# MCMCglmm Significance Testing - Brown Treesnakes (*Boiga irregularis*)

#### Overview

This R notebook details significance testing of heritability and repeatability for 3 traits important to Brown Treesnake control and reproduction: **body condition (BCI)**, **snoutvent length (SVL)**, and **trappabability**. Refer to Levine *et al.* (2019) for details regarding this data set. The pedigree includes 73 dummy individuals.

Based off of sensitivity analysis of priors, the priors used for all models assumes phenotypic variation is split evenly between additive genetic, individual permanent environment, and residual variance components with a low degree of belief (n = 0.2).

The prior was specified with the code: list(G = list(G1 = list(V = matrix(p.var/3), nu = 0.2), G2 = list(V = matrix(p.var/3), nu = 0.2)), R = list(V = matrix(p.var/3, nu = 0.2)).

p.var = phenotypic variance of the trait as estimated from the data.

Significance of heritability for each trait was tested by comparing the deviance information criteria for models containing the "animal" term versus those of models without the "animal" term. A lower DIC is indicative of the preferred model, while DIC < 10 are strong evidence of a preferred model (Martin and Festa-Bianchet 2012).

Differently, significance of repeatability for each trait was testing by comparing the deviance information criteria for models containing the "individual" term (but not the "animal" term; note: additive genetic variation is a part of individual variation) versus models without the "individual" term.

For reduced models, the prior is adjusted to split phenotypic variation evenly among the remaining variance commponents.

#### 1. Significance Testing – Heritability

#### **Body Condition (BCI) Heritability**

```
#Load package
library(MCMCglmm)

## Warning: package 'MCMCglmm' was built under R version 3.5.3

## Loading required package: Matrix

## Loading required package: coda

## Warning: package 'coda' was built under R version 3.5.3
```

```
## Loading required package: ape
## Warning: package 'ape' was built under R version 3.5.3
#Load model with "animal" term for BCI
load("BCI_1_dummy_SVLfilt.RData")
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_BCI1)
##
##
  Iterations = 50001:4998501
   Thinning interval = 1500
##
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: -304.1445
##
## G-structure: ~animal
##
##
          post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## animal 0.005672 0.002244 0.009338
##
##
                 ~ID
##
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## ID 0.002982 0.0003669 0.006497
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## units 0.03236 0.02829 0.03684
                                        3300
##
## Location effects: BCI_RESID ~ SEX
##
              post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
                                                        pMCMC
                                                3297 0.000606 ***
## (Intercept) 0.053537 0.025489 0.083280
## SEXM
               -0.006297 -0.038441 0.029803
                                                3300 0.719394
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm their correct
prior_BCI1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.01367784
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
```

```
##
##
## $G$G2
## $G$G2$V
##
               [,1]
## [1,] 0.01367784
##
## $G$G2$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
##
               [,1]
## [1,] 0.01367784
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract posterior mode of Va
Va <- posterior.mode(model_BCI1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model_BCI1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Va estimate for BCI is: ", round(Va, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Va estimate for BCI is: 0.005 ( 0.002 - 0.009 )
#extract posterior mode of Vi
Vi <- posterior.mode(model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vi estimate for BCI is: ", round(Vi, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vi estimate for BCI is: 0.002 ( 0 - 0.006 )
#extract posterior mode of Vr
Vr <- posterior.mode(model_BCI1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model BCI1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
```

```
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vr estimate for BCI is: ", round(Vr, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vr estimate for BCI is: 0.031 ( 0.028 - 0.037 )
#calculate Vp
Vp <- model_BCI1$VCV[, "animal"] + model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"] + model_BCI1$VCV[,</pre>
"units"]
#HPD intervals for Vp
x <- HPDinterval(Vp)
#cat Vp estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vp estimate for BCI is: ", round(posterior.mode(Vp), digits = 3),
"(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vp estimate for BCI is: 0.04 ( 0.036 - 0.046 )
#calculate heritability
herit <- model_BCI1$VCV[, "animal"]/(model_BCI1$VCV[, "animal"] +</pre>
model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"] + model_BCI1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for heritability
x <- HPDinterval(herit)</pre>
#cat heritability estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The heritability estimate for BCI is: ", round(posterior.mode(herit),
digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3),
")", "\n")
## The heritability estimate for BCI is: 0.149 ( 0.059 - 0.22 )
#extract DIC from model with "animal" term
DIC_full <- model_BCI1$DIC</pre>
#load model without "animal" term for BCI
load("BCI_1_SVLfilt_noVa.RData") #note: over-writing earlier BCI model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model BCI1)
##
## Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: -292.4278
##
## G-structure: ~ID
##
```

```
post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## ID 0.009093 0.00464 0.01334
                                      3504
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## units
            0.0325 0.02817
                                         2900
                               0.037
##
  Location effects: BCI_RESID ~ SEX
##
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## (Intercept) 0.041536 0.017211 0.066038
                                               3300 0.00242 **
## SEXM
               -0.003557 -0.039283 0.034657
                                                 3300 0.86909
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_BCI1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.02051676
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.02051676
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "animal" term for BCI
DIC_reduced <- model_BCI1$DIC</pre>
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
cat("The DIC of the model with the animal term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits
= 3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the animal term is: ",
round(DIC_reduced, digits = 3), "\n\n\n")
## The DIC of the model with the animal term is: -304.145
## The DIC of the model without the animal term is: -292.428
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC_reduced - DIC_full</pre>
```

```
#test whether heritability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
   cat("BCI model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,
   "\n", "BCI model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >=
10, "\n", "BCI has significant heritability.\n")
} else {
   cat("BCI model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,
   "\n", "BCI model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >=
10, "\n", "BCI does not have significant heritability.")
}
### BCI model with animal term has smaller DIC: TRUE
### BCI model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: TRUE
### BCI has significant heritability.
```

#### Snout-Vent Length (SVL) Heritability

```
#clear memory
rm(list=ls())
#Load model with "animal" term for SVL
load("SVL 1 dummy SVLfilt.RData")
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model SVL1)
##
##
   Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 8069.45
##
## G-structure: ~animal
##
          post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## animal
             341.9
                      65.44
                               711.4
##
##
                 ~ID
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
         612.4
                  101.4
                                     3300
## ID
                            1235
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units
            7754
                      6753
                              8681
                                        3300
##
   Location effects: SVL ~ SEX
##
##
```

```
post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
                                                3300 <3e-04 ***
## (Intercept)
                 1035.04 1023.22 1045.43
## SEXM
                                                3300 <3e-04 ***
                   87.72
                            72.00
                                   102.13
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_SVL1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 3539.991
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
## $G$G2
## $G$G2$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 3539.991
##
## $G$G2$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
            [,1]
## [1,] 3539.991
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract posterior mode of Va
Va <- posterior.mode(model_SVL1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model_SVL1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Va estimate for SVL is: ", round(Va, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Va estimate for SVL is: 205.318 ( 65.436 - 711.44 )
#extract posterior mode of Vi
Vi <- posterior.mode(model_SVL1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
```

```
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model SVL1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vi estimate for SVL is: ", round(Vi, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vi estimate for SVL is: 482.074 ( 101.419 - 1234.617 )
#extract posterior mode of Vr
Vr <- posterior.mode(model_SVL1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model_SVL1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vr estimate for SVL is: ", round(Vr, digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1],
digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vr estimate for SVL is: 7853.223 ( 6752.656 - 8681.228 )
#calculate Vp
Vp <- model_SVL1$VCV[, "animal"] + model_SVL1$VCV[, "ID"] + model_SVL1$VCV[,</pre>
"units"
#HPD intervals for Vp
x <- HPDinterval(Vp)</pre>
#cat Vp estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vp estimate for SVL is: ", round(posterior.mode(Vp), digits = 3),
"(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vp estimate for SVL is: 8685.115 ( 7805.576 - 9669.688 )
#calculate heritability
herit <- model_SVL1$VCV[, "animal"]/(model_SVL1$VCV[, "animal"] +</pre>
model SVL1$VCV[, "ID"] + model SVL1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for heritability
x <- HPDinterval(herit)</pre>
#cat heritability estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The heritability estimate for SVL is: ", round(posterior.mode(herit),
digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3),
")", "\n")
## The heritability estimate for SVL is: 0.025 ( 0.007 - 0.08 )
#extract DIC from model with "animal" term
DIC_full <- model_SVL1$DIC</pre>
```

```
#load model without "animal" term for SVL
load("SVL_1_SVLfilt_noVa.RData") #note: over-writing earlier SVL model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_SVL1)
##
   Iterations = 50001:4998501
##
   Thinning interval = 1500
##
##
   Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 8067.09
##
## G-structure: ~ID
##
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## ID
          861.5
                   201.8
                             1523
                                      3300
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units
              7760
                       6764
                                8810
                                         3300
##
  Location effects: SVL ~ SEX
##
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
##
                                               3300 <3e-04 ***
## (Intercept)
                 1033.20 1023.31 1044.22
## SEXM
                   88.81
                            73.66
                                    104.30
                                               3300 <3e-04 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_SVL1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 5309.986
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
            [,1]
##
## [1,] 5309.986
```

```
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "animal" term for BCI
DIC reduced <- model SVL1$DIC
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
cat("The DIC of the model with the animal term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits
= 3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the animal term is: ",
round(DIC_reduced, digits = 3), "\n\n\n")
## The DIC of the model with the animal term is: 8069.45
## The DIC of the model without the animal term is: 8067.09
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC reduced - DIC full
#test whether heritability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
 cat("SVL model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,</pre>
"\n", "SVL model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >=
10, "\n", "SVL has significant heritability.\n")
} else {
 cat("SVL model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC full < DIC reduced,</pre>
"\n", "SVL model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >=
10, "\n", "SVL does not have significant heritability.")
}
## SVL model with animal term has smaller DIC: FALSE
## SVL model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: FALSE
## SVL does not have significant heritability.
```

#### **Trappability (TRAP) Heritability**

```
#clear memory
rm(list=ls())

#load model with "animal" term for Trappability
load("TRAP_1_dummy_SVLfilt.RData")

#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_TRAP1)

##
## Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 2159.104
```

```
## G-structure: ~animal
##
        post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## animal 0.193 0.07385 0.3309 3300
##
##
                ~ID
##
## post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## ID 0.1769 0.0724 0.3031 3300
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
       post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units 2.457 1.987 2.977 3300
##
## Location effects: CAP_TRAP ~ SEX
##
                                         рмСМС
3300 0.117
3300 ^
             post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
## (Intercept) -0.21619 -0.48208 0.05838
               0.11723 -0.21052 0.43140
## SEXM
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_TRAP1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
## [,1]
## [1,] 5.92045
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
## $G$G2
## $G$G2$V
## [,1]
## [1,] 5.92045
##
## $G$G2$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
##
        [,1]
## [1,] 5.92045
##
```

```
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract posterior mode of Va
Va <- posterior.mode(model TRAP1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model TRAP1$VCV[, "animal"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Va estimate for Trappability is: ", round(Va, digits = 3), "(",
round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Va estimate for Trappability is: 0.16 ( 0.074 - 0.331 )
#extract posterior mode of Vi
Vi <- posterior.mode(model_TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model_TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vi estimate for Trappability is: ", round(Vi, digits = 3), "(",
round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vi estimate for Trappability is: 0.125 ( 0.072 - 0.303 )
#extract posterior mode of Vr
Vr <- posterior.mode(model_TRAP1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
#extract HPD intervals for Va
x <- HPDinterval(model TRAP1$VCV[, "units"])</pre>
#cat Va estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vr estimate for Trappability is: ", round(Vr, digits = 3), "(",
round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The Vr estimate for Trappability is: 2.453 ( 1.987 - 2.977 )
#calculate Vp
Vp <- model_TRAP1$VCV[, "animal"] + model_TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"] +</pre>
model_TRAP1$VCV[, "units"]
#HPD intervals for Vp
x <- HPDinterval(Vp)</pre>
#cat Vp estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The Vp estimate for Trappability is: ", round(posterior.mode(Vp), digits
= 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")",
"\n")
```

```
## The Vp estimate for Trappability is: 2.786 ( 2.276 - 3.334 )
#calculate heritability
herit <- model_TRAP1$VCV[, "animal"]/(model_TRAP1$VCV[, "animal"] +</pre>
model TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"] + model TRAP1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for heritability
x <- HPDinterval(herit)</pre>
#cat heritability estimate with 95% HPD
cat("The heritability estimate for trappability is: ",
round(posterior.mode(herit), digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits = 3), "-",
round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The heritability estimate for trappability is: 0.066 ( 0.027 - 0.116 )
#extract DIC from model with "animal" term
DIC_full <- model_TRAP1$DIC</pre>
#load model without "animal" term for trappability
load("TRAP 1 SVLfilt noVa.RData") #note: over-writing earlier trappability
model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_TRAP1)
##
  Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 2160.261
##
## G-structure: ~ID
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## ID
        0.2284
                  0.1012
                           0.3859
                                      3300
##
##
  R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units
             2.501
                      2.003
                               3.034
                                         3300
##
## Location effects: CAP_TRAP ~ SEX
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
## (Intercept) -0.25626 -0.48815 -0.02445
                                               3300 0.0285 *
## SEXM
                 0.12828 -0.18729 0.45216
                                               3568 0.4327
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior TRAP1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 8.880674
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 8.880674
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "animal" term for trappability
DIC_reduced <- model_TRAP1$DIC</pre>
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
cat("The DIC of the model with the animal term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits
= 3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the animal term is: ",
round(DIC reduced, digits = 3), "\n\n\n")
## The DIC of the model with the animal term is: 2159.104
## The DIC of the model without the animal term is: 2160.261
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC_reduced - DIC_full</pre>
#test whether heritability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
  cat("Trappability model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full <</pre>
DIC_reduced, "\n", "Trappability model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY
smaller DIC:", diff >= 10, "\n", "Trappability has significant
heritability.\n")
} else {
  cat("Trappability model with animal term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full <</pre>
DIC_reduced, "\n", "Trappability model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY
smaller DIC:", diff >= 10, "\n", "Trappability does not have significant
heritability.")
}
```

```
## Trappability model with animal term has smaller DIC: TRUE
## Trappability model with animal term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: FALSE
## Trappability does not have significant heritability.
```

### 2. Significance Testing - Repeatability

#### **Body Condition (BCI) Repeatability**

```
#clear memory
rm(list=ls())
#load model with only "individual" term
load("BCI_1_SVLfilt_noVa.RData")
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_BCI1)
##
##
   Iterations = 50001:4998501
  Thinning interval = 1500
##
## Sample size = 3300
##
   DIC: -292.4278
##
##
##
  G-structure: ~ID
##
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## ID 0.009093 0.00464 0.01334
                                      3504
##
##
   R-structure: ~units
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## units
           0.0325 0.02817
                               0.037
                                         2900
##
   Location effects: BCI RESID ~ SEX
##
##
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
                                                        pMCMC
                                                 3300 0.00242 **
## (Intercept) 0.041536 0.017211 0.066038
## SEXM
               -0.003557 -0.039283 0.034657
                                                 3300 0.86909
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm their correct
prior_BCI1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.02051676
```

```
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.02051676
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#calculate repeatability
repeatability <- model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"]/(model_BCI1$VCV[, "ID"] +</pre>
model_BCI1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for repeatability
x <- HPDinterval(repeatability)</pre>
#cat statement about repeatability with 95% HPD
cat("The repeatability estimate for BCI is: ",
round(posterior.mode(repeatability), digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits =
3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The repeatability estimate for BCI is: 0.219 ( 0.122 - 0.312 )
#extract DIC from model with "ID" term
DIC_full <- model_BCI1$DIC</pre>
#load model without "ID" term for BCI
load("BCI_1_SVLfilt_noVa_noI.RData") #note: over-writing earlier BCI model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_BCI1)
##
  Iterations = 50001:4998501
##
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: -236.3787
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
## units 0.04122 0.03702 0.04576
                                          3300
##
  Location effects: BCI_RESID ~ SEX
```

```
##
##
                post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
                                                           pMCMC
## (Intercept) 3.783e-02 1.700e-02 5.799e-02
                                                    3134 0.00121 **
## SEXM
               3.002e-05 -3.023e-02 3.094e-02
                                                    3477 0.99515
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_BCI1
## $R
## $R$V
##
              [,1]
## [1,] 0.04103353
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "ID" term for BCI
DIC_reduced <- model_BCI1$DIC</pre>
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
cat("The DIC of the model with the ID term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits =
3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the ID term is: ", round(DIC_reduced,
digits = 3), (n\n)
## The DIC of the model with the ID term is: -292.428
## The DIC of the model without the ID term is: -236.379
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC reduced - DIC full
#test whether repeatability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
 cat("BCI model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,</pre>
      "BCI model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >= 10,
"\n", "BCI has significant repeatability\n")
} else {
  cat("BCI model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,</pre>
"\n", "BCI model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >= 10,
"\n", "BCI does not have significant repeatability")
}
## BCI model with ID term has smaller DIC: TRUE
## BCI model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: TRUE
## BCI has significant repeatability
```

## **Snout-Vent Length (SVL) Repeatability**

```
#clear memory
rm(list=ls())
```

```
#load model with only "individual" term
load("SVL_1_SVLfilt_noVa.RData")
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_SVL1)
##
  Iterations = 50001:4998501
##
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 8067.09
##
## G-structure: ~ID
##
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
                   201.8
                                      3300
## ID
         861.5
                             1523
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
             7760
                               8810
## units
                      6764
                                         3300
##
## Location effects: SVL ~ SEX
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
                                               3300 <3e-04 ***
## (Intercept)
                 1033.20 1023.31 1044.22
## SEXM
                   88.81
                            73.66
                                    104.30
                                               3300 <3e-04 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm their correct
prior_SVL1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 5309.986
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 5309.986
##
```

```
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#calculate repeatability
repeatability <- model SVL1$VCV[, "ID"]/(model SVL1$VCV[, "ID"] +</pre>
model_SVL1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for repeatability
x <- HPDinterval(repeatability)</pre>
#cat statement about SVL repeatability with 95% HPD
cat("The repeatability estimate for SVL is: ",
round(posterior.mode(repeatability), digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits =
3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The repeatability estimate for SVL is: 0.089 ( 0.028 - 0.177 )
#extract DIC from model with "ID" term
DIC full <- model SVL1$DIC
#load model without "ID" term for SVL
load("SVL_1_SVLfilt_noVa_noI.RData") #note: over-writing earlier SVL model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_SVL1)
##
## Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 8078.792
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
## units
             8576
                      7715
                              9558
                                         3300
##
## Location effects: SVL ~ SEX
##
              post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
## (Intercept)
                1034.64 1025.89 1044.51
                                           2744 <3e-04 ***
                  91.40
## SEXM
                            77.57
                                   104.83
                                               3733 <3e-04 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_SVL1
## $R
## $R$V
```

```
[,1]
## [1,] 10619.97
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "ID" term for SVL
DIC reduced <- model SVL1$DIC
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
cat("The DIC of the model with the ID term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits =
3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the ID term is: ", round(DIC_reduced,
digits = 3), "\langle n \rangle n"
## The DIC of the model with the ID term is: 8067.09
## The DIC of the model without the ID term is: 8078.792
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC reduced - DIC full</pre>
#test whether trappability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
 cat("SVL model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,</pre>
"\n", "SVL model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >= 10,
"\n", "SVL has significant repeatability\n")
} else {
  cat("SVL model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full < DIC_reduced,</pre>
"\n", "SVL model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC:", diff >= 10,
"\n", "SVL does not have significant repeatability")
}
## SVL model with ID term has smaller DIC: TRUE
## SVL model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: TRUE
## SVL has significant repeatability
```

### **Trappability (TRAP) Repeatability**

```
#clear memory
rm(list=ls())

#load model with only "individual" term
load("TRAP_1_SVLfilt_noVa.RData")

#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model_TRAP1)

##
## Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
```

```
## DIC: 2160.261
##
## G-structure: ~ID
##
      post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
##
                           0.3859
## ID
         0.2284
                  0.1012
                                      3300
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
             2.501
## units
                      2.003 3.034
                                         3300
##
## Location effects: CAP TRAP ~ SEX
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
##
## (Intercept) -0.25626 -0.48815 -0.02445
                                               3300 0.0285 *
## SEXM
                0.12828 -0.18729 0.45216
                                               3568 0.4327
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm their correct
prior_TRAP1
## $G
## $G$G1
## $G$G1$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 8.880674
##
## $G$G1$nu
## [1] 0.2
##
##
##
## $R
## $R$V
            [,1]
##
## [1,] 8.880674
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#calculate repeatability
repeatability <- model_TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"]/(model_TRAP1$VCV[, "ID"] +</pre>
model_TRAP1$VCV[, "units"] )
#HPD intervals for repeatability
x <- HPDinterval(repeatability)</pre>
#cat statement about repeatability with 95% HPD
```

```
cat("The repeatability estimate for Trappability is: ",
round(posterior.mode(repeatability), digits = 3), "(", round(x[,1], digits =
3), "-", round(x[,2], digits = 3), ")", "\n")
## The repeatability estimate for Trappability is: 0.071 ( 0.035 - 0.136 )
#extract DIC from model with "ID" term
DIC_full <- model_TRAP1$DIC</pre>
#load model without "ID" term for Trappability
load("TRAP_1_SVLfilt_noVa_noI.RData") #note: over-writing earlier
Trappability model
#view model to confirm it's correct
summary(model TRAP1)
##
##
  Iterations = 50001:4998501
## Thinning interval = 1500
## Sample size = 3300
##
## DIC: 2159.192
##
## R-structure: ~units
##
##
         post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp
             2.599
## units
                      2.123
                               3.139
                                         3300
##
##
   Location effects: CAP_TRAP ~ SEX
##
               post.mean 1-95% CI u-95% CI eff.samp pMCMC
## (Intercept) -0.23748 -0.46352 -0.01784
                                               3130 0.0321 *
## SEXM
                 0.12893 -0.15775 0.43818
                                               3300 0.3915
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#view priors to confirm they're correct
prior_TRAP1
## $R
## $R$V
##
            [,1]
## [1,] 17.76135
##
## $R$nu
## [1] 0.2
#extract DIC for model without "animal" term for trappabilitt
DIC_reduced <- model_TRAP1$DIC</pre>
#cat statement about the DICs of the models
```

```
cat("The DIC of the model with the ID term is: ", round(DIC_full, digits =
3), "\n", "The DIC of the model without the ID term is: ", round(DIC_reduced,
digits = 3), "\n\n")
## The DIC of the model with the ID term is: 2160.261
## The DIC of the model without the ID term is: 2159.192
#calculate difference between DICs
diff <- DIC_reduced - DIC_full</pre>
#test whether repeatability is significant
if(diff >= 10) {
  cat("Trappability model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC full <</pre>
DIC_reduced, "\n", "Trappability model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller
DIC:", diff >= 10, "\n", "Trappability has significant repeatability\n")
} else {
  cat("Trappability model with ID term has smaller DIC: ", DIC_full <</pre>
DIC_reduced, "\n", "Trappability model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller
DIC:", diff >= 10, "\n", "Trappability does not have significant
repeatability")
}
## Trappability model with ID term has smaller DIC: FALSE
## Trappability model with ID term has SIGNIFICANTLY smaller DIC: FALSE
## Trappability does not have significant repeatability
```