

$$\int_2^{12} f(x) = \int_2^{12} B_0 + A_1 \sin(\alpha x) + B_1 \cos(\alpha x) + A_2 \sin(2\alpha x) + B_2 \cos(2\alpha x) + A_3 \sin(3\alpha x) + \dots$$

$$\int_2^{12} \sin(ax+b) = -\frac{1}{a} \cos(ax+b) + C$$

$$\int_2^{12} \cos(ax+b) = \frac{1}{a} \sin(ax+b) + C$$

$$\int_2^{12} f(x) = \cancel{A_1} \frac{1}{\alpha} \cos(\alpha x) + B_1$$

$$= B_0(x) - \frac{A_1}{\alpha} \cos(\alpha x) + \frac{B_1}{\alpha} \sin(\alpha x) - \frac{A_2}{2\alpha} \cos(2\alpha x)$$

$$+ \frac{B_2}{2\alpha} \sin(2\alpha x) - \frac{A_3}{3\alpha} \cos(3\alpha x) + \dots + C$$

$$(x=12) - (x=2) = \text{Val.}$$

$$= \frac{-A_1}{i\alpha} \cos(i\alpha x) + \frac{B_1}{i\alpha} \sin(i\alpha x)$$

$$\int_2^3 f(x) = \int_2^3 \frac{1}{x} = \ln 3 - \ln 2 = \ln \frac{3}{2}$$

