Welcome to maXbox Code (Blog)

<u>maXbox</u>

EKON 25 – PyPas

Posted on September 3, 2021September 3, 2021 by maxbox4



Imagine you need a 512bit hash (or another master of reality procedure) and you don't have the available function. This time with a small effort to compare Pascal with Python. SHA256 or SHA512 is a secure hash algorithm which creates a fixed length one way string from any input data. OK you start the Python-engine in your maXbox script and load the DLL.

```
1
     eng:= TPythonEngine.Create(Nil);
 2
     eng.pythonhome:= PYHOME;
 3
     eng.opendll(PYDLL)
 4
       //eng.IO:= pyMemo;
 5
6
        eng.Execstring('with open(r"'+exepath+'maXbox4.exe", "rb") as afile:'+
7
                                  fbuf = afile.read()');
        println(eng.evalstr(' import ("hashlib").sha512('+
8
9
                                        'fbuf).hexdigest().upper()'));
10
11
        eng.raiseError;
12
      finally
13
        eng.Free;
        aPythonVersion.Free;
14
15
      end;
```

So we open with with open() 😌 a file to pass *fbuf* to the *hashlib* function, or a bit shorter:

```
println(eng.evalstr('__import__("hashlib").sha1(fbuf).hexdigest().upper()'))
>>> 3E38A48072D4F828A4BE4A52320F092FE50AE9C3
```

It may be important to notice the read function. When it is called with no arguments, like in this case, it will read all the contents of the file and load them into memory. If you need a list of supported hash algorithms in your system use hashlib.algorithms_available.

```
1 | println(eng.evalstr('__import__("hashlib").algorithms_available'));
>>> {'SHA256', 'SHA384', 'md5', 'sha3_384', 'SHA512', 'blake2s', 'blake2b', 'MD5', 'SHA224', 'dsaWithSHA', 'md4', 'MD4', 'sha1', 'sha3_512', 'sha512', 'sha256', 'whirlpool', 'sha384', 'ecdsa-with-SHA1', 'RIPEMD160', 'sha', 'sha224', 'DSA', 'DSA-SHA', 'sha3_224', 'dsaEncryption', 'shake_256', 'SHA1', 'shake_128', 'ripemd160', 'SHA', 'sha3_256'}
```

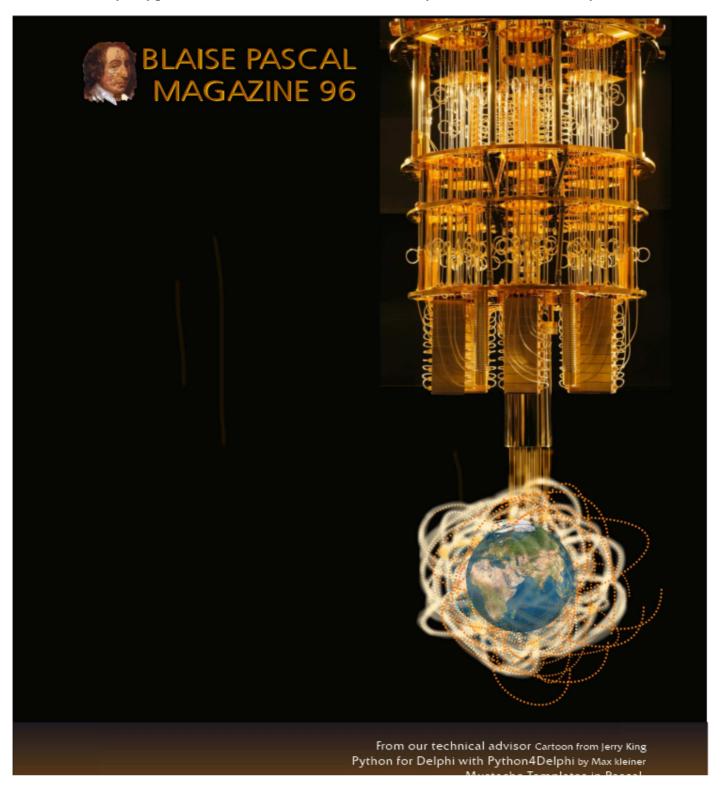
Now lets compare the hash lib with the Advapi32 Dll of Windows:

```
1
     function Advapi32 SHA512: string;
 2
     var shaStr: string;
 3
     begin
4
        writeln('crypcontext: '+botostr(CryptAcquireContext(hProv, '', ''
 5
                                      PROV_RSA_AES, CRYPT_VERIFYCONTEXT)));
6
        writeln('crypcreate: '+
7
          botostr(CryptCreateHash(hProv,CALG SHA512,hkey,0,hHash)));
8
        sr:= filetoString(exepath+'maXbox4.exe');
9
        writeln('crypdata:
10
                    +botostr(CryptHashData(hhash,sr,length(sr),0)));
11
12
        cbHashDataLen:= 64;
        if (CryptGetHashParam512(hHash, HP_HASHVAL,shares4,cbHashDataLen,0))
13
14
15
            for it:= 1 to cbHashDataLen do
              shaStr:= shaStr +UpperCase(IntToHex((shares4[it]),2));
16
17
           result:= shaStr;
18
          end;
19
       println('destroy cryphash-hndl: '+botostr(CryptDestroyHash(hhash)));
20
       println('cryp_ReleaseContext: '+botostr(CryptReleaseContext(hProv,0)));
21
       writeln('SHA512 posttest: '+(binToHEX_Str(shares4)))
22
23
     end;
```

More work but also more versatile. This code assumes that the handle of a cryptographic context has been acquired and that a hash object has been created and its handle (*hHash*) is available. Of course in maXbox or Delphi you can use LockBox.

The routines are unit tested and it compiles and works almost flawlessly on all versions from XE7. All you need is just to adjust the TPLB3.Common.inc file (if required). And one more thing you would probably need is adding {\$Q-, R-} in the INC file – as if you are testing your projects with range (http://docwiki.embarcadero.com/RADStudio/Berlin/en/Range_checking) and overflow (<a href="http://docwiki.embarcadero.com/RADStudio/Berlin/en/Overflow_checking_(Delphi)) check (which should be enabled for debugging).

LockBox3 is a Delphi library for cryptography. It provides support for AES, DES, 3DES, Blowfish, Twofish, SHA, MD5, a variety of chaining modes, RSA digital signature and verification. For Lazarus I installed correctly CryptoLib4Pascal; but I don't know exactly how to use this library.



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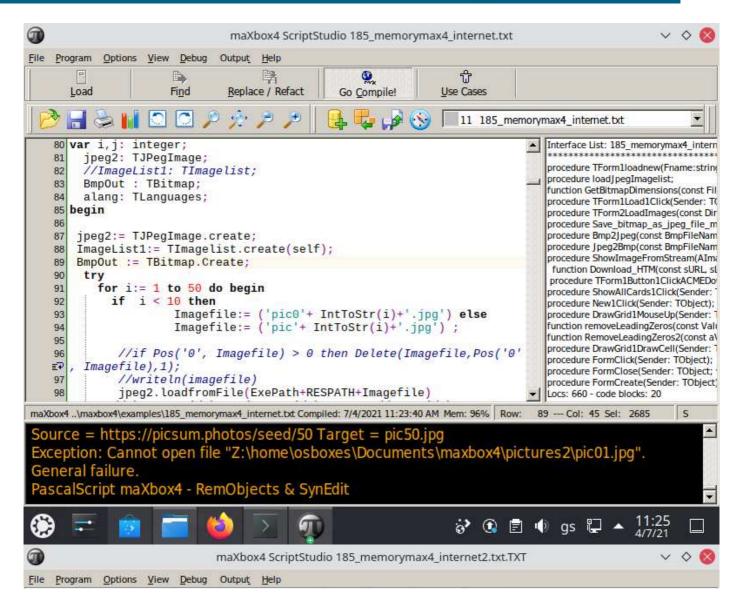
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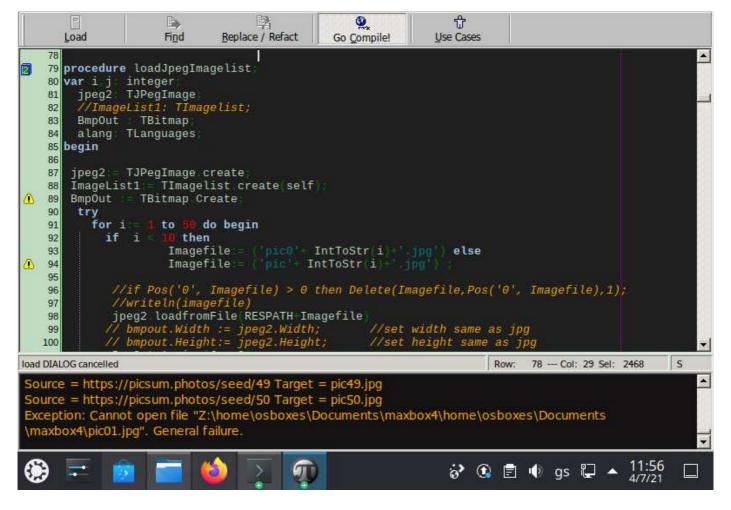


SESSION Python4Delphi

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maXbox4 on Kubuntu with Wine

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One thought on "EKON 25 – PyPas"

```
maxbox4 says:
September 4, 2021 at 7:48 am Edit
For chacking your Python installat
```

For checking your Python installation:

//if PythonVersionFromPath(PYHOME, aPythonVersion, false) then begin if GetLatestRegisteredPythonVersion(aPythonVersion) then begin aPythonVersion.AssignTo(eng); writeln('APIVersion: '+itoa(TPythonEngine(eng).APIVersion)); writeln('RegVersion: '+TPythonEngine(eng).RegVersion);

writeln('RegVersion: '+TPythonEngine(eng).DLLName):

writeln('RegVersion: '+TPythonEngine(eng).DLLName);

//TPythonEngine(PythonEngine).LoadDLL;

end;

1.

REPLY

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