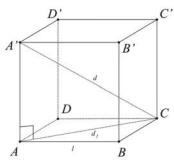
FORMULE - CORPURI GEOMETRICE

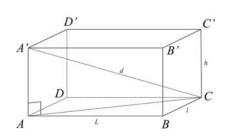
I. POLIEDRE

CUBUL



$$A_{l} = 4l^{2}$$
; $A_{r} = 6l^{2}$; $V = l^{3}$
 $d_{f} = l\sqrt{2}$; $d = l\sqrt{3}$

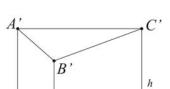
PARALELIPIPEDUL DREPTUNGHIC



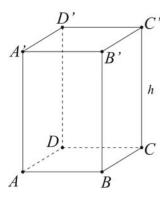
$$A_{t} = 2 \cdot (L \cdot l + L \cdot h + l \cdot h); \quad V = L \cdot l \cdot h$$
$$d = \sqrt{L^{2} + l^{2} + h^{2}}$$

PRISMA REGULATĂ

TRIUNGHIULARĂ

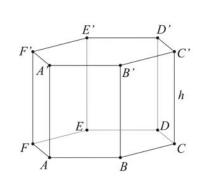


PATRULATERĂ



$$A_l = P_b \cdot h$$
 $A_t = A_l + 2 \cdot A_b$ $V = A_b \cdot h$

HEXAGONALĂ



$$V = A_b \cdot h$$

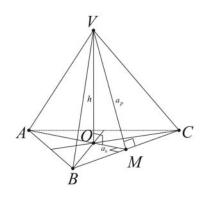
PIRAMIDA REGULATĂ

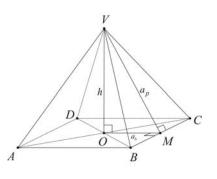
TRIUNGHIULARĂ

B

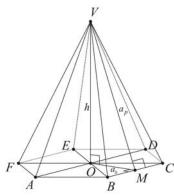
PATRULATERĂ

HEXAGONALĂ





$$A_{l} = \frac{P_{b} \cdot a_{p}}{2} \qquad A_{t} = A_{l} + A_{b} \qquad V = \frac{A_{b} \cdot h}{3}$$



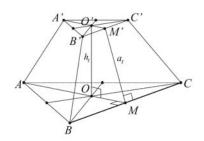
$$V = \frac{A_b \cdot h}{3}$$

TRUNCHIUL DE PIRAMIDĂ REGULATĂ

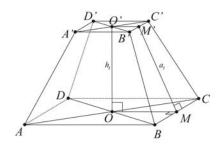
TRIUNGHIULARĂ

PATRULATERĂ

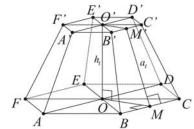
HEXAGONALĂ



$$A_{l} = \frac{\left(P_{B} + P_{b}\right) \cdot a_{l}}{2}$$



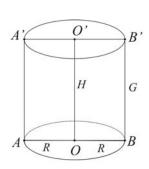
$$A_{t} = A_{l} + A_{B} + A_{b}$$



$$A_{l} = \frac{\left(P_{B} + P_{b}\right) \cdot a_{t}}{2} \qquad A_{t} = A_{l} + A_{B} + A_{b} \qquad V = \frac{h_{t}}{3} \cdot \left(A_{B} + A_{b} + \sqrt{A_{B} \cdot A_{b}}\right)$$

II. CORPURI ROTUNDE

CILINDRUL

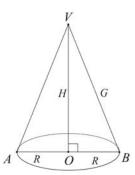


$$A_{l} = 2\pi RG$$

$$A_{l} = 2\pi R(G + R)$$

$$V = \pi R^{2}H$$

CONUL

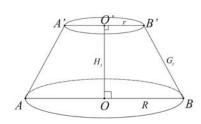


$$A_{t} = \pi RG$$

$$A_{t} = \pi R(G + R)$$

$$V = \frac{\pi R^{2}H}{3}$$

TRUNCHIUL DE CON

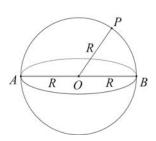


$$A_{t} = \pi G_{t} (R+r)$$

$$A_{t} = \pi G_{t} (R+r) + \pi R^{2} + \pi r^{2}$$

$$V = \frac{\pi H_{t}}{3} (R^{2} + r^{2} + Rr)$$

SFERA



$$A = 4\pi R^2$$

$$V = \frac{4\pi R^3}{3}$$