```
2: Python Pascal Cheat Sheet
3:
4: maXbox Starter 90 - Python4Delphi CheatSheet. - Max Kleiner
5:
6: "bit or bat" "welcome bitman"
7 :
8:
9: https://my6.code.blog/2021/09/08/improver-4/
10:
11: Maybe you know something like this:
     Exception: <class 'ModuleNotFoundError'>: No module named 'pyquery'.
12:
13:
14: Then you had to install pyquery:
15: C:\Users\Max\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python36-32>
16:
                                          python -m pip install pyquery
17: Collecting pyquery
18:
     Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/58/0b/85d15e21f660a8ea68b1
19: e0286168938857391f4ec9f6d204d91c9e013826/pyquery-1.4.3-py3-none-any.whl
20: Collecting lxml>=2.1 (from pyquery)
     Cache entry deserialization failed, entry ignored
21:
22:
     Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/35/ea/88c9245575f834443976
23: a04356eaac2b3a6b0d7210a65ec5e1cafd5e23fa/1xml-4.6.4-cp36-cp36m-win32.whl (3.2MB)
24:
Cache entry deserialization failed, entry ignored
27:
28:
     Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/3b/d4/3b5c17f00cce85b9a1e6
29: f91096e1cc8e8ede2e1be8e96b87ce1ed09e92c5/cssselect-1.1.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl
30: Installing collected packages: lxml, cssselect, pyquery
31: Successfully installed cssselect-1.1.0 lxml-4.6.4 pyquery-1.4.3
32: You are using pip version 9.0.1, however version 21.3.1 is available.
33: You should consider upgrading via the 'python -m pip install --upgrade pip'.
34: C:\Users\Max\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python36-32>
37: First of all, if you want to install a package especially for 32 bit go to the path where the
   32-bit installation is and call exlicitly the 32bit python exe:
38:
39: C:\Users\Max\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python36-32> python -m pip install pyquery
40:
41: Check the path with path and list the installation with py:
43: C:\Users\Max\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python36-32>py -9
44: Python 9 not found!
45: Installed Pythons found by py Launcher for Windows
46:
47: -3.7-64 *
48: -3.6-32
49:
50: So we test the whole cheatsheet line by line with eval and exec. Eval() function accepts a
   string argument and if the string argument is expression then eval() will evaluate the
   expression. Below I showed an example code.
51:
52: eng.Execstring('from tweetlib import tweetlib');
53: eng.Execstring('tweets = tweetlib.TweetLib(query_search="Programming", since="2021-10-22")');
54: println('tip11 getmytweeets: '+eng.EvalStr('tweets.get tweets()'));
55:
56:
57: Python Cheat Sheet: Functions and Tricks
58: -
59: http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/cheatsheetpython.pdf
60: http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/pydemo13_cheatsheet_Tutorial_90.txt
61: http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/pydemo13 cheatsheet Tutorial 90.htm
62:
63: Begin //@Main
64: //<Executable statements>
65: //https://www.amazon.com/Patterns-konkret-Max-Kleiner/dp/3935042469
67:
68:
     eg:= TPythonEngine.Create(Nil);
69:
     eg.pythonhome:= PYHOME32;
70:
     eg.opendll(PYDLL32)
71:
     //eng.IO:= pyMemo;
72:
     try
```

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73:
         eg.Execstring('import base64'+LF+'import urllib.parse');
 74:
         eq.Execstring('import urllib.request, os, textwrap, json, requests');
         eg.Execstring(REXDEF);
 75:
 76:
 77:
        { eg.Execstring('import nacl');
 78:
         eg.Execstring('from nacl.encoding import HexEncoder'+CRLF+
 79:
                          'from nacl.exceptions import CryptoError'+CRLF+
                          'from nacl.encoding import Base64Encoder'+CRLF+
 80:
 81:
                          'from pydub import AudioSegment'); }
 82:
 83.
        //eg.Execstring('from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA');
 84:
 85:
        println(eq.evalStr('base64.b64decode("2e8WuEr0+5nc14VBxQr014ob6quOTySr")'));
 86.
       //eng.Execstring('priv key = nacl.public.PrivateKey.generate()');
 87:
       //openWeb('http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/cheatsheetpython.pdf');
 88:
 89:
       //# 1.map(func, iter) Executes the function on all elements of iterable
        println(eg.evalStr('list(map( lambda x: x[0],["red","green","blue"]))'));
 90:
 91:
 92:
        >>> ['r', 'q', 'b']
 93:
 94:
       //# 2.map(func, i1,...,Executes the function on all k elements of k iterables
        println(eg.evalStr('list(map(lambda x,y: str(x)+" "+y + "s",[0,2,2],'+
 95:
                                               '[ "apple" , "orange" , "banana" ]))'));
 96:
 97:
 98:
        >>> ['0 apples', '2 oranges', '2 bananas']
 99:
100:
       //# 3.string.join(iter), Concatenates iterable elements separated by string
101:
        println(eg.evalStr('" marries " .join(list([ "Alice" , "Bob" ]))');
102:
103:
        >>> Alice marries Bob
104:
105:
       //# 4.filter(func,iterable), Filters out elements in iterable for func returns False (or 0)
106:
        println(eq.evalStr('list(filter(lambda x: True if x> 17 else False,[1,15,17,18]))'));
107:
108:
109:
110:
       //# 5.string.strip(), Removes leading and trailing whitespaces of string println(eg.evalStr('( " \n \t 42 \t " .strip())'));
111:
112:
113:
114:
115:
       //# 6.sorted(iter), Sorts iterable in ascending order
        println(eg.evalStr('sorted([ 8 , 3 , 2 , 42 , 5 ])'));
116:
117.
118:
        >>> [2, 3, 5, 8, 42]
119:
120:
       //# 7.sorted(iter,key=key) , Sorts according to the key function in ascending order
121:
        println(eg.evalStr('sorted([ 8,3,2,42,5 ], key=lambda x: 0 if x== 42 else x)'));
122:
123:
        >>> [42, 2, 3, 5, 8]
124 •
125:
       //# 8.help(func) , Returns documentation of func
       // println(eg.evalStr('help(''print'')'));
126:
        saveString(exepath+'pyhelp.py', 'help(''print'')');
127:
128:
        print(getDosOutput('py '+exepath+'pyhelp.py', exePath));
129:
130:
        >>> Help on built-in function print in module builtins:
131.
132:
133:
         print(value, ..., sep=' ', end='\n', file=sys.stdout, flush=False)
134:
135:
         Prints the values to a stream, or to sys.stdout by default.
136:
         Optional keyword arguments:
137:
         file: a file-like object (stream); defaults to the current sys.stdout.
138:
                 string inserted between values, default a space.
         sep:
139:
                 string appended after the last value, default a newline.
         end:
140:
         flush: whether to forcibly flush the stream.
141:
142:
       //# 9.zip(i1, i2, ...), Groups the i-th elements of iterators i1,i2,...together
println(eg.evalStr('list(zip([''Alice'',''Anna''],[''Bob'',''Jon'',''Frank'']))'));
143:
144:
145:
146:
        >>> [('Alice', 'Bob'), ('Anna', 'Jon')]
147:
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148:
       //# 10.Unzip, Equal to: 1) unpack the zipped list, 2) zip the result
println(eg.evalStr('list(zip(*[(''Alice'',''Bob''),(''Anna'',''Jon'')]))'));
149:
150:
151:
         >>> [('Alice', 'Anna'), ('Bob', 'Jon')]
152:
       //# 11.enumerate(iter), Assigns a counter value to each element of iterable
println(eg.evalStr('list(enumerate(["Alice","Bob","Jon"]))'));
153:
154:
155:
         >>> [(0, 'Alice'), (1, 'Bob'), (2, 'Jon')]
156:
157:
158:
        You can start your File hosting server by using the following command in the Python
     interpreter :
159:
         # 12.python -m http.server<P>,Want to share files between PC and phone?
160.
161:
        //https://docs.python.org/3/library/http.server.html
162:
         print(getDosOutput('py -m http.server<8080>', exePath));
         ExecuteShell('py', '-m http.server 8080');
163:
164:
165:
        //# 13.Read comic Open the comic series xkcd in your web browser
166:
        //eq.Execstring('import antigravity');
167:
168:
        //# 14.Zen of Python import this
        eg.execString('from this import *');
169:
        println('14. import this: '+CRLF+
170:
              StringReplace(eg.EvalStr('repr("".join([d.get(c,c) for c in s]))'),
171 •
172:
                                                            '\n',CR+LF,[rfReplaceAll]));
173:
       >>> 14. import this:
174:
175:
         "The Zen of Python, by Tim Peters
176:
177:
         Beautiful is better than ugly.
178:
         Explicit is better than implicit.
179:
         Simple is better than complex.
         Complex is better than complicated.
180:
181:
         Flat is better than nested.
182:
         Sparse is better than dense.
183:
         Readability counts.
         Special cases aren't special enough to break the rules.
184:
185:
         Although practicality beats purity.
186:
         Errors should never pass silently.
187:
         Unless explicitly silenced.
188:
         In the face of ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess.
189:
         There should be one-- and preferably only one -- obvious way to do it.
190:
         Although that way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch.
191.
         Now is better than never.
192:
         Although never is often better than *right* now.
193:
         If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad idea.
         If the implementation is easy to explain, it may be a good idea.
194:
        Namespaces are one honking great idea -- let's do more of those!"
195:
196:
        //# 15.Swapping numbers, Swapping vars is a breeze in Python. No offense, Java!
eg.execString('a, b = ''Jane'' , ''Alice'''+CRLF+'a, b = b, a');
197:
198:
199:
       println(eg.evalStr('a, b'));
200:
201:
       >>> ('Alice', 'Jane')
202:
203:
        //# 16.Unpacking arguments, Use a sequence as function arguments!
204 •
       eg.execString('def f (x, y, z) : return x + y * z');
       println(eg.evalStr('f(*[( 1 , 3 , 4 ])'));
println(eg.evalStr('f(**{ ''z'': 4 , ''x'': 1 , ''y'': 3 })'));
205:
206:
207:
208:
        >>> 13
209:
        >>> 13
210:
211:
        //# 17.Generate QRCode!
212:
        eg.Execstring('import psutil');
213:
       eg.Execstring('import pyqrcode');
214:
215:
        eg.Execstring('Qr Code = pyqrcode.create("maXbox4")');
       eg.Execstring('Qr Code.svg("qrmx42.svg", scale=8)');
216:
217:
218:
        >>> http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/grmx42.svg
219:
       >>> http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/grmx42.png
220:
```

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221:
      //# 18.Checking Free RAM
      println('Virtual Mem: '+
222:
223:
                   eg.EvalStr('( import ("psutil").virtual memory())'));
224:
225:
      >>> Virtual Mem: svmem(total=17098358784, available=9643110400, percent=43.6,
                                                 used=7455248384, free=9643110400)
226:
227:
228:
      { eg.execString('import psutil, os')
229:
      eg.execString('adlst = []')
230:
      eg.execString('p = psutil.Process( os.getpid())');
231:
       eg.execString('for dll in p.memory_maps():'+CRLF+' print(dll.path)');
232:
      eg.execString('for dll in p.memory maps():'+CRLF+' adlst.append(dll.path)');
      //println(eg.evalStr(' print(dll.path)'));
println(eg.evalStr('p'));
233:
234 .
235:
      println(eg.evalStr('adlst'));
236:
      println('dll list detect: '+
237:
                  StringReplace(eg.EvalStr('adlst'),',',CR+LF,[rfReplaceAll]));
238:
239:
      { eng.Execstring(DEF RSAKEYS);
           eng.Execstring('d=generate RSA(bits=2048)')
240:
241:
           println('RSA Publickey '+eng.evalStr('d[1]'));
242:
        //# Get the maximum number of complete TODOs.
243:
        //println('user max complete = '+eng.evalStr('top users[0][1]'));
244:
245:
      except
        eg.raiseError;
246:
247:
      finally
248:
        eq.Free;
249:
         //aPythonVersion.Free;
250:
      end;
251:
       //GetJSONData;
252:
       //maXcalcF('2^64 /(60*60*24*365)')
253: //<Definitions>
254: End.
255:
256:
257: New compiled and recompiled for mX4.7.6.10:
258: 13/11/2021 22:31 477,572
                                 fMain.dcu
259: 13/11/2021 22:38 30,865
                                 MathsLib.dcu
260: 13/11/2021 17:01 37,230
                                 neuraldatasets.dcu
261: 13/11/2021 19:38 316,093
                                 neuralnetworkCAI.dcu
262: 13/11/2021 22:35 6,568
                                 PXLTiming.dcu
263: 13/11/2021 22:35 7,434
                                 PythonAction.dcu
264: 13/11/2021 22:35 278,938
                                 PythonEngine.dcu
265: 13/11/2021 17:41 23,968
                                 uPSI neuraldatasets.dcu
266: 13/11/2021 17:53 153,048
                                 uPSI NeuralNetworkCAI.dcu
267: 13/11/2021 17:41 9,359
                                 uPSI neuralthread.dcu
                                 uPSI PXLTiming.dcu
268: 13/11/2021 22:35 8,642
269: 13/11/2021 22:35 175,123
                                 uPSI_PythonEngine.dcu
270: 13/11/2021 22:13 11,007
                                 uPSI uSysTools.dcu
271: 13/11/2021 22:31 2,720
                                 uPSI uWinNT.dcu
272: 13/11/2021 18:46 22,817
                                 uSysTools.dcu
273: 13/11/2021 22:21 2,445
                                 uWinNT.dcu
274: 13/11/2021 22:35 46,234
                                 VarPyth.dcu
275: 13/11/2021 22:35 40,900
                                 OverbyteIcsMimeUtils.dcu
276: 13/11/2021 22:35 77,136
                                 OverbyteIcsUtils.dcu
277: 13/11/2021 18:44 56,530
                                 RegExpr.dcu
278:
279: Script Ref: http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/pydemo13 cheatsheet Tutorial 90.txt
281: https://python.plainenglish.io/13-python-advanced-code-snippets-for-everyday-problems-
     fb9874ea0b18
282: http://www.softwareschule.ch/examples/1073 CAI 3 LearnerClassifier22 Tutor 89 2.txt
283: https://entwickler-konferenz.de/blog/machine-learning-mit-cai/
284: https://www.freecodecamp.org/news/convolutional-neural-network-tutorial-for-beginners/
285:
287: Release Notes maxbox 4.7.6.10 November 2021 mX476
288: *********
289: Add 5 Units + 2 Tutorials
290:
291: 1441 unit uPSI_neuralgeneric.pas; CAI
292: 1442 unit uPSI neuralthread.pas; CAI
293: 1443 unit uPSI uSysTools; TuO
294: 1444 unit upsi_neuralsets; mX4
```

```
295: 1445 unit uPSI_uWinNT.pas mX4
296: Total of Function Calls: 34880
297: SHA1: of 4.7.6.10 CF939E3A8D4723DB1DEF383C5FC961E06728C58F
298: CRC32: 38F88218 30.5 MB (32,022,344 bytes)
299:
300: Appendix: Verifying EU Digital COVID-19 Certificate with Python CWT
301:
302: # 1. Loads a DSC as a COSEKey for verifying a signature in EUDCC.
303: public key = load pem hcert dsc(dsc)
304:
305: # 2. Verifies and decodes a target EUDCC.
306: decoded = cwt.decode(eudcc, keys=[public key])
307:
308: \frac{\#}{} 3. Get the payload of the EUCC. It is a JSON-formatted Electronic Health Certificate as
     follows:
309: claims = Claims.new(decoded)
310: # claims.hcert[1] == decoded[-260][1] ==
311: # {
312: #
            'v': [
313: #
314: #
                    'dn': 1,
315: #
                    'ma': 'ORG-100030215',
                    'vp': '1119349007',
316: #
317: #
                    'dt': '2021-02-18'
318: #
                    'co': 'AT',
319: #
                    'ci': 'URN:UVCI:01:AT:10807843F94AEE0EE5093FBC254BD813#B',
320: #
                    'mp': 'EU/1/20/1528'.
                    'is': 'Ministry of Health, Austria',
321: #
322: #
                    'sd': 2,
                    'tg': '840539006',
323: #
324: #
               }
325: #
326: #
            'nam': {
327: #
               'fnt': 'MUSTERFRAU<GOESSINGER',
328: #
               'fn': 'Musterfrau-Gößinger',
329: #
               'gnt': 'GABRIELE',
                'gn': 'Gabriele',
330: #
331: #
332: #
            'ver': '1.0.0',
           'dob': '1998-02-26',
333: #
334: # }
335:
336:
                    od#HMM6&*MMMH::-
                                   -?Hb
                dHMMMR??MMM? ""
337:
                                        `*HMb
             ~HMMMMMMMHMM#M?
338.
339:
           . / ? HMMMMMMMMMM" * " " "
                                           &MHb.
340:
         / ' | MMMMMMMMMM '
                                            *MHM\
           MMMMMHHM''
341:
                                            . MMMHb
342:
           9HMMP
                   .Hq,
                                            TMMMMMH
            |MM\,H-""&&6\
343:
                                             dMMMMMM
              ""HH#,
344:
                                             MMMMMMM
                  HoodHMM###
                                              9MMMMMH
345:
346:
                     . MMMMMMM##\
                                                *"?HM
347:
                    , HMMMMMMMMMMo\.
                                                   M
                    MMMMMMMMMMMMHo
348:
                                                   M
349:
                     ?MMMMMMMMMMMMM*
                                                   Н
350: |.
                       #MMMMMMMMMMM '
                                                  .M|
                         MMMMMMMMMM*
351:
                                                  ΙP
                                                  , Н
352:
                         MMMMMMMT" I
353:
                         MMMMMH?
354:
                        MMMH#"
355:
                        I MMP '
356:
                         HM:.
357:
                    "-\-#odMM\_,oo==-
358:
359:
360:
             n
                 р
                                             n
                                                 р
                                                        Stemmer more false positive
361:
             е
                 0
                                             е
                                                 0
362:
             g
                 S
                                             g
                                                 S
363:
364: neg |<119>131
                                    neg |<110>140
365: pos |
            5<245>1
                                             5<245>1
                                    pos
366: ----
367: (row = reference; col = test)
368:
```