Which sample exam question from the oral exam study guide would you like to answer? Please give the question's number and letter, and then describe your solution.

Find an equation of a line tangent to the graph of  $f(x) = \ln(2x+1) + 3$  at (0,3).

If 
$$f(x) = (e^{2x} + 1)^4$$
, then what is  $f'(0)$ ?

Determine the following limit (if it exists):

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{|x - 2|}$$

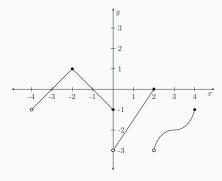
Determine the following limit (if it exists):

$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x-2}}$$

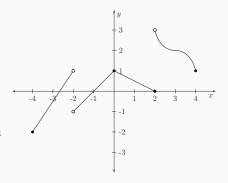
## Alternative to Questions 2 and 3

On what interval(s) is the function  $f(x) = 1 - (x - 2)^2$  increasing? decreasing?

- a) What is  $\lim_{x\to 2^+} f(x)$ ?
- b) What is f'(1)?
- c) What  $\int_{-3}^{0} f(x) dx$ ?
- d) What is a point of inflection on the graph of f?



- a) What is  $\lim_{x\to 2^+} f(x)$ ?
- b) What is f'(-3)?
- c) What  $\int_{-2}^{2} f(x) dx$ ?
- d) What is a point of inflection on the graph of f?



What steps would you take the find the relative maximums and relative minimums of a function f(x)?

Suppose that f(x) is a continuous function on a closed interval [a, b]. What steps would you take the find the absolute maximum of f(x)?

Describe the concavity of  $\ln(5x)$ . Explain your answer.

Describe the concavity of  $e^{-5x}$ . Explain your answer.

The population of a bacteria in a culture at time t is modeled by the function p(t), where t is measured in hours. Suppose that the rate of change of p with respect to time is modeled by

$$p'(t) = 300\sqrt{t} + 50$$

and the initial population is given by p(0) = 10. Find a formula for p(t).

The population of a species of tiger at time t is modeled by the function p(t), where t is measured in years. Suppose that the rate of change of p with respect to time is modeled by

$$p'(t) = 30\sqrt{t} + 5$$

and the initial population is given by p(0) = 100. Find a formula for p(t).



a) What is  $4^{-\frac{3}{2}}$ ?

b) What is  $\ln(\sqrt[3]{e})$ ?

a) What is  $27^{-\frac{2}{3}}$ ?

b) What is  $e^{2\ln(3)}$ ?

True/False: If f(t) and g(t) are both decreasing functions, then f(t)-g(t) must also be a decreasing function.

Why or why not?

True/False: If f''(a) = 0, then (a, f(a)) is an inflection point on the graph of f?

Why or why not?