Cyclical and Market Determinants of Involuntary Part-Time Employment Description of Data and Programs For online posting, *Journal of Labor Economics*, October 2018

I. State Panel Data

The following Stata do files and datasets combine state-level data from various sources described in Online Appendix B to create the dataset used for the state panel analyses in the paper. All of the do-files contain notes to explain each step of the process.

In order to produce this dataset, the do-files should be run in the following order:

FormatACSData.do – Combines and formats the raw ACS data FormatOESData.do -Combines and formats the raw OES data MinimumWagePanel.do - Creates a time series of the minimum wages by state and year CreatePTDataset 8-17.do – Combines and formats healthcare costs, employment, inflation, GSP, census bureau population estimates, industry sector employment, and creates estimates of IPT employment levels by state ad year create If shares 10-17.do – Creates information on labor force shares by gender and age groups and adds it to the analysis dataset - Adds more recent information on state GDP to the analysis dataset PT state add-GDP.do PT state ind-emp.do - Adds industry-level employment by state and year from the OES to the analysis dataset - Adds state population to the analysis dataset PT state add-pop.do PT state add-02.do - Adds employment and GSP data from 2002 to the dataset

The variables in the dataset are briefly described below. The data are structured as an annual panel by state/year.

Variable Name	Explanation
st, state, fips, statestr	Various state identifiers
pt (ipt)	Part-time and involuntary part-time (shares of
	civilian employment)
U3, U5, U6	Alternative measures of labor underutilization
	(BLS)
gdp	Gross state product
cemp_st, u_st, lf_st, ma_st, pop	Number of employed/unemployed/LF
	participants/marginally attached
	workers/population in thousands
med_hhinc, med_wage, minwage,	Various wage measures
wage_10pct, wage_25pct	
Totnf, minelog, cons, ndur, durg, wtrade,	Employment (in thousands) in various sectors
rtrade, trans, info, finance, realest, sci, mgmt.,	
admin, educ, health, leisure, serv, fgov, sgov,	

lgov, manu, financial, prof, eduhealth, minelogcons, slgov	
meansc, mediansc, meanpo, medianpo,	Mean and median employer healthcare costs
meanfam, medianfam	for private sector single, plus-one, and family
	coverage
share_"g"_"age"_"source"	Share of population of gender "g" (female,
	male, or total) in age range "age", and from
	source "cen" (census bueau) or "acs" (the
	ACS)
lf_"g""age"	Share of labor force of gender "g" in age
	range "age"
cpi_overall, cpi_core, pce_overall, pce_core	Various measures of inflation
occ_all, occ_cons, occ_fff, occ_inst, occ_mbf,	Employment in various industries from the
occ_off, occ_prod, occ_prof, occ_sale,	OES data
occ_serv, occ_tran, occ_sum, occ_dif	

II. State Panel Analyses

The following Stata do files generate the primary descriptive and regression results for the state panel analyses, described in the manuscript and Online Appendix A.

UR_vs_IPT_graphs_dots.do: Forms Figure 2

state_regs[alts][cyclical]_final_c_R2: Table 2 and Online Appendix Tables A2 and A3

decomp_displays_final.do: Forms Figure 3, results for Tables 3 and 4,

Online Appendix Table A5

state_dist_graphs_wt.do, UR_vs_IPT_graphs_labels.do , UR_and_IPT_states_graphs.do, UR vs_IPT_change graphs.do: Form assorted Online Appendix A displays

III. CPS microdata

The following Stata do files conduct various analyses using extracts from the monthly CPS microdata files for the years 2003-16 (Table 1 in the text, others in Online Appendix A).

Note: We started with a proprietary CPS extract (developed at FRBSF). The variable names/labels may not be transparent based on the raw CPS files (from the Census ftp site).

summary tables 12-17.do: Produces tabulations for Table 1 and Online Appendix Table A1

summary_reweight2.do: Produces Online Appendix Figure A2

ind regs final2.do: Produces results for Online Appendix Table A4

(Note: with margins calculated for various multinomial logit models on 9.5 million observations, this program takes a long time

to run—4+ days on a moderately powerful server)