# Lecture I Machine Learning Basics

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#### Basic concepts

- What is ML?
- What is learning?
  - supervised
  - unsupervised
- What is regression?
- What is classification?

## Machine Learning

- Limitations of explicit programming
  - Spam filter: many rules
  - Automatic driving: too many rules
- Machine learning: "Field of study that gives computers the ability to learn without being explicitly programmed" Arthur Samuel (1959)

## Supervised/Unsupervised learning

- Supervised learning:
  - learning with labeled examples training set

#### Supervised learning

An example training set for four visual categories.



## Supervised/Unsupervised learning

- Supervised learning:
  - learning with labeled examples
- Unsupervised learning: un-labeled data
  - Google news grouping
  - Word clustering

## Supervised learning

- Most common problem type in ML
  - Image labeling: learning from tagged images
  - Email spam filter: learning from labeled (spam or ham) email
  - Predicting exam score: learning from previous exam score and time spent

## Training data set

## AlphaGo

## Types of supervised learning

- Predicting final exam score based on time spent
  - regression
- Pass/non-pass based on time spent
  - binary classification
- Letter grade (A, B, C, E and F) based on time spent
  - multi-label classification

## Predicting final exam score based on time spent

x (hours)	y (score)
10	90
9	80
3	50
2	30

## Pass/non-pass based on time spent

x (hours)	y (pass/fail)
10	Р
9	Р
3	F
2	F

## Letter grade (A, B, ...) based on time spent

x (hours)	y (grade)
10	А
9	В
3	D
2	F

# Next Linear regression

