**Containers A to Z - Setup**

**Winter, 2022**

**Version 2.1 – 11/26/22**

**Brent Laster**

**IMPORTANT SETUP INSTRUCTIONS – PLEASE COMPLETE BEFORE THE CLASS IF POSSIBLE.**

**ALSO, IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED TO PRINT A COPY OF THE CLASS LABS TO HAVE WITH YOU IF YOU PREFER TO WORK FROM A PAPER COPY. THE LABS ARE SIGNIFICANT.**

**You can print a copy by downloading the PDF at**

**https://github.com/skilldocs/caz/blob/main/caz-labs.pdf**

**Hello and thank you for registering for this session. In order to be able to work through the labs and effectively understand the material, it will be to your advantage to get your system setup following the instructions below.**

**Note:** In addition to one of the options below, you will need an account on docker.io (hub.docker.com). The free, personal account is fine.

**Optional setup - customer supplied**

1. The labs for this class are designed to be done in a Virtual Machine running in Virtualbox which has the various applications configured for you to use. More details on that option are further down. **The VM is the recommended option.**

2. However, if you choose, and are familiar with setting up or have access to a system with the necessary applications, you can use setup your own instance instead. The minimum set of applications you would need to have installed on your own system - if you choose this route - are detailed below. (You do not need to do this if you use the virtual machine option)

a. Git

b. Docker

c. Kubernetes of some type (minikube, regular Kubernetes, Kind) with a cluster setup and running

d. Helm 3

**Recommended setup option - Virtual machine with VirtualBox running on the system.**

1. You must have a system that can support virtualization and run Virtualbox without problems. Download and install Virtualbox on your system and verify that it runs correctly. Note that some systems may require special access or BIOS settings to support virtualization. Please ensure that you have sorted out any issues with this prior to the start of the first online session. Virtualbox can be obtained and installed from <http://www.virtualbox.org>

2. The class uses a VirtualBox VM with all of the applications installed and configured that we will need. You can download the virtual image from the location noted on the course’s landing page. Note that this file is about 3.5 gig in size, so it may take some time to download (more on a slow connection). It is not recommended to try to download this while you are using a VPN connection as that will greatly slow down the download.

**Checksums to check your file downloaded:**

MD5 Checksum: **bd35d41e5b9fc0da8528ecc3655edaae**

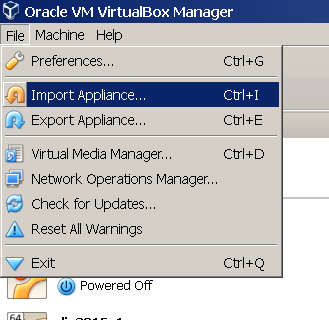
SHA-1 Checksum: **1fab6b86feabb56df74e270a54079cddcca017b4**

SHA-256 Checksum: **def62bc7606802ab62d398814b8fac4095c484f2f0e7501979ae5f81c4f4a635**

3. Once you have Virtualbox installed and the image downloaded and are ready to proceed, do the steps below to import the appliance.

a. Open **VirtualBox** on your system.

b. From the **File** menu, select **“Import Appliance…”.**

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c. From there, you can type in (or browse to, using the folder icon circled in the picture) the path of the **caz4.5.ova** file. Then click **Next**.

Graphical user interface, text, application, email

Description automatically generated

4. On the next screen, you can just accept the rest of the **Appliance Settings** and then click the **Import** button.

**Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated**

5.You will get a pop-up box for the “license” info. Just click the **Agree** button. Your system will then start processing the import. This may take a while.

**Graphical user interface, application

Description automatically generated**

6. After the import is finished, you should have a VM listed in VirtualBox named **caz.**

Graphical user interface, application

Description automatically generated

7. **(OPTIONAL)** At this point, depending on the settings of your physical system, you can adjust the amount of memory for the image if you need/want. You can do this by clicking on the **Settings** icon in the menu bar, then **System** in the pop-up box for the settings. Then you can adjust the amount of memory for the virtual machine with the slider.

**Graphical user interface, text, application

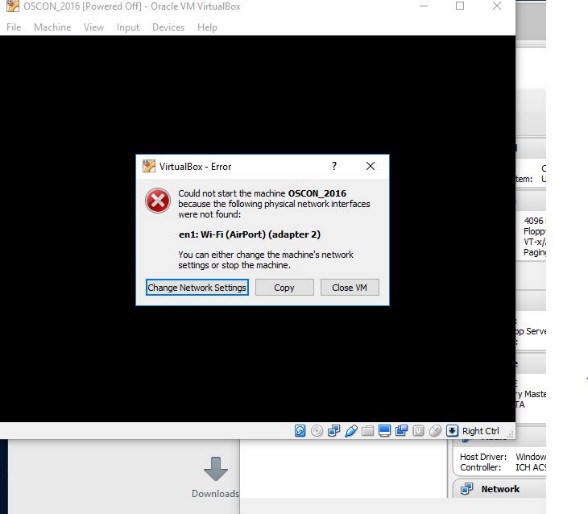
Description automatically generated**

8. From here, you can start up the virtual image by right-clicking on the image name and then selecting **Normal Start.**

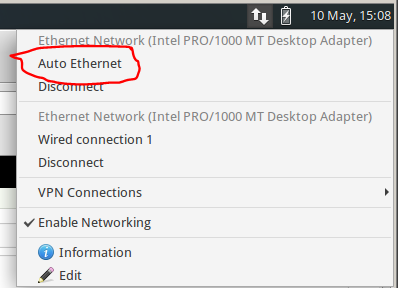
**Graphical user interface, text, application

Description automatically generated**

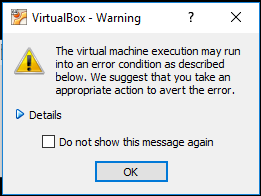
9. You may receive an error about network adapters here similar to the one below.



If so, just click on the option given to “Change Network Settings”. Then click on “Ok” in the network settings. ( After the system starts, yYou can also enable enable “**Auto Ethernet**” in the networking menu (click on double arrors in upper-right corner) but that is probably not necessary).



10. If you get a warning dialog that pops up like the one below, it is due to a missing shared directory. (You can see that if you click the Details – not required.) This is not important for using the VM and you can just click OK to proceed and ignore the warning.



11. It may take several minutes for the desktop to appear. If, after several minutes, you don’t see the desktop, try switching to full screen mode (Host key + F) or access the menu item for it through the View menu. On most systems, the Host key here will be the right Ctrl key. (Note: Windows 10 seems to have issues if you try to switch to scaled mode. If on a Windows 10 system, you may want to avoid that setting. If you do go into scaled mode and the screen seems to disappear, try using the Host key + F to switch out. Or the menu may still be accessible, although hidden, at the very top of the screen.)

12. After starting up the VM, you should see the desktop of the VM.

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13. If you are on Windows and get a Windows firewall dialog, you can click both boxes and tell Windows to “Allow access”.

14. If you are given an option to upgrade ubuntu, just decline that.

15. If you have messages at the top of the screen about “Auto capture keyboard” and “mouse pointer integration” you can just click the x on the far right of the messages to dismiss those.

16. Verify that you have internet connectivity from the VM. Open up a terminal session from the VM’s desktop and type something like “ping google.com” to make sure you get a response.

17. Login is diyuser3, diyuser3 if you need it.

18. Optionally, if you are not in the Eastern time zone - you can change the system to have the correct date/time. To do this:

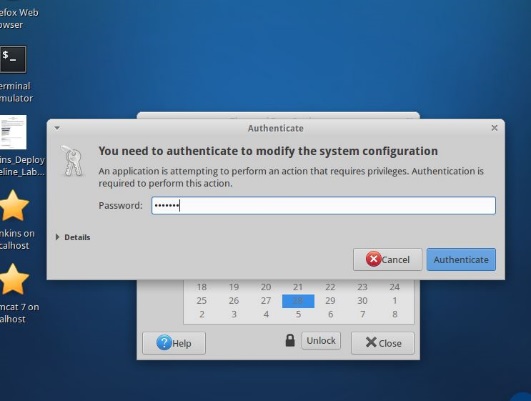
a. Click on the mouse icon in the upper left corner of the screen.

b. In the drop down menu, select “Settings” on the right-hand side.

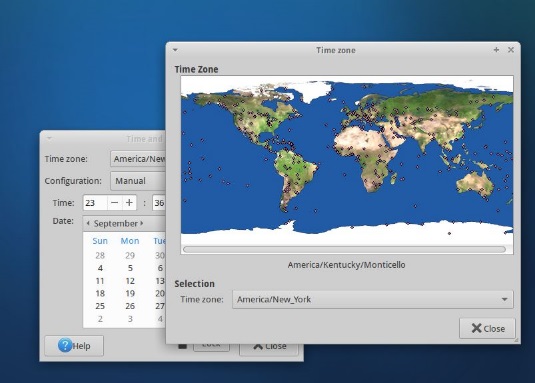
c. In the left-hand side, select “Time and Date”.



d. The Time and Date Settings dialog will pop up. In order to change this, you need to click on the “Unlock” button on the bottom and then authenticate to unlock it. The password to use here is “diyuser3”.

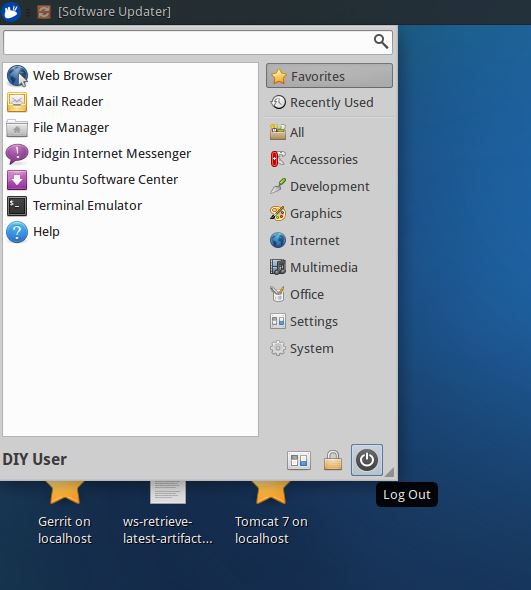


e. Click on the “Time zone” selection at the top and then find a city that is in the timezone where you are (probably prefixed by America/ if you’re in the US). Select it and close the “Time zone” choosing dialog.



f. Back on the main “Time and Date” settings dialog, the time should have changed to reflect the timezone you selected.

g. Select the Lock button to lock the settings again and then the close button.16. To persist the date/time changes, you just need to logout and log back in. To log out select the mouse icon again in the upper left corner, then click on the “Power” button.



19. After logging out, you can log back in with user=diyuser3 and password=diyuser3. Confirm that your date and time are set as expected.