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# Topics Today:

- Function Calls
  - Caller / Callee Saved Registers
  - Call Stack
- Memory LayoutStack, Heap, Static, Text
- Object FilesSymbol and Relocation Tables

Caller / Callee Saved Registers

Goal: Call arbitrary functions

Problem: Other functions use the same registers as I do

What if they overwrite my registers?

Solution: Somebody needs to save them to memory first!

Caller / Callee Saved Registers
Simple Solution #1

Save all registers before calling functions (Caller Saved Registers)

Only save registers you want to keep

```
Problem:
```

foo();

Caller / Callee Saved Registers
Simple Solution #2

New functions save all registers (Callee Saved Registers)
Only save registers you want to use

#### Problem:

```
for (i=0; i<10; i++) {
    foo();
}</pre>
```

Caller / Callee Saved Registers

Real-world Solution

**ARM** 

Mixture of both

R0 – R3	Caller Saved	
R4 – R11	Callee Saved	
R12	Scratch	
R13	Stack Pointer	
R14	Link Register	
R15	Program Counter	

### Caller / Callee Saved Registers

### Example:

How many total stores for:

```
int foo (void) {
                                         Caller Saved?
       int r0 = 3;
       int r1 = 0;
                                         Callee Saved?
       int r2 = 0;
       r2 = bar(r1);
       return (r2 + r1);
int bar (void) { ... uses r0, r1, and r2 ... }
```

### Caller / Callee Saved Registers

How many total stores for:

### Example:

int foo (void) {

Caller Saved? int r0 = 3; int r1 = 0; Callee Saved? int r2 = 0; 3 r2 = bar(r1);

int bar (void) { ... uses r0, r1, and r2 ... }

return (r2 + r1);

### **Function Calls**

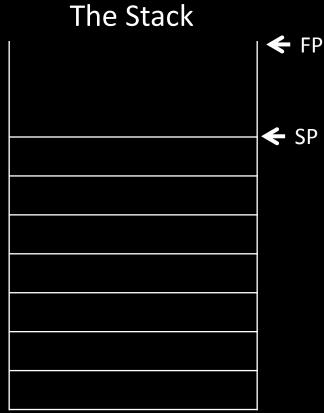
### Stack data associated with a function:

Return Address	<b>←</b> FP
Previous Frame Pointer	T FP
Callee Saved Registers	
Local Variables	
Spilled Registers	
Caller Saved Registers	
Outgoing Parameters	<b>∠</b> CD
	<b>7</b> 3r

### **Function Calls**

Example:

Function foo() gets called



### **Function Calls**

Example:

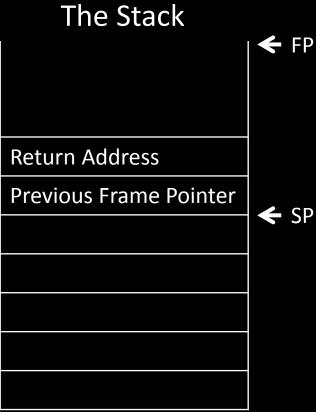
1) Save the Return Address



### **Function Calls**

Example:

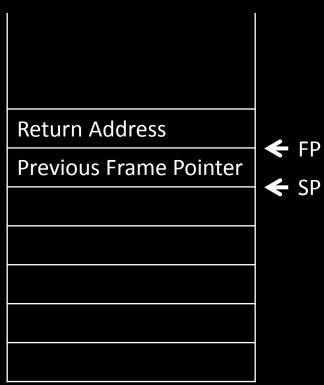
2) Save the Frame Pointer



### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

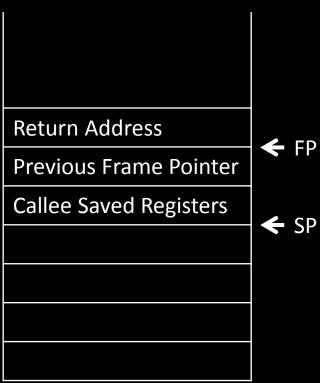
3) Move the Frame Pointer



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

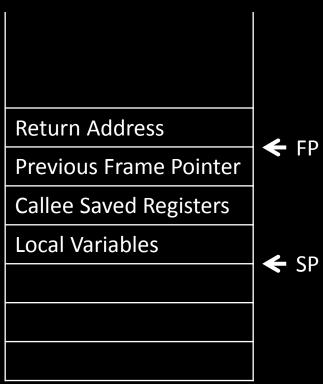
4) Save Callee-saved Registers



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

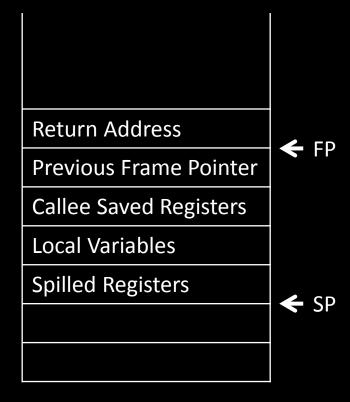
5) Make space for local variables
Also initialize them



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

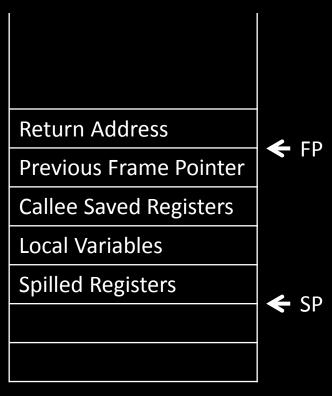
6) Allocate additional space if needed



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

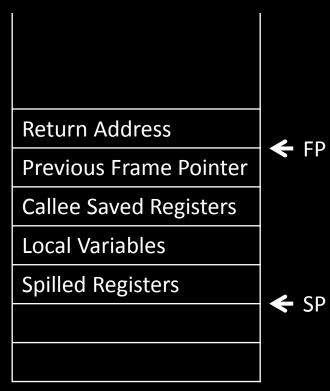
Function is ready to begin running



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

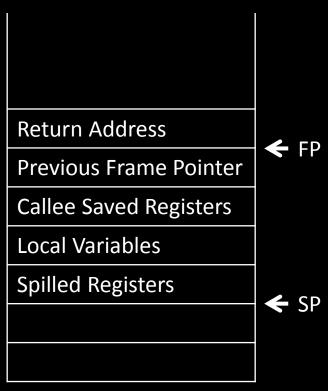
Executes code for a while...



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

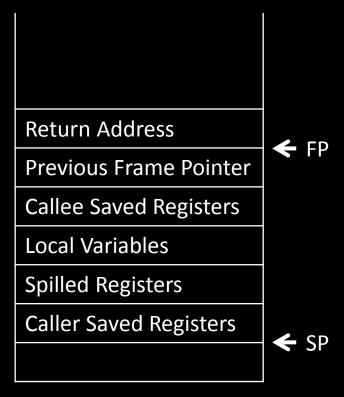
Going to call function bar()



#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

1) Save Caller-saved Registers



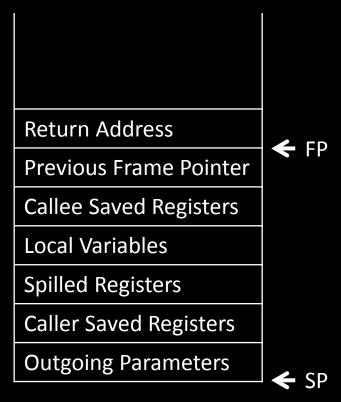
#### **Function Calls**

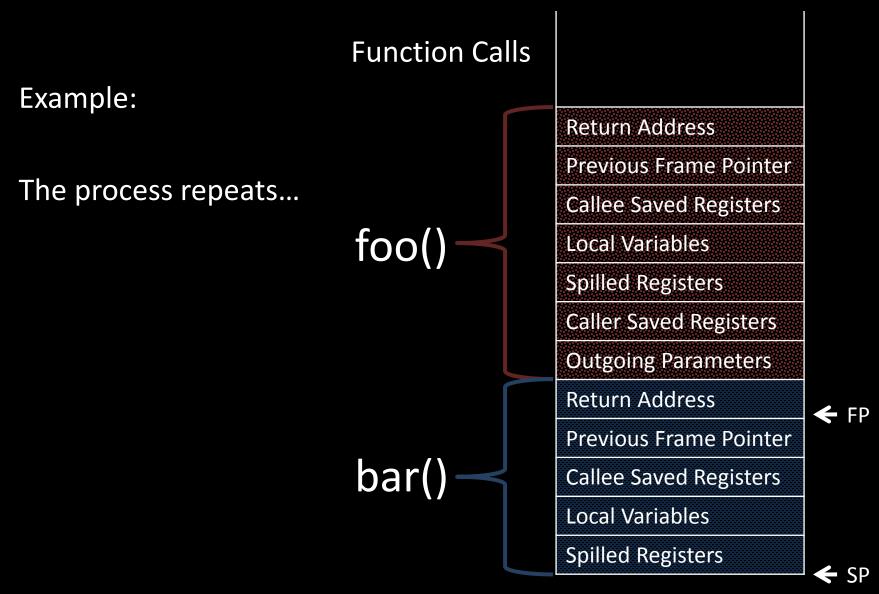
Example: The Stack 2) Put arguments for bar() on the stack (if needed) **Return Address ←** FP **Previous Frame Pointer** Callee Saved Registers **Local Variables** Spilled Registers Caller Saved Registers **Outgoing Parameters** 

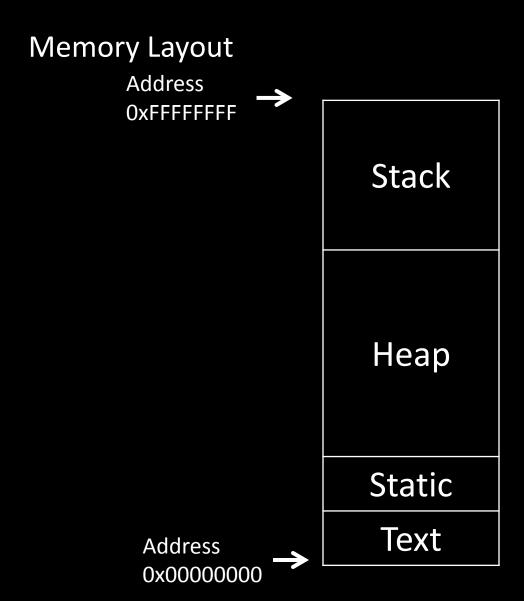
#### **Function Calls**

Example: The Stack

Function bar() gets called







### Memory Layout

```
Example:
                                        Stack
int a;
void foo(short b) {
     static int c = 3;
                                        Heap
     char* d;
     d = (char*) malloc(4);
                                        Static
      printf("Hello EECS370\n");
                                         Text
```

### **Object Files**

Header

Sizes of the other sections

Text

All code

Data

Global and Static data

Symbol Table

Connects label names to specific Data or Text locations

**Relocation Table** 

Lists instructions that rely on absolute addresses

### **Object Files**

### Example:

What goes in the Symbol Table? What goes in the Relocation Table

```
int a;
void foo(int b) {
    x = b;
    printf("%d\n", x);
    a = 15;
    return;
}
```

### **Object Files**

Putting together an executable:

- Add text sections together
- Add data sections together
- Check that all symbols are resolved
- Relocate absolute references

### Assembly → Object file - example

### Snippet of C

# Snippet of assembly code

ldr r1, [gp, #0] mov r0, r1 sdr r0, [sp,#-16] bl B

> EECS 370: Introduction to Computer Organization

_		-		
	Header	Name Text size Data size	foo 0x100 0x20	
	Text	Address 0 4 8 12	Instruction Idr r1, [gp, #0] mov r0, r1 sdr r0, [sp, #-16] bl B	
	Data	0	Х	3
	Symbol table	Label X B main	Address 0 - 0	
to	Reloc table	Addr 0 12	Instruction type Idr bl	Dependency X B

# **Example Executable File**

Header	Text size Data size	0x200 0x40
Text	Address 0x0040 0000 0x0040 0004 0x0040 0008 0x0040 000c  0x0040 0100 0x0040 0104	Instruction Idr r1, [gp, #4] mov r0, r1 sdr r0, [sp, #-16] bl 0x400100  sub r13, r13, #20 bl 0x400200
Data	0x1000 0000 0x1000 0004	 X