

# Problem Set 7

## Abstract Algebra 1

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### Section 3.4

**Ex 5** Prove that subgroups and quotient groups of a solvable group are solvable.

**Ex 6** Prove part (1) of the Jordan-Holder Theorem by induction on  $|G|$ .

**Ex 9** Prove the following special case of part (2) of the Jordan-Holder Theorem: assume the finite group  $G$  has two composition series

$$1 = N_0 \trianglelefteq N_1 \trianglelefteq \dots \trianglelefteq N_r = G \quad 1 = M_0 \trianglelefteq M_1 \trianglelefteq M_2 = G$$

Show that  $r = 2$  and that the list of composition factors is the same.

### 5.1

**Ex 1** Show that the center of a direct product is the direct product of the centers.

$$Z(G_1 \times G_2 \times \dots \times G_n) = Z(G_1) \times Z(G_2) \times \dots \times Z(G_n)$$

Deduce that a direct product of groups is abelian if and only if each of the factors is abelian.

**Ex 5** Exhibit a nonnormal subgroup of  $Q_8 \times Z_4$  (note that every subgroup of each factor is normal).

**Ex 7** Let  $G_1, G_2, \dots, G_n$  be groups and let  $\pi$  be a fixed element of  $S_n$ . Prove that the map

$$\varphi : G_1 \times \dots \times G_n \rightarrow G_{\pi^{-1}(1)} \times \dots \times G_{\pi^{-1}(n)}$$

defined by

$$\varphi_\pi(g_1, g_2, \dots, g_n) = (g_{\pi^{-1}(1)}, g_{\pi^{-1}(2)}, \dots, g_{\pi^{-1}(n)})$$

is an isomorphism (so that changing the order of factors in a direct product does not change the isomorphism type).

**Ex 8** Let  $G_1 = G_2 = \cdots = G_n$  and let  $G = G_1 \times \cdots \times G_n$ . Under the notation of the preceding exercise show that  $\varphi_\pi \in \text{Aut}(G)$ . Show also that the map  $\pi \mapsto \varphi_\pi$  is an injective homomorphism of  $S_n$  into  $\text{Aut}(G)$ .

**Ex 9** Let  $G_i$  be a field  $F$  for all  $i$  and use the preceding exercise to show that the set of  $n \times n$  matrices with one 1 in each row and each column is a subgroup of  $\text{GL}_n(F)$  isomorphic to  $S_n$ .

## 5.4

**Ex 9** Prove that if  $p$  is an odd prime and  $P$  is a group of order  $p^3$  then  $P' = Z(P)$ .

**Ex 15** If  $A$  and  $B$  are normal subgroups of  $G$  and  $K$  is cyclic, prove that  $G' \leq C_G(K)$ . (Recall that the automorphism group of a cyclic group is abelian.)