



GILLINGS SCHOOL OF
GLOBAL PUBLIC HEALTH

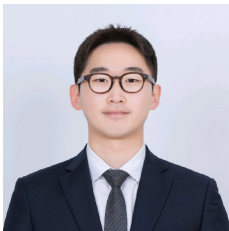


Doubly robust estimation under a randomly censored covariate

Brian Richardson

Acknowledgements

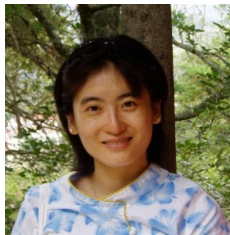
Seong-Ho Lee, PhD



Tanya Garcia, PhD

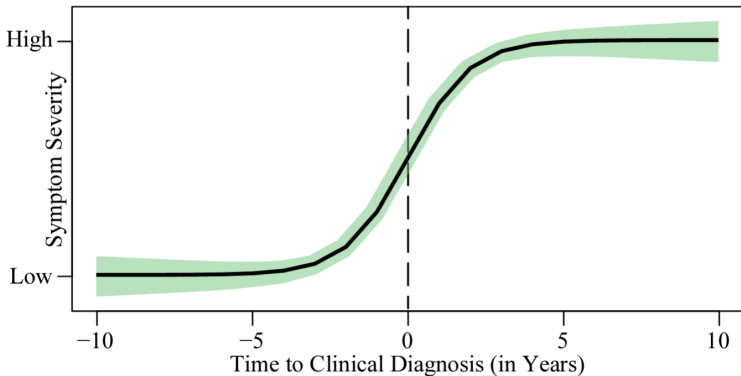


Yanyuan Ma, PhD

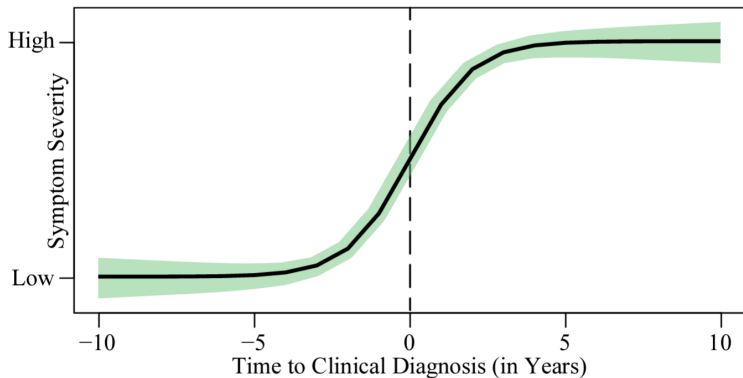


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Huntington's Disease and Censored Covariates

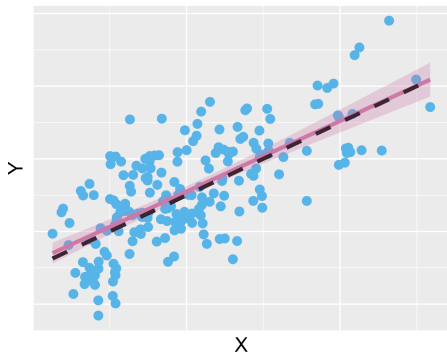


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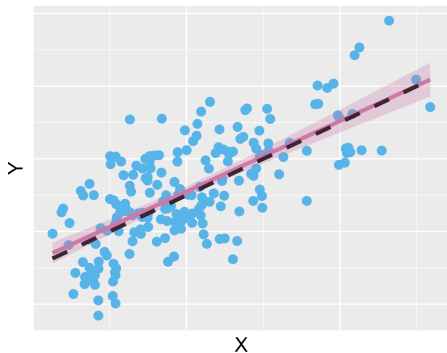
Lotspeich et al., "Making Sense of Censored Covariates: Statistical Methods for Studies of Huntington's Disease"

Censored Covariates: a Simple Example



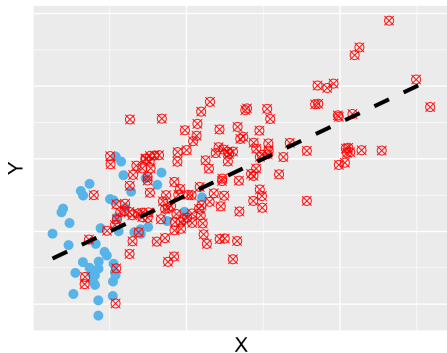
- Regression model:
 $E(Y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$

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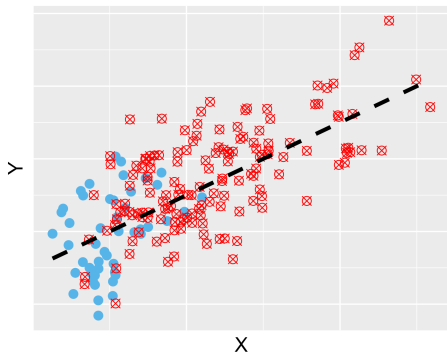
- Regression model:
 $E(Y) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X$
- Estimate $\boldsymbol{\beta} = (\beta_0, \beta_1)^T$ with least squares/maximum likelihood

Censored Covariates: a Simple Example



Problem: X is censored by a random censoring time C

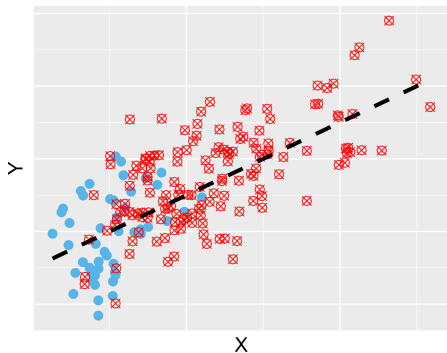
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Problem: X is censored by a random censoring time C

- $W = \min(X, C)$
- $\Delta = I(X \leq C)$

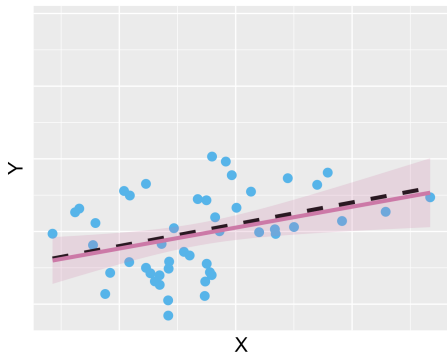
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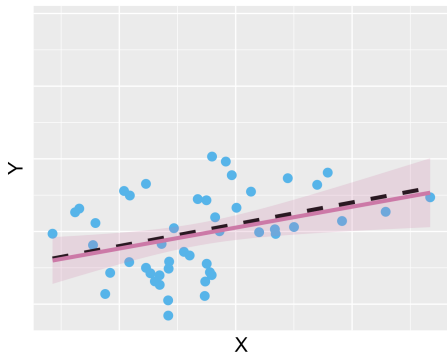
- $W = \min(X, C)$
- $\Delta = I(X \leq C)$
- assume: $C \perp\!\!\!\perp (X, Y)$

Complete Case Analysis



Only use observations where X is *uncensored*

Complete Case Analysis



Only use observations where X is *uncensored*

- ✓ Consistent
- ✗ Inefficient

Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)

$$f_{Y,W,\Delta}(y, w, \delta, \boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}) \propto \underbrace{\{f_{Y|X}(y, w, \boldsymbol{\beta})\}^\delta}_{\text{uncensored}} \underbrace{\left\{ \int_w^\infty f_{Y|X}(y, x, \boldsymbol{\beta}) f_X(x, \boldsymbol{\alpha}) dx \right\}^{1-\delta}}_{\text{censored}}$$

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$$\mathbf{S}_\beta(y, w, \delta, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \equiv \frac{\partial}{\partial \boldsymbol{\beta}} \log f_{Y,W,\Delta}(y, w, \delta, \boldsymbol{\beta}, \boldsymbol{\alpha}), \quad \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{S}_\beta(Y_i, W_i, \Delta_i, \boldsymbol{\beta}) = \mathbf{0}$$

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- ✓ consistent estimator of $\boldsymbol{\beta}$
- ✓ fully efficient

Maximum Likelihood Estimation (MLE)

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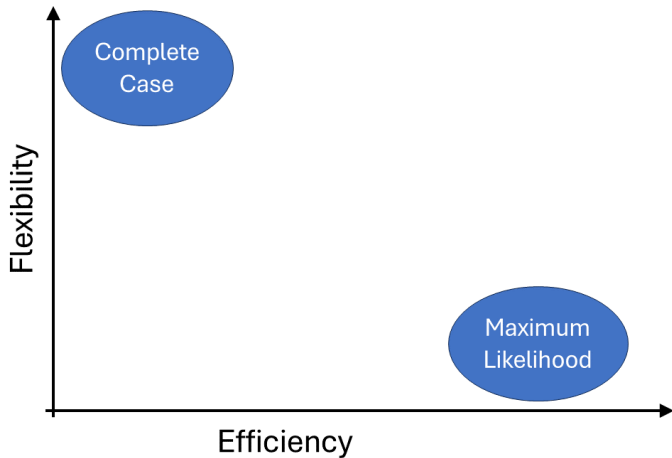
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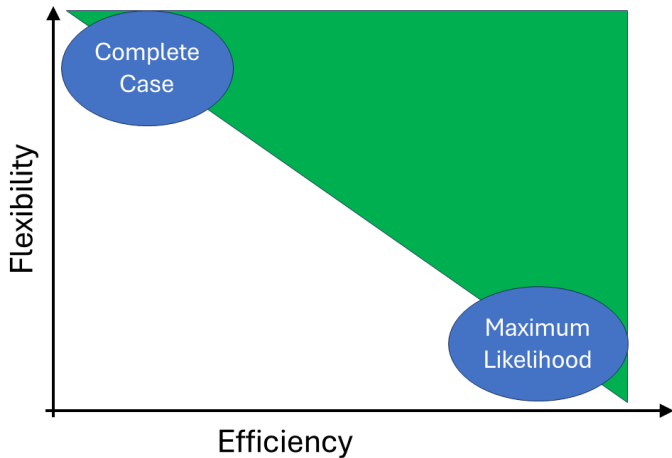
✓ fully efficient

✗ inconsistent estimator when
model for **nuisance
parameter** f_X is incorrect

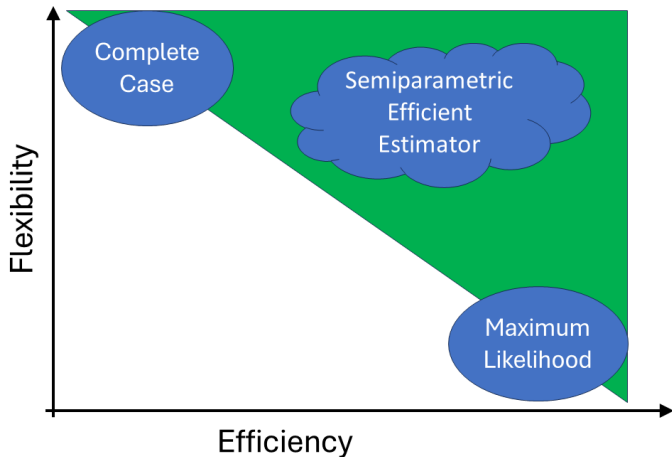
Existing Methods



Existing Opportunity



A New Approach



The Semiparametric Recipe

- **goal:** to find the estimating function resulting in a semiparametric efficient estimator

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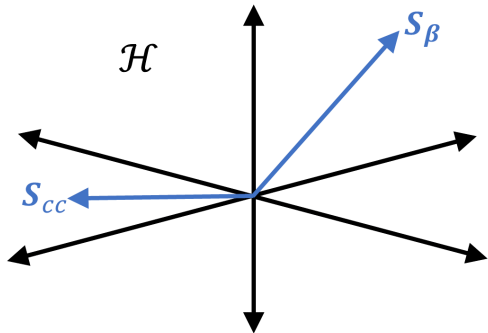
$$f_X, f_C \longrightarrow \boldsymbol{\eta}$$

- Geometric approach from Tsiatis, *Semiparametric theory and missing data*

The Semiparametric Recipe

- Hilbert space of estimating functions
- covariance inner product $\langle \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{g} \rangle \equiv \text{E}(\mathbf{h}^T \mathbf{g})$
- orthogonal \Leftrightarrow uncorrelated

$$\mathbf{h} \perp \mathbf{g} \iff \langle \mathbf{h}, \mathbf{g} \rangle = 0$$

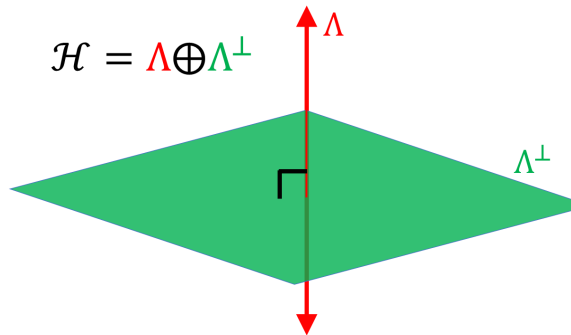


The Semiparametric Recipe

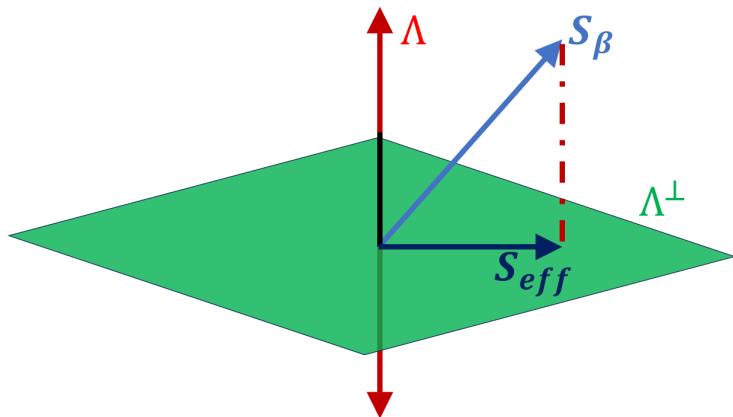
- construct Λ using **nuisance scores**

$$\partial \log f_{Y,W,\Delta}(y, w, \delta, \beta, \eta) / \partial \eta$$

- orthogonal complement Λ^\perp



The Semiparametric Recipe



Properties of the Proposed Estimator

The **semiparametric efficient estimator** $\hat{\beta}_{\text{eff}}$ is the solution to

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- ✓ **Doubly Robust:** $\hat{\beta}_{\text{eff}}$ is consistent if at least one of f_X, f_C is correctly specified
- ✓ **Locally Efficiency:** If f_X, f_C are *both* correctly specified, then $\hat{\beta}_{\text{eff}}$ achieves the **semiparametric efficiency bound**

Simulation Setup

- $Y|X \sim N(\beta_0 + \beta_1 X, \sigma^2)$

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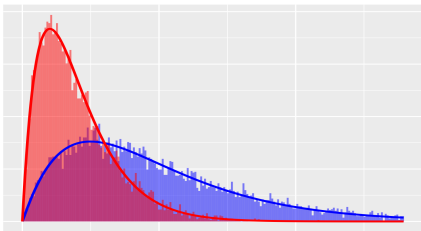
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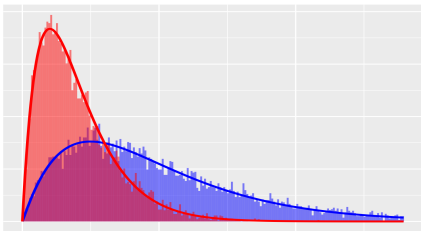
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- $X, C \sim$ gamma distributions
- X, C possibly **misspecified** as exponential

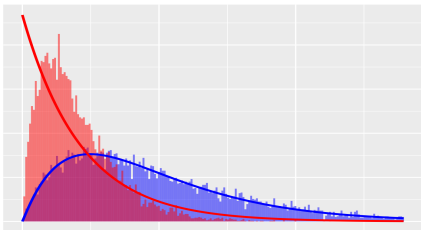
X , C correct



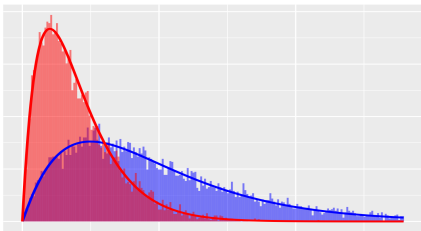
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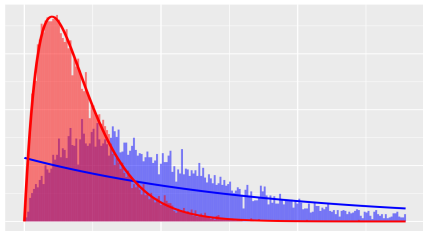
X correct, C incorrect



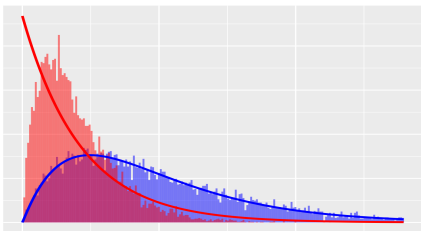
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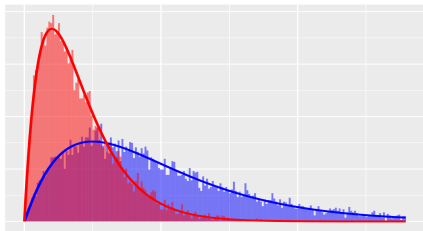
X incorrect, C correct



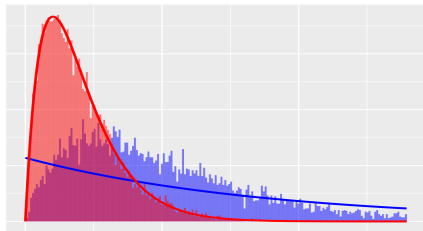
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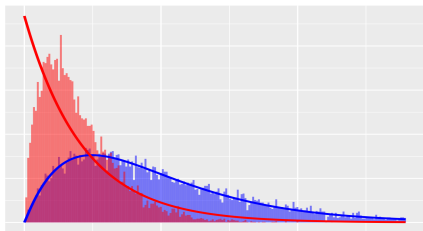
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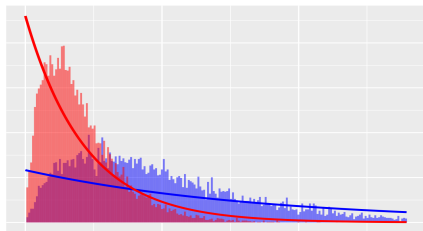
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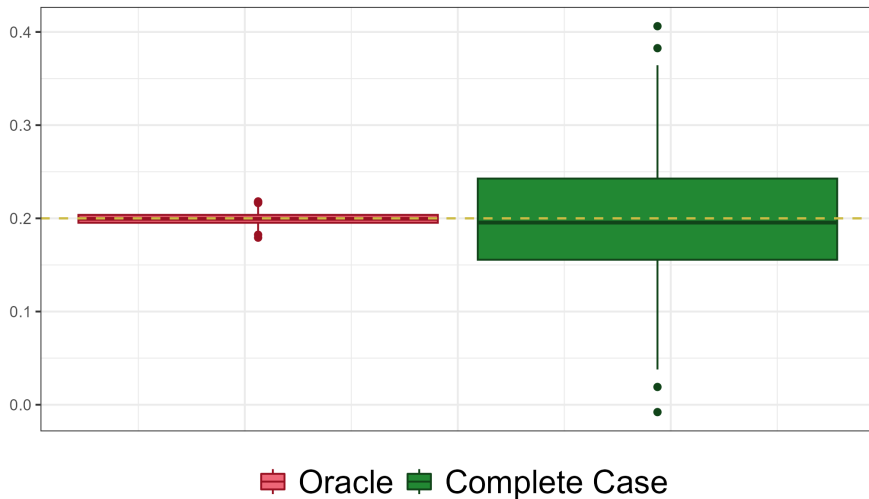
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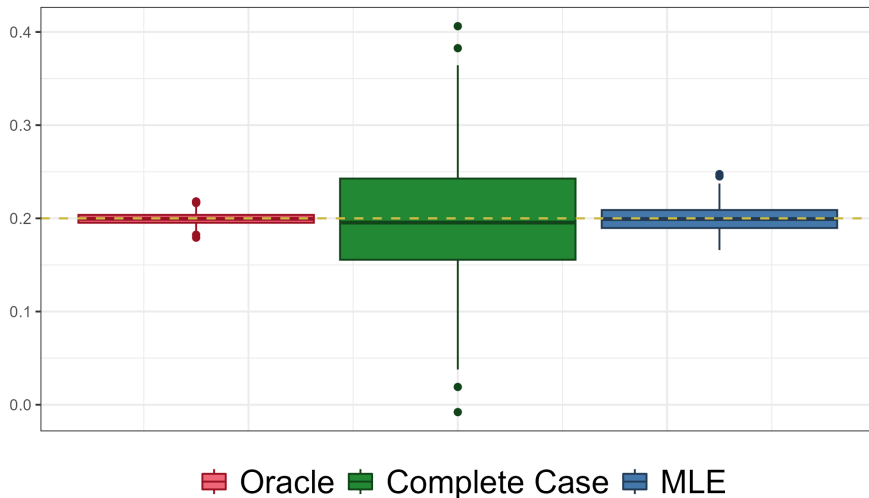
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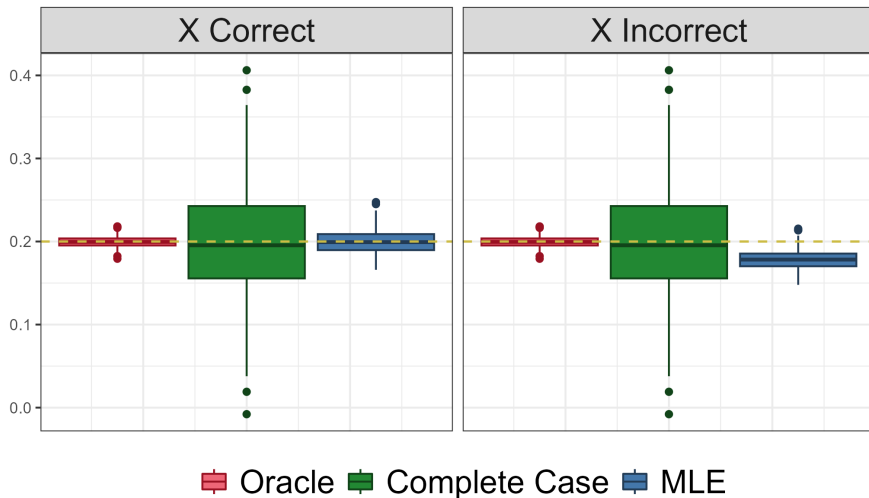
Simulation Results



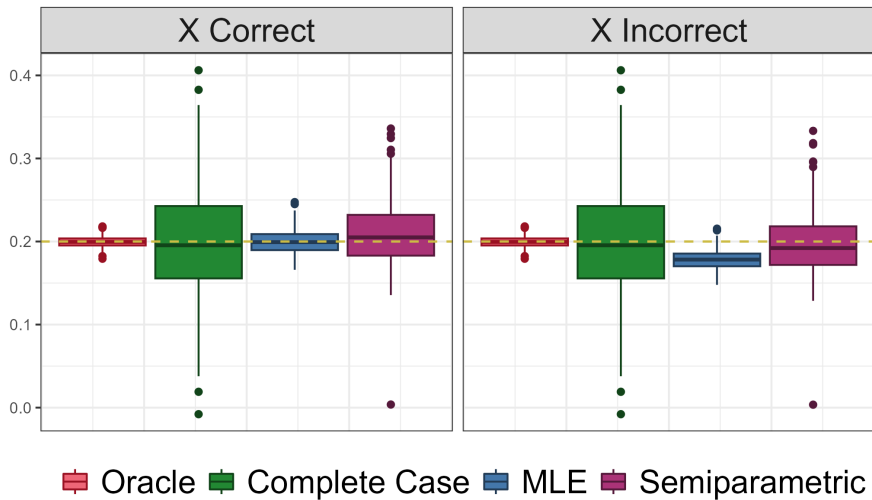
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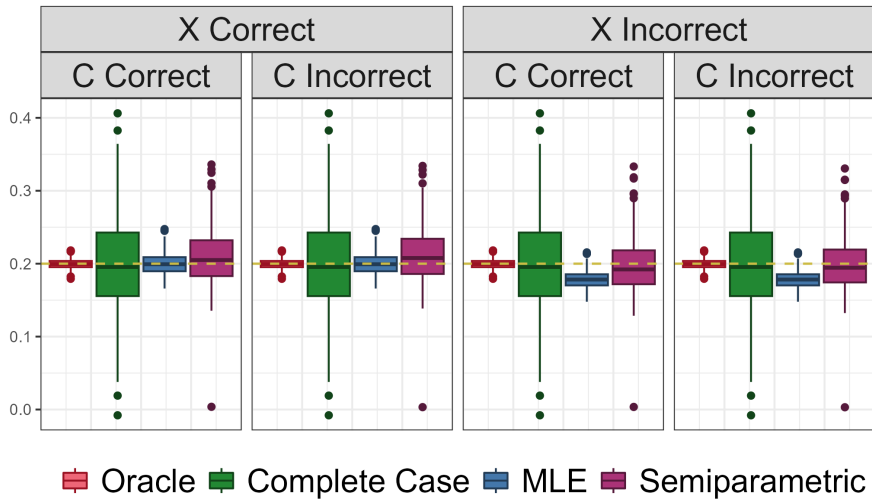
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Generalizations

The methods presented here extend to:

- Nonlinear $E(Y|X) = m(X, \beta)$

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- Nonlinear $E(Y|X) = m(X, \beta)$
- Additional uncensored covariates \mathbf{Z}
 - $E(Y|X, \mathbf{Z}) = m(X, \mathbf{Z}, \beta)$
 - Nuisance distributions become $f_{X|\mathbf{Z}}, f_{C|\mathbf{Z}}, f_{\mathbf{Z}}$

SPARCC: Semiparametric Censored Covariate Estimation



R package available at <https://github.com/brian-d-richardson/sparcc>

Appendix I: MLE Score Function

$$\mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}(y, w, \delta, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) = \underbrace{\delta \mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}^{\text{F}}(y, w, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta})}_{\text{uncensored}} + \underbrace{(1 - \delta) \frac{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > w) \mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}^{\text{F}}(y, X, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \mid y, \mathbf{z}\}}{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > w) \mid y, \mathbf{z}\}}}_{\text{censored}}$$

Appendix II: Efficient Score Function

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{S}_{\text{eff}}(y, w, \delta, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) &\equiv \delta \{ \mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}^{\text{F}}(y, w, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) - \mathbf{a}(w, z, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \} \\ &+ (1 - \delta) \frac{\text{E}[I(X > w) \{ \mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}^{\text{F}}(y, X, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) - \mathbf{a}(X, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \} \mid y, \mathbf{z}]}{\text{E}\{I(X > w) \mid y, \mathbf{z}\}}, \end{aligned}$$

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where $\mathbf{a}(x, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta})$ satisfies

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{E}\{\text{I}(x \leq C) \mid \mathbf{z}\} \mathbf{a}(x, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) + \text{E} \left[\text{I}(x > C) \frac{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > C) \mathbf{a}(X, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \mid Y, C, \mathbf{z}\}}{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > C) \mid Y, C, \mathbf{z}\}} \mid x, \mathbf{z} \right] \\ &= \text{E} \left[\text{I}(x > C) \frac{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > C) \mathbf{S}_{\boldsymbol{\beta}}^{\text{F}}(Y, X, \mathbf{z}, \boldsymbol{\beta}) \mid Y, C, \mathbf{z}\}}{\text{E}\{\text{I}(X > C) \mid Y, C, \mathbf{z}\}} \mid x, \mathbf{z} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Thank you! Any questions?

Brian Richardson

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