Acronyms

AOA Angle Of Attack. Also named alpha.

AOS Angle Of Sideslip. Also named beta.

FRD Body frame centered on the CG where the X-axis is pointing towards the Front of the vehicle, the Y-axis towards Right and the Z-axis is Down, completing the right-hand rule.

FW Fixed-Wing.

MC MultiCopter.

MPC or MCPC?? MultiCopter Position Controller.

NED Local inertial frame where the X-axis is pointing towards the true North, the Y-axis towards the East and the Z-axis is Down, completing the right-hand rule. Its origin is defined when and where the drone arms.

PID Controller with Proportional, Integral and Derivative actions.

Greek symbols

- α Angle of attack (AOA).
- Ψ Attitude vector. $\Psi = [\phi \quad \theta \quad \psi]^T$.
- β Angle of sideslip (AOS).
- $\delta_{a,e,r}$ Aerodynamic control surface angular deflection. Subscripts a, e and r stand for *aileron*, *elevator* and *rudder*, respectively. A positive deflection generates a negative moment.
- $\psi\,$ Yaw euler angle. Also named $\mathit{Heading}.$
- ϕ Roll euler angle. Also named Bank angle in aviation.
- θ Pitch euler angle.

Latin symbols

- **a** Acceleration vector. $\mathbf{a} = \dot{\mathbf{v}} = \ddot{\mathbf{r}} = \begin{bmatrix} a_x & a_y & a_z \end{bmatrix}^T$.
- **F** Force vector. $\mathbf{F} = [X \ Y \ Z]^T$.
- \mathbf{F}^w_{Aero} Aerodynamic forces in wind frame. Lift L, drag D and cross-wind force C. $\mathbf{F}^w_{Aero} = [-D \quad -C \quad -L]^T.$
- $\mathbf{F}_T^b \ \text{Thrust force in body frame.} \ \mathbf{F}_T^b = [X_T^b \ Y_T^b \ Z_T^b]^T.$
- **g** Gravity vector in the local NED frame. $\mathbf{g} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & g \end{bmatrix}^T$.
- $\mathbf{M}^b_{Aero}\,$ Body aerodynamic moments. $\mathbf{M}^b_{Aero}=[\ell \quad m \quad n]^T.$
- \mathbf{M}_T^b Body aerodynamic moments. $\mathbf{M}_T^b = [\ell_T \quad m_T \quad n_T]^T$.
- $\mathbf{\tilde{q}}$ Hamiltonian attitude quaternion. $\mathbf{\tilde{q}}=(q_0,q_1,q_2,q_3)=(q_0,\mathbf{q})$
 - A vector in the local NED frame ℓ can be represented in the body framae
 - b using $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}^b = \tilde{\mathbf{q}} \, \tilde{\mathbf{v}}^\ell \, \tilde{\mathbf{q}}^*$ (or $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}^{-1}$ instead of $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}^*$ if $\tilde{\mathbf{q}}$ is not unitary).
 - $\tilde{\mathbf{v}}$ represents a quaternionized vector: $\tilde{\mathbf{v}} = (0, \mathbf{v})$.
- **r** Position vector $\mathbf{r} = [x \ y \ z]^T$.
- \mathbf{R}_a^b Rotation matrix. Rotates a vector from frame a to frame b. $\mathbf{v}^b = \mathbf{R}_a^b \mathbf{v}^a$.
- \mathbf{x} General state vector.
- \mathbf{v} Velocity vector. $\mathbf{v} = \dot{\mathbf{r}} = \begin{bmatrix} v_x & v_y & v_z \end{bmatrix}^T$.
- \mathbf{v}^{ℓ} Velocity vector in local frame. $\mathbf{v}^{\ell} = \mathbf{v}_{w}^{\ell} + \mathbf{w}^{\ell}$.
- \mathbf{v}_w^b Relative airspeed velocity vector in body frame. $\mathbf{v}_w^b = [u \quad v \quad w]^T$.
- \mathbf{w}^{ℓ} Wind velocity vector in local frame. $\mathbf{w}^{\ell} = [w_N \ w_E \ w_D]^T$ Usually w_D is assumed to be null.
- \boldsymbol{w}^b Body rates vector. $\boldsymbol{w}^b = [p \quad q \quad r]^T$.

Decorators

- $()^b$ Resolved in the body FRD frame.
- ()* Complex conjugate.
- $()^{\ell}$ Resolved in the local NED frame.
- $()^w$ Resolved in the wind frame.
- $\dot{(}$) Time derivative.
- () Estimate.
- $()^{-1}$ Matrix inverse.
- $()^T$ Matrix transpose.