

---

---

# Week 2 - Stacks & Queues

— AD 325 - 2022 —

---

---

# Contents

## *Learning Outcomes*

- Stacks
- Queues
- Iterators

## *Reading & Videos*

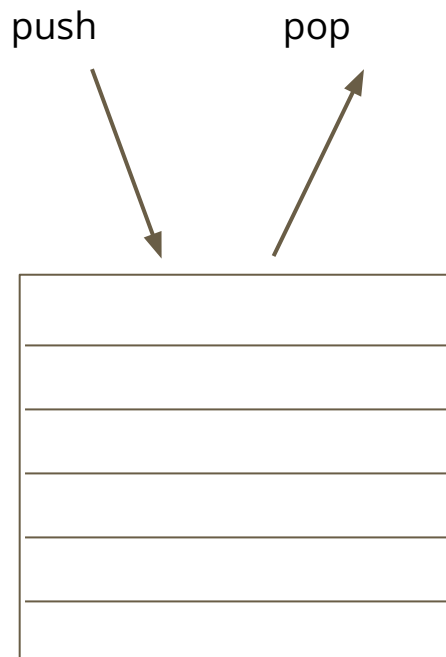
- Carrano & Henry, Chapters 5 - 8, Interlude 4 Iterators
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/algorithms-part1/home/week/2>
- <https://algs4.cs.princeton.edu/13stacks/> (review)
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/stack-data-structure/> (review)
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/queue-data-structure/> (review)

# Stacks

A data collection based on last-in, first-out (LIFO) principle.

Insertion and deletion both happen at the “top” of the stack.

- Stack items are accessed in reverse order of being added
- Useful for reversing items in a collection without knowing total count
- Common stack use cases:
  - a. browser history
  - b. mobile application screens
  - c. evaluating arithmetic expressions



# Stack operations

- isEmpty()
- size() - return count of items in stack
- peek() - return item at top of stack
- push() - add item to top of stack
- pop() - remove item from top of stack

# Stack implementation

Stacks can use a linked-list or an array for data storage.

- For linked-list implementation, it's most efficient to treat first node as 'top' of stack. Stack operations for linked-list implementation are  $O(1)$ .
- For array implementation, it's most efficient to treat last occupied element as top of stack. Stack operations for array implementation are  $O(1)$ , except for resizing the array when full.

# Queues

A data collection based on first-in, first-out (**FIFO**) principle.

Similar to stack, but operations happen at both ends of the collection.

- Data items are organized in the order received - earliest item is at the front and most recently added item is at the back
- Double-ended queue (Deque) is similar to a queue, but items can be added/removed from either end
- Priority queue orders items by importance rather than arrival time. Requires that items be Comparable



# Queue operations

- isEmpty()
- size() - return count of items in stack
- peek() - return item at top of stack
- enqueue() - add item to back of queue
- dequeue() - remove item from front of queue