Causes of Walre The Value of Territory

January 29, 2015

Today's Agenda

- 1. How territory gives states what they want.
- 2. The hidden (and not-so-hidden) costs of territorial expansion.
- 3. Student presentation on Walter, "Explaining the Intractability of Territorial Conflict."

How

Territory

gives states what they want

The Sovereign State

(a quick review)

A state has sovereignty in a piece of territory if it has a monopoly on the legitimate use of force there.

- Professional army
- Regular tax revenue
- Bureaucracy

Bargaining and Territory

How—and when—is territory a cause of war?
We must know what makes it worth bargaining over.

What Do States Want?

- 1. To stay secure in their current position.
- 2. To expand their power in the international system.
- 3. To keep the current leadership in power.

Territory and Security

How does more territory aid security?

- Buffer for the center/capital
- Economic extraction

Territory and Power

Why would a power-seeking state want more territory?

- Tautological?
- Bargaining power and salami tactics

Territory and Domestic Politics

How does territory help a leader remain in power?

- Extraction and bribes
- Counter population pressures

The Science of Territorial Conflict

- Make assumptions about what states want
- Derive conclusions about most likely sources of territorial conflict
- Compare to historical record

The hidden (and not-so-hidden)

Gosts

of territorial expansion

Is Territory a Zero-Sum Game?

There's only so much territory in the world. Whatever I have, you don't, and vice versa.

Territorial Stability as Public Good

Simmons (2005) argues that all states benefit from stable boundaries.

- Better-defined property rights
- Less uncertainty
- Lower transaction costs

Drawing Boundaries

Carter and Goemans (2011) look at what kinds of new borders are typically drawn.

- Ethnic group cohesion? No.
- Defensible borders? No.
- Previous administrative frontiers? Yes.

Natural Resources

If economic extraction is a purpose of expansion, territory with natural resources should be especially valuable—right?

Resource Curses

Economic: Countries with more natural resources tend to grow at slower rates.

Political: Countries with more natural resources are more likely to experience civil wars.

Costs of Governance

It can be costly to establish sovereignty in and extract economic resources from a new piece of territory.

Risk Factors for Costly Governance

- Heterogeneity and internal conflict
- New competitors for central authority
- Nationalism and the erosion of legitimacy

For Next Time

- -Read Howard, ch. 5.
- Student presentations on "Powerful Pacifists" and "From Dynastic to National War."

Image Sources

- Castle in Alsace: MorBCN, via Flickr