



# **Working with Queries**

## **Cloud Insights**

NetApp  
March 30, 2022

This PDF was generated from [https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/cloudinsights/concept\\_querying\\_assets.html](https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/cloudinsights/concept_querying_assets.html) on March 30, 2022. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.

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# Working with Queries

## Assets used in queries

Queries enable you to monitor and troubleshoot your network by searching the assets and metrics in your environment at a granular level based on user-selected criteria (for example, annotations).

Note that annotation rules, which automatically assign annotations to assets, *require* a query.

You can query the physical or virtual inventory assets (and their associated metrics) in your environment, or the metrics provided with integration such as Kubernetes or ONTAP Advanced Data.

### Inventory Assets

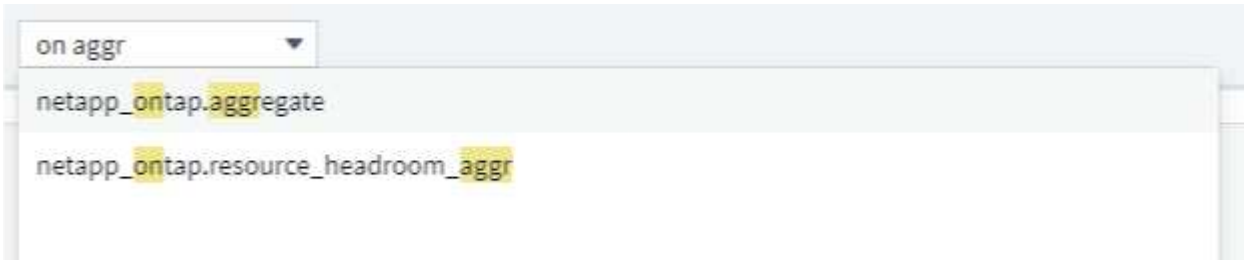
The following asset types can be used in queries, dashboard widgets, and custom asset landing pages. The fields and counters available for filters, expressions, and display will vary among asset types. Not all assets can be used in all widget types.

- Application
- Datastore
- Disk
- Fabric
- Generic Device
- Host
- Internal Volume
- iSCSI Session
- iSCSI Network Portal
- Path
- Port
- Qtree
- Quota
- Share
- Storage
- Storage Node
- Storage Pool
- Storage Virtual Machine (SVM)
- Switch
- Tape
- VMDK
- Virtual Machine
- Volume

- Zone
- Zone Member

## Integration Metrics

In addition to querying for inventory assets and their associated performance metrics, you can query for **integration data** metrics as well, such as those generated by Kubernetes or Docker, or provided with ONTAP Advanced Metrics.



## Creating Queries

Queries enable you to search the assets in your environment at a granular level, allowing to filter for the data you want and sort the results to your liking.

For example, you can create a query for *volumes*, add a filter to find particular *storages* associated with the selected volumes, add another filter to find a particular *annotation* such as "Tier 1" on the selected storages, and finally add another filter to find all storages with *IOPS - Read (IO/s)* greater than 25. When the results are displayed, you can then sort the columns of information associated with the query in ascending or descending order.

Note: When a new data collector is added which acquires assets, or any annotation or application assignments are made, you can query for those new assets, annotations, or applications only after the queries are indexed. Indexing occurs at a regularly scheduled interval or during certain events such as running annotation rules.

### Creating a Query is very simple:

1. Navigate to **Queries > \*+New Query**.
2. From the 'Select...' list, select the object type you want to query for. You can scroll through the list or you can start typing to more quickly find what you're searching for.

### Scroll list:



A screenshot of a web application interface showing a dropdown menu. The dropdown is open, displaying a list of items. The first item is highlighted. The items are: agent.node, agent.node\_diskio, agent.node\_fs, agent.node\_net, Application, DataStore, Disk, Fabric, and GenericDevice. The dropdown has a search bar at the top with the text "Select..." and a downward arrow. The list is scrollable, with a scrollbar visible on the right side.

- agent.node
- agent.node\_diskio
- agent.node\_fs
- agent.node\_net
- Application
- DataStore
- Disk
- Fabric
- GenericDevice

**Type-to-Search:**

A screenshot of a web application interface showing a "Type-to-Search" dropdown menu. The dropdown is open, displaying a list of items. The first item is highlighted. The items are: netapp\_ontap.aggregate and netapp\_ontap.resource\_headroom\_aggr. The dropdown has a search bar at the top with the text "on aggr" and a downward arrow. The list is scrollable, with a scrollbar visible on the right side.

- netapp\_ontap.aggregate
- netapp\_ontap.resource\_headroom\_aggr

You can add filters to further narrow down your query by clicking the **+** button in the **Filter By** field. Group rows by object or attribute. When working with integration data (Kubernetes, ONTAP Advanced Metrics, etc.), you can group by multiple attributes, if desired.

netapp\_ontap.aggregate X

Filter By

cluster\_name ci- X +

Group

aggr\_name X

5 items found

Table Row Grouping	Metrics & Attributes	
aggr_name	cp_read_blocks	cluster_name ↓
oci02sat0	0.59	oci-phonehome
oci02sat1	0.15	oci-phonehome
oci02sat2	212.64	oci-phonehome
oci01sat0	0.39	oci-phonehome
oci01sat1	48.89	oci-phonehome

The query results list shows a number of default columns, depending on the object type searched for. To add, remove, or change the columns, click the gear icon on the right of the table. The available columns vary based on the asset/metric type.

netapp\_ontap.aggregate X

Filter By

+

Group

aggr\_name X

14 items found

Table Row Grouping	Metrics & Attributes	
aggr_name	cp_read_blocks	agent_version ↑
aggr0_optimus_02	1.72	Apache-HttpCli
aggr1_optimus_02	408.84	Apache-HttpCli
ocinaneqa1_04_aggr0	6.19	Apache-HttpCli
ocinaneqa1_03_aggr0	6.48	Apache-HttpCli
oci02sat0	1.04	Apache-HttpCli

Search...

☐ Show Selected Only
 ☒ agent\_version
 ☐ aggr\_name
 ☐ cluster\_location
 ☒ cluster\_name
 ☐ cluster\_serial\_number
 ☐ cluster\_version

After you have configured your query to show you the results you want, you can click the **Save** button to save the query for future use. Give it a meaningful and unique name.

More on Filtering

Wildcards and Expressions

When you are filtering for text or list values in queries or dashboard widgets, as you begin typing you are presented with the option to create a **wildcard filter** based on the current text. Selecting this option will return all results that match the wildcard expression. You can also create **expressions** using NOT or OR, or you can select the "None" option to filter for null values in the field.

kubernetes.pod X ▼

Filter By

pod\_name

ingest ▼ X + ?

Group

pod\_name X

Create wildcard containing "ingest"

ci-service-datalake-ingestion-85b5bdfd6d-2qbwr

service-foundation-ingest-767dfd5bfc-vxd5p

None

71 items found

Table Row Grouping

Filters based on wildcards or expressions (e.g. NOT, OR, "None", etc.) display in dark blue in the filter field. Items that you select directly from the list are displayed in light blue.

kubernetes.pod X ▼

Filter By

pod\_name

\*ingest\* X

ci-service-audit-5f775dd975-brfdc X

X ▼ X + ?

Group

pod\_name X

X ▼

3 items found

Table Row Grouping

pod_name
ci-service-audit-5f775dd975-brfdc
ci-service-datalake-ingestion-85b5bdfd6d-2qbwr
service-foundation-ingest-767dfd5bfc-vxd5p

Note that Wildcard and Expression filtering works with text or lists but not with numerics, dates or booleans.

### Refining Filters

You can use the following to refine your filter:

Filter	What it does	Example	Result
--------	--------------	---------	--------

* (Asterisk)	enables you to search for everything	vol*rhel	returns all resources that start with "vol" and end with "rhel"
? (question mark)	enables you to search for a specific number of characters	BOS-PRD??-S12	returns BOS-PRD <b>12</b> -S12, BOS-PRD <b>23</b> -S12, and so on
OR	enables you to specify multiple entities	FAS2240 OR CX600 OR FAS3270	returns any of FAS2440, CX600, or FAS3270
NOT	allows you to exclude text from the search results	NOT EMC*	returns everything that does not start with "EMC"
None	searches for NULL values in all fields	None	returns results where the target field is empty
Not *	searches for NULL values in <i>text-only</i> fields	Not *	returns results where the target field is empty

If you enclose a filter string in double quotes, Insight treats everything between the first and last quote as an exact match. Any special characters or operators inside the quotes will be treated as literals. For example, filtering for "\*" will return results that are a literal asterisk; the asterisk will not be treated as a wildcard in this case. The operators OR and NOT will also be treated as literal strings when enclosed in double quotes.

### What do I do now that I have query results?

Querying provides a simple place to add annotations or assign applications to assets. Note that you can only assign applications or annotations to your inventory assets (Disk, Storage, etc.). Integration metrics cannot take on annotation or application assignments.

To assign an annotation or application to the assets resulting from your query, simply select the asset(s) using the check box column on the left of the results table, then click the **Bulk Actions** button on the right. Choose the desired action to apply to the selected assets.

Volume X

Filter By Name Any X +

Query Results (5) | 2 Selected

Bulk Actions

Add Annotation  
Remove Annotation  
Add Application  
Remove Application

	Name ↑	Storage Pools	Capacity - Raw (GB)	Mapped Ports
	DmoESX_optimus:mc_Dm...	optimus-02:aggr1_optimu...	N/A	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DmoSAN_optimus:hoffma...	optimus-02:aggr1_optimu...	N/A	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DmoSAN_optimus:mc_D...	optimus-02:aggr1_optimu...	N/A	
	oci-3070-01:/vol/vfiler_lun...	oci-3070-01:aggr5	N/A	OS:windows
	spectravs1:sjimmyscsi:/v...	ocinaneqa1-01:spectraaggr1	N/A	OS:linux

### Annotation Rules require query

If you are configuring [Annotation Rules](#), each rule must have an underlying query to work with. But as you've seen above, queries can be made as broad or as narrow as you need.



# Viewing queries

You can view your queries to monitor your assets and change how your queries display the data related to your assets.

## Steps

1. Log in to your Cloud Insights tenant.
2. Click **Queries** and select **Show all queries**.  
You can change how queries display by doing any of the following:
3. You can enter text in the filter box to search to display specific queries.
4. You can change the sort order of the columns in the table of queries to either ascending (up arrow) or descending (down arrow) by clicking the arrow in the column header.
5. To resize a column, hover the mouse over the column header until a blue bar appears. Place the mouse over the bar and drag it right or left.
6. To move a column, click on the column header and drag it right or left.

When scrolling through the query results, be aware that the results may change as Cloud Insights automatically polls your data collectors. This may result in some items being missing, or some items appearing out of order depending on how they are sorted.

# Exporting query results to a .CSV file

You can export the results of any query to a .CSV file, which will allow you to analyze the data or import it into another application.

## Steps

1. Log in to your Cloud Insights tenant.
2. Click **Queries** and select **Show all queries**.  
  
The Queries page is displayed.
3. Click a query.
4. Click  to export the query results to a .CSV file.
5. When prompted, do one of the following:
  - a. Click **Open with** and then **OK** to open the file with Microsoft Excel and save the file to a specific location.
  - b. Click **Save file** and then **OK** to save the file to your Downloads folder.

All of the attributes for the objects in the columns currently selected for display are exported to the file, regardless of whether those attributes are being displayed.

When exporting query results, be aware that all rows in the results table will be exported, not just those selected or displayed on the screen, up to a maximum of 10,000 rows.

Note: When a comma appears in an asset name, the export encloses the name in quotes, preserving the asset name and the proper .csv format.

When opening an exported .CSV file with Excel, if you have an object name or other field that is in the format

NN:NN (two digits followed by a colon followed by two more digits), Excel will sometimes interpret that name as a Time format, instead of Text format. This can result in Excel displaying incorrect values in those columns. For example, an object named "81:45" would show in Excel as "81:45:00".

To work around this, import the .CSV into Excel using the following steps:

1. Open a new sheet in Excel.
2. On the "Data" tab, choose "From Text".
3. Locate the desired .CSV file and click "Import".
4. In the Import wizard, choose "Delimited" and click Next.
5. Choose "Comma" for the delimiter and click Next.
6. Select the desired columns and choose "Text" for the column data format.
7. Click Finish.

Your objects should show in Excel in the proper format.

## Modifying or Deleting a Query

### Modifying a Query

You can change the criteria that are associated with a query when you want to change the search criteria for the assets that you are querying.

#### Steps

1. Click **Queries** and select **Show all queries**.

The Queries page is displayed.

2. Click the query name

3. To add a criteria to the query, click  and select a criteria from the list.

4. To remove a filter from the query, click the **X** next to the filter to remove.

When you have made all necessary changes, do one of the following:

- Click the **Save** button to save the query with the name that was used initially.
- Click the drop-down next to the **Save** button and select **Save As** to save the query with another name. This does not overwrite the original query.
- Click the drop-down next to the **Save** button and select **Rename** to change the query name that you had used initially. This overwrites the original query.
- Click the drop-down next to the **Save** button and select **Discard Changes** to revert the query back to the last saved changes.

### Deleting a Query

To delete a query, click **Queries** and select **Show all queries**, and do one of the following:

1. Click on the "three dot" menu to the right of the query and click **Delete**.

2. Click on the query name and select **Delete** from the **Save** drop-down menu.

## Assigning multiple applications to or removing multiple applications from assets

You can assign multiple applications to or remove multiple applications from assets by using a query instead of having to manually assign or remove them.



You can use these steps to add or remove annotations in the same way.

### Before you begin

You must have already created a query that finds all the assets that you to edit.

### Steps

1. Click **Queries** and select **Show all queries**.

The Queries page displays.

2. Click the name of the query that finds the assets.

The list of assets associated with the query displays.

3. Select the desired assets in the list or click the top checkbox to select All.

The  button displays.

4. To add an application to the selected assets, click  and select **Add Application**.

5. Select one or more applications.

You can select multiple applications for hosts, internal volumes, qtrees, and virtual machines; however, you can select only one application for a volume or a share.

6. Click **Save**.

7. To remove an application assigned to the assets, click  and select **Remove Application**.

8. Select the application or applications you want to remove.

9. Click **Delete**.

Any new applications you assign override any applications on the asset that were derived from another asset. For example, volumes inherit applications from hosts, and when new applications are assigned to a volume, the new application takes precedence over the derived application.

After you click **Save** on a bulk add or **Remove** on a bulk delete action, Cloud Insights informs you that the action will take some time. You can dismiss this message; the action will continue in the background.

# Copying table values

You can copy values in tables to the clipboard for use in search boxes or other applications.

## About this task

There are two methods you can use to copy values from tables or query results to the clipboard.

## Steps

1. Method 1: Highlight the desired text with the mouse, copy it, and paste it into search fields or other applications.
2. Method 2: For single-value fields, hover over the field and click the clipboard icon  that appears. The value is copied to the clipboard for use in search fields or other applications.

Note that only values that are links to assets can be copied using this method. Only fields that include single values (i.e. non-lists) have the copy icon.

# Log Explorer

The Cloud Insights Log Explorer is a powerful tool for querying system logs. In addition to helping with investigations, you can also save a log query in a Monitor to provide alerts when those particular log triggers are activated.

To begin exploring logs, click **Queries > +New Log Query**.



Select an available log from the list.

Select...

logs.kubernetes

logs.kubernetes.events

logs.netapp.ems

logs.ontap.ems

logs.sidd\_test

logs.syslog



The types of logs available for querying may vary based on your environment. Additional log types may be added over time.

You can set filters to further refine the results of the query. For example, to find all log messages showing a failure, set a filter for *Messages* containing the word "failed".



You can begin typing the desired text in the filter field; Cloud Insights will prompt you to create a wildcard search containing the string as you type.

The results are displayed in a graph showing the number of log instances in each time period shown. Below the graph are the log entries temselves. The graph and the entries refresh automatically based on the selected time range.



The Log Graph

The graph shows the number of log entries, grouped into *buckets*, which are based on the selected dashboard

time range. The buckets for each time range are as follows:

Dashboard Time Range	Bucket size
Last 15 Minutes	10 Seconds
Last 30 Minutes	15 Seconds
Last 60 Minutes	30 Seconds
Last 2 Hours	1 Minute
Last 3 Hours	5 Minutes
Last 6 Hours	5 Minutes
Last 12 Hours	10 Minutes
Last 24 Hours	15 Minutes
Last 2 Days	30 Minutes
Last 3 Days	45 Minutes
Last 7 Days	2 Hours
Last 30 Days	1 Day

To zoom in the graph, simply drag the sliders from either side. To pan the zoomed area, click and hold in the white area and move left or right. Click *Reset Zoom* to reset the zoom level.



Note that when zooming the graph or scrolling the table, dashboard auto-refresh will pause and the time range will show the frozen time. To resume refresh, click the *Resume* button . This will also reset the zoom level.

At any point, you can click on *Create a Log Monitor* to create a new Monitor based on the current filter.

**Log Details**

Clicking anywhere in a log entry in the list will open a detail pane for that entry. Here you can explore more information about the event.

Click on "Add Filter" to add the selected field to the current filter. The log entry list will update based on the new filter.

## Log Details



### timestamp

09/20/2021 9:03:36 PM

### message

2021-09-20T15:33:36Z E! [processors.execd] stderr: "Total time to process mountstats file: /hostfs/proc/1/mountstats, was: 0s"

id: 227814532095936770

node\_name: ci-auto-dsacq-insights-1.cloudinsights-dev.netapp.com

Add Filter



source: telegraf-ds-dfcc5

type: logs.kubernetes

### kubernetes

kubernetes.annotations.openshift.io\_scc: telegraf-hostaccess

kubernetes.container\_hash: ci-registry.nane.openenglab.netapp.com:8077/telegraf@sha256:00b45a7cc0761c

## Troubleshooting

Here you will find suggestions for troubleshooting problems with Log Queries.

Problem:	Try this:
I don't see "debug" messages in my log query	Debug log messaging is not collected. To capture messages you want, change the relevant message severity to <i>informational</i> , <i>error</i> , <i>alert</i> , <i>emergency</i> , or <i>notice</i> level.

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