDisconnect);

The parameters are as described in the table above.



# 4.2.7 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCES\_QID

Parameters				
Primitives	type	plp	phandlesListSize	phandlesList
CSR_BT_BIPS_GET_INSTANCE_QID_REQ	<b>✓</b>	✓		
CSR_BT_BIPS_GET_INSTANCE_QID_CFM	1		✓	<b>✓</b>

Table 8: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_REGISTER\_QID Primitives

### Description

This request and confirm is used by the application to learn its own instance ID. This ID must be used in all signals as BIPS is capable of running multiple instances and it is thus necessary to know which instance the signal must be directed to.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_DISCONNECT\_IND.

CsrSchedQid This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is to be sent to. Must

always be CSR BT BIPS IFACEQUEUE.

phandlesListSize Number of phandles that is returned in the

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCES\_QID\_CFM.

phandlesList Pointer to array of phandles for registered BIPS instances. These values must be used

for distinguishing the registered BIPS instances when sending signals to, or receiving signals from them. They are carried in the pHandleInst or qld parameters of the

signals and library functions.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCE\_QID\_REQ signal:

void CsrBtBipsGetInstancesQidReqSend(CsrSchedQid appHandle);

The appHandle parameter is used for indicating the destination BIPS instance of the signal.



# 4.2.8 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_SECURITY\_IN

Parameters						
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	appHandle	secLevel	resultCode	resultSupplier
CSR_BT_BIPS_SECURITY_IN_REQ	✓	1	1	✓		
CSR_BT_BIPS_SECURITY_IN_CFM	✓	1			1	1

Table 9: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_SECURITY\_IN Primitives

# Description

Applications that wish to change the enforcement to a specific profile security level, i.e. authentication, encryption and/or authorisation, can use this API to set up the security level for *new* connections. Note that this API is for the local device only and can be used from within any state.

The CSR\_BT\_SECURITY\_IN\_REQ signal sets up the security level for new incoming connections. Already established or pending connections are not altered.

Note, that any attempts to set security to a less secure level than the mandatory security level will be rejected. See csr\_bt\_profiles.h for mandatory security settings. The default settings used by CSR Synergy Bluetooth are set to require authentication and encryption.

Note that if MITM protection is requested and the remote device does not have the required IO capabilities, pairing/bonding will fail and connections to the remote device *cannot* be made. See [SC] for further details.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity CSR BT BIPS SECURITY IN REQ/CFM.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

appHandle Application handle to which the confirm message is sent.

secLevel The application must specify one of the following values:

• CSR\_BT\_SEC\_DEFAULT : Use default security settings

CSR BT SEC MANDATORY: Use mandatory security settings

• CSR\_BT\_SEC\_SPECIFY : Specify new security settings

If CSR\_BT\_SEC\_SPECIFY is set the following values can be OR'ed additionally:

• CSR\_BT\_SEC\_AUTHORISATION: Require authorisation

CSR BT SEC AUTHENTICATION: Require authentication

 CSR\_BT\_SEC\_SEC\_ENCRYPTION: Require encryption (implies authentication)

• CSR BT SEC MITM: Require MITM protection (implies encryption)

result Standard CSR Synergy Bluetooth result code sent to the appHandle as a response

to the security level request, please see csr bt profiles.h.



# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_INSTANCE\_QID\_REQ signal:

void CsrBtBipsSecurityInReqSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst, CsrSchedQid appHandle, CsrUint16 secLevel);



# 4.2.9 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE

Parameters									
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	deviceAddr	connectType	realmLength	*realm	passwordLength	*password	*userld
CSR_BT_BIPS_CHALLENGE_IND	1	1	1	1					
CSR_BT_BIPS_CHALLENGE_RES	1				1	1	1	1	1

Table 10: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE Primitives

#### Description

If the Server was activated by using the function CsrBtBipsActivateExtReqSend the application will received the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE\_IND before it receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_IND message. This will give the application the possibility of initiates OBEX authentication. The application shall always response a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE\_IND message by using the CsrBtBipsChallengeResSend. If the 'password' parameter in this function is different from NULL the OBEX authentication is initiated otherwise not. It also means that the application is guarantee that it is OBEX authenticated whenever the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_IND is receive. Note that the application must consider itself for disconnected until it receives a CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CONNECT\_IND message and response it with success.

Note that if application initiates OBEX authentication, interoperability cannot be guaranteed with devices that lack a user interface. Therefore, it is strongly recommended that OBEX authentication be turned off.

#### **Parameter**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

deviceAddr The Bluetooth address of the device that is connecting

connectType Indicates the type of session, where the following sessions are defined:

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_CONNECT (Image push)
CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_CONNECT (Remote Camera)
CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_CONNECT (Automatic Archive)

These values are defined in csr\_bt\_bips\_prim.h

challenged Boolean indicating if the peer device has included a valid Authentication Challenge

header in the incoming OBEX packet. If so, this parameter is set to TRUE, otherwise it

is FALSE.

realmLength Number of bytes in realm of type CsrUint16

\*realm A displayable string indicating for the peer device which userid and/or password to

use. The first byte of the string is the character set of the string. The table below

shows the different values for character set.

Note that this pointer shall be allocated by the application, and that this pointer can be

NULL because the realm field is optional to use.

Char set Code	Meaning
0	ASCII
1	ISO-8859-1



2	ISO-8859-2
3	ISO-8859-3
4	ISO-8859-4
5	ISO-8859-5
6	ISO-8859-6
7	ISO-8859-7
8	ISO-8859-8
9	ISO-8859-9
0xFF = 255	UNICODE

passwordLength The length of the challenge password of type CsrUint16

\*password Containing the challenge password of the OBEX authentication. This pointer shall be

allocated by the application in order to initiates OBEX authentication. Note that if this

pointer is NULL OBEX authentication is NOT initiates.

\*userId Zero terminated string (ASCII) containing the userId for the authentication. This is a

pointer that shall be allocated by the application with a maximum of length of

BT\_OBEX\_MAX\_AUTH\_USERID\_LENGTH.

Note that this pointer can be NULL because the userId is optional to set by the peer

device.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_CHALLENGE\_RES signal:



#### 4.3 **Image Push Primitives**

This section contains description of primitives that are specific to Image Push.

#### 4.3.1 CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES HEADER

Parameters					
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_ HEADER_IND	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_ HEADER_RES	1			1	✓

Table 11: CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES HEADER Primitives

# Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client has requested to retrieve the imaging-capabilities object from the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES OBJECT indications/responses, see section 4.3.2.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES HEADER IND/RES.

This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from. pHandleInst

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

For accepting the GetCapabilities request the code is: responseCode

CSR BT OBEX SUCCESS RESPONSE CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetCapabilities request:

CSR BT OBEX FORBIDDEN RESPONSE CODE CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the srmpOn

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the

srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn

parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

api-0119



# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_HEADER\_RES signal:



# 4.3.2 CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES OBJECT

Parameters					ŧ		
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	responseCode	capabilitiesObjectLength	*capabilitiesObject	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_ OBJECT_IND	✓	<b>√</b>	✓				
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_GET_CAPABILITIES_ OBJECT_RES	1			1	1	1	✓

Table 12: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT Primitives

# Description

This signal is part of an operation where the client has requested to retrieve the imaging-capabilities object from the BIP server. The imaging-capabilities object is a mandatory object that describes in detail the various options, formats and attributes that are supported by the BIP server.

An example of an Imaging-capabilities object for the BIP Image Push client is illustrated below:

```
<imaging-capabilities version="1.0">
ferred-format encoding="JPEG" pixel="1280*960" />
<image-formats encoding="JPEG" pixel="160*120" maxsize="5000" />
<image-formats encoding="JPEG" pixel="320*240" />
<image-formats encoding="JPEG" pixel="640*480" />
<image-formats encoding="JPEG" pixel="1280*960" />
<attachment-formats content-type="audio/basic" />
<filtering-parameters created="1" modified="1" />
</imaging-capabilities>
```

For a description of the definition for the imaging-capabilities object, together with the elements, and the attributes used in the imaging-capabilities object, please refer to [BIP].

#### **Parameters**

api-0119

type Signal identity, CSR BT BIPS PUSH GET CAPABILITIES OBJECT IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

responseCode A successful response for an object that fits in one response packet is

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE. If the response is large enough to require multiple CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT packets, only the last response must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE, and the other

must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the  $\mbox{GetCapabilities}$  operation:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE.



The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

capabilitiesObjectLength The length of the capabilities object part being sent.

\*capabilitiesObject The imaging-capabilities object or part of it being sent.

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the

srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn

parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_OBJECT\_RES signal:

void CsrBtBipsPushGetCapabilitiesObjectResSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst,

CsrUint16 capabilitiesObjectLength,

CsrUint8 \*capabilitiesObject,

CsrBtObexResponseCode responseCode,

CsrBool srmpOn);



# 4.3.3 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER

Parameters	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageDescriptorOffset	imageDescriptorLength	ucs2nameOffset	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	imageHandle	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	1	1	1	✓	1			
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_ HEADER_RES	1								1	1	1

Table 13: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER Primitives

#### Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client pushed an image to the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE indications/responses, see section 4.3.4.

An example of an image descriptor object is illustrated below:

```
<image-descriptor version="1.0">
<image encoding="JPEG" pixel="1280*960" size="50000000" />
</image-descriptor>
```

### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

imageDescriptorOffset The image descriptor describes the properties of the image being pushed. An example

is seen above. For a description of the definition for the image descriptor, together with the elements, and the attributes used in the image descriptor, please refer to [BIP].

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image descriptor data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageDescriptorOffset].

imageDescriptorLength The length of the imageDescriptor.

ucs2nameOffset A null terminated 16 bit Unicode text string (UCS2) containing the name of the image

being push to the BIP server. The function "CsrUcs2ByteString2Utf8" can be used for

converting the name from UCS2 into a null terminated UTF8 text string.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the name

starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[ucs2nameOffset].

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode For accepting the PutImage request the code is

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE
The following response codes reject the PutImage request:
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE



CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code: CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAIABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE. The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

imageHandle

The BIP server must assign an image handle to the image being pushed. This is done so the client can send the thumbnail and/or the attachments that might be linked to the image, see section 4.3.5 and 4.3.7.

Image handles are 7 character long strings containing only the digits 0 to 9, and are only required to be unique on the source device. For a description of the imaging handles and an implementation guideline, please refer to [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_RES signal:



# 4.3.4 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE

Parameters										
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	finalFlag	imageFileOffset	imageFileLength	PayloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_ FILE_IND	✓	1	✓	<b>√</b>	✓	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_IMAGE_ FILE_RES	1								1	1

Table 14: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE Primitives

# Description

This signal is part of an operation where the client pushed an image to the BIP server. Please notice that the BIP server may use the response code to request the client to send the thumbnail version of the image it just received. This capability is designed for servers that do not have the ability to convert images into imaging thumbnail format.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

finalFlag Indicates whether or not it is the last part of the image being sent. TRUE indicates that the

last part has been sent.

imageFileOffset The image data being received.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image data

starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageFileOffset].

imageFileLength The length of the image part being received.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode If all of the image is received correctly the

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE or the

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PARTIAL\_CONTENT\_RESPONSE\_CODE response codes must be

returned.

The CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PARTIAL\_CONTENT\_RESPONSE\_CODE indicates that the BIP server requests the thumbnail version of the image just sent by the client. If an operation involves several request/response messages (i.e., the image being transferred does not fit

in one OBEX request packet) the BIP server must respond with the

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PARTIAL\_CONTENT\_RESPONSE\_CODE in the very last packet (where it replaces the CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE). The

intermediate response packets must carry the CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the PutImage request: CSR BT OBEX FORBIDDEN RESPONSE CODE



CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code: CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_IMAGE\_FILE\_RES signal:



# 4.3.5 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER

Parameters		st	bld	dleOffset	ıngth		Sode	
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageHandleOffset	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ HEADER_RES	1						<b>✓</b>	✓

Table 15: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER Primitives

# Description

The Indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client pushes a thumbnail version of the image just being sent to the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE indications/responses, see section 4.3.6.

Please notice that the client uses this operation only in response to a Putlmage response indicating that the BIP server needs the thumbnail version of the image.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request

imageHandleOffset The handle of the images the thumbnail is linked to.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageHandleOffset]. The length of

this data is always 7 bytes as this is the length of the image handle.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode For accepting the PutlLinkedThumbnail request the code is:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the PutlLinkedThumbnail request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAIABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAIABLE RESPONSE CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].



srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_RES signal:



# 4.3.6 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE

Parameters	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	finalFlag	thumbnailFileOffset	thumbnailFileLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
Primitives	tì	d	ပ	fi	Ħ	tl	d	*	L	S
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL _FILE_IND	1	1	1	1	<b>\</b>	1	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_THUMBNAIL _FILE_RES	1								<b>\</b>	1

Table 16: CSR BT BIPS PUSH PUT LINKED THUMBNAIL FILE Primitives

# Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client pushes a thumbnail version of an image to the BIP server.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

finalFlag Indicates whether or not it is the last part of the thumbnail being sent. TRUE indicates

that the last part has been sent.

thumbnailFileOffset The part of the thumbnail being received.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image thumbnail data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[thumbnailFileOffset].

thumbnailFileLength The length of the thumbnail part being received.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode To accept the request the intermediate response packets must carry the

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE (i.e., when the finalFlag is FALSE).

The

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE must be used in the very last

packet (i.e., when the finalFlag is TRUE).

The following response codes reject the PutLinkedThumbnail request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol.



The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_FILE\_RES signal:



# 4.3.7 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_HEADER

Parameters	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageHandleOffset	attachmentDescriptorOffset	attachmentDescriptorLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
Primitives	Ţ.	۵	0	ij	9	9	d	*	L	S
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT_ HEADER_RES	1								1	1

Table 17: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_HEADER Primitives

# Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client pushes attachments associate with an image to the BIP server after the image has been sent to the server within the context of an OBEX session. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE indications/responses, see section 4.3.8.

An example of an attachment descriptor object is illustrated below:

```
<attachment-descriptor version="1.0">
<attachment name="DSCF0001.txt" content-type="text/plain"
size="5000" />
</attachment-descriptor>
```

### **Parameters**

type Signal identity. CSR BT BIPS PUSH PUT LINKED ATTACHMENT HEADER IND/RES. pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from. connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request. imageHandleOffset The handle of the images, which the attachment is associated with. The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageHandleOffset]. The image handle is always of length 7 bytes. attachmentDescriptorOffset The attachmentDescriptor describes the properties of the attachment being pushed. An example is seen above. For a description of the definition for the attachment descriptor, together with the elements, and the attributes used in the attachment descriptor, please refer to [BIP]. The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the descriptor data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[attachmentDescriptorOffset]. attachmentDescriptorLength The length of the attachmentDescriptor. payloadLength The length of the received payload.

Pointer to the received payload.

\*payload



responseCode

For accepting the PutlLinkedAttachment request the code is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the PutlLinkedAttachment request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_HEADER\_RES signal:



# 4.3.8 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE

Parameters										
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	finalFlag	attachmentFileOffset	attachmentFileLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT _FILE_IND	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_PUSH_PUT_LINKED_ATTACHMENT _FILE_RES	1								1	1

Table 18: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE Primitives

### Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client pushes attachments associates with an image to the BIP server.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

finalFlag Indicates whether or not it is the last part of the attachment being sent. TRUE

indicates that the last part has been sent.

attachmentFileOffset The part of the attachment being received.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the attachment file data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[attachmentFileOffset].

attachmentFileLength The length of the attachment part being received.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode To accept the request the intermediate response packets must carry the

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE (i.e., when the finalFlag is FALSE). The CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE must be used in the very last

packet (i.e., when the finalFlag is TRUE).

The following response codes reject the PutLinkedAttachment request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAIABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAIABLE RESPONSE CODE.



The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a PUT Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first PUT response and may be used in consecutive PUT response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a PUT response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_PUSH\_PUT\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_FILE\_RES signal:



# 4.4 Remote Camera Primitives

This section contains description of primitives that are specific to Remote Camera.

# 4.4.1 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_HEADER

Parameters							
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	storeFlag	responseCode	imageHandle	nOdmrs
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	✓			
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_ HEADER_RES	1				1	1	1

Table 19: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_HEADER Primitives

# **Description**

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client requests a monitoring image from the BIP server. In the signal the client can indicate if the image should be stored as a file on the server by setting the storeFlag. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT indications/responses, see section 4.4.2.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

storeFlag Indicates whether or not the camera should record the image when the monitoring

image has been transmitted.

responseCode For accepting the GetMonitoringImage request the code is

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetMonitoringImage request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr bt obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

imageHandle If the storeFlag was set an image file is created and the handle for this file is returned

to the client in this variable. If no image is stored this variable must be empty.



srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the

srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS RC GET MONITORING IMAGE HEADER RES signal:



# 4.4.2 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT

Parameters								
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	allowedImageLength	responseCode	monitoringObjectLength	*monitoringObject	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_ OBJECT_IND	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_MONITORING_IMAGE_ OBJECT_RES	1				1	1	1	1

Table 20: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT Primitives

# Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client has requested a monitoring image from the BIP server. Part of or the entire monitoring image is returned.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_MONITORING\_IMAGE\_OBJECT\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

allowedImageLength Indicates how much data is maximal allowed to return in the response. This must be

obeyed by the application. Please be aware that this number may change from

indication to indication.

responseCode If the image fits in one response or the final part is being transmitted the

responseCode must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE. All intermediate responses must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetMonitoringImage request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol.

The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

monitoringObjectLength The length of the object pointed to by \*monitoringObject. This must not be larger that

the value given in allowedImageLength. If data is larger than this it must be

fragmented and send in multiple signals.

\*monitoringObject A pointer to the monitoring image data itself. Must be fragmented if necessary.



srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS RC GET MONITORING IMAGE OBJECT RES signal:

void CsrBtBipsRcGetMonitoringImageObjectResSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst,

CsrUint16 monitoringObjectLength,

CsrUint8 \*monitoringObject,

CsrBtObexResponseCode responseCode,

CsrBool srmpOn);



# 4.4.3 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_HEADER

Parameters								
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageHandleOffset	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	1	<b>✓</b>	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ HEADER_RES	1						1	1

Table 21: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_HEADER Primitives

# Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client requests image properties of an image on the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT indications/responses, see section 4.4.4.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

imageHandleOffset The handle of the image the client is requesting properties on.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle file data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageHandleOffset]. The

image handle is always 7 bytes in length.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode For accepting the GetImageProperties request the code is

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetImageProperties request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code:

CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].



srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES HEADER RES signal:



# 4.4.4 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT

Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	allowedImageLength	responseCode	propertiesObjectLength	*propertiesObject	smpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ OBJECT_IND	1	1	1	1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ OBJECT_RES	1				1	1	1	1

Table 22: CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE PROPERTIES OBJECT Primitives

#### Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client has requested image properties on an image from the BIP server. Part of or the entire image properties object is returned.

An example of an image properties object is illustrated below:

```
<image-properties version="1.0" handle="1000001">
<native encoding="JPEG" pixel="1280*1024" size="1048476" />
<variant encoding="JPEG" pixel="640*480" />
<variant encoding="JPEG" pixel="160*120" />
<variant encoding="GIF" pixel="80*60-640*480" />
<attachment content-type="text/plain" name="DSCF0001.txt" size="5120" />
<attachment content-type="audio/basic" name="DSCF0001.wav" size="102400" />
</image-properties>
```

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CŠR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

allowedImageLength Indicates how much data is maximal allowed to return in the response. This must be

obeyed by the application. Please be aware that this number may change from

indication to indication.

responseCode If the image fits in one response or the final part is being transmitted the

responseCode must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE. All intermediate responses must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_CONTINUE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetImageProperties request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.



The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type

CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

propertiesObjectLength The length of the object pointed to by \*propertiesObject. This must not be larger that

the value given in allowedImageLength. If data is larger than this it must be

fragmented and send in multiple signals.

\*propertiesObject A pointer to the properties data itself. Must be fragmented if necessary. An example of

the properties object is seen above. For a description of the definition for the image properties, together with the elements, and the attributes used in the properties

descriptor, please refer to [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the

srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn

parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_OBJECT\_RES signal:

void CsrBtBipsRcGetImagePropertiesObjectResSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst,

CsrUint16 propertiesObjectLength,

CsrUint8

\*propertiesObject,

CsrBtObexResponseCode responseCode,

CsrBool srmpOn);



# 4.4.5 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_HEADER

Parameters	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageHandleOffset	descriptorLength	descriptorOffset	payloadLength	*payload	imageTotalLength	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	✓	1	✓	✓	✓			
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_ HEADER_RES	1								1	1	1

Table 23: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_HEADER Primitives

# Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client requests an image file from the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT indications/responses, see section 4.4.6.

An example of the image descriptor object that can be received from the BIP Remote Camera client is illustrated below:

```
<image-descriptor version="1.0">
<image encoding="JPEG" pixel="1280*960" size="5000000" />
</image-descriptor>
```

### **Parameters**

Type Signal identity, CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE HEADER IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

imageHandleOffset The handle of the image the client is requesting properties on.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle file data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageHandleOffset]. The

image handle is always 7 bytes in length.

descriptorLength The length of the image descriptor.

descriptorOffset

The client can supply an image descriptor in the indication. This descriptor specifies which format the client wants to receive the image in. The application is responsible

for making sure that the image obeys these specifications prior to being transmitted.

An empty descriptor is allowed in which case the image is transmitted in its native format.

The descriptor is in XML and the specification of the format is found in [BIP]. Furthermore, see example above.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle file data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[descriptorOffset].

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.



imageTotalLength Holds the total length of the image being sent.

responseCode For accepting the GetImage request the code is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetImage request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the

srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn

parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE HEADER RES signal:



#### CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT 4.4.6

Parameters								
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	allowedObjectLength	responseCode	imageObjectLength	*imageObject	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJ ECT_IND	✓	1	1	✓				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJ ECT_RES	1				1	1	1	1

Table 24: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_IMAGE\_OBJECT Primitives

# Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client has requested an image from the BIP server. Part of or the entire image is returned.

Parameters	
type	Signal identity, CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_IMAGE_OBJECT_IND/RES.
pHandleInst	This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.
connectionId	The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.
allowedObjectLength	Indicates how much data is maximal allowed to return in the response. This must be obeyed by the application. Please be aware that this number may change from indication to indication.
responseCode	If the image fits in one response or the final part is being transmitted the responseCode must be CSR_BT_OBEX_SUCCESS_RESPONSE_CODE. All intermediate responses must be CSR_BT_OBEX_CONTINUE_RESPONSE_CODE.
	The following response codes reject the GetImage request:  CSR_BT_OBEX_FORBIDDEN_RESPONSE_CODE  CSR_BT_OBEX_BAD_REQUEST_RESPONSE_CODE  CSR_BT_OBEX_NOT_ACCEPTABLE_RESPONSE_CODE  CSR_BT_OBEX_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE_RESPONSE_CODE  CSR_BT_OBEX_PRECONDITION_FAILED_RESPONSE_CODE
	If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code:  CSR_BT_OBEX_SERVICE_UNAVAILABLE_RESPONSE_CODE.
	The responseCodes are defined in (csr_bt_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].
imageObjectLength	The length of the object pointed to by *imageObject. This must not be larger that the value given in allowedObjectLength. If data is larger than this it must be fragmented and send in multiple signals.
*imageObject	A pointer to the properties data itself. Must be fragmented if necessary.

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

srmpOn



BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS RC GET IMAGE OBJECT RES signal:



# 4.4.7 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER

Parameters								
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	imageHandleOffset	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ HEADER_IND	1	1	1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ HEADER_RES	/						1	1

Table 25: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER Primitives

### Description

The indication and response signal is the first part of an operation where the client requests an image file from the BIP server. If the BIP server accepts the request from the client the following messages will be CSR BT BIPS RC GET LINKED THUMBNAIL OBJECT indications/responses, see section 4.4.8.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request.

imageHandleOffset The handle of the image the client is requesting properties on.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image handle file data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[imageHandleOffset]. The

image handle is always 7 bytes in length.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode For accepting the GetLinkedThumbnail request the code is

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The following response codes reject the GetLinkedThumbnail request:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_FORBIDDEN\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_BAD\_REQUEST\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE
CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_PRECONDITION\_FAILED\_RESPONSE\_CODE

If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected

with the response code:

CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the



srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

#### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_HEADER\_RES signal:



# 4.4.8 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT

Parameters				ngth		-ength		
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	connectionId	allowedObjectLength	responseCode	thumbnailObjectLength	*thumbnailObject	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ OBJECT_IND	<b>√</b>	1	1	1				
CSR_BT_BIPS_RC_GET_LINKED_THUMBNAIL_ OBJECT_RES	1				1	1	1	1

Table 26: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT Primitives

### Description

This signal is a part of an operation where the client has requested a linked thumbnail of an image from the BIP server. Part of or the entire thumbnail is returned.

Pa	ra	m	Φ.	t۵	rs

Signal identity, CSR BT BIPS RC GET LINKED THUMBNAIL OBJECT IND/RES. type pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from. connectionId The connection Id for this session, the BIP client must use this Id in the request. allowedObjectLength Indicates how much data is maximal allowed to return in the response. This must be obeyed by the application. Please be aware that this number may change from indication to indication. If the image fits in one response or the final part is being transmitted the responseCode responseCode must be CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE. All intermediate responses must be CSR BT OBEX CONTINUE RESPONSE CODE. The following response codes reject the GetLinkedThumbnail request: CSR BT OBEX FORBIDDEN RESPONSE CODE CSR BT OBEX BAD REQUEST RESPONSE CODE CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_NOT\_ACCEPTABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SERVICE\_UNAVAILABLE\_RESPONSE\_CODE CSR BT OBEX PRECONDITION FAILED RESPONSE CODE If the connectionId is invalid it is recommended that the operation is being rejected with the response code: CSR BT OBEX SERVICE UNAVAILABLE RESPONSE CODE. The responseCodes are defined in (csr bt obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP]. thumbnailObjectLength The length of the object pointed to by \*thumbnailObject. This must not be larger that the value given in allowedObjectLength. If data is larger than this it must be fragmented and send in multiple signals. A pointer to the thumbnail data itself. Must be fragmented if necessary. \*thumbnailObject srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, the BIP server can instruct the

BIP Client to wait for the next response packet during a GET Operation by setting the



srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET response, and may be used in consecutive GET response packets to cause the Client to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET response, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_RC\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_OBJECT\_RES signal:

void CsrBtBipsRcGetLinkedThumbnailObjectResSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst,

CsrUint16 thumbnailObjectLength,

CsrUint8 \*thumbnailObject,

CsrBtObexResponseCode responseCode,

CsrBool srmpOn);



# 4.5 Automatic Archive Primitives

This section contains description of primitives that are specific to Automatic Archive. It is worth mentioning that the primitives in this section deviate from the primitives in the previous sections. The reason for this is that the BIP server when connected using the Automatic Archive feature is performing like a secondary client. The secondary client is the one to initiate the actions being performed.

# 4.5.1 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST & CSR BT BIPS AA GET IMAGE LIST HEADER

Primitives	type	pHandleInst	nbReturnedHandles	listStartOffset	latestCapturesImages	imageHandlesDescriptorLength	*imageHandlesDescriptor	imageListingObjectOffset	imageListingObjectLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_REQ	1		1	1	1	1	1						1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_CFM	1	1						1	✓	1	1	✓	
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEAD ER_IND	1	1	1			1	1						
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_HEAD ER_RES	1												<b>\</b>
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_IND	1	1						<b>√</b>	1	1	<b>✓</b>		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_LIST_RES	1												1

Table 27: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST & CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER Primitives

# Description

A typical first operation when performing Automatic Archive is to learn what images are on the BIP client. This is done with the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER. The operation initiated by the BIP server sending CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_REQ and completed when CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_CFM is received. In between these two signals the server will first receive a single CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER\_IND containing information about the image list about to be received. Following this comes one or multiple CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_IND containing the image list itself.

An example of the image handles descriptor object that can be sent to and received from the BIP Automatic Archive client is illustrated below:

```
<image-handles-descriptor version="1.0">
<filtering-parameters created="20070101T000000Z-20070101T235959Z" />
</image-handles-descriptor>
```

An example of the image listing object that can be sent to and received from the BIP Automatic Archive client is illustrated below:

```
<images-listing version="1.0">
<image handle="1000001" created="20070801T0600002" />
```



<image handle="1000003" created="20070801T060115Z"
modified="20070808T101500Z" />
<image handle="1000004" created="20070801T080137Z" />
</images-listing>

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_REQ/CFM/IND/RES

and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_HEADER\_IND/RES.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

nbReturnedHandles This value is in the request used for specifying how many items should be

returned in the image list. In the header indication it is used for indicating how

many items are actually in the image list.

listStartOffset This value is used for specifying what offset in the image list on the client to

start the image list to be returned to the server. E.g. a previous operation could have retrieved the first 10 image list elements. In the second operation this

parameter would then be set to 11.

latestCapturesImages This boolean is used for indicating to the client if the image list should be sorted

descending in respect to capture date.

\*imageHandlesDescriptor.

\*imageHandlesDescriptor A pointer to an image handles descriptor. In the request this descriptor

represents the criteria the server wishes the client applies to the image list before sending it. The descriptor received in the indication is the criteria actually applied by the client. Ideally the two descriptors are identical. Please be aware that the length of this descriptor must not exceed the maximally allowed OBEX

packet size.

An example of an image handles descriptor is seen above. Detailed information

is found in [BIP].

imageListingObjectOffset The image list that describes the images on the BIP Automatic Archive server.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the

image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at

payload[imageListingObjectOffset].

imageListingObjectLength The length of the image list object.

payloadLength The length of the received payload.

\*payload Pointer to the received payload.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client

can instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a

GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the

operation.



### **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_REQ, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_RES and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_LIST\_RES signals:

CsrUint16 nbReturnedHandles,
CsrUint16 listStartOffset,
CsrBool latestCapturedImages,

CsrUint16 imageHandlesDescriptorLength,

CsrUint8 \*imageHandlesDescriptor,

CsrBool srmpOn);



# 4.5.2 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES

Parameters								
Primitives	type	pHandleInst	responseCode	capabilitiesObjectLength	capabilitiesObjectOffset	payloadLength	*payload	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_ REQ	1							1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_ RES	<b>\</b>							1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_ IND	1	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	1	1	<b>√</b>	
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_CAPABILITIES_ CFM	<b>\</b>	<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>	1	1	1	1	

Table 28: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES Primitives

#### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_REQ is used for retrieving the imaging-capabilities object from the Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_REQ/RES/IND/CFM.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in

[BIP].

capabilitiesObjectLength The length of the Get Capabilities object.

capabilitiesObjectOffset Offset (relative to payload) of the imaging-capabilities object or part of it (i.e. in case

of a multi packet operation). An example of a capabilities object is found in section

4.3.2. Detailed information is found in [BIP].

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at payload[capabilitiesObjectOffset].

payloadLength Number of bytes in the payload.

\*payload OBEX payload data. Offsets are relative to this pointer.

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client can

instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a GET

Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to



continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_REQ and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_CAPABILITIES\_RES signals:



# 4.5.3 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES

Parameters	(I)	imageHandle	oHandleInst	oropertiesObjectOffset	oropertiesObjectLength	oayloadLength	, payload	esponseCode	srmpOn
Primitives	type	ima	pHa	bro	pro	pay	ed*	lsə	srm
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ REQ	✓	✓							1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ IND	✓		1	✓	✓	1	✓		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ RES	<b>✓</b>								1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE_PROPERTIES_ CFM	<b>√</b>		1	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	

Table 29: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES Primitives

#### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_REQ is used for retrieving the image-properties object from the BIP Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

Type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_REQ/IND/RES/CFM.

imageHandle The imagehandle is used for identifying the relevant image on the client.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

propertiesObjectOffset Offset (relative to payload) of the properties object or part of it (i.e., in case of a

multi packet operation). An example of a capabilities object is found in section

4.4.4. Detailed information is found in [BIP].

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the

image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at

payload[propertiesObjectOffset].

propertiesObjectLength The length of the properties object.

payloadLength Number of bytes in the payload.

\*payload OBEX payload data. Offsets are relative to this pointer.

responseCode A successful response is CSR BT OBEX SUCCESS RESPONSE CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client

can instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a



GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

#### **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_REQ and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_PROPERTIES\_RES signals:

The parameters are as described in the table above. Note the function CsrBtBipsAaGetImagePropertiesResSend always set srmpOn to FALSE.



# 4.5.4 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE

Parameters	type	imageHandle	imageDestiptorLength	*imageDescriptor	pHandleInst	imageObjectOffset	imageObjectLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	srmpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE _REQ	<b>\</b>	>	1	1							1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE _IND	<b>✓</b>				✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE _RES	<b>\</b>										1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_IMAGE _CFM	1				1	1	1	1	1	1	

Table 30: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE Primitives

#### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_REQ is used for retrieving the image from the BIP Automatic Archive client. The format of the requested image is supplied in the image-descriptor object of the request.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_REQ/IND/RES/CFM

imageHandle The imageHandle is used for identifying the relevant image on the client.

imageDescriptorLength The length of the imageDescriptor.

The function "returnImgDescriptionLength" can be used for returning the

image Descriptor Length.

\*imageDescriptor The image descriptor describes the properties of the requested image.

For a description of the definition for the image descriptor, together with the elements, and the attributes used in the image descriptor, please refer to [BIP].

The function "buildImgDescriptorHeader" can be used for building the

imageDescriptor. An example of a capabilities object is found in section 4.4.5.

Detailed information is found in [BIP].

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

imageObjectOffset The length of the image object.

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the

image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at

payload[imageObjectOffset].

imageObjectLength Offset (relative to payload) of the image object or part of it (i.e., in case of a multi

packet operation).

payloadLength Number of bytes in the payload.

\*payload OBEX payload data. Offsets are relative to this pointer.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure.



The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is described in [BIP].

srmpOn

If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client can instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

### **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_REQ and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_IMAGE\_RES signals:



# 4.5.5 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT

Primitives	type	imageHandle	pHandleInst	fileNameLength	*fileName	attachmentFileOffset	attachmentFileLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	nOdms
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHM ENT_REQ	1	1		1	1						1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHM ENT_IND	1		1			1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHM ENT_RES	1										1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_ATTACHM ENT_CFM	1		1			1	1	1	1	1	

Table 31: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT Primitives

## Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_REQ is used for retrieving a linked attachment associated with an image from the BIP Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

Type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_REQ/IND/RES/CFM.

imageHandle The imageHandle is used for identifying the relevant image on the client.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

fileNameLength The length of the filename of the attachment

\*fileName Pointer to filename of the attachment

attachmentFileOffset Offset (relative to payload) of the image object or part of it (i.e., in case of a multi

packet operation).

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the

image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at

payload[thumbnailObjectOffset].

attachmentFileLength The length of the linked attachment object.

payloadLength Number of bytes in the payload.

\*payload OBEX payload data. Offsets are relative to this pointer.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE. Any

other response code indicates a failure.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client can



instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

# **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_REQ and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_ATTACHMENT\_RES signals:



# 4.5.6 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL

Parameters	type	imageHandle	pHandleInst	thumbnailObjectOffset	thumbnailObjectLength	payloadLength	*payload	responseCode	smpOn
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THU MBNAIL_REQ	1	1							1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THU MBNAIL_IND	1		1	1	1	1	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THU MBNAIL_RES	1								1
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_GET_LINKED_THU MBNAIL_CFM	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	

Table 32: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL Primitives

#### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_REQ is used for retrieving the thumbnail of an image from the BIP Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity,

CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_REQ/IND/RES/CFM

imageHandle The imageHandle is used for identifying the relevant image on the client.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

thumbnailObjectLength The length of the image object,

thumbnailObjectOffset Offset (relative to payload) of the image object or part of it (i.e., in case of a multi

packet operation).

The value in this parameter indicates the offset in the payload data where the

image list object data starts. I.e. the data is located at

payload[thumbnailObjectOffset].

payloadLength Number of bytes in the payload

\*payload OBEX payload data. Offsets are relative to this pointer.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

srmpOn If Single Response Mode is enabled, see section 4.2.1, BIPS secondary client

can instruct BIPC secondary server to wait for the next request packet during a

GET Operation by setting the srmpOn parameter TRUE.

If used, the srmpOn parameter shall be TRUE in the first GET request, and may be used in consecutive GET request packets to cause BIPC secondary server to



continue its wait; however, once the srmpOn parameter is FALSE in a GET request, the srmpOn parameter are consider to be FALSE for the duration of the operation.

### **Library Function**

Library functions are provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_REQ and CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_GET\_LINKED\_THUMBNAIL\_RES signals:



# 4.5.7 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE

Parameters				
Primitives	type	imageHandle	pHandleInst	responseCode
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE_REQ	✓	1		
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_DELETE_IMAGE_CFM	1		1	✓

Table 33: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE Primitives

#### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE\_REQ is used for deleting an image on the BIP Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE\_REQ/CFM.

imageHandle The imageHandle is used for identifying the relevant image on the client.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

responseCode A successful response is CSR\_BT\_OBEX\_SUCCESS\_RESPONSE\_CODE.

Any other response code indicates a failure.

The responseCodes are defined in (csr\_bt\_obex.h) with the following type CsrBtObexResponseCode and can also be found in IrDA Object Exchange Protocol. The meaning of the response codes for the Basic Imaging Profile is

described in [BIP].

### **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_DELETE\_IMAGE\_REQ signal:



# 4.5.8 CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT

Parameters		
Primitives	type	pHandleInst
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT_REQ	<b>✓</b>	
CSR_BT_BIPS_AA_ABORT_CFM	✓	<b>✓</b>

Table 34: CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT Primitives

### Description

The CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT\_REQ is used for aborting an ongoing operation with the BIP Automatic Archive client.

#### **Parameters**

type Signal identity, CSR\_BT\_BIPS\_AA\_ABORT\_REQ/CFM.

pHandleInst This value is used for identifying which BIPS instance the signal is coming from.

# **Library Function**

A library function is provided by csr\_bt\_bips\_lib.h, and should be used for building and sending the CSR BT BIPS AA ABORT REQ signal:

void CsrBtBipsAaAbortReqSend(CsrSchedQid pHandleInst);



# 5 Document References

Document	Reference
Basic Imaging Profile	
Revision V11r00	[BIP]
28 August 2010	
GENERIC OBJECT EXCHANGE PROFILE	
Revision V20r00	[GOEP2.0]
26 August 2010	
IrDA Object Exchange Protocol – IrOBEX	[OBEX]
Version 1.2 or Version 1.5	100-19
CSR Synergy Bluetooth. CM – Connection	ICANI
Manager API Description, doc. no. api-0101-cm	[CM]
CSR Synergy Bluetooth, SC – Security	
Controller API Description, Document no. api-	[SC]
0102-sc	
CSR Synergy Bluetooth, AMPM – Alternate MAC and PHY Manager API Description, api-	[AMPM]
0148-ampm.pdf	



# **Terms and Definitions**

BlueCore®	Group term for CSR's range of Bluetooth wireless technology chips
Bluetooth <sup>®</sup>	Set of technologies providing audio and data transfer over short-range radio connections
BIPS	OBEX Basic Imaging Profile (server)
CSR	Cambridge Silicon Radio
SDS	Service Discovery Server
SIG	Special Interest Group
UniFi™	Group term for CSR's range of chips designed to meet IEEE 802.11 standards
SRM	Single Response Mode
SRMP	Single Response Mode Parameters
GOEP	Generic Object Exchange Profile
AMPM	Alternate MAC and PHY Manager



# **Document History**

Revision	Date	History
1	26 SEP 11	Ready for release 18.2.0



# **TradeMarks, Patents and Licences**

Unless otherwise stated, words and logos marked with  $^{\text{TM}}$  or  $^{\text{®}}$  are trademarks registered or owned by CSR plc or its affiliates. Bluetooth® and the Bluetooth logos are trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc. and licensed to CSR. Other products, services and names used in this document may have been trademarked by their respective owners.

The publication of this information does not imply that any licence is granted under any patent or other rights owned by CSR plc.

CSR reserves the right to make technical changes to its products as part of its development programme.

While every care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the contents of this document, CSR cannot accept responsibility for any errors.

# Life Support Policy and Use in Safety-critical Compliance

CSR's products are not authorised for use in life-support or safety-critical applications. Use in such applications is done at the sole discretion of the customer. CSR will not warrant the use of its devices in such applications.

# **Performance and Conformance**

Refer to www.csrsupport.com for compliance and conformance to standards information.