

2: SQL CREATE STATEMENTS FOR EACH TABLE

```
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS MovieCast;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Directors;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Actors;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS People;
DROP TABLE IF EXISTS Movies;
CREATE TABLE People (
  PID char(5) NOT NULL,
 Name text NOT NULL,
  Address text,
  SpouseName text,
 PRIMARY KEY (PID)
);
CREATE TABLE Actors (
  PID char(5) NOT NULL references People(PID),
  DOB date,
  HairColor text,
  EyeColor text,
  HeightIN numeric (5,2),
  WeightLBS numeric (5,2),
  Favorite Color text,
```

```
SAG AnniversaryDate date,
 PRIMARY KEY (PID)
);
CREATE TABLE Movies (
 MPAA int NOT NULL,
 Name text,
 Year Released int,
  Sales BoxOfficeDomesticUSD text,
  Sales BoxOfficeForeignUSD text,
 Sales DVD BluRayUSD text,
 PRIMARY KEY (MPAA)
);
CREATE TABLE MovieCast (
 PID char(5) NOT NULL references People(PID),
 MovieRole text NOT NULL,
 MPAA int references Movies (MPAA),
 PRIMARY KEY (PID, MovieRole, MPAA)
);
CREATE TABLE Directors (
 PID char(5) NOT NULL references People(PID),
 FilmSchool Attended text,
 Favorite LensMaker text,
 DG AnniversaryDate text,
 PRIMARY KEY (PID)
);
```

3. FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCIES FOR EACH TABLE

People: PID → Name, Address, SpouseName

Actors: PID → DOB, HairColor, EyeColor, HeightIN, WeightLBS, Favorite_Color, SAG_AnniversayDate

Movies: MPAA → Name, Year_Released, Sales_BoxOfficeDomesticUSD, Sales_BoxOfficeForeignUSD, Sales_DVD_BluRayUSD,

MovieCast: PID, MovieRole, MPAA →

Directors: PID → FilmSchool_Attended, Favorite_LensMaker, DG_AnninersaryDate

Brian Henderson

Lab 8: Normalization 2

Database Systems

Pr. Labouseur

4. WRITE A QUERY TO SHOW ALL THE DIRECTORS WITH WHOM ACTOR "SEAN CONNERY" HAS WORKED.

SELECT people.name
FROM people INNER JOIN moviecast ON people.pid = moviecast.pid
WHERE movierole = 'Director'
AND moviecast.mpaa IN (SELECT moviecast.mpaa
FROM moviecast INNER JOIN people ON people.pid = moviecast.pid
WHERE people.name = 'Sean Connery');