■ NetApp

NetApp

Cloud Insights

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Table of Contents

| Ne | etApp | 1 |
|----|-------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| | NetApp Astra Data Store data collector | 1 |
| | NetApp Cloud Connection for ONTAP 9.9+ data collector | 4 |
| | NetApp Cloud Volumes ONTAP data collector. | 6 |
| | NetApp Cloud Volumes Services for AWS data collector | 7 |
| | NetApp ONTAP Data Management Software data collector | 7 |
| | NetApp Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode data collector | . 13 |
| | NetApp E-Series data collector | . 16 |
| | Configuring the NetApp HCI Management server data collector | . 19 |
| | NetApp SolidFire All-Flash Array data collector | . 21 |
| | NetApp StorageGRID data collector | . 23 |

NetApp

NetApp Astra Data Store data collector

This data collector acquires inventory and performance data for a single Astra Data Store cluster. In addition to the data collector, the Monitoring Operator will configure *Telegraf* to collect advanced metrics and *Fluent Bit* to collect logs.



These installation instructions and additional information can also be found in the Astra Data Store documentation:

Monitor metrics with Cloud Insights Quick start for Astra Data Store

Terminology

Cloud Insights acquires inventory and performance data from this data collector. For each asset type acquired, the most common terminology used for the asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| AstraDSVolume | Internal Volume |
| AstraDSNodeInfo.status.drives | Disk |
| AstraDSNodeInfo | Storage Node |
| AstraDSExportPolicy | Share / Share Initiator |
| AstraDSCluster | Storage |

Requirements

- The NetApp Monitoring Operator must be installed in the Kubernetes cluster with Astra Data Store. If this
 was not installed during the Astra Data Store installation, please install the monitoring operator following
 the Astra Data Store installation instructions.
- The *kubectl-astrads* kubectl plugin must be installed. If it is not installed, please install the *kubectl-astrads* binary following the Astra Data Store installation instructions.
- The following commands must be available: awk, curl, grep and jq.

Installation

The installation script will walk you through installation of the Astra Data Store data collector. Follow the instructions on-screen. Installation will take several minutes to complete. Once complete, it may take a few more minutes before data is shown in Cloud Insights.

The script will walk you through the following steps:

- 1. Choose an API Access Token.
- 2. Copy the installer script from the installation dialog and save it as as a file named *cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh*. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the script to the clipboard.

- Open a Bash window, change directory to the location of the cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh script.
- 4. Copy the permissions command block from the installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 5. Paste the permissions command into the Bash window and press Enter.
- 6. Copy the install command from the installation dialog. You can click the clipboard icon to quickly copy the command to the clipboard.
- 7. Paste the install command into the Bash window.
- 8. Replace <KUBERNETES IP> with the IP address of the Kubernetes API server.
- 9. Replace <KUBERNETES_TOKEN> with your Kubernetes API token.
- 10. Press Enter.

The installer script will:

- * Verify the Monitoring Operator is installed and configured.
- * Configure Fluent Bit.
- * Configure Telegraf.
- * Install the Acquisition Unit.
- * Install the Astra Data Store collector once the Acquisition Unit is running.

11. Click Complete Setup.

If the installer script exits due to an error, you can rerun it again once the error is resolved. The installer script supports additional parameters such as the Monitoring Operator namespace and Kubernetes API server port if your environment does not use the default settings. A full list of available options is listed below.

Installer script options:

Note that the Cloud Insights domain name and selected API Access Key will be embedded in the installer script when it is downloaded.

\$./cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh -h USAGE: cloudinsights-ads-monitoring.sh [OPTIONS] Configure monitoring of Astra Data Store by Cloud Insights. OPTIONS: -h Display this help message. -d ci domain name Cloud Insights tenant domain name. -i kubernetes ip Kubernetes API server IP address. -k ci api key Cloud Insights API Access Key. -n namespace Namespace for monitoring components. (default: netapp-monitoring) -p kubernetes port Kubernetes API server port. (default: 6443) -r root pv dir Create 3 Persistent Volumes in this directory for the Acquisition Unit. Only specify this option if there is no Storage Provisioner installed and the PVs do not already exist. Storage Class name for provisioning Acquisition -s storage class Unit PVs. If not specified, the default storage class will be used. -t kubernetes token Kubernetes API server token.

Troubleshooting

Some things to try if you encounter problems with this data collector:

Astra Data Store data collector

| Problem: | Try this: |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| You see an "Unauthorized" message | Check that the Kubernetes API Token has permission to call APIs in the <i>astrads.netapp.io</i> apiGroup |
| "Unknown host: astrads-metrics-service.astrads- system.svc.cluster.local: Name or service not known" | Verify the collector is installed in an Acquisition Unit pod running inside the ADS Kubernetes cluster. Verify the astrads-metrics-service is running the astrads-system namespace. |

Installation Script

| Problem: | Try this: |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| The monitoring operator is not running in <namespace> namespace.</namespace> | Follow the Astra Data Store installation instructions to install it |
| Acquisition Unit pod <pod> did not start successfully after 300 seconds.</pod> | Get the name of the acquisition unit pod: kubectl get podsnamespace netapp-monitoring grep "au-pod" Check the pod events for errors: kubectl describe podnamespace netapp-monitoring <pod_name></pod_name> |

| Problem: | Try this: |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acquisition Unit installation has not finished after 900 seconds | Get the name of the acquisition unit pod: kubectl get podsnamespace netapp-monitoring grep "au-pod" Check the pod logs for errors: kubectl logsnamespace netapp-monitoring <pod_name> If there are no errors and the logs end with the message "Main - Acquisition is up and running!", the install succeeded but too longer than expected. Rerun the installation script.</pod_name> |
| Failed to retrieve Acquisition Unit id from Cloud Insights | Verify the Acquisition Unit appears in Cloud Insights. Go to Admin > Data Collectors and click on the Acquisition Units tab. Verify the Cloud Insights API key has permission for Acquisition Unit. |

Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp Cloud Connection for ONTAP 9.9+ data collector

This data collector creates a cloud connection to support data collection from ONTAP 9.9+ CVO, AFF, and FAS systems.

Configuration

Cloud Insights collects data from ONTAP 9.9+ using a **cloud connection**, eliminating the need to install an external acquisition unit, simplifying troubleshooting, maintenance, and initial deployment. Configuration of the cloud connection for the ONTAP 9.9+ data collector requires you to copy a **Pairing Code** to the ONTAP System Manager, which will then establish a connection to your Cloud Insights environment. After the connection is established, the data collected is the same as it would be if it was collected through an acquisition unit.

This data collector supports ONTAP 9.9+ CVO, AFF, and FAS systems.



Configure Collector

Quickly add a cloud connection in your environment and immediately start monitoring data

Connect to ONTAP 9.9+ via a Cloud Connection

Need Help?





- In a new tab, login to ONTAP System Manager (SM) for the cluster you would like to monitor and navigate to Cluster > Settings > Cloud Connections.
- Click on Add Cloud Connection and paste the Pairing Code from step 2.
- 5 The connection will be established automatically with no additional user interaction. Check System Manager for error messages if connection is not established after a few minutes.

Follow these steps to configure the connection:

- Generate a unique token which will be used to establish the connection to the ONTAP system.
- Copy the Pairing Code, which includes the token. You can view the pairing code by clicking on [+] Reveal Code Snippet.

Once you copy the pairing code, the data collector configuration screen will reveal a step 6, prompting you to wait for the connection to be established. Nothing more needs to be done on this screen until the connection is established.



- In a new browser tab, log into the ONTAP System Manager and navigate to Cluster > Settings > Cloud Connections.
- · Click Add Cloud Connection and paste the pairing code.
- Return to the Cloud Insights browser tab and wait for the connection to be established. Once it is established, a *Complete* button is revealed.
- · Click Complete.

Troubleshooting

Some things to try if you encounter problems with this data collector:

| Problem: | Try this: |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| I'm seeing the following error while trying to connect to Azure CVO: "The certificate signing request to broker/manager CA service was not completed." | Verify that your Cloud manager proxy settings are set to the Cloud Manager private IP. Cloud Manager installation may set a different proxy. Once the proxy is set to the correct IP and you reference the proxy in the Cloud Connector dialog, the connection to Cloud Insights should connect successfully. |

Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp Cloud Volumes ONTAP data collector

This data collector supports inventory collection from Cloud Volumes ONTAP configurations.

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| NetApp Management IP Address | IP address for Cloud Volumens ONTAP |
| User Name | User name for Cloud Volumes ONTAP |
| Password | Password for the above user |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Connection Type | HTTPS recommended. Also shows default port. |
| Override Communication Port | Port to use if not default. |
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 60 minutes. |
| Inventory Concurrent Thread Count | Number of concurrent threads. |
| Force TLS for HTTPS | Force TLS over HTTPS |
| Automatically Lookup Netgroups | Automatically Lookup Netgroups |
| Netgroup Expansion | Select Shell or File |
| HTTP read timeout seconds | Default is 30 seconds |
| Force responses as UTF-8 | Force responses as UTF-8 |
| Performance Poll Interval (min) | Default is 900 seconds. |
| Performance Concurrent Thread Count | Number of concurrent threads. |
| Advanced Counter Data Collection | Check this to have Cloud Insights collect the advanced metrics from the list below. |

Troubleshooting

Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp Cloud Volumes Services for AWS data collector

This data collector supports inventory collection from NetApp Cloud Volumes Services for AWS configurations.

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Cloud Volumes Region | Region of the NetApp Cloud Volumes Services for AWS |
| API Key | Cloud Volumes API key |
| Secret Key | Cloud Volumes secret key |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 60 minutes |

Troubleshooting

Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp ONTAP Data Management Software data collector

This data collector acquires inventory and performance data from storage systems running ONTAP using read-only API calls from an ONTAP account. This data collector also creates a record in the cluster application registry to accelerate support.

Terminology

Cloud Insights acquires inventory and performance data from the ONTAP data collector. For each asset type acquired, the most common terminology used for the asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Disk | Disk |
| Raid Group | Disk Group |
| Cluster | Storage |
| Node | Storage Node |

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Aggregate | Storage Pool |
| LUN | Volume |
| Volume | Internal Volume |

ONTAP Data Management Terminology

The following terms apply to objects or references that you might find on ONTAP Data Management storage asset landing pages. Many of these terms apply to other data collectors as well.

Storage

- Model A comma-delimited list of the unique, discrete node model names within this cluster. If all the nodes in the clusters are the same model type, just one model name will appear.
- Vendor same Vendor name you would see if you were configuring a new data source.
- Serial number The array serial number. On cluster architecture storage systems like ONTAP Data Management, this serial number may be less useful than the individual "Storage Nodes" serial numbers.
- IP generally will be the IP(s) or hostname(s) as configured in the data source.
- Microcode version firmware.
- Raw Capacity base 2 summation of all the physical disks in the system, regardless of their role.
- Latency a representation of what the host facing workloads are experiencing, across both reads and
 writes. Ideally, Cloud Insights is sourcing this value directly, but this is often not the case. In lieu of the array
 offering this up, Cloud Insights is generally performing an IOPs-weighted calculation derived from the
 individual internal volumes' statistics.
- Throughput aggregated from internal volumes.
 Management this may contain a hyperlink for the management interface of the device. Created programmatically by the Cloud Insights data source as part of inventory reporting.

Storage Pool

- Storage what storage array this pool lives on. Mandatory.
- Type a descriptive value from a list of an enumerated list of possibilities. Most commonly will be "Aggregate" or "RAID Group".
- Node if this storage array's architecture is such that pools belong to a specific storage node, its name will be seen here as a hyperlink to its own landing page.
- Uses Flash Pool Yes/No value does this SATA/SAS based pool have SSDs used for caching acceleration?
- Redundancy RAID level or protection scheme. RAID_DP is dual parity, RAID_TP is triple parity.
- Capacity the values here are the logical used, usable capacity and the logical total capacity, and the percentage used across these.
- Over-committed capacity If by using efficiency technologies you have allocated a sum total of volume or internal volume capacities larger than the logical capacity of the storage pool, the percentage value here will be greater than 0%.
- Snapshot snapshot capacities used and total, if your storage pool architecture dedicates part of its capacity to segments areas exclusively for snapshots. ONTAP in MetroCluster configurations are likely to

exhibit this, while other ONTAP configurations are less so.

- Utilization a percentage value showing the highest disk busy percentage of any disk contributing capacity
 to this storage pool. Disk utilization does not necessarily have a strong correlation with array performance –
 utilization may be high due to disk rebuilds, deduplication activities, etc in the absence of host driven
 workloads. Also, many arrays' replication implementations may drive disk utilization while not showing as
 internal volume or volume workload.
- IOPS the sum IOPs of all the disks contributing capacity to this storage pool.

 Throughput the sum throughput of all the disks contributing capacity to this storage pool.

Storage Node

- Storage what storage array this node is part of. Mandatory.
- HA Partner on platforms where a node will fail over to one and only one other node, it will generally be seen here.
- State health of the node. Only available when the array is healthy enough to be inventoried by a data source.
- Model model name of the node.
- Version version name of the device.
- Serial number The node serial number.
- Memory base 2 memory if available.
- Utilization On ONTAP, this is a controller stress index from a proprietary algorithm. With every
 performance poll, a number between 0 and 100% will be reported that is the higher of either WAFL disk
 contention, or average CPU utilization. If you observe sustained values > 50%, that is indicative of
 undersizing potentially a controller/node not large enough or not enough spinning disks to absorb the
 write workload.
- IOPS Derived directly from ONTAP ZAPI calls on the node object.
- Latency Derived directly from ONTAP ZAPI calls on the node object.
- Throughput Derived directly from ONTAP ZAPI calls on the node object.
- · Processors CPU count.

Requirements

The following are requirements to configure and use this data collector:

- You must have access to an Administrator account configured for read-only API calls.
- Account details include username and password.
- Port requirements: 80 or 443
- Account permissions:
 - Read only role name to ontapi application to the default Vserver
 - You may require additional optional write permissions. See the Note About Permissions below.
- ONTAP License requirements:
 - FCP license and mapped/masked volumes required for fibre-channel discovery

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| NetApp Management IP | IP address or fully-qualified domain name of the NetApp cluster |
| User Name | User name for NetApp cluster |
| Password | Password for NetApp cluster |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Connection type | Choose HTTP (default port 80) or HTTPS (default port 443). The default is HTTPS |
| Override Communication Port | Specify a different port if you do not want to use the default |
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 60 minutes. |
| For TLS for HTTPS | Only allow TLS as protocol when using HTTPS |
| Automatically Lookup Netgroups | Enable the automatic netgroup lookups for export policy rules |
| Netgroup Expansion | Netgroup Expansion Strategy. Choose <i>file</i> or <i>shell</i> . The default is <i>shell</i> . |
| HTTP read timeout seconds | Default is 30 |
| Force responses as UTF-8 | Forces data collector code to interpret responses from the CLI as being in UTF-8 |
| Performance Poll Interval (sec) | Default is 900 seconds. |
| Advanced Counter Data Collection | Enable ONTAP integration. Select this to include ONTAP Advanced Counter data in polls. Choose the desired counters from the list. |

A Note About Permissions

Since a number of Cloud Insights' ONTAP dashboards rely on advanced ONTAP counters, you must enable **Advanced Counter Data Collection** in the data collector Advanced Configuration section.

You should also ensure that write permission to the ONTAP API is enabled. This typically requires an account at the cluster level with the necessary permissions.

To create a local account for Cloud Insights at the cluster level, log in to ONTAP with the Cluster management Administrator username/password, and execute the following commands on the ONTAP server:

1. Create a read-only role using the following commands.

```
security login role create -role ci_readonly -cmddirname DEFAULT -access readonly security login role create -role ci_readonly -cmddirname security -access readonly security login role create -role ci_readonly -access all -cmddirname "cluster application-record create"
```

2. Create the read-only user using the following command. Once you have executed the create command, you will be prompted to enter a password for this user.

```
security login create -username ci_user -application ontapi -authentication-method password -role ci_readonly
```

If AD/LDAP account is used, the command should be

```
security login create -user-or-group-name DOMAIN\aduser/adgroup -application ontapi -authentication-method domain -role ci_readonly
```

The resulting role and user login will look something like the following. Your actual output may vary:

Troubleshooting

Some things to try if you encounter problems with this data collector:

Inventory

| Problem: | Try this: |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Receive 401 HTTP response or 13003 ZAPI error code and ZAPI returns "Insufficient privileges" or "not authorized for this command" | Check username and password, and user privileges/permissions. |
| Cluster version is < 8.1 | Cluster minimum supported version is 8.1. Upgrade to minimum supported version. |
| ZAPI returns "cluster role is not cluster_mgmt LIF" | AU needs to talk to cluster management IP. Check the IP and change to a different IP if necessary |
| Error: "7 Mode filers are not supported" | This can happen if you use this data collector to discover 7 mode filer. Change IP to point to cdot cluster instead. |
| ZAPI command fails after retry | AU has communication problem with the cluster. Check network, port number, and IP address. User should also try to run a command from command line from the AU machine. |
| AU failed to connect to ZAPI via HTTP | Check whether ZAPI port accepts plaintext. If AU tries to send plaintext to an SSL socket, the communication fails. |
| Communication fails with SSLException | AU is attempting to send SSL to a plaintext port on a filer. Check whether the ZAPI port accepts SSL, or use a different port. |
| Additional Connection errors: ZAPI response has error code 13001, "database is not open" | Check network, port number, and IP address. User should also try to run a command from command line from the AU machine. |
| ZAPI error code is 60 and response contains "API did not finish on time" | |
| ZAPI response contains "initialize_session() returned NULL environment" | |
| ZAPI error code is 14007 and response contains "Node is not healthy" | |

Performance

| Problem: | Try this: |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| "Failed to collect performance from ZAPI" error | This is usually due to perf stat not running. Try the following command on each node: |
| | > system node systemshell -node * -command "spmctl -h cmd -stop; spmctl -h cmd -exec" |

Additional information may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp Data ONTAP operating in 7-Mode data collector

For storage systems using Data ONTAP software operating in 7-Mode, you use the 7-mode data collector, which uses the CLI to obtain capacity and performance data.

Terminology

Cloud Insights acquires the following inventory information from the NetApp 7-mode data collector. For each asset type acquired, the most common terminology used for this asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Disk | Disk |
| Raid Group | Disk Group |
| Filer | Storage |
| Filer | Storage Node |
| Aggregate | Storage Pool |
| LUN | Volume |
| Volume | Internal Volume |

Note: These are common terminology mappings only and might not represent every case for this data collector.

Requirements

You need the following to configure and use this data collector:

- · IP addresses of the FAS storage controller and partner.
- Port 443
- A custom admin level username and password for controller and partner controller with the following role capabilities for 7-Mode:
 - "api-*": Use this to allow OnCommand Insight to execute all NetApp storage API commands.
 - "login-http-admin": Use this to allow OnCommand Insight to connect to the NetApp storage via HTTP.
 - "security-api-vfiler": Use this to allow OnCommand Insight to execute NetApp storage API commands to retrieve vFiler unit information.
 - "cli-options": Use this to read storage system options.
 - "cli-lun": Access these commands for managing LUNs. Displays the status (LUN path, size, online/offline state, and shared state) of the given LUN or class of LUNs.
 - "cli-df": Use this to display free disk space.
 - "cli-ifconfig": Use this to display interfaces and IP addresses.

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Address of storage system | IP address or fully-qualified domain name for the NetApp storage system |
| User Name | User name for the NetApp storage system |
| Password | Password for the NetApp storage system |
| Address of HA Partner in Cluster | IP address or fully-qualified domain name for the HA Partner |
| User Name of HA Partner in Cluster | User name for the HA partner |
| Password of HA Partner Filer in Cluster | Password for the HA Partner |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Interval between inventory polls. The default is 20 minutes. |
| Connection Type | HTTPS or HTTP, also displays the default port |
| Override Connection Port | If blank, use the default port in the Connection Type field, otherwise enter the connection port to use |
| Performance Poll Interval (sec) | Interval between performance polls. The default is 300 seconds. |

Storage systems connection

As an alternative to using the default administrative user for this data collector, you can configure a user with administrative rights directly on the NetApp storage systems so that this data collector can acquire data from NetApp storage systems.

Connecting to NetApp storage systems requires that the user, who is specified when acquiring the main pfiler (on which the storage system exist), meet the following conditions:

• The user must be on vfiler0 (root filer/pfiler).

Storage systems are acquired when acquiring the main pfiler.

- The following commands define the user role capabilities:
 - ∘ "api-*": Use this to allow Cloud Insights to execute all NetApp storage API commands.

This command is required to use the ZAPI.

- "login-http-admin": Use this to allow Cloud Insights to connect to the NetApp storage via HTTP. This command is required to use the ZAPI.
- "security-api-vfiler": Use this to allow Cloud Insights to execute NetApp storage API commands to retrieve vFiler unit information.
- "cli-options": For "options" command and used for partner IP and enabled licenses.
- "cli-lun": Access these command for managing LUNs. Displays the status (LUN path, size, online/offline

state, and shared state) of the given LUN or class of LUNs.

- "cli-df": For "df -s", "df -r", "df -A -r" commands and used to display free space.
- \circ "cli-ifconfig": For "ifconfig -a" command and used for getting filer IP address.
- "cli-rdfile": For "rdfile /etc/netgroup" command and used for getting netgroups.
- "cli-date": For "date" command and used to get full date for getting Snapshot copies.
- "cli-snap": For "snap list" command and used for getting Snapshot copies.

If cli-date or cli-snap permissions are not provided, acquisition can finish, but Snapshot copies are not reported.

To acquire a 7-Mode data source successfully and generate no warnings on the storage system, you should use one of the following command strings to define your user roles. The second string listed here is a streamlined version of the first:

- login-http-admin,api-*,security-api-vfile,cli-rdfile,cli-options,cli-df,cli-lun,cli-ifconfig,cli-date,cli-snap,
- login-http-admin,api-* ,security-api-vfile,cli-

Troubleshooting

Some things to try if you encounter problems with this data collector:

Inventory

| Problem: | Try this: |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Receive 401 HTTP response or 13003 ZAPI error code and ZAPI returns "Insufficient privileges" or "not authorized for this command" | Check username and password, and user privileges/permissions. |
| "Failed to execute command" error | Check whether the user has the following permission on the device: • api-* • cli-date • cli-df • cli-ifconfig • cli-lun • cli-operations • cli-rdfile • cli-snap • login-http-admin • security-api-vfiler Also check if the ONTAP version is supported by Cloud Insights and verify if the credentials used match device credentials |
| Cluster version is < 8.1 | Cluster minimum supported version is 8.1. Upgrade to minimum supported version. |
| ZAPI returns "cluster role is not cluster_mgmt LIF" | AU needs to talk to cluster management IP. Check the IP and change to a different IP if necessary |

| Problem: | Try this: |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Error: "7 Mode filers are not supported" | This can happen if you use this data collector to discover 7 mode filer. Change IP to point to cdot filer instead. |
| ZAPI command fails after retry | AU has communication problem with the cluster. Check network, port number, and IP address. User should also try to run a command from command line from the AU machine. |
| AU failed to connect to ZAPI | Check IP/port connectivity and assert ZAPI configuration. |
| AU failed to connect to ZAPI via HTTP | Check whether ZAPI port accepts plaintext. If AU tries to send plaintext to an SSL socket, the communication fails. |
| Communication fails with SSLException | AU is attempting to send SSL to a plaintext port on a filer. Check whether the ZAPI port accepts SSL, or use a different port. |
| Additional Connection errors: ZAPI response has error code 13001, "database is not open" ZAPI error code is 60 and response contains "API did not finish on time" ZAPI response contains "initialize_session() returned | Check network, port number, and IP address. User should also try to run a command from command line from the AU machine. |
| NULL environment" ZAPI error code is 14007 and response contains "Node is not healthy" | |
| Socket timeout error with ZAPI | Check filer connectivity and/or increase timeout. |
| "C Mode clusters are not supported by the 7 Mode data source" error | Check IP and change the IP to a 7 Mode cluster. |
| "Failed to connect to vFiler" error | Check that the acquiring user capabilities include the following at a minimum: api-* security-api-vfiler login-http-admin Confirm that filer is running minimum ONTAPI version 1.7. |

Additional information may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp E-Series data collector

The NetApp E-Series data collector gathers inventory and performance data. The collector supports firmware 7.x+ using the same configurations and reporting the same data.

Terminology

Cloud insight acquires the following inventory information from the NetApp E-Series data collector. For each asset type acquired, the most common terminology used for this asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Disk | Disk |
| Volume Group | Disk Group |
| Storage Array | Storage |
| Controller | Storage Node |
| Volume Group | Storage Pool |
| Volume | Volume |

Note: These are common terminology mappings only and might not represent every case for this data collector.

E-Series Terminology (Landing Page)

The following terms apply to objects or references that you might find on NetApp E-Series asset landing pages. Many of these terms apply to other data collectors as well.

Storage

- Model model name of the device.
- Vendor same Vendor name you would see if you were configuring a new datasource
- Serial number The array serial number. On cluster architecture storage systems like NetApp Clustered Data Ontap, this serial number may be less useful than the individual "Storage Nodes" serial numbers
- IP generally will be the IP(s) or hostname(s) as configured in the data source
- Microcode version firmware
- Raw Capacity base 2 summation of all the physical disks in the system, regardless of their role
- Latency a representation of what the host facing workloads are experiencing, across both reads and
 writes. Ideally, Cloud Insights is sourcing this value directly, but this is often not the case. In lieu of the array
 offering this up, Cloud Insights is generally performing an IOPs-weighted calculation derived from the
 individual volumes' statistics.
- Throughput the array's total host facing throughput. Ideally sourced directly from the array, if unavailable, Cloud Insights is summing the volumes' throughput to derive this value
- Management this may contain a hyperlink for the management interface of the device. Created programmatically by the Cloud Insights datasource as part of inventory reporting

Storage Pool

- Storage what storage array this pool lives on. Mandatory
- Type a descriptive value from a list of an enumerated list of possibilities. Most commonly will be "Thin Provisioning" or "RAID Group"

- Node if this storage array's architecture is such that pools belong to a specific storage node, its name will be seen here as a hyperlink to its own landing page
- Uses Flash Pool Yes/No value
- Redundancy RAID level or protection scheme. E-Series reports "RAID 7" for DDP pools
- Capacity the values here are the logical used, usable capacity and the logical total capacity, and the percentage used across these. These value both include E-Series "preservation" capacity, resulting both in numbers and the percentage being higher than what the E-Series own user interface may show
- Over-committed capacity If via efficiency technologies you have allocated a sum total of volume or internal volume capacities larger than the logical capacity of the storage pool, the percentage value here will be greater than 0%.
- Snapshot snapshot capacities used and total, if your storage pool architecture dedicates part of its capacity to segments areas exclusively for snapshots
- Utilization a percentage value showing the highest disk busy percentage of any disk contributing capacity
 to this storage pool. Disk utilization does not necessarily have a strong correlation with array performance –
 utilization may be high due to disk rebuilds, deduplication activities, etc in the absence of host driven
 workloads. Also, many arrays' replication implementations may drive disk utilization while not showing as
 volume workload.
- IOPS the sum IOPs of all the disks contributing capacity to this storage pool. If disk IOPs is not available on a given platform, this value will be sourced from the sum of volume IOPs for all the volumes sitting on this storage pool
- Throughput the sum throughput of all the disks contributing capacity to this storage pool. If disk
 throughput is not available on a given platform, this value will be sourced from the sum of volume
 throughout for all the volumes sitting on this storage pool

Storage Node

- Storage what storage array this node is part of. Mandatory
- HA Partner on platforms where a node will fail over to one and only one other node, it will generally be seen here
- State health of the node. Only available when the array is healthy enough to be inventoried by a data source
- Model model name of the node
- Version version name of the device.
- Serial number The node serial number
- Memory base 2 memory if available
- Utilization Generally a CPU utilization number, or in the case of NetApp Ontap, a controller stress index. Utilization is not currently available for NetApp E-Series
- IOPS a number representing the host driven IOPs on this controller. Ideally sourced directly from the array, if unavailable, it will be calculated by summing all the IOPs for volumes that belong exclusively to this node.
- Latency a number representing the typical host latency or response time on this controller. Ideally sourced directly from the array, if unavailable, it will be calculated by performing an IOPs weighted calculation from volumes that belong exclusively to this node.
- Throughput a number representing the host driven throughput on this controller. Ideally sourced directly from the array, if unavailable, it will be calculated by summing all the throughput for volumes that belong exclusively to this node.

Processors – CPU count

Requirements

- The IP address of each controller on the array
- Port requirement 2463

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Comma-separated list of Array SANtricity Controller IPs | IP addresses and/or fully-qualified domain names for the array controllers |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 30 minutes |
| Performance Poll Interval up to 3600 seconds | Default is 300 seconds |

Troubleshooting

Additional information on this data collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

Configuring the NetApp HCI Management server data collector

The NetApp HCI Management server data collector collects NetApp HCI Host information and requires read-only privileges on all objects within the Management server.

This data collector acquires from the **NetApp HCI Management server only**. To collect data from the storage system, you must also configure the **NetApp SolidFire** data collector.

Terminology

Cloud Insights acquires the following inventory information from this data collector. For each asset type acquired, the most common terminology used for the asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Virtual disk | Disk |
| Host | Host |
| Virtual machine | Virtual machine |
| Data store | Data store |
| LUN | Volume |

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| Fibre channel port | Port |

These are common terminology mappings only and might not represent every case for this data collector.

Requirements

The following information is required to configure this data collector:

- IP address of the NetApp HCI Management server
- · Read-only username and password for the NetApp HCI Management server
- Read only privileges on all objects in the NetApp HCI Management server.
- SDK access on the NetApp HCI Management server normally already set up.
- Port requirements: http-80 https-443
- Validate access:
 - · Log into the NetApp HCI Management server using above username and password
 - Verify SDK enabled: telnet <vc_ip> 443

Setup and connection

| Field | Description |
|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Name | Unique name for the data collector |
| Acquisition unit | Name of acquisition unit |

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| NetApp HCI Storage Cluster MVIP | Management Virtual IP Address |
| SolidFire Management Node (mNode) | Management Node IP Address |
| User name | User name used to access the NetApp HCI Management server |
| Password | Password used to access the NetApp HCI Management server |
| VCenter User Name | User name for VCenter |
| VCenter Password | Password for VCenter |

Advanced configuration

In the advanced configuration screen, check the **VM Performance** box to collect performance data. Inventory collection is enabled by default.

The following fields can be configured:

| Field Description | Field | Describuon |
|-------------------|-------|------------|
|-------------------|-------|------------|

| Inventory poll interval (min) | Deafult is 20 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Filter VMs by | Select CLUSTER, DATACENTER, or ESX HOST |
| Choose 'Exclude' or 'Include' to Specify a List | Specify Whether to Include or Exclude VMs |
| Filter Device List | List of VMs to filter (comma separated, or semicolon separated if comma is used in the value) for for Filtering by ESX_HOST, CLUSTER, and DATACENTER Only |
| Performance poll interval (sec) | Default is 300 |

Troubleshooting

Some things to try if you encounter problems with this data collector:

Inventory

| Problem: | Try this: |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Error: Include list to filter VMs cannot be empty | If Include List is selected, please list valid DataCenter, Cluster, or Host names to filter VMs |
| Error: Failed to instantiate a connection to VirtualCenter at IP | * Verify credentials and IP address entered. * Try to communicate with Virtual Center using Infrastructure Client. * Try to communicate with Virtual Center using Managed Object Browser (e.g MOB). |
| Error: VirtualCenter at IP has non-conform certificate that JVM requires | * Recommended: Re-generate certificate for Virtual Center by using stronger (e.g. 1024-bit) RSA key. * Not Recommended: Modify the JVM java.security configuration to leverage the constraint jdk.certpath.disabledAlgorithms to allow 512-bit RSA key. See JDK 7 update 40 release notes at "http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/7u40-relnotes-2004172.html" |

Additional information may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp SolidFire All-Flash Array data collector

The NetApp SolidFire All-Flash Array data collector supports inventory and performance collection from both iSCSI and Fibre Channel SolidFire configurations.

The SolidFire data collector utilizes the SolidFire REST API. The acquisition unit where the data collector resides needs to be able to initiate HTTPS connections to TCP port 443 on the SolidFire cluster management IP address. The data collector needs credentials capable of making REST API queries on the SolidFire cluster.

Terminology

Cloud Insights acquires the following inventory information from the NetApp SolidFire All-Flash Array data collector. For each asset type acquired by Cloud Insights, the most common terminology used for this asset is shown. When viewing or troubleshooting this data collector, keep the following terminology in mind:

| Vendor/Model Term | Cloud Insights Term |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Drive | Disk |
| Cluster | Storage |
| Node | Storage Node |
| Volume | Volume |
| Fibre channel port | Port |
| Volume Access Group, LUN Assignment | Volume Map |
| iSCSI Session | Volume Mask |

Note: These are common terminology mappings only and might not represent every case for this data collector.

Requirements

The following are requirements for configuring this data collector:

- Management Virtual IP Address
- · Read-only username and credentials
- Port 443

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Management Virtual IP Address (MVIP) | Management Virtual IP address of the SolidFire Cluster |
| User Name | Name used to log into the SolidFire cluster |
| Password | Password used to log into the SolidFire cluster |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Connection Type | Choose connection type |
| Communication Port | Port used for NetApp API |
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 20 minutes |
| Performance Poll Interval (sec) | Default is 300 seconds |

Troubleshooting

When SolidFire reports an error it is displayed in Cloud Insights as follows:

An error message was received from a SolidFire device while trying to retrieve data. The call was <method> (<parameterString>). The error message from the device was (check the device manual): <message>

Where:

- The <method> is an HTTP method, such as GET or PUT.
- The <parameterString> is a comma separated list of parameters that were included in the REST call.
- The <message> is whatever the device returned as the error message.

Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix.

NetApp StorageGRID data collector

The NetApp StorageGRID data collector supports inventory and performance collection from StorageGRID configurations.



StorageGRID is metered at a different Raw TB to Managed Unit rate. Every 40 TB of unformatted StorageGRID capacity is charged as 1 Managed Unit (MU).

Requirements

The following are requirements for configuring this data source:

- StorageGRID Host IP Address
- · A username and password for a user that has had the Metric Query and Tenant Access roles assigned
- Port 443

Configuration

| Field | Description |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| StorageGRID Host IP Address | Management Virtual IP address of the StorageGRID appliance |
| User Name | Name used to log into the StorageGRID appliance |
| Password | Password used to log into the StorageGRID appliance |

Advanced configuration

| Field | Description |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Inventory Poll Interval (min) | Default is 60 minutes |
| performance Poll Interval (sec) | Default is 900 seconds |

| Troubleshooting |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Additional information on this Data Collector may be found from the Support page or in the Data Collector Support Matrix. |
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