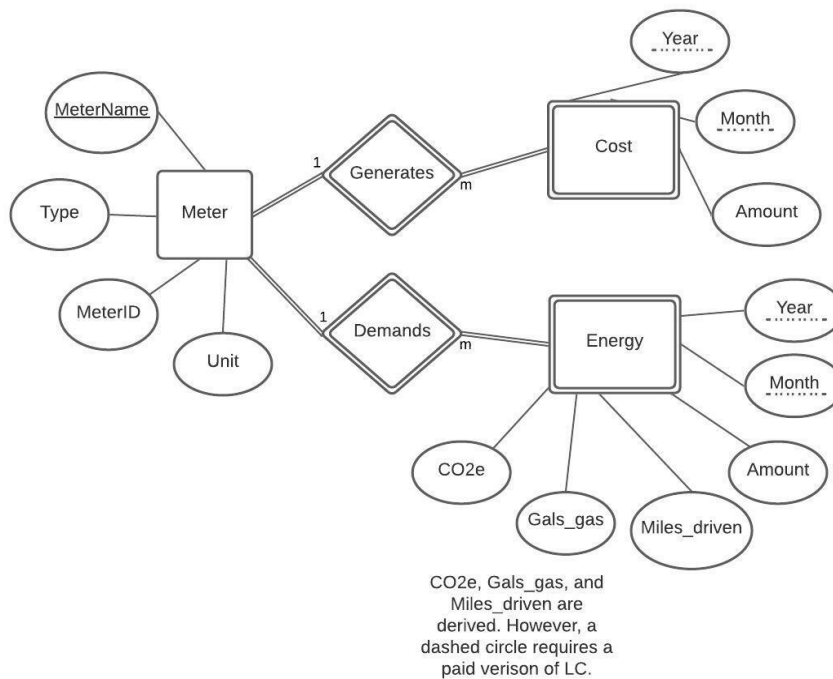


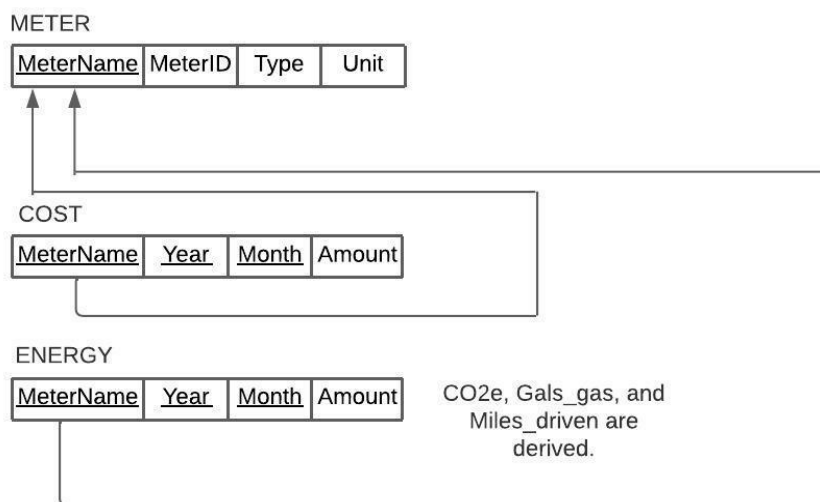
Bret Elphick, Dalton Hutchinson, Jimmy Fay, Andrew Fellenz, Katherine Gellman, Brooks Watson, Alexander Reyes  
 CSC 315-01  
 03/10/2022

## Database Model Document

### ER Diagram



### Relational Schema



## Database Thoughts

- We have decided that CO2e, Gas\_gals, and Miles\_driven can be derived from Amount and Unit attributes in ENERGY. Therefore we are not going to directly store them in the database. LucidCharts requires a paid version to use dashed ovals, therefore we have added a note next to these attributes indicating that they are derived in the ER Diagram.

## Initial Database Size

- 22 rows \* 4 columns = 88 records in Meter (22 meters and 3 values to keep track of per meter)
- 1426 rows \* 4 columns = 5704 records in Cost (1426 meter readings, and 4 values to keep track of per meter reading)
- 1426 rows \* 4 columns = 11,408 records in Energy (1426 meter readings, and 4 values to keep track of per meter reading)

## Types and Average Number of Searches

- Types of searches: join, project, grouping and aggregate functions
- To get the price, energy demand, and CO2e for a meter, year, and month combination we will need to join METER and COST. Each join will require the join condition to be checked 1426 times. We will then project the needed attributes.
- To calculate yearly averages we will use the AVG aggregate function. We will first select the tuples by the input year. Then, we will group by MeterName - This will require 12 additions and a division for each meter. Finally, we will select the input meter.

## Sample Relational Algebra

Obtaining the cost amount for a user inputted meter, year, and month combination:

$$USER\_METER \leftarrow \sigma_{MeterName = \langle UserMeterInput \rangle}(METER)$$
$$USER\_COMBO \leftarrow \sigma_{Year = \langle UserYearInput \rangle \text{ AND } Month = \langle UserMonthInput \rangle}(USER\_METER \bowtie_{MeterName = MeterName} COST)$$
$$PRICE \leftarrow \pi_{Amount}(USER\_COMBO)$$