Government i's constraint vis a vis j binds when

$$\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\bar{\tau}}) - \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - \hat{c}\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha})\right) = 0$$

In the data, $\hat{\tau} = 1 \implies \hat{G}_j(\hat{\tau}) = 1$. Then,

$$1 - \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - \hat{c}\left(\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha})\right)^{-1}\right) = 0$$
$$\left(\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha})\right)^{-1} = \hat{c}^{-1}\left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1\right)$$
$$\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha}) = \hat{c}\left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1\right)^{-1}$$

Note that

$$1 - \chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m}; \boldsymbol{\alpha}) = 1 - \frac{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji}}{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji} + m_{ii}}$$

$$= \frac{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji} + m_{ii}}{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji} + m_{ii}} - \frac{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji}}{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji} + m_{ii}}$$

$$= \frac{m_{ii}}{\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) m_{ji} + m_{ii}}$$

Applying the logit transformation,

$$\frac{\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}, \boldsymbol{W}_{ij}, \epsilon_{ij})}{1 - \chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}, \boldsymbol{W}_{ij}, \epsilon_{ij})} = \rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) \frac{m_{ji}}{m_{ii}}$$

Recall that

$$\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) = e^{-\boldsymbol{\alpha}^T W_{ji} + \epsilon_{ji}}$$

Returning to the constraint

$$\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha}) = \hat{c} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)^{-1}$$

$$\frac{\chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha})}{1 - \chi_{ji}(\boldsymbol{m};\boldsymbol{\alpha})} = \frac{\hat{c} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)^{-1}}{1 - \hat{c} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)^{-1}}$$

$$\rho_{ji}(\boldsymbol{\alpha}) \frac{m_{ji}}{m_{ii}} = \frac{1}{\hat{c}^{-1} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)}$$

$$-\boldsymbol{\alpha}^{T} W_{ji} + \epsilon_{ji} + \ln \left(\frac{m_{ji}}{m_{ii}} \right) = \ln \left(\frac{1}{\hat{c}^{-1} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)} \right)$$

$$\epsilon_{ji}^{\star} = \boldsymbol{\alpha}^{T} W_{ji} - \ln \left(\frac{m_{ji}}{m_{ii}} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{1}{\hat{c}^{-1} \left(\hat{G}_{j}(\hat{\tau}_{i}^{j\star}) - 1 \right)} \right)$$