

Global QCQP Solver

Chuwen

October 25, 2021

QCQP

Recall QCQP:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Maximize} \quad & x^T Q x + q^T x \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & x^T A_i x + a_i^T x \leq b_i \\ & 0 \leq x \leq e \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

We apply “Many-Small-Cone” (MSC) relaxation.

Recall the decomposition by eigenvalue decomposition,

$$Q = V_0 \Lambda_0 V_0^T, A_i = V_i \Lambda_i V_i^T$$

$$\text{Maximize } y_0^T \lambda_0 + q^T x$$

$$\text{s.t. } V_i z_i = x \quad i = 0, \dots, m \quad (2)$$

$$y_i^T \lambda_i + a_i^T x \leq b_i \quad i = 1, \dots, m \quad (3)$$

$$y_i = z_i \circ z_i \quad i = 0, \dots, m \quad (4)$$

Relax (4) to conic constraint, $\forall j, y_{ij} \geq z_{ij}^2$

Related Research

- ▶ See Luo et al. 2021, Luo et al. 2017
- ▶ This is exactly our previous MSC. (very weak)
- ▶ Also proved $v^{\text{Shor}} \geq v^{\text{MSC}}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Minimize : } & x^T Q^+ x + q^T x - \sum_{i=1}^r s_i \\ \text{s.t. } & Cx - t = 0, x \in \mathcal{F}, t \in [l, u], \\ & t_i^2 \leq s_i, \quad s_i \leq (l_i + u_i) t_i - l_i u_i, \quad i = 1, \dots, r \\ & \sum_{i=1}^r \frac{s_i}{\hat{\lambda}_i} \leq \bar{u}^T x \end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Once could see $v^{\text{Shor}} \geq v^{\text{MSC}}$
- ▶ ? $v^{\text{Shor}} \geq v^{\text{EMSC}} \geq v^{\text{MSC}}$

Rewrite: $x^T Q x + q^T x$

$$\lambda_+^T y_+ + q^T x + (\lambda_{\max} e - \lambda_-)^T y_- - \lambda_{\max} \|z_-\|^2$$

- ▶ $y_-^T e = \|z_-\|^2 \leq x^T x \leq x^T e$, which is very weak
- ▶ dominated by λ_{\max}