
AWS Compute

Cloud Computing
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AWS Cloud Compute

AWS offers a wide range of cloud services for running 'compute' applications.

The most common for general-purpose computing solutions are:

- **AWS Elastic Cloud Compute (EC2)** - runs virtual machines
- **AWS Elastic Beanstalk** - a fully-managed service for running applications
- **AWS Elastic Container Service (ECS)** - runs containerized applications
- **AWS Fargate** - fully managed service to run containers
- **AWS Lambda** - A serverless compute service to run applications

AWS also provides a number of services to support these compute solutions

AWS Compute Services

Services	Key Concepts	Characteristics	Ease of Use
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Amazon EC2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Infrastructure as a service (IaaS)Instance-basedVirtual machines	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Provision virtual machines that you can manage as you choose	A familiar concept to many IT professionals.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">AWS Lambda	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Serverless computingFunction-basedLow-cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Write and deploy code that runs on a schedule or that can be triggered by eventsUse when possible (architect for the cloud)	A relatively new concept for many IT staff members, but easy to use after you learn how.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Amazon ECSAmazon EKSAWS FargateAmazon ECR	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Container-based computingInstance-based	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Spin up and run jobs more quickly	AWS Fargate reduces administrative overhead, but you can use options that give you more control.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">AWS Elastic Beanstalk	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Platform as a service (PaaS)For web applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Focus on your code (building your application)Can easily tie into other services—databases, Domain Name System (DNS), etc.	Fast and easy to get started.

AWS EC2

- Provides virtual machines (IaaS) based on an Amazon Machine Image (AMI)
- Allows developers flexibility & full administrative control
- Developers can OS and machine capabilities
- Developers can run any number of instances of the same AMI
- Developers can increase or decrease size of existing servers
- EC2 instances can be defined & launched via the AWS console, CLI, or SDKs

Amazon Machine Images - AMI

- An AMI is a virtual machine template that specifies OS and any software installed on that OS (e.g. Linux, Python, etc.)
- Amazon provides a number of pre-defined AMIs for popular configurations
- Developers can choose from 3rd-party or community-provided AMIs or upload their own AMIs
- Developers can configure an EC2 instance and save it as an AMI
- An AMI is required to launch an EC2 instance

AWS EC2 Instance Types

- AWS EC2 supports a range of pre-defined instance types that vary according to:
 - Memory (RAM)
 - Processing power (CPU)
 - Disk space and disk type (Storage)
 - Network performance
- Instance types are categorized according to intended use:
 - General purpose
 - Compute optimized
 - Memory optimized
 - Storage optimized
 - Accelerated computing

AWS EC2 Instance Types, cont.

- EC2 instances are defined by family (e.g. T), generation and size (e.g. nano, micro, small, medium, large)
- Size is a pre-defined combination of CPU, memory, and network bandwidth

EC2 Instance Configuration

Before launching an EC2 instance, you must specify

- Network location where the instance will be deployed
- Whether the instance will have a public IP address
- Security groups for incoming & outgoing network traffic

Optional configurations include:

- IAM role for the instance to communicate with other AWS services
- User data - scripts to run when the instance first starts
- Additional storage volumes (size, type, & whether storage is retained)
- A key pair to allow secure connection to the running instance

AWS EC2 Storage options

- **Amazon Elastic Block Store** - durable block-level storage
- **Amazon EC2 Instance Store** - Ephemeral storage attached to host computer where instance is running
- **Amazon Elastic File System** - a simple, scalable, fully managed elastic Network File System (NFS) file system
- **Amazon Simple Storage Service (Amazon S3)** - an object storage service that offers scalability, data availability, security, and performance.

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Amazon EC2 Pricing Models

Developers should understand Amazon's different EC2 pricing models:

- **On-Demand Instances** - eligible for the AWS Free Tier. Have the lowest upfront cost and the most flexibility. There are no upfront commitments or long-term contracts. A good choice for applications with short-term, spiky, or unpredictable workloads.
- **Dedicated Instances** - physical services with instance capacity dedicated to a single customer & physically isolated from other AWS accounts
- **Dedicated Hosts** - physical servers with instance capacity allowing use of existing software licences

Amazon EC2 Pricing Models, cont.

- **Reserved Instances** - reserved for specific term (e.g. 1 yr, 3 yr) for a fixed, discounted price. Good for consistent long-term needs.
- **Scheduled Reserved Instances** - similar to reserved instances, but for a specific, recurring duration.
- **Spot Instances** - customer can bid on unused EC2 instances. Spot instance runs whenever bid exceeds current market price. Can be terminated on short notice.

Cost Optimization: Principles

- **Right size** - choose right balance of instance types & allow for servers to be sized down or turned off. Use monitoring to identify idle capacity.
- **Increase elasticity** - design deployments to scale for peak load and minimize idle server capacity. Use automatic scaling to match needs.
- **Optimal pricing model** - match usage to appropriate pricing option
- **Optimize storage choices** - choose least expensive storage options that match usage requirements
- **Measure, monitor, & improve**

Amazon EC2 pricing models: Benefits



On-Demand Instances	Spot Instances	Reserved Instances	Dedicated Hosts
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Low cost and flexibility	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Large scale, dynamic workload	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Predictability ensures compute capacity is available when needed	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Save money on licensing costs• Help meet compliance and regulatory requirements