

Framework.py

I tried to port a lot of the necessary functionality of the JavaFramework that was provided to us into python for this project and this file contains the ported functions as well as some new things I wrote. There are comments for all of the functions in the file with descriptions, so I won't go into many of them. We ended up using "STFT" for all of our stft needs as we couldn't get madmom to install and the functionality looked very similar between the two. The most important part of framework.py is calcFrameEnergies.

calcFrameEnergies(file_path, weightForHFC)

It begins by converting an imported file from .wav to stft. If weighting the bins for *High Frequency Content* (**weightForHFC = true**) it creates a numpy array the length of the num of stft frames and will sum all of the energies in all bins for each frame. The formatting on this looks weird because the stft returns a numpy array of shape (**bins x frames**). We take the square root of the abs value of each bin and weight it by (**j/numBins**) where **j** is the current bin number. I was testing with this preprocessing and taking the sqrt of our frame energies improved our final F-measures by around 5%. If using *SpectralDifference* then the difference is calculated for each bin in each frame between the current frame and the previous and then the differences are summed. Finally, the values are normalized to a maximum value of 1 to allow for easier analysis.

MusicAnalyzer

The analysis has been wrapped into the musicAnalyzer class. On initialization it takes a given input directory, any subset of the files in said directory, whether to use *HFC* or *SD* for onset detection, and whether to plot the values returned by **calcFrameEnergies** (mostly for debugging). The evaluation functions were used during development to calculate the *F-Measure* for our different approaches. Examples of the tests we ran can be found under **.\Training Data\tests\Original Training** in zip files.

detectOnsets()

This function will iterate through all wav files in **self.input_dir** from the subrange specified during initialization. For each file it will **calcFrameEnergies** and if plotting is enabled plot the graph for that .wav file. It creates a list **filePeaks** to store all peaks that are high enough. The peak picking algorithm iterates over the frames by batches, size **self.batch_size**, and calculates the minimum value to consider a peak at the mean value of **frame_energies** between [**value - batch_size : value + batch_size**]. This moving average creates a much more accurate function than using a predefined

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value to increase by. We found that the most accurate peak picking for our algorithm meant setting the minimum at the **average * 1.08**. The function then creates the ***.pr** file and writes the time value of each onset (peak in filePeaks, **a frame index**) * frame_length.