CEWP Data Source Audit

Spatio-Temporal Resolutions & Imputation Methods

Pipeline Version	December 2025
Target Region	Central African Republic (CAR)
Analysis Grid	H3 Resolution 5 (~10km hexagonal cells)
Grid Coverage	3,407 cells
Temporal Spine	14-day intervals aligned to 2000-01-01
Generated	2025-12-08 19:07

Executive Summary

This audit documents all data sources integrated into the Conflict Early Warning Pipeline (CEWP), detailing their native resolutions, pipeline transformations, and imputation strategies for missing values.

Category	Sources	Native Resolution	Target Resolution
Environmental	7	100m – 5km, hourly/daily	H3-5, 14-day
Conflict & Events	3	Point, daily	H3-5, 14-day
Socio-Political	3	Admin-1, annual	H3-5, 14-day
Economic	2	National, daily	National, 14-day
Infrastructure	5	Point/polygon, static	H3-5, static
Demographics	1	100m, annual	H3-5, annual

Table 1: Data source categories with resolution transformations

1. Environmental Data

Environmental variables are aggregated from Google Earth Engine collections to H3 resolution 5 with 14-day temporal windows. Server-side processing reduces data transfer and enables efficient historical analysis.

1.1 CHIRPS Precipitation

Parameter	Value
Source	UCSB-CHG/CHIRPS/DAILY (via GEE)
Native Spatial	0.05° (~5.5km)
Native Temporal	Daily
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal mean, 14-day sum
Output Column	precip_mean_depth_mm
Imputation	Forward-fill (limit=4 steps / 56 days)
Coverage	1981–present

1.2 ERA5-Land Climate

Parameter	Value
Source	ECMWF/ERA5_LAND/HOURLY (via GEE)
Native Spatial	0.1° (~11km)
Native Temporal	Hourly
Variables	Temperature (2m), Dewpoint (2m), Soil Moisture (Layer 1)
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal mean, 14-day mean
Output Columns	temp_mean, dew_mean, soil_moisture_mean
Imputation	Forward-fill (limit=4 steps)
Coverage	1950–present (~5-day lag)

1.3 MODIS Vegetation (NDVI)

Parameter	Value
Source	MODIS/061/MCD43A4 (via GEE)

Parameter	Value
Native Spatial	500m
Native Temporal	Daily (16-day composite)
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal max, 14-day max
Output Column	ndvi_max
Imputation	Forward-fill (limit=4 steps)
Notes	NDVI = (NIR - Red) / (NIR + Red); range [-1, 1]

1.4 VIIRS Nighttime Lights

Parameter	Value
Source	NASA/VIIRS/002/VNP46A2 (via GEE)
Native Spatial	500m
Native Temporal	Daily
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal mean, 14-day mean
Output Column	ntl_mean
Imputation	Forward-fill (limit=4 steps)
Coverage	2012–present
Notes	DNB_BRDF_Corrected_NTL band; pre-2012 years have no data

1.5 JRC Global Surface Water

Parameter	Value
Source	JRC/GSW1_4/MonthlyHistory (pre-2022) or Landsat 8/9 (2022+)
Native Spatial	30m
Native Temporal	Monthly (JRC) / Daily composite (Landsat)
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal mean + max, 14-day
Output Columns	water_local_mean, water_local_max
Imputation	Forward-fill (limit=4 steps)

Parameter	Value
Notes	Binary water detection (MNDWI > 0.1 for Landsat)

2. Conflict & Event Data

Event data is aggregated from point locations to H3 cells with 14-day temporal windows. Missing values are zero-filled under the assumption that no recorded event equals no event occurrence.

2.1 ACLED (Armed Conflict Location & Event Data)

Parameter	Value
Source	Local CSV (data/raw/acled.csv)
Native Spatial	Point (lat/lon, geo_precision 1-3)
Native Temporal	Daily (event_date)
Aggregation	H3-5 point-in-polygon, 14-day sum
Output Columns	fatalities_14d_sum, protest_count, riot_count, violence_event_count
Imputation	Zero-fill for missing (no events = 0)
Coverage	1997–present (CAR: 2000+)
Volume	7,584 events in CAR

2.2 GDELT (Global Database of Events, Language, and Tone)

Parameter	Value
Source	BigQuery gdelt-bq.gdeltv2.events
Native Spatial	Point (Actor1Geo_Lat/Lon)
Native Temporal	Daily (SQLDATE)
Aggregation	H3-5 point-in-polygon, 14-day sum/mean
Output Columns	gdelt_event_count, gdelt_goldstein_mean, gdelt_mentions_total, gdelt_avg_tone
Imputation	Zero-fill for missing
Coverage	2015–present (v2)
Volume	162,116 feature rows for CAR
Notes	Uses FIPS code "CT" for CAR

2.3 IODA (Internet Outage Detection & Analysis)

Parameter	Value
Source	Georgia Tech IODA API
Native Spatial	Country or Admin-1 region
Native Temporal	Event-based (start/end timestamps)
Aggregation	Admin-1 → H3-5 polygon overlay, daily binary
Output Column	ioda_outage_detected
Imputation	Zero-fill (no outage = 0)
Coverage	2016–present
Volume	798,015 H3-daily records
Notes	Disaggregated via Admin-1 shapefile

3. Socio-Political Data

Socio-political data requires spatial disaggregation from administrative boundaries to H3 cells. These sources capture ethnic power dynamics, displacement patterns, and food security conditions.

3.1 EPR (Ethnic Power Relations)

Parameter	Value
Source	ETH Zurich EPR-2021 (CSV + GeoJSON)
Native Spatial	Ethnic group polygon (GeoEPR)
Native Temporal	Annual (from-to year ranges)
Aggregation	Polygon → H3-5 via polygon_to_cells(), annual
Output Columns	ethnic_group_count, epr_excluded_groups_count, epr_status_mean, epr_horizontal_inequality
Imputation	Zero-fill for cells outside any ethnic polygon
Coverage	1946–2021 (expanded year-by-year)
Volume	27 polygons in CAR; 282 group-year records

3.2 IOM DTM (Displacement Tracking Matrix)

Parameter	Value
Source	IOM DTM API v3
Native Spatial	Admin-2 (sub-prefecture) or Admin-1
Native Temporal	Survey rounds (irregular, ~quarterly)
Aggregation	Admin-2 → H3-5 via area-weighted density, 14-day
Output Column	iom_displacement_sum
Imputation	Zero-fill between survey rounds
Coverage	2014–present
Volume	3,735 Admin-2 records → 40,141 H3 records
Notes	Fallback to Admin-1 if Admin-2 unavailable

3.3 FEWS NET IPC (Food Security Phases)

Parameter	Value
Source	FEWS NET Data Warehouse API
Native Spatial	Admin-1 (prefecture)
Native Temporal	Quarterly projections
Aggregation	Admin-1 → H3-5 via polygon overlay, 14-day max
Output Column	ipc_phase_class (1-5 scale)
Imputation	Constant=0 before 2009-01-01 (pre-IPC era); forward-fill after
Coverage	2009–present
Notes	Requires FEWS_NET_TOKEN in .env

4. Economic Data

Economic indicators are non-spatial (global commodities) or market-specific (food prices). These are joined to all H3 cells uniformly or via market proximity.

4.1 Yahoo Finance Commodities

Parameter	Value
Source	yfinance Python package
Tickers	GC=F (Gold), CL=F (Oil), ^GSPC (S&P 500), EURUSD=X
Native Spatial	Global (non-spatial)
Native Temporal	Daily (trading days)
Aggregation	National-level, 14-day mean
Output Column	commodity_gold_price_usd
Imputation	Forward-fill for non-trading days
Coverage	2000-08-30 (Gold futures) to present
Volume	69,987 records uploaded

4.2 FEWS NET Market Prices

Parameter	Value
Source	FEWS NET Data Warehouse API
Native Spatial	Market locations (10 markets in CAR)
Native Temporal	Monthly
Aggregation	Market → nearest H3-5 cell, 14-day
Output Columns	Market-specific price features
Imputation	Forward-fill
Coverage	2015–present
Notes	Requires FEWS_NET_TOKEN

5. Infrastructure & Geography (Static)

Static infrastructure features are computed once and joined to all temporal observations. Distance calculations use cKDTree for efficient nearest-neighbor queries.

Data Source	Native Resolution	Output Features	Notes
Copernicus DEM	90m raster	elevation_mean, slope_mean, terrain_ruggedness_index	Via Sentinel Hub
GRIP4 Roads	Polyline network	dist_to_road (km)	PBL Region 3 (Africa)
HydroRIVERS	Polyline network	dist_to_river (km)	Stream order ≥ 3; 8,811 segments
IPIS Mining Sites	Point locations	dist_to_diamond_mine, dist_to_gold_mine (km)	314 sites → 125 H3 cells
OSM Settlements	Point locations	dist_to_city, dist_to_capital (km)	Via HDX

Table 2: Static infrastructure data sources and derived features

6. Demographics

6.1 WorldPop Population

Parameter	Value
Source	WorldPop 100m constrained (R2025A)
Native Spatial	100m raster
Native Temporal	Annual
Aggregation	H3-5 zonal sum, annual
Output Columns	pop_count, pop_log
Imputation	Forward-fill within year; backward extrapolation (2.5% annual growth) pre-2015
Coverage	2000–2025
File Variants	caf_ppp_{year}_UNadj.tif (2000-2014), caf_pop_{year}_CN_100m_R2025A_v1.tif (2015+)

7. Imputation Strategy

Missing values are handled through feature-specific strategies that preserve temporal and spatial coherence while avoiding information leakage from future observations.

7.1 Default Strategy

The default imputation method is forward-fill with a 4-step limit (56 days maximum gap). This preserves the last known value while preventing stale data from persisting indefinitely.

```
imputation: defaults: method: "forward_fill" limit: 4 # 4 steps = 56 days max gap
```

7.2 Feature-Specific Overrides

Feature	Method	Details
Population	Backward extrapolation	2.5% annual growth rate, start_year=2015
IPC Phase	Constant	Value=0 before 2009-01-01 (pre-IPC era)
Conflict events	Zero-fill	No event = 0 fatalities/protests/riots
GDELT events	Zero-fill	No event = 0 count
IODA outages	Zero-fill	No outage = 0
IOM displacement	Zero-fill	Between survey rounds
EPR features	Zero-fill	Cells outside ethnic polygons

Table 3: Feature-specific imputation overrides

8. Resolution Transformations

All data sources are harmonized to a common spatio-temporal framework through aggregation or disaggregation.

8.1 Spatial Resolution Mapping

Native Resolution	Sources	Transformation
30m	Landsat water	Zonal statistics → H3-5
90m	Copernicus DEM	Zonal statistics → H3-5
100m	WorldPop	Zonal sum → H3-5
500m	MODIS, VIIRS	Zonal statistics → H3-5
5km	CHIRPS	Zonal mean → H3-5
11km	ERA5	Zonal mean → H3-5
Point	ACLED, GDELT, mines, settlements	Point-in-polygon → H3-5
Admin-1	IPC, IODA	Polygon overlay → H3-5
Admin-2	IOM	Area-weighted disaggregation → H3-5

Table 4: Spatial resolution transformations to H3 Resolution 5 (~10km)

8.2 Temporal Resolution Mapping

Native Frequency	Sources	Transformation
Hourly	ERA5	14-day mean
Daily	CHIRPS, ACLED, GDELT	14-day sum/mean
16-day composite	MODIS	14-day max
Monthly	JRC water, market prices	14-day interpolation
Quarterly	IOM, IPC	14-day forward-fill
Annual	WorldPop, EPR	Joined to all steps in year
Static	DEM, roads, rivers, mines	Joined to all time steps

Table 5: Temporal resolution transformations to 14-day intervals

9. Known Data Gaps & Issues

The following issues were identified during the pipeline audit and may affect model performance.

Issue	Impact	Status
FEWS_NET_TOKEN missing	IPC + market prices = NULL	■ User action required
Market locations CSV BOM	0 markets loaded	■ Code fix needed
VIIRS pre-2012	NTL = NULL	✓ Expected (sensor launch)
EPR post-2021	Uses 2021 data for 2022-2025	✓ Acceptable
IOM survey gaps	Irregular temporal coverage	✓ Zero-filled
Economy data query	Gold price = NULL	■ Code fix needed

Table 6: Known data gaps and their resolution status

10. Temporal Transformations

Raw features undergo temporal transformations to capture lagged effects, cumulative impacts, and anomalies relative to historical baselines.

Transformation	Description	Example Output
lag_1_step	Shift by 1 period (14 days)	temp_mean_lag1
sum_1_step	Sum within period	fatalities_14d_sum
decay_30d	Exponential decay (half-life ~30 days, span=2.14)	fatalities_decay_30d
anomaly_6_step	Value minus 6-period rolling mean	chirps_precip_anomaly
spatial_mean_k	Mean of k-ring neighbors (defined but not active)	—

Table 7: Temporal transformation functions applied during feature engineering