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o. Requirement Description	Priorit	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
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The system should enable the definition of chart of account codes and their corresponding descriptions.	М	Fractic General Ledger facilitates the creation and management of chart of accounts through a structured proneces. Users can define account codes and their corresponding descriptions by accessing configuration settings within the application. The system typically provides a user-friendly interface where administrators or authorized personnel can input, modify, or descrivate account codes as per organizational needs. Each account code is a sociated with detailed attributes such as account type, segment values, and hierarchies, ensuring accurate financial reporting and analysis. Oracle General Ledger's robust functionality ensures that ehart of account definitions are maintained securely and can be easily adapted to reflect changes in business requirements.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should enable the definition of chart of accounts with a minimum of 20 characters.	M	Dracle General Ledger allows for the configuration of chart of accounts with flexible segment lengths, including a minimum of 20 characters as required. During the account structure setup, administrators define ach segments length, ensuring that the total character count for the chart of accounts meets the specified requirement. The system also supports the creation of multi-segment account codes, allowing users to incorporate different segments like cost center, department, or natural account, ensuring compliance with the character limit. Validation rules are built into the system to ensure that all account entries adhere to the defined character specifications. This customization enables organizations to tailor their chart of accounts for precise financial tracking and reporting.	See Onacle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page o Bid Submission and Onacle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should enable the sharing and use of a single chart of accounts across all modules and entities in the system.	M	bracle General Ledger supports the abaring of a single chart of accounts across all modules and entities by using a unified account structure. When setting up the chart of accounts, administrators can define a single global structure that integrates seamlessly with other Oracle modules such as Payables, Receivables, and Assets, This allows consistent financial data to be used across the entire organization, regardless of the specific module or entity involved. Oracle General Ledger ensures that transactions are processed with the same account codes, maintaining data integrity and simplifying financial reporting. The system also enables multi-entity organizations to adopt shared services while adhering to local financial regulations through segment configurations.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page o Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should enable logical definition of the chart of accounts with parent-child relationships among the various segments of the chart of accounts.	M	Dracte General Ledger allows the logical definition of the chart of accounts by supporting parent-child relationships through its hierarchical segment structure. Users can define segments such as department, cost senter, or natural account, and establish parent-child hierarchical within these segments to represent organizational structure and reporting lines. This hierarchy enables the foll-up of financial data, allowing summarized reporting at the parent level while maintaining detailed transactional data at the child level. The system's flexibility ensures that users can easily define and modify these relationships to reflect arguments and the summarized reporting at the parent level while maintaining detailed transactional data at the child level. The system's flexibility ensures that users can easily define and modify these relationships to reflect arguments of the organization.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page o Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.

5.	The system should enable the definition of a minimum of 8 distinct segments of the chart of accounts by users.	M C	brack General Ledger allows users to define a minimum of 8 distinct segments in the chart of accounts as required, providing flexibility for detailed financial tracking. During the chart of accounts setup, users can onligure each segment to represent specific financial diamensions such as company, department, out seem, reported, and provided the control relation of the control relation of the defined according to generate the decent of the supports and the second of the second of the supports validation and control rules to ensure that all segment values are accurately relationed. This multi-segment structure enables granular financial management across different areas of the business.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
	the system should enable the chart of accounts to hold multiple organization units like departments, divisions, istricts, etc.	c	Incle General Ledger combles the chart of accounts to accommedate multiple organizational units such as departments, divisions, and districts through its flexible multi-segment structure. Each segment within the hart of accounts can be dedicated to a specific organizational units, allowing users to track financial data for individual entities within the organization. Users can define and manage segments for various units, usuring detailed reporting and analysis across these divisions. The system's built-in validation rules ensure consistency and accuracy across all units while enabling seamless consolidation of financial data. This approach simplifies financial management by providing a unified view of all organizational units within a single chart of accounts.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
	he system should enable multiple hierarchy rollups of the chart of accounts within the different segments.	M S	macle General Ledger supports multiple hierarchy rollups within the different segments of the chart of accounts, allowing for flexible reporting and analysis. Users can define hierarchical relationships within each gegment, such as cost exiences, departments, or regions, to reflect the organizational structure and reporting needs. These hierarchics anable roll-up functionality, where financial data from lower-level segments schildren) is automatically summarized at higher levels (parents). This allows for customized reporting at various levels of detail, from granular transaction data to high-level financial summaries. The system also upports multiple rollup hierarchies for each segment, offering different perspectives on financial data based on reporting requirements.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
8.	he system should have flexibility to enable user additions to the chart of accounts without requiring programming.	1	practed General Ledger offers flexibility by allowing users to add new accounts or segments to the chart of accounts without requiring any programming skills. Through its intuitive user interface, authorized users car asialy create, modify, or deactivate accounts agreements directly from the system's configuration settings. This enables quick updates to the chart of accounts to accommodate changes in organizational needs, such as ew departments or cost centers. The system also includes built-in validation tools to ensure that new accounts conform to predefined rules and maintain data integrity. This user-friendly process empowers granizations to adapt their financial structures without technical intervention.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.

The system must enable definition of the chart of accounts online.	Oracle General Ledger enables the online definition of the chart of accounts through its web-based interface, allowing users to configure accounts anytime and anywhere. Administrators can easily access the system	
	via a secure login to define segments, account codes, and descriptions in real-time, without needing offline processes. This online functionality ensures that changes to the chart of accounts, such as adding new segments or updating existing ones, are immediately reflected across all integrated modules. The system also provides validation features that guide users through the configuration process, ensuring accuracy. This flexibility allows for quick adjustments to financial structures as business needs evolve.	a See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
10. The system must maintain an accounting classification structure that includes the following elements. Budget fiscal year Organization Cost Centre Object class Revenue source Budget function Budget sub-function code Accounting period.	Datele General Ledger maintains a comprehensive accounting classification structure that includes elements such as budget fixed year, organization, cost center, object class, revenue source, budget function, budget sub-financian order, and accounting period. Users can configure these classification elements and many entitle the organization of grant processing analysis and clement is defined through a set of attributes, allowing for detailed categorization of financial transactions and budgetary controls. The system supports the creation of budgets that correspond these classifications, enabling effective tracking and reporting of financial performance across various dimensions. This robust structure ensures that all financial activities are accurately classified, facilitating comprehensive analysis and reporting capabilities within the organization.	Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
11. The system should provide authorized users the ability to activate or inactivate accounts for specified date range periods.	Oracle General Ledger provides authorized users with the ability to activate or inactivate accounts for specified date range periods through its user-friendly interface. Administrators can access the account management feature to set the satus of an account assetive or inactive for specific periods, ensuring control over account usability. The system allows users to define start and end dates for these changes, enablishment and the state of the state of an account stability. The system allows users to define start and end dates for these changes, enablishments are counted to the state of the stat	Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
12. The system should be able to account for inventory, taxation, depreciation etc.	Datale General Ledger integrates seamlessly with other Oracle modules to account for inventory, taxation, depreciation, and similar financial activities. For inventory, the substance of the season and oracle and inventory costs within the general ledger. Taxation is managed by integrating with Oracle Tax, allowing automated tax calculations and compliance with tax regulations, which are reflected in the financial accounts. Depreciation is handled through integration with Oracle Assets, where asset depreciation schedules are automatically calculated and posted to the general ledger. These integrations provide a complete financial view, ensuring that all such activities are properly accounted for and reported in compliance with regulations.	See Oncle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.

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2	1.2 General Ledger Requirements			
.3.	1.2 General Ledger Requirements			
lo.	Requirement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
	The system must capture a unique system-generated number to identify each general ledger transaction.	М	Oracle General Ledger automatically captures a unique system-generated number for each general ledger transaction to ensure accurate tracking and identification. When a transaction is created, the system assigns this unique identifier at the point of entity, preventing and undit trails. The system's robust tracking capabilities have point of entity, preventing and undit trails. The system's robust tracking capabilities allow for scamless integration with reporting tools, ensuring that all transactions can be easily monitored and reconciled. This feature enhances accountability and transparency within financial operations, enabling organizations to maintain precise financial records.	See Ornale General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Ornale General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
2.	The system should allow users to create and post transactions for subsequent accounting periods (i.e. Month or year) before the current account period is closed.		Dracle General Ledger enables users to create and post transactions for subsequent accounting periods, such the second transactions in advance, ensuring timely [financial reporting and budger management. Users can access the transaction entry interface to input data for future periods, with the system automatically validating the dates against the defined accounting calendar. Once entered, these transactions can be reviewed and finalized at a later date, facilitating smoother year-end and month-end processes. This capability enhances operational efficiency by allowing for proactive financial planning and ensuring that all relevant transactions are captured in their appropriate periods.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
3.	The system must capture the following dates on all transactions: 1. Transaction date - The date a transaction is effective in the general ledger (i.e., the date a financial event as recognized). 2. System date - The actual date a transaction is processed by the system. This date is assigned by the computer and may not be modified.		Oracle General Ledger captures essential dates on all transactions to ensure accurate financial reporting and compliance. The transaction date represents the effective date of the financial event, allowing users to recognize transactions assed on when they occur rather than when they are processed. Users can input this date during transaction entry, ensuring that financial records reflect the correct timing of events. Additionally, the system at the time of processing, providing an unmodifiable timestamp that indicates when the transaction was recorded in the system. This dual-date capture enhances transparency and accountability, facilitating accurate audits and financial analysis while allowing organizations to maintain precise records of their financial activities.	and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
4.	Fransactions must originate from sub-ledgers and not in the general ledger.	М	Oracle General Ledger ensures that all transactions originate from sub-ledgers, maintaining a structured and accurate financial ecosystem. When financial activities occur in sub-ledger modules such as Accounts Receivable, or flowening, the system automatically captures and validates these transactions before they are transferred to the general ledger which is the central repository. This integration allows for real-time data synchronization, ensuring that all entries in the general ledger accurately reflect the underlying transactions from the sub-ledgers. The system provides automated posting processes that streamline the transfer of data while maintaining the integrity and consistency of financial records. By enforcing this structure, Oracle General Ledger enhances control and transparency, minimizing the risk of discrepancies and ensuring that all financial reporting is based on reliable sub-ledger data.	See Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.

The system should allow data exchange with other subsystems and automatic posting to the GL from other subsystems	М	Dracle General Ledger facilitates seamless data exchange with other subsystems through its robust integration capabilities, ensuring efficient and accurate financial management. The system utilizes standardized interfaces and APIs to connect with various subsystems, such as Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, and Inventory, allowing for smooth data flow between applications. When transactions are recorded in these subsystems, the system automatically processes Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger, ensuring real-time updates without manual intervention. This automation only reduces the risk of errors but also enhances operational efficiency by streamlining the posting process. Additionally, the system includes validation checks to ensure that only accurate and complete transactions are posted to the GL, maintaining data integrity across the entire financial ecosystem. See Oracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and posts them to the general Ledger Section AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Su
6. The system should automatically identify and warn the user of errors on-line before posting (account code, budget allowance, duplicate entry, dr/er balance.)	М	Dracle General Ledger includes built-in error-checking mechanisms that automatically identify and alert users to potential issues before posting transactions. As users enter transaction details, the system performs real-time validations on key elements, such as account codes, budget allowances, and debit/credit balances. If any discrepancies are detected—such as an invalid account code or exceeding budget limits—the system displays warning messages which can be ustomised to customer's preference, prompting users to correct the errors before proceeding. Additionally, the system checks for duplicate entries, ensuring that the same transaction is not inadvertently recorded multiple times. This proactive approach enhances data integrity and user confidence, reducing the likelihood of posting erroneous transactions and ensuring accurate financial reporting. See Oracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Propriation of Technical Propriation of Technical Proposal.
7. The system should allow the association of each transaction with a user name/user number, job number, entry date and time.	М	Dracle General Ledger enables the association of each transaction with relevant user information through its comprehensive transaction entry system. When users input transactions, the system automatically captures their user name or user semantic antipological page of Bid Submission with a unique job number, ensuring accountability for every financial entry. Additionally, the system records the entry date and time, providing a precise timestamp for each transaction. This feature enhances transparency specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Cracle General Ledger Region of Technical secountability in their financial operations. See Oracle General Ledger Section Al of Technical Proposal. The providing a precise timestamp for each transaction. This feature enhances transparency specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Region of Technical Proposal. The providing a precise timestamp for each transaction with a unique providing a precise timestamp for each transaction. This feature enhances transparency specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal. The providing a precise timestamp for each transactions to track who entered specific transactions and when they were processed. By maintaining this information, Oracle General Ledger helps organizations uphold compliance and and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
8. The system should be able to maintain a history of all changes made to accounts and cost centres (not only the latest change).	t M	Dracte General Ledger maintains a comprehensive history of all changes made to accounts and cost centers through its robust audit trail functionality. Whenever a user modifies an account or cost center, the system automatically logs detailed information about the change, including the previous value, new value, user who made the change, and the modification. This historical data is preserved in a secure database, enabling organizations to review past changes and track the evolution of financial structures over time. Users can access change history reports, providing insights into how accounts and cost centers have been adjusted, which supports compliance and auditing requirements By maintaining a complete record of changes, Oracle General Ledger section of Technical Proposal. Proposal. Proposal.

Comprehensive on-line audit trail of all transactions up to transaction level must be available in order to identify date, time and user who initiated, approved are amended any transaction and be customisable by the administrator for enhanced analysis and reporting;	M	Dracle General Ledger provides a comprehensive online audit trail for all transactions, allowing organizations to track detailed information at the transaction level. Each transaction is automatically logged with essential data, including the date and time of entry, the user who initiated the transaction, and any subsequent approvals or amendments made by automized personnel. This robust logging functionality ensures that every action taken within the system is recorded, by facilitations (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission rahancing accountability and transparency. Administrators have the ability to eutomize audit trail settings, allowing for tailored reports and analysis based on specific organizational needs or compliance requirements. This level of detail not only supports effective monitoring and oversight but also aids in identifying trends, discrepancies, or areas for improvement within financial processes. See Oracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Foundation of Technical Proposal and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.	
10. The system should provide user friendly drop-down means for all codes currently available in the system for example Cost Center, Department Codes, Account Codes, and so on.	М	bracle General Ledger enhances user experience by providing user-friendly drop-down menus for all available codes, such as Cost Center, Department Codes, and Account Codes. When entering transactions, users can easily access these throp-down menus, which display a comprehensive list of valid codes, allowing for quick and accurate selection. The system is designed to filter and organize these codes for easy navigation, ensuring that users can find the relevant codes without hasde. This feature reduces the risk of input errors, as users are guided to select from predefined options, ensuring consistency in data entry. Additionally, the drop-down menus can be customized by administrators to reflect the organization's specific coding structure, enhancing usability and operational efficiency. See Cracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Specificacy of the proposal o	
The system should be capable of providing real time on-line inquiry to GL detail transaction information.	М	Dracle General Ledger provides real-time online inquiry capabilities that allow users to access detailed transaction information instantly. Users can navigate through the system's intuitive interface to query specific accounts or transactions. See Coracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical retrieving comprehensive data, including transaction descriptions, amounts, dates, and user information. The system's powerful search functionality enables users to apply filters and parameters, making it casy to locate specific centries space of Bid Submission based on various criteria. Additionally, all data is updated in real-time, ensuring that users have the most current information at their fingertips for effective decision-making. This feature enhances operational efficiency by allowing users to quickly resolve inquiries and analyze financial data without delays or reliance on external reports. The provided provides the provided provided and the provided	
12. The system should have built-in software safeguards to ensure general ledger accounts are always in balance and subsidiary ledgers totals to control accounts, even during computer trashes.	M	tracte General Ledger incorporates robust built-in software safeguards to ensure that general ledger accounts remain balanced and that subsidiary ledger totals match their respective control accounts. The system utilizes real-time validation exheck adming transaction processing to identify any discrepancies immediately, altering users to portal imbalances. Additionally, it employs automated reconciliation processes that periodically verify the alignment between subsidiary ledgers and control accounts, ensuring data integrity. In the event of a computer crash, Oracle's database management system includes recovery features that prevent data loss and maintain consistency, enabling a quick restoration of financial records. These safeguards enhance confidence in the accuracy of financial reporting, allowing organizations to operate efficiently and securely, even during unexpected technical disruptions. See Oracle General Ledger Section AI of Technical Proposal Computer of the Com	

13. The system should possess reconciliation capabilities for Accounts Payable, Acc Receivable, Human Resources, etc.		Tracle General Ledger features robust reconciliation capabilities that ensure seamless integration with modules such as Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, and Human Resources. The system automatically compares transaction data from these subsidiary ledgers with corresponding entries in the general ledger, identifying discrepancies and enabling surst so address issues promptly. Users can generate reconciliation reports that provide a comprehensive overview of account balances, highlighting any variances that need resolution. The reconciliation process is supported by built-in tools that facilitate data analysis, allowing users to drill down into specific transactions for detailed examination. This functionality not only enhances financial accuracy and compliance but also streamlines operational workflows, ensuring that all financial records are consistently aligned across the organization.	Sec Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
14. Fransactions that will influence financial balances must immediately be reflect appropriate ledgers.		bracle General Ledger ensures that transactions influencing financial balances are immediately reflected in the appropriate ledger accounts Payable or Receivable, the system instantly updates the corresponding general ledger accounts without delay. This immediate posting mechanism allows organizations to maintain accurate and up-to-date financial records thabling timely decision-making and reporting. Additionally, the system's automated validation checks ensure that only valid transactions are posted, maintaining the integrity of the financial data. By providing real-time visibility into financial balances, Oracle General Ledger supports effective cash flow management and strategic financial planning.	and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
15. The system must accommodate all legal requirements of the applicable local; gegistation, tax and VAT requirements as well as any norms and standards that subscribe such as the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and les international practices.	might be	Dracle General Ledger is designed to accommodate all legal requirements and regulations, including local government legislation, tax obligations, and VAT requirements. The system is regularly updated to reflect changes in tax laws an accounting standards, ensuring, aligning with local tax requirements and facilitating accounted submissions. The system can then be configured with local rate for weach category of defined and aplicable tax. Additionally, Oracle General Ledger supports International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) by offering testionizable tax and the property of th	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.
16. The system should provide for automated monthly and year end closing entries.	М	bracle General Ledger facilitates automated monthly and year-end closing entries through its streamlined closing process functionality. At the end of each accounting period, the system generates predefined closing entries, such as accurated, and enterior is earlied to the organization's established policies. Users can customize those entries to reflect specific financial practices, ensuring that all necessary adjustments are captured severated, the system als automates the reconciliation of accounts, verifying that all transactions have been recorded correctly before closing the books. By simplifying and automating the closing process, Oracle General Ledger enhances efficiency, reduces the risk of errors, and ensures timely financial reporting for both monthly and year-end cycles.	Sec Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical or Specifications (Data Sheeta) page of Bid Sabhusiation and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.

177	The system should allow easy correction of data entry errors within a batch before posting.	М	all data is accurate and complete. The system includes validation checks that flag potential errors, such as incorrect account codes or amounts, prompting users to make necessary adjustments. Users can navigate through the batch using structure to the state of the structure of	e Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical ecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission d Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical opposal.
18	The system should allow the correction of errors after the posting process has been completed.	М	previously posted entries, ensuring that financial records remain accurate. The system automatically tracks these adjustments, maintaining an audit trail that documents the original transaction and the correction made, thereby preserving label the properties of th	e Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical ecifications (Data Sheets) page of Biol Submission d Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical opposal.
199	The system should provide users with the ability to set up logic in the system so it will provide a warming if the user has entered an account that may be wrong. For example, if a user enters a cash account on a purchase order.	М	inalyzes the account code against predefined rules and criteria established by the organization, such as typical account usage for specific transaction types. If a user, for instance, attempts to enter a cash account on a purchase order, the system generates a warning message indicating the possible error and suggesting appropriate alternatives. This real-time feedback allows users to reconsider their entries before finalizing transactions, reducing the likelihood of misclassifications. By empowering users with these alerts, Oracle General Ledger ensures that financial data remains reliable and that organizational standards are consistently upheld. Pro	e Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical eccifications (Data Sheets) page of Biol Submission d Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical poposal.
200	The system should allow sorting of transactions by either type or date.	M	where they can select sorting options based on their needs. By choosing to sort by transaction type, users can quickly group and review similar entries, facilitating better oversight of financial activities. Alternatively, sorting by date allows Species to view transactions chronologically, aiding in the identification of trends or discrepancies over specific periods. This flexible sorting capability enhances reporting efficiency and enables users to navigate their financial data with and the second of the second o	e Oracle General Ledger Section A1 of Technical ecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission d Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical opposal.

2111	The system must derive the default transaction date from the current system date.		Oracle General Ledger automatically derives the default transaction date from the current system date, streamlining the transaction entry process for users. When users initiate a new transaction, the system preparation of the transaction date field with the current date, ensuring that entries are accurately timestamped without requiring manual input. This functionality minimizes the risk of errors associated with date entry, as users can focus on providing other relevant details of the transaction. If necessary, users can easily modify the default date to reflect a different transaction date while maintaining the current date as the system-generated default. By automating this aspect of transaction entry, Oracle General Ledger enhances efficiency and accuracy in financial record-keeping.
22.	The system should be able to generate a General Ledger Distribution Report which summarizes the distribution of Accounts Receivable general ledger transactions by account and date.	M	Oracle General Ledger can generate a General Ledger Distribution Report that summarizes Accounts Receivable transactions by account and date through its robust reporting papabilities. Users can access the reporting module and select the General Ledger Distribution Report option, where they can spacely circ triers asked as date range and account types for a tailroad report. The system then complies relevant transaction data, aggregating information from the Accounts Receivable module to create a comprehensive summary. Once generated, the report displays a clear distribution of transactions by account, organized chronologically, allowing users to easily analyze financial activities. This functionality and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal. The system that the General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal. The system of the General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal and Oracle General Ledger Section And
233	The system must derive the default accounting period from the transaction date. It must prevent unauthorized user override.		Oracle General Ledger automatically derives the default accounting period from the transaction date entered by the user, ensuring that all transaction are accurately aligned with the appropriate fiscal periods. When a user inputs a transaction date, the system calculates and displays the corresponding accounting period, minimizing manual errors and enhancing consistency in financial reporting. To maintain data integrity, the system implements strict access controlls specifications of page of Bid Submission that prevent unauthorized users from overriding the default accounting period. If a user attempts to change the accounting period, the system prompts a warning, indicating that such modifications are restricted based on user permissions. This functionality not only safeguards the accuracy of financial records but also ensures compliance with organizational policies and accounting standards. This functionality not only safeguards the accuracy of financial records but also ensures compliance with organizational policies and accounting standards. This functionality not only safeguards the accuracy of financial records but also ensures compliance with organizational policies and accounting standards.
24.	Allow for blocking and un blocking	М	Oracle General Ledger provides functionality for blocking and unblocking accounts through its robust account an anagement features. Administrators can easily set up blocking parameters for specific accounts based on organizational policies or compliance requirements, preventing any transactions from being powered to blocked accounts is blocked, the year greater is activated to the power accounts its blocked, the year greater is activated to the power accounts its blocked, the year greater is activated to the power accounts its blocked, the year greater is activated to the power in the prevention of the restriction before proceeding. Conversely, authorized users can unblock accounts as needed, allowing for a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances financial control, ensures compliance, and helps maintain the integrity of the organization's financial data. The proposal is the proposal of the proposal is the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances from the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances from the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances from the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances from the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility in managing account status enhances from the proposal is a smooth reactivation of transactions once any issues have been resolved. This flexibility is managing account status enhances from the proposal issues as a smooth reactivation of transactions of the proposal issues as a smooth reactivation of transactions on the proposal issues as a smoo

25. System should classify system or non-system	Dracte General Ledger classifies transactions as either system or non-system through predefined criteria set within the system's configuration. System transactions are automatically generated by the integrated modules, such as Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable, ensuring consistency and accuracy in financial reporting. Non-system transactions, on the other hand, are manually entered by users and may require additional validation checks to ensure compliance with predictions are applied to the system provides users with the ability to tag or categorize transactions at the point of entry, allowing for easy identification and reporting based on their classification. This dual classification capability enhances reporting flexibility and enables organizations to analyze financial data more effectively, tailoring insights based on the nature of the transactions.

3.1.3 Bu	dget Module			
o. Requi	rement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
The sy	must support the entire budget process such as: planning, preparation, approval, amendments, monitoring, etc.	М	Dracle Hyperion's budgeting process upports the entire budget lifecycle, encompassing planning, preparation, approval, amendments, monitoring, and reporting through test integrated modules. The process includes six key stages (1) budget planning and creation, (2) data entry and upload, (3) approval and workflow, (4) versioning and comparison, (5) monitoring and reporting, and (6) amendment and re-approval.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
	estem must have the ability to create and maintain multiple budget versions.	М	bracle Hyperion's budgeting process enables organizations to create and maintain multiple budget versions through six key steps, budget creation, data entry/upload, approval-workflow, versioning/comparison, reporting/analysis, and integration/consolidation. This comprehensive process streamlines budget planning, tracking, and management, ensuring accurate forecasting and financial decision-making.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
3. The sy into th	rstem must provide online worksheet to facilitate preparation of budgets. Information from a user defined period should flow iis worksheet.	М	Pracle Hyperion provides an online budget worksheet, enabling users to easily prepare and manage budgets with real-time datas import from user-defined periods. This ignamic worksheet automates budget calculations, versioning, and comparisons, streamlining the budgeting process and ensuring accuracy and transparency.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
l. The sycode)	vstem should enable entry of the Revenue budget with the following details: Financial year Budget code (chart of accounts Budget Code Description (autocompleted by the revenue code) Department Branch Branch Amount	М	Dracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and smount. This detailed revenue budget entry enables accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Budge	t code (chart of accounts code)	M	bracle Hyperion allow users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and inform. This detailed revenue budget entry carbles accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Budge	t Code Description (autocompleted by the revenue code)	М	bracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budgetcode chart of account, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and amount. The detailed revenue budget entry enables accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimension.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Dat Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

Department	M	Dracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and amount. This detailed revenue budget entry enables accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Branch	М	Dracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and amount. This detailed revenue budget entry enables accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Branch	М	Oracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data
		Oracle Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and amount. This detailed revenue budget entry enables accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Amount	M	Drack Hyperion allows users to enter revenue budgets, specifying financial year, budget/code chart of accounts, auto-populated descriptions, department, branch, and amount. This destined revenue budget enter, consults accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management across various organizational dimensions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
5. The system should enable the amendment of the revenue budget by authorized users.		Oracle Hyperion allows authorized users to amend revenue budgets through secure, controlled workflows, ensuring data integrity and audit trails. Users can easily revise budget assumptions, drivers, and amounts, and track changes, enabling flexible and collaborative budget management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
6. The system should canable expenditure budget entry by line item with the following details: Financial year Budget type (e.g. initial, applementary 1, supplementary 2, etc.) Budget Code/canar of accounts code Budget Code Description (auto completed by the budget code) Department Region Branch Location Unit cost; Quantity; Amount		Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Sudget type (e.g. initial, supplementary 1, supplementary 2, etc.)	М	Davie Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, human), foreign. This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

Budget Code/chart of accounts code	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region,	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		oranch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
	L.		
Budget Code Description (auto completed by the budget code)	М	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		management.	Technical Proposal.
Department	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region,	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		tranch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Technical Proposal.
Region	M	Oracle Hynerion enables detailed line-item budget entry canturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (denartment, region	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data
		Dracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Branch	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-ttem budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, tranch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		management. management.	Technical Proposal.
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Location	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data
		Dracle Hyperion enables detailed line-tiem budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, tranch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
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Unit cost;	М	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region, branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		managemeni.	Technical Proposal.
Quantity;	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region,	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
		branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget management.	Technical Proposal.
Am ount	M	Oracle Hyperion enables detailed line-item budget entry, capturing financial year, budget type, account codes, and organizational dimensions (department, region,	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data
		branch, location). This precise budgeting facilitates accurate financial planning, tracking, and analysis, supporting informed decision-making and effective budget inanagement.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

7. The system should enable addition of user defined fields to the budget entry string.	M	Oracle Hyperion allows users to add custom fields to budget entry strings, enabling tailored budgeting and tracking of unique organizational requirements. These user- defined fields seamlessly integrate with existing budget structures, supporting flexible and detailed budget planning and analysis	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
8. The system must have the ability to use workflow for budget approval.	M	Oracle Hyperion features a configurable workflow engine that streamlines budget approval processes, automating routing, notifications, and tracking. This enables secure controlled, and auditable budget approvals, ensuring timely and collaborative review and sign-off by designated stakeholders.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
9. The system must have the ability to support Activity Based Costing budget preparation.	М	Dracle Hyperion supports Activity-Based Costing (ABC) budget preparation, enabling organizations to allocate costs to specific activities, products, or services. This allows for precise budgeting and cost analysis, facilitating informed decision-making and optimized resource allocation through driver-based planning and detailed cost modeling.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
10. The budget module must recognize account attributes (groupings) that are built into the account structure in the Chart of Accounts.	M	Oracle Hyperion's budget module integrates with the Chart of Accounts, recognizing account attributes for flexible budgeting and analysis. This integration enables automatic data roll-up, supporting detailed and summary views, and precise budget control across multiple account dimensions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
11. The system must have the ability to identify budgets by original budget, first revised budget, second revised budget, third revised budget etc.	M	Oracle Hyperion allows for multiple budget revisions, tracking and identifying original and revised budgets (e.g., 1st, 2nd, 3rd revisions, etc.). This enables version control, audit trails, and comparative analysis, ensuring transparency and accuracy in budget management and financial planning.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
12. The system must allow authorized users to see which budgets have been approved.	М	Oracle Hyperion offers real-time visibility into budget approval status for authorized users. Its dashboard and reporting features track budget status, including approval dates and versions, ensuring transparency and auditability.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
13. The system must have the ability to identify accounts with budgetary balances that meet criteria for being carried forward to the next fiscal period.	М	Oracle Hyperion identifies accounts eligible for budget earryforward based on customizable criteria. It then automatically rolls forward these balances, ensuring scamles budget continuity and accurate multi-year financial planning.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
14. The system must have the ability to close budgetary amounts from the current file at the end of the fiscal year.	М	Oracle Hyperion enables the closure of budgetary amounts from the current file at fiscal year-end through its budget closure process. This process automatically archives and rolls forward relevant budget data, ensuring accurate financial reporting and positioning the system for scamless budgeting in the new fiscal period.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
15. The system must have the ability to allow the rollover of selected budget lines, or all budget lines into the new fiscal year and adjustment of appropriate spending allocations and encumbrance balances.	М	Dracle Hyperion enables the rollover of selected or all budget lines into the new fiscal year, automatically adjusting spending allocations and encumbrance balances. This process allows for flexible budgeting, supporting zero-based, incremental, or rolling forecast approaches, ensuring seamless continuity and accurate financial planning.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
16. The system must allow comparison of different budget versions.	M	Oracle Hyperion enables comparison of multiple budget versions, allowing users to analyze and track changes between original, revised, and approved budgets. This comparison feature provides detailed variance analysis and reporting, facilitating informed decision-making and precise budget management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

17.	The system must provide a high level of security that would only allow specific users to access, create and/or approve specific budgets.	M	Oracle Hyperion uses role-based access control to secure budget management, limiting access to authorized users. Its granular security framework protects sensitive budget data, ensuring only approved personnel can access, create, and approve budgets.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
18.	The system must have the ability to display a warning notice when transactions are proposed for accounts whose budgets have been exceeded.	M	Oracle Hyperion triggers automatic warnings when transactions exceed budget thresholds, alerting users to potential overspending. This real-time budget control feature sensures fiscal responsibility, enabling proactive adjustments to prevent budget overruns and maintain financial discipline.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
19.	The system must have the ability to set spending controls at various levels relating to funds available for expenditures.	M	Oracle Hyperion enables setting spending controls at multiple levels, including account, department, and organizational levels, to manage funds available for expenditures. This ensures effective budget enforcement, automating checks and warnings to prevent overspending and maintain alignment with available funds.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
			expenditures. This ensures effective budget enforcement, automating checks and warnings to prevent overspending and maintain alignment with available funds.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
20.	The system must have the ability to check for unauthorized charges against budgeted line items on a timely basis.	М	Dracle Hyperion performs automated, real-time checks to detect unauthorized charges against budgeted line items, triggering alerts and warnings for immediate attention. This continuous monitoring ensures budget integrity, enabling prompt corrective action to prevent budget variances and maintain financial control.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
21.	The system must have the ability to provide on-line approval of proposed budgetary transactions.	M	Oracle Hyperion enables online approval of proposed budgetary transactions through automated workflows, sending notifications to designated approvers. Approvers can keview, approve, or reject transactions in real-time, ensuring seamless budget control and efficient financial management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
22.	The system must have the ability to deny financial transaction if budgetary amount is not adequate to cover the transaction being posted.	M	Oracle Hyperion automatically checks budget availability before posting financial transactions, preventing transactions that exceed available budget amounts. If funds are insufficient, the system automatically denies the transaction, triggering alerts and notifications to ensure budget adherence and prevent budget overruns.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
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23.	The system must have the ability to determine sufficiency of funds prior to processing payments and disbursements of loans.	М	Oracle Hyperion performs real-time fund sufficiency checks before processing payments and loan disbursements, verifying available budget balances against transaction amounts. If funds are insufficient, the system automatically blocks or notifies users, preventing unauthorized expenditures and ensuring fiscal responsibility.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
				Technical Proposal.
24.	The system must have the ability to permit the modification of encumbrance (e.g., increase, decrease, or cancel) and produce an undit trail of the transaction.	M	Oracle Hyperion allows authorized users to modify encumbrances (increase, decrease, or cancel) with automatic updates to budget commitments and availability. Each modification generates an audit trail, recording user, date, and changes made, ensuring transparency, accountability, and compliance with financial regulations.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of
	audit trail of the transaction.		modification generates an audit trail, recording user, date, and changes made, ensuring transparency, accountability, and compliance with financial regulations.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
25	The system must have the ability to track the original amount, current amount, payments made, and remaining balance for an	M	Dracle Hyperion provides real-time tracking of encumbrance details, including original and current amounts, payments, and remaining balances. This enables accurate	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data
23.	The system must have the ability to track the original amount, current amount, payments made, and remaining balance for an encumbrance.	144	oracie ryperion provides real-time tracking or encumorance detaits, including original and current amounts, payments, and remaining balances. I his enables accurate financial reporting, effective budget management, and audit compliance throughout the encumbrance lifecycle.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
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26. The system must have the ability to automatically close encumbrances with appropriate journal entries for year-end financial reporting.	М	Oracle Hyperion automates year-end encumbrance closure, generating journal entries to update financial records. This ensures accurate financial reporting and compliance, seamlessly closing encumbrances for fiscal year-end processing.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
27. The system must have the ability to flag a warning for Non-Sufficient Funds (NSF) condition when payment vouchers exceed encumbered funds.	М	Oracle Hyperion flags warnings for Non-Sufficient Funds (NSF) when payment vouchers exceed available encumbered funds. This real-time alert prevents overdrafts, ensuring fiscal responsibility and enabling prompt budget adjustments.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
28. The system must have the ability to perform standard encumbrance accounting activities.	M	Dracle Hyperion performs standard encumbrance accounting activities, including encumbrance creation, modification, cancellation, and liquidation. These activities automatically update budget commitments, generate journal entries, and provide real-time visibility into budget availability and expenditures.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
29. The system must allow budget data to be established and maintained on-line for any number of past, present, and future years.	М	Dracle Hyperion allows users to manage budget data online for multiple years, including past, present, and future fiscal periods. This enables longitudinal analysis, rolling forecasts, and strategic planning for scamless budget management and continuity.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
30. The system must allow actual revenue and expenditure data to be stored and retrieved on-line for any number of past years.	M	Dracle Hyperion stores and retrieves actual revenue and expenditure data online for multiple past years, enabling historical analysis and trend identification. This longitudinal data storage facilitates comparative reporting, budget variance analysis, and informed financial decision-making.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
31. The system must have the ability to have all prior history for actual spending and budgets available on-line for multiple years.	М	Oracle Hyperion retains historical data for actual spending and budgets online, providing instant access to multiple years of financial information. This enables long-term trend analysis, budget planning, and informed decision-making through scamless retrieval of prior-year actuals and budget data.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
32. The system must allow for the approved budget to be automatically recorded for use by general ledger in new fiscal year.	М	Dracle Hyperion automatically rolls over approved budgets to the new fiscal year, seamlessly integrating with the general ledger. This ensures accurate financial reporting and budget management, as new year budgets are instantly available for accounting and financial transactions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
33. The system must have the ability to accommodate the transfer of funds between budgeted line items.	М	Oracle Hyperion facilitates fund transfers between budgeted line items through automated journal entries, enabling flexible budget reallocations. Users can easily transferfunds, update budget amounts, and maintain audit trails, ensuring accurate financial management and budget control.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
34. The system must provide the ability to enter budget requests on-line.	М	Oracle Hyperion enables online budget request submission, allowing users to enter and submit budget proposals electronically. This atreamlined process facilitates centralized budget collection, automated workflows, and real-time visibility for budget managers to review, approve, or reject requests.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
35. The system must have an audit trail (including time and user identification) is maintained automatically reflecting all budget entries.	M	Oracle Hyperion automatically generates an audit trail for all budget entries, recording user ID, date, time, and details of each transaction. This ensures transparency, accountability, and compliance, providing a secure and trackable record of budget changes, updates, and approvals.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

36. The system must have the ability to perform budget modifications and maintain an audit trail of modifications.	М	Oracle Hyperion allows users to modify budgets online, with automatic tracking and recording of changes in a comprehensive audit trail. This audit trail captures modification details, including user ID, date, time, and changes made, ensuring transparency, accountability, and version control.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
37. The system must allow budget request data to be entered easily and/or copied forward from a user defined period.	М	Oracle Hyperion streamlines budget request data entry through user-defined period copying, auto-population, and spreadsheets import. Users can easily copy budget data from previous periods, modify as needed, and submit requests for approval, reducing data entry time and increasing budgeting efficiency.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
38. The system must have the ability to compute "what if" scenarios using actual budget data or adjusted budget data compared to actual expenditure data or adjusted expenditure data in any combination.	М	Oracle Hyperion's "what-if" scenario planning feature allows users to simulate financial outcomes using actual or adjusted budget and expenditure data. This enables organizations to compare scenarios, test sensitivity, and make informed decisions to optimize budget strategies and forecast potential financial outcomes.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
39. The system must have capabilities to allow users to develop budget forecasts using base-year budgets.	М	Oracle Hyperion enables users to develop budget forecasts based on base-year budgets, allowing for incremental adjustments, percentage changes, and rolling forecasts. Users can easily create, manage, and refine multi-year budget forecasts using historical data, drivers, and assumptions, facilitating accurate and informed financial planning.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
40. The system must have the ability to create, modify, and establish a budget for a specific project and component of a project.	М	Oracle Hyperion enables project-based budgeting, allowing users to create and manage budgets by task, phase, and resource. This facilitates real-time cost tracking, variance analysis, and precise control, enabling informed decision-making and optimized project financial management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
41. The system must have capabilities to allow forecasts to be expressed in terms of percentage increases or decreases.		Oracle Hyperion allows users to create forecasts using percentage increases or decreases from prior periods, budgets, or actuals. This enables flexible and rapid scenario planning and sensitivity analysis through easy adjustments to projections based on percentage-based assumptions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
42. The system must have capabilities to provide a process to apply inflation factors to a budget model. 43. The system must allow budgets or budget items to be frozen at a certain level of approval to prevent further change by the	M	Oracle Hyperion allows users to apply inflation factors to budget models, enabling automatic calculation of escalated costs and expenses. Users can define and apply sustom inflation rates, indices, or formulas to specific budget lines, accounts, or categories, ensuring accurate and realistic financial projections.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
43. He system must allow outgets or outget items to be trozen at a certain level of approval to prevent turner enange by the projection percentage during the revision process.	м	Oracle Hyperion allows budget freezing at specified approval levels to prevent unauthorized changes to approved budget amounts or line items. This ensures budget stability while still permitting flexible adjustments to other budget components through percentage-based revisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
44. The system must have the ability to approve budgets through on-line approval.		Oracle Hyperion allows authorized users to review, approve, or reject budgets online through a secure web interface. This electronic approval process automates workflow, eliminates paperwork, and enhances efficiency, providing real-time status updates and audit trails.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
45. The system must have the ability to specify the basis for computing the budget based on user defined criteria (for example salary, total labour cost, interest rates, etc.)	M	Oracle Hyperion enables users to define custom budget criteria based on drivers like salary, labor costs, and interest rates. This flexibility allows for accurate, dynamic forceasts tied to key business metrics and performance indicators.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

46. The system must allow budget projections to be made for multiple years according to user-defined parameters.	М	Oracle Hyperion enables multi-year budget projections based on user-defined parameters, allowing organizations to plan and forecast financial performance over extende periods. Users can define custom projection rules, assumptions, and scenarios to generate detailed, long-term budgets and forecasts, facilitating strategic planning and decision-making.	See: Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
47. The system must allow monthly and quarterly budget figures to be established, if desired.	M	Peacle Hyperion allows users to establish budget figures at granular levels, including monthly and quarterly intervals, enabling precise financial planning and tracking. This flexibility supports varied budgeting cycles and frequencies, accommodating organizations unique planning and reporting requirements.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
48. The system must have the ability to keep multiple budget years open at one time.	М	Oracle Hyperion allows users to manage multiple budget years concurrently, enabling simultaneous access, editing, and comparison. This multi-year budgeting feature streamlines planning, analysis, and reporting, supporting seamless budget cycle transitions and long-term financial strategy development.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
49. The system should be able to generate a mid-year consolidated operational expenditure budget report showing: Budget code Budget code description Approved budget Revised budget The system should allow different accounting calendars Variance (%) Previous year audited actual	t M	Dracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved/revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Budget code description	М	waste Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Approved budget	M	Oracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved/revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Revised budget	М	Oracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved/revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should allow different accounting calendars	М	stracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

Variance (%)	М	bracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved/revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data
		multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
Previous year audited actual	M	Dracle Hyperion produces mid-year operational expenditure reports, detailing budget codes, approved/revised budgets, and variance percentages. These reports support multiple accounting calendars and compare current to prior year actuals, enabling organizations to track spending, identify trends, and make informed budget decisions.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
50. The system should be able to produce a mid-year income statement showing the following: Budget code description Approved budget Revised budget Actuals to December ()Alignment to accounting calendar Variance (%) Previous year audited actual	М	Oracle Hyperion produces mid-year income statements, detailing budget and financial performance, including approved/revised budgets, actuals, and variances. These statements provide comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
51. Approved budget	М	Dracle Hyperion produces mid-year income statements, detailing budget and financial performance, including approved/revised budgets actuals, and variances. These datements provide comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
52. Revised budget	M	bracle Hyperion produces mid-year income statements, detailing budget and financial performance, including approved revised budgets, actuals, and variances. These active comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
53. Actuals to December ()Alignment to accounting calendar	M	Dracte Hyperion produces mid-year income attenuents, detailing budget and financial performance, including approved revised budgets, actuals, and variances. These datements provide comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
54. Variance (%)	М	Dracie Hyperion produces mid-year income statements, detailing budget and financial performance, including approved revised budgets, actuals, and variances. These statements provide comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
55. Previous year audited actual	М	Directe Hyperion produces mid-year income statements, detailing budget and frametal performance, including approved revised budgets, actuals, and variances. These tastements provide comparative analysis to prior year audited actuals, enabling informed decision-making and data-driven budget adjustments.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

			
78. The system must have the ability to provide centralized monitoring of spending, budget preparation process, and available balances.	М	Oracle Hyperion provides centralized monitoring and control over spending, budget preparation, and available balances through real-time dashboards and reports. This enables finance teams to track expenditures, manage budget workflows, and ensure fiscal accountability, making informed decisions with up-to-date financial information.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section 11 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
79. The system must have the ability to produce budget to actual reports online.	М	Oracle Hyperion provides real-time budget-to-actual reports online, enabling users to compare budgeted and actual expenditures. These reports offer instant insights into financial performance, variances, and trends, supporting timely decision-making and effective budget management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bild Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
80. The system must have the capability to produce comprehensive management and budget reporting.		Oracle Hyperion generates comprehensive management and budget reports, providing insights into financial performance, budget variances, and key performance molicators (KPIs). These reports include detailed analytics, dashboards, and visualizations, enabling informed decision-making, strategic planning, and effective budget management.	Sec Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
81. The system must have the ability to allow the comparison of budget (spending plan) to actual obligations and expenditures, including a variance and percentage variance.	М	Oracle Hyperion allows real-time comparison of budgeted and actual spending, highlighting variances and percentage differences. This enables users to identify areas of overspending or underspending and make data-driven decisions to adjust their spending plans.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
82. The system must have the ability to provide variance reports illustrating budgets versus appropriations versus actual encumbered amounts to the respective budgets.	М	Oracle Hyperion produces variance reports comparing budgets, appropriations, and actual encumbered amounts to analyze financial performance. These reports identify discrepancies between planned and actual spending, enabling informed budget adjustments and effective expenditure management.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
83. The system must have the ubility to create the final budget document online in its finished form.	M	Oracle Hyperion enables users to create, review, and finalize budget documents online, streamlining the budgeting process. The system generates a comprehensive, formatted budget document in its finished form, incorporating approved budget data, narratives, and other relevant information.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.
84. The system must allow intermediate and final budget reports to be available.	М	Oracle Hyperion generates intermediate and final budget reports, providing real-time visibility into budget progress and performance. These reports include detailed financial data, variances, and analytics, enabling organizations to track budget status, identify trends, and make informed decisions throughout the budgeting cycle.	See Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section II of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hyperion Planning Plus Section of Technical Proposal.

2.3.1.4 Cash Management			
No. Minimum Requirement Description	Priori	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
The system should seamlessly integrate all cash, cheque and credit card transactions.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to seamleady integrate eash, cheque, and credit card transactions. This configuration will provide a comprehensive solution for inausains the organization's cash flows, enabling the efficient reconcilitation of transactions. The system consolidates and tracks all payment types, ensuring accurate reporting and enhanced visibility into the organization's financial position. Additionally, it supports automated reconcilitation, bank statement imports, and cash forecasting, which will help optimize cash flow management and streamline treasury operations.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
2. The system should allow automatic upload of bank statements into the system.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Ozaele Cush Management to caable the automatic upload of bank statements into the system. This functionality will greamline the reconciliation process by seamlessly integrating bank statement data, reducing manual effort, and ensuring timely and accurate cash flow management. It will further enhance the efficiency of financial operations and provide a more comprehensive view of the organization's eash position.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
3. The system should allow controlled direct update of cheque or deposit information.	M	the Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to allow controlled direct updates of sheque and deposit information. This functionality will enable authorized users to make increases adjustments while maintaining strict access controls and audit trails. It ensures data integrity and accuracy, enhancing the management of financial transactions and reconciliation tracesses.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
4. The system should be able to receive automatic updates for each deposit made.	M	the Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to support automatic updates for each deposit made. This feature ensures that the system reflects real-time changes in the gaganization's cash position, allowing for accurate tracking and reconciliation of deposits. It enhances financial visibility and streamlines cash management processes by automating data entry and ecducing the risk of manual errors.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.

3.	The system should provide for the creation of an unlimited number of bank accounts and cash accounts.	М	anarge multiple accounts across different financial institutions, counting comprehensive coverage of all eash and banking activities. It enhances the system's ability to track and reconcile transactions, providing better control and visibility over the organization's overall financial position.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
6.	The system should have the ability to perform treasury accounting and reporting functions such as: ransaction journals investment income projection maturities and dividends securities ledgers principal and interest payments tracking cash flow projections error correction calculations of gain/loss on sale of investments interface to the General Ledger	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to support comprehensive treasury accounting, and reporting. The system will handle key functions such as transaction journals, investment income projections, tracking materialises and dividends, maintaining securities ledger, monitoring principal and interest symments, and providing cash flow projections. It will also hardlitate error correction, calculate gains or losses on investment sales, and seamlessly interface with the General Ledger for integrated financial reporting, enhancing overall treasury management. The description of the providing sales are considered to the control of the cont	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
7.	The system should have the ability to track petty cash.	М	The Vendor (Counterbouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to enable tracking of petty cash. This functionality will allow for efficient management of small cash expenditures, ensuring accounter record-keeping and reporting. It will facilitate monitoring of petty cash transactions, providing better visibility into cash flow and helping to maintain budgetary controls.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system should provide on-screen reconciliation summary information, such as adjusted bank balance, adjusted book balance, difference, number of cleared payments, cleared payments total, number of cleared deposits and cleared deposits total.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to provide on-screen reconciliation summary information. This feature will display essential details such as the adjusted bank halance, adjusted book balance, variance, the number of cleared payments and their total, as well as the number declared deposits and their total. This comprehensive overview will enhance the reconciliation process, allowing for quick assessments of cash positions and facilitating more efficient financial management.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
9.	The system should automatically post reconciliation adjustments to the General Ledger.	М	The Verdor (Counterbours) will configure Oracle Cash Management to automatically poor reconciliation adjustments to the General Ledger. This functionality will areamline the reconciliation process by counting that all adjustments are accurately reflected in the financial records without the need for manual entry. It enhances data integrity, reduces the risk of errors, and provides real-time visibility into the organization's financial position, supporting more efficient financial management.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.

10.	The system should automatically track cash entries and cash on hand and provide cash receipt register and deposit reports for cash reconciliations.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to automatically track cash entries and cash on hand. This functionality will provide a comprehensive cash receipt register and deposit reports to facilitate cash reconciliations. By automating these processes, the system will ensure accurate tracking of cash transactions, enhance financial visibility, and streamline the reconciliation process, ultimately improving eash management efficiency.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
11.	The system should be able to process insufficient funds checks with correct posting to the general ledger.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to process insufficient funds checks with accurate posting to the General Ledger. This capability will ensure that any checks returned due to insufficient funds are properly recorded and reflected in the financial records, maintaining data integrity. The system will provide comprehensive tracking and reporting for these transactions, allowing for effective cash management and minimizing financial discrepancies.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
12.	The system should allow the reconciliation of multiple accounts at the same time.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to allow the reconciliation of multiple accounts simultaneously. This functionality will streamline the reconciliation process, enabling financial teams to efficiently manage and compare transactions across various accounts. By facilitating batch reconciliations, the system will enhance productivity and ensure timely identification of discrepancies, ultimately improving overall cash management efficiency.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
13.	The system should allow users to selectively view transactions by status, cheque date, or other field data.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to allow users to selectively view transactions by status, chaque date, or other relevant field data. This feature will enhance user experience by providing customizable filters for transaction visibility, enabling users to quickly access and analyze specific data as needed. This expability will improve efficiency in transaction management and facilitate informed decision-making.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
14.	The system should allow the posting of interest income and service charges to the GL during reconciliation.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to allow the posting of interest income and service charges to the General Ledger during reconciliation. This functionality will ensure that all financial activities are accurately reflected in the organization's financial records in real-time. By integrating these postings into the reconciliation process, the system will enhance financial accuracy and provide a clearer view of cash flows and account performance.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.

15.	The system should automatically match cancelled cheques from the bank statement to the system by cheque amounts, cheque number, and bank ID.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oncie Cash Management to automatically match cancelled cheques from the bank statement to the system using cheque amounts, cheque numbers, and bank IDs. This functionality will streamline the reconciliation process by reducing manual effort and increasing accuracy. By automating the matching of cancelled cheques, the system will enhance efficiency in transaction management and provide a clearer picture of the organization's cash flow.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system should be able to receive automatic updates for each cheque printed, reprinted, handwritten, void or reversed from the Payroll or Accounts Payable subsystems.	М	integrating these updates scamlessly, the system will facilitate efficient financial management and reconciliation processes.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system must be able to track money market securities (treasury bills, commercial paper, etc.), notes and bonds, equities, mortgage, etc.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure oracle Cash Management to track various types of financial instruments, including money market securities (such as treasury bills and commercial paper), notes and bonds, equities, and mortgages. The functional provides a comprehensive overview of the organization's investment portfolio, enhancing visibility into asset performance and cash flows. By enabling the tracking of these instruments, the system will support effective investment management and facilitate informed decision-making regarding financial strategies.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
18.	The system should allow drill down function to the originating transaction (deposit, check, or other bank transaction).	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to include a drill-down function that allows users to access the originating transaction, whether it is a deposit, cheque, or other bank transaction. This feature will enhance transparency and facilitate thorough analysis, enabling users to view detailed information for each transaction. It will improve the efficiency of reconciliation processes and provide greater insight into financial activities.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.

10	The system should provide a summary listing of deposit information.	м	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to provide a summary listing of deposit information. This feature will offer an organized overview of all	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical
			deposits, enhancing visibility into cash inflows and simplifying the reconciliation process. By presenting this summary, the system will facilitate efficient tracking and numagement of deposit activities, supporting better financial decision-making.	Specifications (Data Šheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
20	The system should provide a list of cancelled cheques.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to provide a comprehensive list of cancelled cheques. This feature will enhance visibility into the status of cheques, allowing users to easily track and manage cancelled transactions. By maintaining an accurate record of cancelled cheques, the system will facilitate efficient reconciliation and improve overall cash management processes.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
21	The system should provide a listing of deposits with detail information.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Cash Management to provide a detailed listing of deposits. This feature will include comprehensive information about each deposit, such as amounts, dates, sources, and any relevant notes. By offering this detailed overview, the system will enhance tracking and management of cash inflows, facilitating more efficient reconciliation and financial analysis.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system should be able to log all transactions related to any given document, such as Issue Date, Review Date, Stop Date, Cancel Date,Reverse Date, etc.	М	providing valuable insights for audit and reporting purposes. By maintaining a detailed log of all relevant transactions, the system will support effective financial management and oversight.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section A5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.
23	The system should provide a cheque listing by bank ID and cheque number.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Omcle Cash Management to provide a cheque listing organized by bank ID and cheque number. This feature will enhance tracking and management of cheques, allowing users to quickly access and review cheque details associated with specific banks. By presenting this information in an organized manner, the system will improve efficiency in reconciliation processes and support better financial oversight.	See Oracle Cash Mangement Section AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Cash Mangement Section of Technical Proposal.

0.	Requirement Description	Priority	Petailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
	The system should have the ability to maintain a master austomer/member file.	M	Account Receivables provides a comprehensive master endomeroin enborn file to state and immange extended relations of the control of the formation of the formation and interest side decisions of the control of the formation of	Sec Oracle Account Receivables Section A buf Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal
2.	The system should allow user defined aging categories e.g., current, 30,60, 90 days).	M	Tracle Account Receivables provides the flexibility to define custom aging categories, enabling organizations to tailor their accounts receivable management to specific business needs. Configuring Aging Categories To configure user-defined aging categories. Navigate to the Aging Lategories window. Access the Aging Categories window in Oracle Account Receivables, Create New Category: Click Virate* to define a new aging category. Specify Category Details: Enter category mane, description, and number of days. Save Changes: Save the new aging categories for account Receivables aging categories feature includes Customizable Categories Define categories based on business needs (e.g., 30, 60, 90 days). Multiple Aging Bases: Choose from different aging phases (e.g., invoice date, die date, or system date). Aging by Document Date: Age invoices based on document date or the date. Automatic Aging: System automatically ages invoices based on defined categories. Manual Overrides of aging categories for specific invoices.	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
3.	The system should have the ability to apply a single sheek to multiple open items.	М	issults. Account Receivables provides the functionality to apply a single check to multiple open tiens, actenuming the payment application proves. This feature is known as Multiple, Application. Beefut Application. Supply as accelerate payment application Reduced Forms Ministry and event benefits. Efficient Psyment Processing: Simply and accelerate payment application Reduced Forms Ministry and payments. Improved Cash Flow. Onliky allocute propriets to outstanding invoices. Fastured Customer Students. Account Receivables provides the payments. How to Apply a Single Check to Multiple Open Items To apply a single check to multiple open items in Oracle Account Receivables. Navigate to the Psyments window. Access the Psyments window in Oracle Account Receivables. Enter Details. Enter the check number, date, and amount. Select Multiple Application: Choose the Multiple Application option. Select Open Items: Choose the open items (invoices) to apply the payment to. Confirm Application: Verify and confirm the payment application.	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Accoun Receivables Section of Technical Proposal

4. The system should allow authorized users to post cash	M. Destatored Parameter and the substantial an	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A2
receipts on-line.	an inacte Accounts (Keervalues animative autorities aut	of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets)
	Andling: Automatically creates credit memos for overpayments. Multiple Payment Methods: Accepts various payment methods (e.g., check, credit card, bank transfer). Payment instrument Tracking: Records and tracks payment instruments (e.g., check numbers). Benefits Posting ash receipts under the record of the payment of the payment processing and reduces manual errors. Enhanced Accourage?, Automatically updates accounts receivable and general teleger. Real-Time Visibility. Provides immediate visibility into cash receipts and payment of the pay	page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	and account balances. Faster Reconciliation: Facilitates quicker bank statement reconciliation. Better Cash Flow Management: Enables timely application of payments to outstanding invoices.	-
 The system should have a Cash Receipts Journal functionality where payments received each day by 	M II be Cash Receipts Journal in Oracle Account Receivables is a comprehensive tool for recording and tracking daily payments received from customers. It provides a centralized repository for managing cast receipts, ensuing accurate an efficient accounting and reconciliation. Key beatures The Cash Receipts Journal includes Payment Details Records check number, payment type, receipt number, receipt adde, and anomal of cash received. Customer Information. Links payments to customer accounts content account	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets)
customers, including check number, payment type, receipt number, receipt date, amount of cash received	edger accounts. Write-Offs and Adjustments. Peccords write-offs, discounts, and other adjustments. Payment Application: Applies payments to open invoices. Audit Trail: Maintains detailed audit trail of each receipt transactions. Reporting and Inquiry. Provides real-time visibility and cash receipt activity, Renefits The Cash Receipts Daman offers: Improved Accuracy: Ensures accurate recenting and application of payments. Efficient Reconciliation: Entransaction statement reconciliation. Enhanced Visibility: Provides real-time visibility and cash receipt	page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
and special General Ledger account entries such as	no casa feecing activity, occasin lie casa receipts such and case in the casa receipts and adding requirements. Cash for Management is and application of payments in continuous steamines case statement recommended without provides real-name visionity into casa feecing licitivity. Compliance Supports regulatory compliance and undiring requirements. Cash for Management is and application of payments to outstanding invoices.	Receivables section of Technical Floposal.
write-offs are recorded.		
6. The system should have a Cash Receipts and	M The Cash Receipts and Adjustments Journal in Oracle Account Receivables is a comprehensive tool that records and tracks cash payments received and adjustments made by customers, while also updating related General Ledger accounts. Key Features The Cash Receipts and	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A2
Adjustments Journal functionality which lists cash	Adjustments Journal includes: Cash Receipts: Receipts: Receipts: Receipts: Receipts described from customers Adjustments Received from customers Adjustments made to customer accounts (e.g., write-offs discounts). General Ledger Integration: Automatically undates General Ledger accounts Customer	of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account
payments received and adjustments made by customers and related general ledger accounts.	Cash Receipts and Adjustments Journal offers; Improved Accuracy; Ensures accurate recording and application of cash receipts and adjustments. Efficient Reconciliation; Streamlines bank statement reconciliation. Enhanced Visibility; Provides real-time visibility into cash receipt	Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	and adjustment activity. Compliance: Supports regulatory compliance and auditing requirements. Cash Flow Management: Enables timely application of payments to outstanding invoices	
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7. The system should allow users to review on-line all customer accounts past due.		Account Receivables Section A2 Specification (Duta Sheets) Submission and Oracle Account Section of Technical Proposal.
 Fhe system should allow users to review on-line activi for specified account. 	Time Data: Displays up-to-date information on account activity. Account Details: Shows account balances, payment history, and contact information. Transaction History: Displays detailed transaction fundy, including including invoices, payments, and adjustments. Drill-Down Capability: If Technical Wileys users to drill down to individual transaction details. Sorting and filtering Enables sorting and filtering (e.g., date, transaction type), Export to Excel: Exports date to Excel for history, and the entire Reviewing online activity for specified accounts offers page in the entire of the entire Reviewing on the entire Review of the entire Re	vecount Receivables Section A2 Specifications (Data Sheets) Submission and Oracle Account Section of Technical Proposal.

Balance Forward; Shows various report formats: S report offers: Improved C Collections: Automates :	outstanding balance for each customer. Credit Lim immary Report: Provides summary-level information (ash Flow Management: Identifies overdue account)	iit: Displays customer credit limit. Average Days on. Detail Report: Displays detailed information s for timely collection. Reduced Bad Debt: Prior	to Pay: Calculates average days to pay. Total AR Bal for each customer. Excel Format: Exports data to Exce itizes collection efforts on high-risk accounts. Enhance	iir accounts receivable effectively. Key Report Comporen thers, dates, and amounts. Payment History: Displays pays more: Displays total accounts receivable balance. Report I for further analysis. PDF Format: Generates report in Castomer Communication. Facilitates proactive communication accounts and the second account of the second using various parameters. Date Range:	Formats Oracle Account Receivables offers F format. Benefits The comprehensive AR nication with customers. Streamlined	See Oracle Account Receivables Section A2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) agae in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

2	1.6 Procurement Management Module Requirements			
S/N	Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
2.3.	1.6.1 Supplier/Vendor Maintenance			
1.	Supplier Registration - The system should allow suppliers information to be captured or register through the portal with the company profile and setup user name and password, fill in the company information such as company name, social credit unified code, address, company telephone No., name of legal.	M	Dracle Purchasing's Supplier Registration process enables vendors to register through a self-service portal, capturing essential company information, including profile, contact details, and legal representative. The system then creates a unique username and password, allowing suppliers to manage their profile and engage in procurement activities, streamlining supplier onboarding and communication.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
2.	Supplier Approval Management - To system should provide supplier approval function for purchaser with the submitted profiles. The suppliers would be separated into anapproved list and approved list to make management more convenient.	M	Oracle Purchasing's Supplier Approval Management allows purchasers to review, approve or reject supplier profiles, organizing them into approved and unapproved lists. This process ensures only qualified suppliers participate in procurement, enhancing supply chain quality and reducing risks.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
3.	Supplier Maintenance - The system/application should allow users to view and modify enterprise information, such as company profile, supplier name, address, password etc.	M	Dracle Purchasing's Supplier Maintenance enables users to view, update, and manage supplier information, including company profiles, contact details, and login credentials. This centralized maintenance capability ensures supplier data accuracy, facilitating efficient communication and collaboration throughout the procurement lifecycle.	Section of Technical Proposal.
4.	Supplier Portal - Supplier can get bid notice, invitations, bid award notifications through the portal, and inquires its own bid records.	M	Dracle Purchasing's Supplier Portal enables vendors to access and manage their procurement activities, receiving notifications for bid spoportunities, invitations, and award notices. Through the portal, suppliers can also track and inquire about their bid records, ensuring real-time visibility and streamlined communication.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
5.	System should allow entry of procurement information as per the procurement policy of the MFI Hub member institutions.	M	Oracle Purchasing enables data entry of procurement information in compliance with MFI Hub member institutions' procurement policies. The system captures and stores relevant data, ensuring transparency, auditability, and adherence to established procurement guidelines and regulations.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
6.	System should allow for entry of procurement plans aligned with the approved Budget for specific period.	М	Dracle Purchasing enables the creation and management of procurement plans aligned with approved budgets for specific periods. Users can enter and track procurement plans, ensuring strategic sourcing, budget adherence, and seamless execution within predefined financial constraints.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

7.	Systems should have functionality to manage the various procurement methods that are determined by various factors such as thresholds and types.	M	Dracle Purchasing manages various procurement methods (quotes, tenders, auctions, negotiations) based on thresholds, types, and categories. The system automates approval routing, ensuring compliance with organizational policies and regulatory requirements.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
8.	Ability to include the following data elements for all vendors/suppliers established by the Procurement Office: Undor Type (permanent, temporary etc.) Undor Name Density Physical Address Tin and VAT No Ability to have and retain multiple addresses Phone/fax numbers: Active vx. Inactive indicator Date established AlD - Date last paid Incorporated Foreign Vendor Number of responses D - Contact person Email address (if any) Website (if any)	М	Dracle Purchasing's Supplier/Vendor Maintenance creates and manages detailed vendor profiles, capturing vital information such as vendor type, address, tax IDs, and contact details. This centralized repository enables efficient vendor management, communication, and tracking, streamlining procurement processes.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
9.	Ability to process procurement requisition through the system work flows and approvals.	М	Dracle Purchasing automates procurement requisition processing through electronic workflows and approvals. The system efficiently manages the procurement cycle by routing requisitions to approvers, tracking status and history, and streamlining request-to-purchase order processing.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
10.	Ability to facilitate commitment controls by linking the procurement plan with approved budget such that controls on when to commit funds is enforced during procurement process.	M	Dracle Purchasing's commitment control feature links procurement plans to approved budgets, enforcing fund commitment controls throughout the procurement process. This ensures that expenditures align with allocated funds, preventing overspending and maintaining fiscal discipline through automated budget checks and real-time fund availability verification.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
11.	Ability to generate auto numbering of procurement documents including: Generation of reference numbers for each requisition and purchase orders.	М	enabling efficient and organized procurement processing.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
12.	Ability to process and generate Purchase Orders and link them to contracts that are a result of the procurement process. This should also be through work flow and approval process as per the procurement working procedures of the institutions (MFIs and SACCOs).	М	Dracle Purchasing generates Purchase Orders (PO) linked to contracts resulting from the procurement process, automating workflow and approval routing according to institutional procedures. The system ensures seamless integration, tracking, and compliance, enabling efficient PO management from contract issuance to supplier fulfillment.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

13. Ability to Generate or Add contract templates / drafting for procurements that end up in contracts. 14. Ability to attach comments at any point during the procurement process execution.	M	Oracle Purchasing allows users to generate and manage contract templates, streamlining the drafting process for procurement contracts. These bustomizable templates ensure consistency and compliance, enabling users to populate relevant terms, conditions, and clauses, and automatically generate contracts for electronic signature and execution. Oracle Purchasing enables users to add comments, notes, and attachments at any procurement stage, enhancing transparency and auditability. This feature facilitates real-time collaboration, informed decision-making, and efficient issue resolution throughout the procurement process.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing
			Section of Technical Proposal.
15. Abhility to generate and disseminate alerts on procurement processes including: Adding alerts to enable users track procurements from requisition to approval, Submissions such as when rejected or approved.	M	Dracle Purchasing generates automated alerts and notifications to track procurement processes, from requisition to approval, informing users of status updates, rejections, and approvals. These customizable alerts enable real-time monitoring, ensuring timely actions and decisions, and enhancing overall procurement efficiency and transparency.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
16. Abbility to link the various documents (Initial requisition, Local Purchase Order, Delivery Note, Goods Received Note, and Invoice) to any procurement carried out at any one time.	M	Oracle Purchasing enables the linking and centralized management of procurement documents, including requisitions, purchase orders, delivery hotes, goods received notes, and invoices. This integrated document management capability ensures seamless tracking, visibility, and auditability throughout the procurement lifecycle, streamlining processes and improving compliance.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Sabmission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
17. Ability to manage the international procurements with international suppliers and deliveries. 18. Ability to access basic information on contracts by commodities, vendor classifications, contract number, beginning/expiration dates/anniversary, amounts, campus/unit	М	Oracle Purchasing facilitates international procurement management with global suppliers and deliveries, handling complexities such as currency conversion, tax compliance, and freight management. The system enables efficient processing of import/export documentation, Incoterms, and customs clearance, ensuring streamlined international procurement transactions and compliance with regulatory requirements. Oracle Purchasing provides instant access to contract information through multiple search options. This feature enables efficient contract	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Sybmission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
18. Ability to access basic information on contracts by commodities, vendor classifications, contract number, beginning/expiration dates/anniversary,amounts, campus/unit unique, keyword search, Vendor.	M		Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
19. Ability to provide price and description of items.	М	Dracle Purchasing stores and maintains accurate price and descriptive information for items, enabling efficient procurement processing. This term master data management capability ensures up-to-date pricing, descriptions, and specifications are accessible for informed purchasing decisions and accurate ordering.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

20. Ability to cancel an order through approval hierarchy.	М	Oracle Purchasing allows users to initiate order cancellations, which are then routed through a configurable approval hierarchy for authorization. This ensures that cancellations are properly reviewed, approved, and documented, maintaining audit trails and preventing unauthorized changes.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
21. Ability to notify Vendor of expiring contracts.	M	Oracle Purchasing sends automated notifications to vendors about expiring contracts, enabling timely renewals or renegotiations. These alerts are triggered by customizable thresholds (e.g., 30, 60, or 90 days), ensuring proactive contract management and mitigating supply chain disruptions.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
	М		
22. Ability to send order to vendor in multiple waysprinted on paper, faxed, electronically transmit to vendor.	M	Dracle Purchasing allows orders to be sent to vendors through various channels, including print, fax, and electronic data interchange (EDI). Orders can be efficiently delivered via email, XML, cXML, or other integrated formats, ensuring timely and accurate transmission.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
23. Ability to track total purchases against a contract and the ability to set upper limits on contracts and notify purchasing when getting close to the limits.	М	Oracle Purchasing enables real-time tracking of total purchases against a contract, monitoring expenditure against agreed-upon limits. The system triggers automated alerts when approaching predefined thresholds (e.g., 75%, 90%), notifying purchasing teams to take action, ensuring contract compliance and preventing overspending.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
24. Ability for the originating department to review/approve the modified document at any time prior to initiating a purchase order.	М	Oracle Purchasing enables departments to review and approve modified documents in real-time before purchasing. This ensures departmental control and oversight, validating procurement requirements and verifying changes.	See Ornelle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
25. Ability to add/select bidders based upon type of purchase, location, rankings, bids, bidders who responded to requests, etc.	М	Oracle Purchasing enables targeted bidder selection based on criteria like purchase type, location, and performance rankings. The system's qualification and segmentation features ensure the most suitable vendors are invited to participate in the procurement process.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
26. Ability to identify basis for an award (least cost, sole source, proprietary, only bid received, emergency, etc.).	М	Oracle Purchasing allows users to record and justify contract awards based on factors like cost, sole source, or emergency. This creates an audit trail, ensuring transparency and regulatory compliance, and documenting the evaluation and decision-making process.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
27. Ability to provide notification to non-successful bidders.	М	Dracle Purchasing automates notifications to non-successful bidders, informing them of the contract award decision and providing feedback on their bid status. This streamlined process ensures professional communication, maintains vendor relationships, and can include customizable templates for standardized correspondence.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

28. Ability to automatically fax or email a purchase order.	М	Dracle Purchasing enables automated purchase order transmission to vendors via fax or email, streamlining the ordering process. The system generates and sends PO documents electronically, reducing manual effort and ensuring timely delivery to vendors, with audit trails maintaining communication records.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
29. Ability to track vendor performance/evaluation to include responses, awards, problems, etc.	M	Oracle Purchasing allows for comprehensive vendor performance tracking, monitoring key metrics such as bid responses, contract awards, issue resolution, and other performance indicators. This centralized repository enables objective evaluations, informing future sourcing decisions and strategic supplier relationships.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
30. Ability to initiate changes or amendments to purchase orders.	М	Oracle Purchasing cnables users to initiate changes or amendments to purchase orders, updating terms, quantities, or other details, while maintaining audit trails and version control. The system automatically notifies vendors and internal stakeholders of changes, ensuring seamless communication and revised order confirmation.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
31. Ability to include quantity variances for line items.	М	Oracle Purchasing accommodates quantity variances for line items, handling discrepancies between ordered and received quantities. The system untomatically updates records, triggering actions like invoicing adjustments and inventory reconciliation for precise procurement tracking and financial management.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
32. On-line inquiry into the vendor data base via all data elements.	М		See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
33. The ability to retain all data related to a payment in the event the attributes related to a vendor is subsequently changed.	М	Oracle Purchasing preserves historical payment data, ensuring that records remain intact even if vendor attributes are updated or changed. This audit trail maintains data integrity, providing permanent record of payment transactions and vendor information at the time of payment.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
34. Extensive on-line vendor search capabilities.	М	Oracle Purchasing features advanced vendor search capabilities, allowing users to find vendors by name, ID, location, certification, and more. This streamlined search functionality enhances vendor identification, selection, and management, driving efficient procurement operations.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
35. Vendor data that identifies amounts paid by purchase order, fiscal year, total.	M	Oracle Purchasing maintains comprehensive vendor data, tracking payment amounts by purchase order, fiscal year, and total spent. This centralized repository provides real-time visibility into vendor expenditure, enabling informed procurement decisions, spend analysis, and financial reporting.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

36. A daily audit trail including for new and changed vendors.	I M	Oracle Purchasing generates a daily audit trail, recording all vendor changes, additions, and deletions, ensuring transparency and accountability.	San Oracla Burchasing Section E of Taskeiast Secrificat
	.91	data modifications.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
37. The flexibility to allow authorised users to add vendors	М	Oracle Purchasing allows authorized users to add new vendors, enabling efficient onboarding and timely setup. Authorized users can enter vendor details, assign categories, and define terms through a secure and controlled process.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
38. Ability to suspend vendors (permanently, temporary, by commodity type,etc.)	М	Dracle Purchasing enables authorized users to suspend vendors temporarily or permanently, with optional specifications by commodity type, occation, or other criteria. Suspended vendors are prevented from participating in procurement processes, ensuring compliance and mitigating potential risks, with easy reinstatement when necessary.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
39. Ability to generate statistics about the usage of each commodity	М	Dracle Purchasing generates commodity usage statistics, providing insights into spending patterns, vendor performance, and category-wise expenditure. This analytical capability enables informed procurement decisions, optimizing supplier relationships, and strategic sourcing initiatives through data-driven commodity management.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
Inquiry and Reporting			
40. Provide friendly report writer for ad hoc reporting	М	Oracle Purchasing offers a user-friendly report writer for creating custom reports on procurement data. This tool provides real-time insights, enabling users to quickly generate tailored reports on vendor information, purchase orders, spending analysis, and more.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
41. Report on all procurements done in a quarter specifying Goods, supplies or services procured, Mode of procurement, value and name of supplier	M	Dracle Purchasing generates quarterly (or periodic) procurement reports detailing goods, supplies, or services procured, mode of procurement, value, and supplier name. These reports provide comprehensive visibility into procurement activities, enabling organizations to track spending, analyze trends, and ensure compliance with regulatory requirements.	See Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.
42. Ability to generate the following reports: Sole Source, Proprietary and Emergency Non-Biddable Payments to Vendors: Maintenance agreement Report: Vendor payment aging Reports: Procurement processes status Reports	M	Dracle Purchasing generates specialized reports, including Sole Source, Proprietary, Emergency Non-Biddahle, vendor Payments, Maintenance Agreements, Vendor Payment Aging, and Procurement Status reports. These reports provide actionable insights into procurement activities, vendor performance, and payment status, enabling informed decision-making, compliance, and efficient procurement management.	Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Technical Specifications Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.

43. Integration with other systems/modules.	M Dracle Purchasing integrates with Finance, Inventory, Project Management, and other systems for a unified procurement view. This integration penables real-time data exchange, automated workflows, and consistent data, boosting procurement efficiency and informed decision-making. Sec Oracle Purchasing Section E of Early and	
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	.1.7 Account Payables Management			
No.	Requirement Description			Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
1.	The system must be able to allow authorized users to create new suppliers by capturing the following information: Supplier Name Supplier Group Supplier Type Supplier S	M	Group: Category or group assignment (e.g., vendor, contractor). Supplier Type: Type of supplier (e.g., goods, services). Supplier ID (alphanumeric): Unique identifier: Status Active, Closed, or Suspended. Address: Mailing and physical address: Telephone: Phone number. Lacismile: Fax number. Contact Person: Primary contact name, Email Address: Contact email. Supplier Bank Account Number: For electronic funds transfers. Tax Identification Number (e.g., VAT, GST). Payment Terms: Default payment erms (e.g., net 30 days). Optional Supplier Information Additional information can be captured: Remit-To Address: Address for poods delivery. Purchase Order Address: Address for PO delivery. Supplier Notes: Address for PO delivery. Supp	See Oracle Account Payables Section 3A of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
2.	The system must track all changes to the supplier master file.	M	next Account Popules product a chief activing feature to monitor changes to the supplier source that continues record of all changes and the complete supplier account below. The changes is the continues are continued to emploir to emploir changes in the continues are continued and the	

3.	The system must have the ability to process invoice information, including invoice number, amount, payment date, and transaction number, if applicable.	M	ifficiency: Streamlined invoice processing: Increased Accuracy: Reduced errors and discrepancies. Enhanced Visibility: Real-time tracking and reporting: Better Cash Management: Optimized payment scheduling. Compliance: Adherence in regulationy requirements.	See Omcile Account Payables Section Short Technical Specifications (Data Short Technical Specifications) and Describe Assert Section and Omcile Assert Section of Technical Proposal.
4.	The system must have the ability to make changes to a supplier file once the payment has occurred. Example: flag inactive, delete, etc.	M	Into A recommendation, their contents of the physics for the payment has necessary, recommendation of the recommendation of the content in the physics of th	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

The system must have the ability to delete suppliers as required with option of retaining or deleting history.	M Desire have above the secret electron places accessed by the secret electron and control of the secret electron and con	
The system must be able to retain supplier history including eurrent period, year-to-date and all prior history.	Pack Account Psyables provides a comprehensive feature to retain supplier history, ensuing accumite financial records and compliance. Retained Supplier History The watern retain. Current Period Transactions. Prior Prior	

7.	The system must have the ability to suspend and restart payment for specified suppliers, parent supplier groups, contracts or work orders for user defined duration.	M	incite Account Psychian possible is finite to supposed and remain payments for specifical suppliers, partin longility groups, contracts, or work orders for a new defined dustion. Injuried that for the contract is a constitutive to a constitutive properties of the contract of the contra	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
8.	The system must be able to generate payment vouchers which are serially numbered and must not allow duplicate numbers to be used for A/P vouchering. It should also provide capabilities to print these vouchers off the system.	M	Cools Assembly Smaller providers. Pryment Vencher feature to somore accounts and elitation payment processing. Pryment Vencher Features. Small Sumbering: Automatically generate unique, sequential vencher members. Deplicate Pryment Vencher States Vencher	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

The system must have the ability to verify existence of key documents to support issuing of payment vouchers prior to submittal, for example supplier invoices, goods delivery notes, etc.		See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
10. The system must provide status of any submitted payment voucher to review payments to date and committed funds.	No. 2012 Account Egyptic porting particular point for both making Congressive Accounts of the Congressive Congress	See Oracle Account Payables Section 3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

1.1	The system must have the ability to place payment vouchers on	м	track Account Payables provides a feature to place payment successor hold allowing users to temporarily suspent providing. Held Passary, Discovering interior account details found from Payables and the payables are particularly to the payables are payables and payables are payables are payables and payables are paya	See Oracle Account Payables Section
	hold and to enter reasons for hold.			A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
12	The system must retain history of payment voucher numbers after payment and/or period end to avoid duplicate voucher numbers.	М	and financial analysis Prevents payment errors and discrepancies	See Oracle Account Psyables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
13	The system must have the ability to remove an entered voucher fit thas not been properly submitted for payment with corresponding audit trail, and to record reason for change.			See Oracle Account Bayables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
144	The system must have the ability to consolidate multiple invoices from one vendor and pay with one voucher.	М	Anale Account Psychies revolves a feature to consolidate multiple invoices from one vendor and pay with one voncher, streamlining payment processing. Consolidation Ecunive Consolidation Combine multiple invoices from one vendor. Single Woncher Psymeni: Psychological Vendor Invoice Validation Verify invoice details before consolidation. Benefits: Reduced Payment Processing Time: Fewer vonchers to process. Increased Efficiency: Simplified payment processing. Improved Cash Management: Better cash flow management. Enhanced Supplier Relationships: Reduced payment errors. Cost Savings	Sec Ornale Account Psyables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) pages 18th Submission and Orle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

15. The system must have the ability to maintain open invoice records until paid in full (for unpaid and partially paid payment southers).	Maintain records of unpaid invoices. Partially Paid Invoice Management: Track partially paid invoices. Automatic Update: System updates invoice status upon payment. Invoice Aging: Track invoice aging (e.g., 30, 60, 90 days). Benefits Accurate Invoice Tracking: Ensure all invoices are accounted for. Improved Cash Management: Prioritize payments for overdue invoices. Enhanced Supplier Relationships: Timely payments and communication. Reduced Disputes: Clear invoice status and payment history. Compliance Shorts) Oracle A	acle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section Indical Proposal.
16. The system must have the ability to develop payment vouchers to partially paid invoices.	match partial payments to invoices. Amount Allocation: Allocation: Allocate payment amounts to specific invoices. Open Invoice Management: Maintain records of partially paid invoices. Payment History Tracking: Record payment history for each invoice. Benefits: Efficient Payment Processing: Streamline partial payment processing. Accurate Invoice Tracking: Ensure accurate invoice status. Improved Cash Management: Prioritize payments for overdue invoices. Enhanced Supplier Relationships: Timely payments and communication. Reduced Disputes: Sheets processing: Streamline partial payment processing. Accurate Invoice Tracking: Ensure accurate invoice status. Improved Cash Management: Prioritize payments for overdue invoices. Enhanced Supplier Relationships: Timely payments and communication. Reduced Disputes: Oracle Association of the Communication of the Communica	acle Account Psyables Section Technical Specifications (Data page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section hnical Proposal.
17. The system must have the ability to track invoices to payment youchers and vice versa, and flag if amount paid is different than original payment voucher submitted.	Matching: System matches invoices to payment vouchers. Amount Verification: Compare paid amount to original voucher amount, Discrepancy Flagging: Identify and flag amount discrepancies. Audit Trail: Record changes to invoice-payment voucher associations. Benefits: A3 of Te Accurate Payment Processing: Insure correct payments. Reduced Disputes. Identify and resolve payment discrepancies. Improved Cash Management. Accurate each flow management. Enhanced Supplier Relationships: Timely and accurate payments. Compliance: Adhere to Procled	acle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section hnical Proposal.

18	The system must have the ability to accumulate multiple invoices on a single voucher and/or group payment for remittance based on selected criteria (i.e., payment due date).	M	Duck Accounts Byable provides features for vaucher accumulation and group payments. Voucher Accumulation Features. Multiple Invoice Consolidation: Combine multiple revoices on a single voucher, Automatic Invoice Matching: Match invoices to vouchers. Invoice Selection (Interia: Select invoices Match on applier, date, or amount. Group Payment Partures. Payment Date Date: Group payments by applier and the date, or amount. Group Payment Partures. Payment Date Date: Group payments by applier of the payment Match Group Payments Date Date: Group payments by applier of payments Matching Payment Partures. Payment Date Date: Group payments below the Contract Both Pacific Payments and Payments Payment Payments Select Criteria Both Pacific Payments Payment Payments Paym	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
19	The system must have the ability to automatically calculate payment due date from receipt of goods/services or invoice, and allow for user override.	M	Easely Accounts Pyshle provides an automated payment due date calculation feature with user override capabilities. Automatic Psyment Dat Date Calculation Features. Receipt-Based Calculation, Calculation due date from invoice date. Supplier-Specific Ferms: Applies supplier-specific payment terms. User-Defined Calculation Rules. Supports custom calculation rules. User Override Capabilities: Manual Due Date Burty: Allows users to manually enter due dates. Override Sutomated Calculation: Overrides automated calculation. Research Calculation. Research Calculation Review of Specific Payment of Calculation. Research Calculation. Noverrides automated calculation. Research Calculation. Noverrides automated calculation. Research Calculation. Noverrides automated Date (Internationally). International Calculation Noverrides (Payment Ferms. Calculation Date (Internationally). Payment Ferms. Calculation. Noverrides (Payment Ferms. Pagelarity). But Date Date (Vernice Date Date (Vernice Payment) Payment (Payment Ferms. Pagelarity). Research Calculation. Noverrides (Payment Ferms. Pagelarity). Research Calculation. Research C	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

200	The system must have the ability to provide automatic on-line budget account validation, as well as funds availability.	M	Validates budget accounts. Streamlines Payment Processing: Automates budget checks. Improves Financial Control: Enhances budget management. Reduces Errors: Minimizes manual errors. Configuration: Set Ilin Budget Accounts: Define budget structures. Configure Chart of	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
211	The system must have the ability to adjust posted transactions in the system, so that the transaction is affected in both AP and GL.	M	Access Psychic purification of agreement to adjust period transactions. Adjustment features. Transaction Reversal Reversal Reversal Reversal Reversal Reversal Connections. Transaction Reversal	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

222	The system must have the ability to warn possible duplicate vendor entries even if entry is not an exact match (e.g. Lilongwe Metal Works vs. Lilongwe Metal Works Limited).	M	Ducio Accounts Psyable features a diplicate vendor detection mechanism. Duplicate Vendor Detection Features Fazzy Matching Algorithm; Identifies similar vendor names. Name Variations (e.g., abbreviations, postuation). Sunder Analysis. Mascher phosphally initial names. Vendor Public Companies. Company vendor information. Washing Mechanisms Real-Time Aliens & arm some during vendor early high-ly benefits chapters and information. Sunder Analysis. Mascher Vendor Detection Deplays potential deplicate searching, and the company of the proposal compliance. Enhances and the little Analysis of the Company o	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
233	The system must be able to identify selected suppliers as "critical" for payment scheduling purposes.	М	Oracle Accounts Payable allows identification of critical suppliers. Critical Supplier Identification Features, Supplier Classification: Designate suppliers as critical. Priority Flag: Assign priority levels (e.g., high, medium, low). Custom Attributes: Add user-defined attributes (e.g., articipie partner). Supplier Segmentations, Group critical suppliers. Payment Mandling, Accommodate unjugate supplier partners, Supplier Segmentations, Group critical suppliers, Payment Mandling, Accommodate unjugate suppliers and the payments. Accelerated Payment Ferns. Office favorable terms. Special Dayment Mandling, Accommodate unjugate suppliers are controlled to the payments. Accelerated Payment Ferns. Office favorable terms. Special Dayment Mandling, Accommodate unjugate with process and the payment of the payment	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

24. The system must have the ability to provide invoice tracking for pending department/agency approvals.	М	Oracle Accounts Payable (AP) provides features for tracking and managing invoices throughout their lifecycle, including tracking pending department or agency approvals. Some key benefits of Oracle APs invoice tracking capabilities include. Real-time visibility. Allows users to track it the stitus of tracking and pending actions. Notifications. South alerts and ostifications to approve and other tracking to the stitus of tracking to the provide tracking to the stitus of tracking to the provide tracking to the stitus of tracking to the provide tracking t	Sec Oracle Account Payable, Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of Technical Proposal.
25. The system should have the ability to run reports on inactive vendors. It should list vendors with no activity for a user specified period of time.	M	used account regardle provides reporting capabilities to identify insertive versions, consists and account of the construction	see Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

4.7				
26.	The system should allow the Accounts Payable module to post to the general ledger in summary the entire accounts payable	M	Tracte Accounts Payable (AP) provides seamless integration with the General Ledger (G.1) module, enabling automatic posting of AP transactions in summary. The AP module can post the following distributions to the General Ledger. Accounts Payable Distribution: Posts the entire MP distribution, including invoice amounts, taxes, and freight. Manual Cheque paintribution: Posts manual cheque payments, including payments amounts and clearing accounts. Cash Disburnments Disburnments by starbitution: Posts cash disburnments to clear and a starbitution of the control of the cont	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data
	distribution, manual cheque distribution, and cash disbursements		information. Repetits of summary posting to General Ledger: Efficient processing: Automates posting, reducing manual errors and increasing productivity. Accurate financial reporting: Engages AP transactions are accurately reflected in the GL. Real-time visibility: Provides un-to-	Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	distribution.		that financial information for better decision-making. Compliance: Supports financial reporting requirements and regulatory compliance. Oracle AP posting options to General Ledger: Automatic Posting Posts AP transactions in a real-time or by the manager forms in a summary, posting Posts and States of Compliance or Complian	Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal
			Posting frequency (e.g., daily, weekly) Posting accounts (e.g., AP, Cash Clearing) Summary account ranges Common Oracle AP reports for GL Posting verification: AP GL Posting Report (AP GL POSTING RPT) AP Transaction Report (AP TRANSACTIONS RPT) GL Journal Report	or recumeur rroposar.
			GL_JOURNAL_RFT)	
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2.7	The system should allow entering supplier invoices into AP	М	Tracle Accounts Payable (AP) enables online entry of simplier invoices into AP batches with control totaline entrol entrol totaline entrol tot	See Oracle Account Payables Section
			Institute Country Park (AV) earlies unline until or despite interview that A brackers control facilities, Australia Country (Av) and the Country (Av) and th	Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

28. The system should allow new vendor set up during involce posting.	M	having A years of grains are related to go were given to design private programs and the second programs of the se	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
29. The system should automatically generate unique AP batch numbers.	M	Media Accounts Psychic (A) automatically generates using Suits numbers for Accounts Psychic transactions, sensing efficient and organized processing. Reselved is Automatic Batch Numbers Generation: Improved Officiency Eliminates manual batch numbers against the Automatic Batch Numbers (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) automatic Batch Numbers (A) and the Account Psychia (A) and the Account Psyc	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

30.	The system should allow correction to the distribution of an invoice without re-entering the invoice prior to general ledger distribution.	M	hearly Accounts Byashle indeed provides the functionality to correct or modify the distribution of an invoice without requiring re-entry of the entire tensive. This feature is essential for efficient and accounts accounting practices. Key Benefits in Oracle Accounts Payable Invoice Track (Control of the Control of the C	
31.	The system should support multiple payment types (for example wire transfer, etc.)	М	inject. Accounts Psychic leaderd supports achiliply payment til type, Evolving Brachility in in managing various payment in the Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998). The Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998) is a possible of the Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998). The Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998) is a possible of the Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998). The Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998) is a possible of the Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998). The Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998) is a possible of the Psychical Dear New York (Coll Psychical Section 1998). The Psychical Section 1998 is a possible of the Psychical Section 1998 in the Psychical Section 1998 is a possible of the Psychical Section 1998 in the Psychical Section 1998 is a possible of the Psychical Section 1998 in the Psychical Section 1999 in the Psychiatry 1999 in the Psychiatry 1999 in the Psych	See Oracle Account Payables Section A of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

32	The system should allow selecting invoices for payment by due date range, payment date, AP batch numbers, etc.	M	Note that is a street of the control	See Oracle Account Payables Section 3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
333	The system should provide user-defined aging categories.	M	tagic Acquest Paylor allowares in define come aging cityages, a while it allowed experies and an active experies. The state of the stat	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 off Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

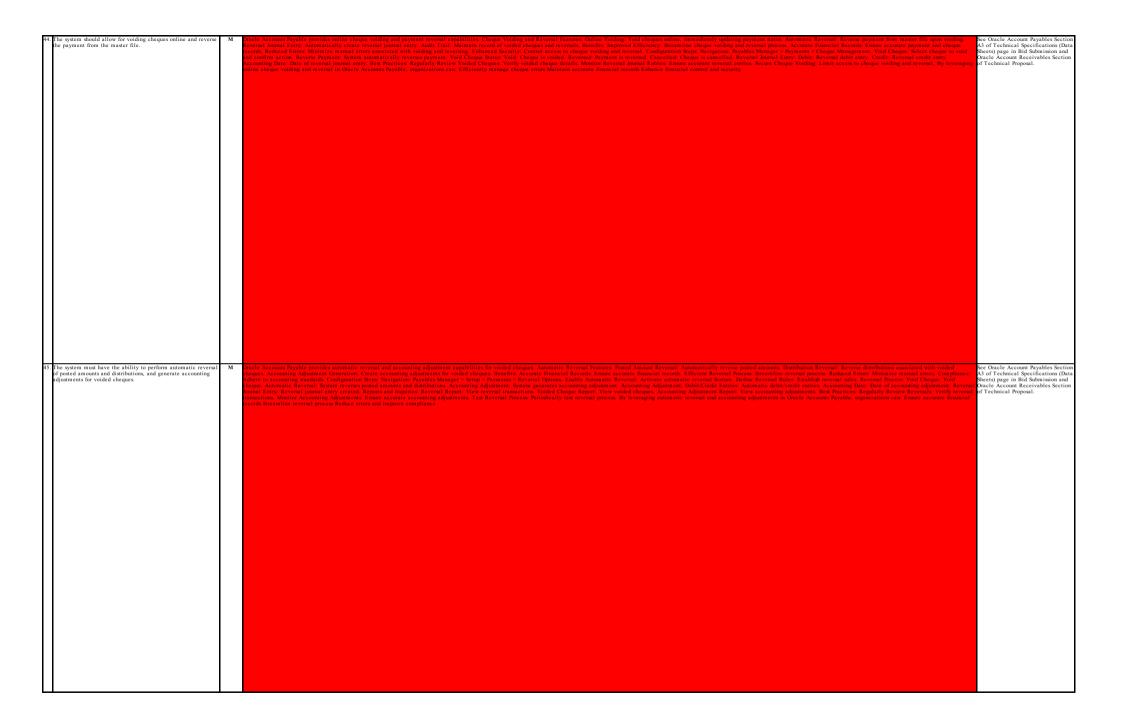
34. The system should age payable invoices based on the invoice date.	0.50 Days Invoices 61-90 days past due. Over 90 Days Invoices exceeding 90 days past due. Aging Report Examplex Aging Report: Displays invoices by aging category. Render Aging Report: Shows vendor-wise aging information. Payables. Aging Analysis: Analyses payables dats sheets) parties a categories. Benefits Accurate Visibility. Obtain timely insights into outstanding payables. Prioritized Payments: Focus on overdue invoices. Cash Management: Optimize cash flow by addressing aged diversioner. Subditives of the payables. Prioritized Payments. Focus on overdue invoices. Cash Management: Optimize cash flow by addressing aged diversion. Payables Manager > Sturp > Oncale Accordance of the payables. Prioritized Payments Focus on overdue invoices. Cash Management: Optimize cash flow by addressing aged diversions. Payables admissed to the payments of the payments. Focus of the payments of t	le Account Payables Section chnical Specifications (Data age in Bid Submission and account Receivables Section iteal Proposal.
35. The system should provide on-line warning if total payment amounts exceed invoice amount.	Prevents Overpayment: Requires user confirmation or correction. Benefits: Prevents Financial Loss: Avoids overpayments to vendors. Reduces Errors: Minimizes manual errors in payment processing. Ensures Accuracy: Ensures payment amount invoice amounts. Configuration: As of Tecl Savigation: Payables Manager > Setup > Payment > Payment	le Account Payables Section chnical Specifications (Data age in Bid Submission and account Receivables Section icial Proposal.

366	The system should apply prepayments to specific invoice line items with balance reflecting the total net amounts to be paid.	M	Line then Application, Apply performed proceeds involved the theory of the Application of	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data heets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
377	The system should allow Scheduling of payments and printing cheques.	M	Payment Selection: System selects invoices for payment based on due date, payment terms, or other criteria. Payment Confirmation: Confirm payment details before processing. Check Printing Features: Check Format Configuration: Define check somatis, including layout, logo, and against received. Benefits: Efficient Payment Processing: Automate payment scheduling and check forming. Improved Cash Management: Optimize cash flow with scheduled payments. Reduced Errors: Minimize manual errors in payment processing. Compliance: Ensure adherence to payment regulations and policies. Configuration Steps: Navigation: Payables Managers > Setup > Payment	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Dracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

38.	The system must Flag duplicate vendor invoices to preclude generating a cheque or effecting payments.	M	Oracle Accounts Psyable includes a duplicate invoice detection feature to prevent duplicate payments. Duplicate Invoices Detection Features: Automatic Checking: System checks for duplicate invoices upon entry, Invoice Matching: Compares invoice numbers, dates, and amounts. Naming Minsage: Displays warning if duplicate invoice detected. Psyment Bedinger Pseudos physical processing for duplicate invoice and pseudostate invoices. Repetitive Pseudostate Symptoms (Pseudostate Pseudostate Pseudostate). Pseudostate Pseudostate Invoice Ostate Pseudostate Invoice Ostate Pseudostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Accounts Pseudostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Invoice Ostate Invoice Invoice Invoice Invoice Ostate Invoice Invoice Invoice Ostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Invoice Ostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Ostate Invoice Invo	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
39.	The system should allow for Automatic calculation of an estimated payment date or estimated receipt date as part of the AP process.	M	Ducks Accounts Psyable provides automatic calculation of estimated payment dates and receipt dates. Estimated Date Calculates: Psyment Termic Define payment terms (e.g., Net 30, Net 60). Due Date Calculate date dutes based on payment terms. Estimated Psyment Date: Calculate estimated payment date considering payment terms, holdays, and weeknob, Estimated Receipt Date: Calculate estimated payment date considering payment terms, holdays, and weeknob, Estimated Receipt Date: Calculate estimated Psyment Date: Calculate calculations, reducing manual errors. Configuration September New Manager's Setup - Payment Terms. Define Bayment Terms to Receive Late Feet Ministry Estyphens Manager's Setup - Payment Terms. Define Bayment Terms to Receive Late Feet Ministry (e.g., Payment Setup) - Payment Terms. Define Bayment Terms to Receive Late Feet Ministry (e.g., Payment Setup) - Payment Terms. Define Bayment Terms to Payment Setup - Payment Terms (e.g., Net 30), Payment Setup) - Payment Terms. Define Bayment Terms to Payment Setup - Payment Terms (e.g., Net 30), Payment Setup) - Payment Terms (e.g., Net 30), Payment Term	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

40.	. The system should allow cheques drawn on multiple bank	M	risels Accounts Praidle supports multiple bank accounts for check printing and payment processing. Multiple Bank Account Services, and Account Services, a	r See Oracle Account Payables Section h A3 of Technical Specifications (Data
	accounts or on a single bank account.		payment batches. Check Printing: Print checks from designated bank accounts. Payment Processing: Process payments from multiple bank accounts. Benefits: Flexible Payment Management: Manage payments from multiple bank accounts. Improved Cash Management: Optimize cas flow by allocating payments to specific accounts. Enhanced Security: Control access to bank accounts and payment processing. Streamlined Reconcilitation: Reconcile bank statements for each account. Configuration Steps: Navigation: Payables Manager > Setup > Bank Accounts: Errate Bank Account: Define accounts: Charles Accounts: Management batches. Bank Accounts (Types: Operating Accounts: Payment batches. Bank Accounts (Types: Operating Accounts: Payment batches). Errate Bank Accounts: Printing Accounts: Payment Management (Payer) (P	Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section
			rest Bank Account Define bank account details e.g., account number, bank name). Assign Bank Account: Associate bank accounts with vendors, invoices, or payment batches. Bank Account Types Operating Account: Primary account for delity operations. Clearing Account: Account for clearing checks and payments. Savings Account: Account for storing oxcess funds. Check Printing Options: Local Printer: Print checks on a remote printer or at a service burson. Best Practices. Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account information. Secure Bank Account Access: Limit access to bank account handler symmetries. Account service burson in the payment activity for each bank account information. Secure Bank Account Supplies or organizations can:	of Technical Proposal.
			Manage complex payment structures Improve cash management and forecasting Enhance financial security and control	
41.			tools Account Payable requires a quantity agreet entire for change entires a configuration in the symmetry agreet states. For Parating System detects are design change entire (a.g. exister in connectivity in a	
1	The system should allow for restarting of the cheque printing	M	Potent: Automatically restarts chouse printing from the point of intermetion. No Manual Intervention: Mininizes manual intervention reducing errors and exvine time. Repetitive Intervention and the point of intermetion. No Manual Intervention: Mininizes manual intervention reducing errors and exvine time. Repetitive Intervention and Pfficiency. Treamlines cheape printing process. Reduced Ferrors: Mininizes manual intervention reducing errors and exvine time. Repetitive Intervention of Pfficiency. Treamlines cheape printing process. Reduced Ferrors: Mininizes manual intervention reducing errors and exvine time.	See Oracle Account Payables Section
	The system should allow for restarting of the cheque printing process with automatic restart option.	М	reacle. Accounts Payable provides an automatic restart option for cheque printing, ensuring minimal distinction in the payment process. Automatic Restart Actions: Error Detection: System detects errors during cheque printing from the point of interruption. No Manual Internation Minimizes manual intervention, reducing currors and swing time. Benefits: Increased Efficiency, Streaminger, process. Endurage process. Endurage corner caused by namual restart. Improved Productivity: Saves time and resources. Enhanced Reliability: Ensures consistent cheque printing. Configuration Steps. Navigation: Payables Manager? Setup? Paymen! > Cheque Printing internations: Greater Steps. Activate automatic restart. Endurage Configuration Steps. Savigation: Payables Manager? Setup? Paymen! > Cheque Printing internations: Greater Steps. Restart Steps. Restart: Automatically restarts scheque printing immediately. Setarts Chequel Steps and Endurage Configuration Steps. Restart: Automatically restarts scheque printing immediately. Scheduled Restart: Restart Steps.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Soracle Account Receivables Section
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42.				
	The system must provide on-line AP data entry validation as well error correction and re-entry of information.	Data data valid	acie Accounts Payable provides real-time data entry validation, ermo correction, and re-entry capabilities. Online Validation Features: Field-Level Validation: Validatios data entry for each field (e.g., date, amount). Format feed atta conforms to predefined formats ge, invoice animaber). Range Checking: Verifies data falls within specified ranges (e.g., payament amount). Cross-Field Validation: Check relationships between fields (e.g., invoice addes to say payered tales). But of Correction and Recentry: Error Messaging: Duplays clear entry resignes for invalid data. Data Corrections, Blook users to correct errors in real-time. Re-entry: Enables users to re-enter data if necessary, Audit Trail: Maintains record of changes and corrections. Benefits: Improved Data Accountsy; Reduces errors and ensures data integrates. Setup—5 to Entry Setup—5 to	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
		01		
43.	The system should allow creation of fixed or variable recurring payments with option of end date and separate payment cycle.	M Orac	acle Accounts Payable supports the creation of fixed and variable recurring payments with customizable options. Recurring Payment Features: Fixed Recurring Payments: Schedule identical payments at regular intervals. Variable Recurring Payments: Schedule payments with trying amounts or frequencies. End Date Specification: Define a specific end date for recurring payments. Separate Payment Cycle: Create distinct payment eyeles for recurring payments. Benefits: Streamlined Payment Processing: Automate recurring payments in the payment is unagement. Accurately plan and manage recurring payments. Configuration Steps. Navigation: Payables Manager's Solup > Payment is curring Payment. Schedule payments with a payment is curring Payment floring. Schedule payments with a payment is curring Payment floring. Schedule payments with a payment is curring Payment floring. Schedule payments with a payment schedule payment is curring Payment floring. Schedule payments with a payment is curring Payment floring. Schedule payments with a payment is curring Payment floring.	See Oracle Account Payables Section
		vary Man Reci	nagement. Accurately plan and manage cash flow. Reduced Manual Errors. Minimize errors associated with namual payment entry. Enhanced Financial Control: Easily track and manage recurring payments. Configuration Step: Navigation. Psyables Manager > Setup > Payment : curring Payment. Felicing Payment Option. Weekly, Sechedial payment seeming Payment Option. Weekly, Sechedial payment seeming Payment options. Weekly Sechedial payment seeming Payment Options. Weekly, Sechedial payment seeming Payment Sechedial Payment Seched	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section
			inagement. Accurately plan and manage cosh flow. Reduced Manual Errors. Minimize errors associated with annual payment entry. Enhanced Financial Control. Easily track and manage recurring payments. Configurations Rept. Revigations. Payables Manager > Setup > Payment curring Payment. Delicing payment for Elempayment details (amount, frequency, end delic). Assign Payment (Cycle: Associate recurring payment) errors payment programs and programs are payment as active. Recurring payment for the payment support of the payment support of the payment approach and payment and payment as active. Recurring payment is active. Recurring payment is inactive. Completed: Recurring payment (Sature Active: Recurring payment) is active. Recurring payment is inactive. Completed Recurring payment (Sature Active: Recurring payment) and the payment of the payment of the payment of the payment of the payment and the payment of the	Sheets) page in Bid Submission and
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46.	The system should allow tracking of all changes to invoice adjustments/cancellations.	М	Discle Accounts Payable provides a comprehensive audit trail for tracking charges to invoice adjustments and cancellations. Audit Trail Features, leavaice Adjustment lilitory. Track all charges to invoice adjustments. Cancellation History. Record all cancellations. Date and Time Samp. Capture date and time of charges. User IDs. Record wer making charges. Benefits. Improved Transparency. Provide clear visibility into charges. Brahameed Accountability. Bold users accountable for charges. Compliance. Meet regulatory requirements. Accuracy. Ensure succurate financial records. Configuration Steps. Navigation. Psychologistal Trail Reports. Setup A hadd it Trail Reports are addit trail and it trail Activate a trail parameters. Addit Trail Reports review and it Trail Reports. View cancellations. Addit Trail Reports. View all charges. Audit Trail Reports. View all charges. Audit Trail Reports. View and trail records and trail addit trail and trail addit trail. View invoice adjustment history. Cancellation Inquiry. View cancellation bistory. Best Practices Regulatly Review Audit Trail. View invoice adjustment history. Cancellation Inquiry. View cancellation bistory. Best Practices Regulatly Review Audit Trail. View invoice adjustment history. Cancellation Inquiry. View cancellation in Inquiry. View cancellation Report. View and trail implications. Test Audit Trail. Periodically test audit trail. By leveraging audit trail capabilities in Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Ensure accurate financial records Meet regulatory requirements in prove transparency and accounts Payable, organizations can: Ensure accurate financial records Meet regulatory requirements in prove transparency.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
47.	The system should allow A/P users to select invoices for payment based on invoice due date within specified date range.	М	nacte Accounts Payable provides features for relecting invoices for payment based on invoice due date within a specified date range. Invoice Selection: Select specific vendors for payment, Invoice Status: Filter by invoice status (e.g., approved, sanding). Vendors Selection: Select specific vendors for payment. Invoice Status: Filter by invoice number range. Benefits: Efficient Payment Processing: Streamline payment selection. Improved Cash Management: Optimize cash flow. Reduced Late Fees Minimize late (e.g., Enhanced Vendor Relationships: Improve communication. Configuration Report Navigation Payables Managery Payments' Selection Report. Selection Reports: Invoices Dear Report. View invoices the Report. View invoices due within specified range. Psyment Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices: Regularly Review Payment Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices: Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices: Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices: Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices: Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report. View endorspecific payment information. Best Practices Regularly Review Payment Selection. Verify Selection Report.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
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invoice up to the total currency value of the invoice.	March Account Syrable support multiple partial payments against an insuice. Multiple Partial Payment English Record multiple partial payments. House Ratines Cyclics: Announteestly update invested balance. Payment Applications: Apply payments and the payments are also as a communication. Configuration Story November 2018 Payments. Payment Record payments are a communication. Configuration Story Navigation Payments (Part Very patrial Payments). Partial Payments Payments (Part Very patrial Payments). Partial Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments Payments. Payments Paymen	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheetis) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
49. The system should prevent payment to vendors with debit balances.	No. 2012. Account Psychia provides a central feature to prevent psymenty to vendor with 6th believes. Debt fillulates Control Feature Automatic Debt Balance, Control Feature Debt Balance, Control Feature Automatic Debt Balance,	Sec Oracle Account Payables Section As of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

50. [The system must have the ability to receive an electronic data on cleared cheques from the bank to perform bank reconciliation.	Electronically, Reconcilitation Matching: Automatically match cleared cheques with Oracle records. Reconcilitation Reporting: Generate reconcilitation reports. Benefits: Efficient Reconcilitation: Stramline bank reconcilitation process. Improved Accuracy: Reduce manual errors. A3 of Sheets automated file import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling Process. Proceedings of the Command of the Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank process. Improved Accuracy: Reduce manual errors. A3 of Sheets Oracle Sheets Oracle The Control of the Command of the Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling File Import: Set up Sheets Sheets Oracle The Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling File Import: Set up Sheets Oracle The Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Configure Hilling File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Comma Separated Values. XML: Establish bank account information. Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Command File Import: Set up Sheets Oracle The Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Command File Import: Set up Sheets Oracle The Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Command File Import: Set up Sheets Oracle The Command File Import from bank. Supported File Formats: CSV: Command File Import from Bank Accounts File Import from Bank Accounts File Import from Bank	Pracle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data s) page in Bid Submission and e Account Receivables Section chnical Proposal.
51. The system should allow users to override the invoice amount in the case of discrepancies, and identify the invoice as paid in full.	rales. Discrepancy Resolution: Resolve discrepancies between invoice and payment amounts. Paid in Pull Features: Mark as Paid in Full: Identify invoice as paid in full. Payment Confirmation: Confirm payment processing. Invoice Closure: Automatically close invoice upon payment. Benefits: Flexible Payment Processing: Handle payment discrepancies efficiently. Accurate Financial Records: Ensure accurate financial records. Improved Cash Flow: Optimize cash flow management. Enhanced Vendor Relationships: Improve communications. Sheets Configuration Steps Navigation: Payment Processing: Payment Processing: Automatical Payment discrepancies efficiently. Accurate Financial Records: Ensure accurate financial records: Improved Cash Flow: Optimize cash flow management. Enhanced Vendor Relationships: Improve communications. Sheets Configuration Steps Navigation: Payment processing. Invoice as Survey. In Payment payment processing. Invoice Closure: Automatically close invoice upon and accurate financial records. Improved Cash Flow: Optimize cash flow management. Enhanced Vendor Relationships: Improve communications. Sheets Configuration Steps Navigation: Payment processing. Invoice Status, Configuration Steps Navigation Payment payment processing. Invoice Payment processing. Invoi	Pracle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data s) page in Bid Submission and e Account Receivables Section chnical Proposal.

52.	The system should allow only authorized users to accept invoice prices that differ from vendor contract price.	M C	Dracle Accounts Payable provides features to control and manage price variances between invoice and contract prices. Price Variance Control Features: Automated Price Verification: Compare invoice prices to contract prices. Price Variance Thresholds: Establish tolerance limits for size variances. Authorization Workflow: Require approval for price variances exceeding thresholds. Audit Trail: Maintain record of price variance approvals. Benefits: Ensured Contract Compliance: Enforce contract pricing. Reduced Price Disrepancies Minimize manual errors. Improved Financial Control: Enforce Price Variance Introduced Establish tolerance limits. Configure Authorization Workflow: Set up approval process. Price Variance Status: Within Tolerance: Price variance within acceptable limits. Exceeds Tolerance: Price variance in approval. Approved Britance approvals. Invoice Pricing Inquiry: View invoice pricing details. Best Practices: Regularly Review Price Variances Verify and address discrepancies. Monitor Approval Workflow: Ensure timely approvals. Maintain Accurate Contract Prices as needed. By Investigating price variance control in Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Enforce contract pricing compliance Reduce price discrepancies Improve Empire Variance and Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Enforce contract pricing compliance Reduce price discrepancies Improve Empire and organizations can are proved to the pricing compliance Reduce price discrepancies Improve Empire and Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Enforce contract pricing compliance Reduce price discrepancies Improve fundamental control and governance.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
53.	The system should allow A/P users to select bank accounts for disbursements, including reviewing multiple bank accounts to determine the proper account from which to issue cheques.	M	basele Accounts Dayable provides features for selecting bank accounts for dishumements. Bank Accounts Checkeron Features. Multiple Bank Accounts Management Managemultiple bank accounts Bank Account Scheduler State St	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data
		S	Status: Active: Bank account available for disbursements. Inactive: Bank account unavailable for disbursements. Default: Primary bank account for disbursements. Reports and Inquiriers Bank Account Report: View bank account details. Disbursement Default: Primary bank account details. Disbursement Activity: Ensur accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account and account details. Bonk account details. Disbursement Activity: Ensur accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account account account account account selection improve cash management. Information as needed. By leveraging bank account selection in Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Streamline disbursement processing Ensure accurate bank account selection Improve cash management.	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
		S d i:	details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	Sacets) page in 1st summission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
		5 S d ii	details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	sneets) page in 1916 Sumission and Omate Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
		5 S d 17	details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	sneets) page in Bid Submission and Omarle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
		S. S. Tarak	details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	sneets) page in Bid Submission and Omarle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
			details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	sneets) page in Bid Submission and Omacle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
			details. Bank Account Balance Inquiry: View bank account balances. Best Practices: Regularly Review Bank Accounts: Verify bank account details. Monitor Disbursement Activity: Ensure accurate cheque issuance. Maintain Accurate Bank Information: Update bank account	sneets) page in Bid Summission and Donale Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

on user-	to generate a report of open and closed vouchers based criteria, such as daily or weekly time period, fund or project code.	М	Pracle Accounts Payable provides flexible reporting capabilities for open and closed vouchers. Voucher Reporting Features: Customizable Report Criteria: Filter by date range, fund number, project code, and more. Report Parameters: Specify report parameters (e.g., daily, weekly, monthly). Voucher Status: Report on open, closed, or all vouchers. Drill-Down Capability: View detailed voucher information. Report Types: Open Voucher Report: View open vouchers. Closed Voucher Report: View closed vouchers. Voucher Activity Report: Tack voucher activity. Voucher Summary. Report: View voucher summary. Report Filters: Date Range: Filter by specific date range. Filter by mind number. Project Code: Filter by project code. Vendor: Filter by univer activity. Voucher activity. Project report in vivole caushers. Project Code: Filter by project code. Vendor: Filter by univer activity. Project report in vivole caushers. Configuration Steps. Navigation Payables Manage.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section
			Visibility: Enhance visibility into voucher activity. Efficient Reporting: Streamline reporting processes. Informed Decision-Making: Make informed decisions with accurate data. Compliance: Meet regulatory reporting requirements. Configuration Steps: Navigation: Payables Manage > Reports > Voucher Reports. Select Report Type: Choose report type. Define Report Parameters: Specify report parameters. Run Report: Generate report. Best Practices: Regularly Review Voucher Reports. Monitor voucher activity. Verify Report Accuracy: Ensure report data accuracy. Customize Reports: Tailor reports to meet specific needs. By leveraging voucher reporting in Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Enhance visibility into voucher activity. Streamline reporting processes Improve informed decision-making	Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
55 The sys	dem must maintain supplier payment records on-line for	М	Track Accounts Parable provides long-term storage and gase access to simplice payment records. Simplier payment Percord Features Online Storage: Electronically stars payment records. Current Year-lon-Date, and Prior Year Records. Maintain comparchersive payment history.	See Oracle Account Payables Section
current	tem must maintain supplier payment records on-line for year-to-date and prior years.		tracle Accounts Payable provides long-term storage and casy access to supplier payment records. Supplier Payment Record Supplier Specie like Records. When the Payment Detail. Access destated payment information. Benefits improved Supplier Management: Entition Records Payment Mistory. Four accounts payment payment payment payment payment payment payment payment. Record Section Records when the Payment Detail. Access destated payment information. Benefits improved Supplier Management: Fatilities reliable that the Payment Detail States are supplied. Access destated payment payme	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
			Pequirements: Meet record-keeping regulations. Oracle Accounts Payable Integration: General Ledger: Automate journal entries. Procurement: Integrate with purchasing processes. Cash Management: Optimize each flow.	,,,,,
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56. The system must have the ability to generate Cheque Reconciliation Report. This report is printed upon demand in theque number sequence, showing detail on all outstanding theques.	between issued and cleared cheques. Enhanced Financial Control: Ensure accurate financial reporting. Compliance: Meet regulatory requirements. Report Filtering Ontions, Date Range: Filter by specific date range. Cheque Status: Filter by outstanding or cleared cheques. Payee:	ee Oracle Account Payables Section 3 of Technical Specifications (Data theets) page in Bid Submission and bracle Account Receivables Section (Technical Proposal.
57. The system should allow generating Cash Disbursements Journal, shich lists each payment made and the general ledger accounts affected.	Entries: Automatically generates journal entries. Report Contents: Payment Date Payment Amount Payce General Ledger Account Numbers Debit/Credit Amounts Benefits. Accurate Financial Reporting: Ensures accurate financial Tenapatency. Provides clear payment without Report Filtering Options: Date Range: Filter by specific date range. Payment Method: Filter by payment method (e.g., cheque, EFT). Payce: Filter by specific saves. Report format Options: PDF: Portable Document Format. Excel: Microsoft Excel. CSV: Comma Separated Values. Best Practices: Regularly Review Cash Disbursements Journal: Verify accuracy. Recondite Journal Entries: Ensure accuracy General Ledger posting. Monitor	ce Oracle Account Payables Section 3. of Technical Specifications (Data thects) page in Bid Sabmission and Pracle Account Receivables Section f Technical Proposal.

See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
Uracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
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60.	The system must have the ability to run a supplier payment history report.	М	bracte Accounts Payable provides a Supplier Payment Bistory, Report to track and analyze supplier payments. Report Features. Supplier-Specific Payments. Here payments and to a supplier. Payment Dates. Track, payment dates. Payment Amounts Analyze supplier payments methods. Report Benefits. Improved Supplier Managements. Enhance supplier relationships. Accurate Payment History: Ensure accurate payment records. Compliance: Meet regulatory requirements. Financial Analysis. Analyze payment trends. Report Contents. Supplier Name Payment Dates. Payment Amount Report Format Options. Pay Portable Document Format. Excel: Ulterosoft Excel. CSV: Comma Separated Values. Running the Report. Savigation: Payables Manager > Reports. Supplier Payment History. Select Parameters (c.g., supplier, date range). Run Report. Generat report. Best Practices. Regularly Review. Payment History. Select. Parameters (c.g., supplier, date range). Run Report. Generat report. Best Practices. Regularly Review. Payment History. Select. Payment History. Select. Parameters (c.g., supplier, date range). Run Report. Generat report. Best Practices. Regularly Review. Payment History. Select. Payment History. Select. Parameters. Choose report parameters (c.g., supplier, date range). Run Report. Generat report. Best Practices. Regularly Review. Payment History. Select. Parameters. Choose report parameters (c.g., supplier, date range). Run Report. Generat report. Best Practices. Regularly Review. Payment History. Select. Parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report. Best Payment Branch. Select. Payment History. Select. Payment History. Select. Parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report parameters. Choose report. Best Payment Pa	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
61.	The system must have the ability to enquire on status of	М	Oracle Accounts Payable provides a Payment Status Inquiry feature to track and verify payment status. Payment Status Inquiry Features: Real-time Status: View current payment status. Payment Details: Access payment information (e.g., date, amount, method), Invoice Information:	See Oracle Account Payables Section
			All many stated in the desired from the Continue Desired Number Continue Co	
	payment.		Dracle Accounts Payable provides a Payment Status Inquiry feature to track and verify payment status. Payment Status Inquiry Features Real-time Status View current payment status. Payment Details: Access payment information (e.g., date, amount, method). Invoice Information: View associated invoice details. Inquiry Options: Payment Number Invoice Number Supplier Name Payment Batts Manage Payment Status Categories: Pending: Payment processing initiated. Processed: Payment processing rentitated Processed: Payment processed successfully. Voided: Payment Inquires Payment Inquires Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers Industry. Better Suppliers Industry. Better Suppliers Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers Better Suppliers Better Suppliers Better Suppliers Better Suppliers Better Suppliers. Better Suppliers Bette	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	payment.		wished by ment processing error. Benefits Improved Bayanet Visibility, Enhance Support Archive Processing Proc	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	payment.		new Security of the Control of the C	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	payment.		wiled. Powers present ever the fifty is prived by men Verbility. Enhance population with the prived by the prived	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	payment.		in the Ayment processing own. Boards Exposed Worldly: Ethicse payment tracking, Bodoced beyones Low. Ministry payment discrepancies. Increased Efficiency, Securities payment in approach Exposed Worldly: Ethicse payment tracking, Bodoced beyones Low. Ministry payment discrepancies. Boards and payment in the Spylier Relationships in the Spyliers and Spylier	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	payment.		Angele Manger Suprem processes and Device Suprem Processes Supre	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.

62	The system must have the ability to schedule invoices for payment based on supplier terms, future dated invoices, etc.	M Dracle Accounts Psyable provides an automated invoice wheduling feature to streamline payment processing. Invoice Scheduling Features. Supplier Terms: Scheduling System-generated payment schedules. Manual Scheduling: User-defined payment shedules. Black missing for the scheduling Schedule multiple invoices simultaneously, Benefits Improved Cash Management: Optimize each flow. Reduced Late Psyaments. Minimize late payment fless. Increased Efficiency: Streamline payment processing. Better Supplier Relationships. Improve communication. Sheets payment scheduling Schedule multiple invoices simultaneously, Benefits Improved Cash Management: Optimize each flow. Reduced Late Psyaments. Entered Efficiency: Streamline payment processing. Better Supplier Relationships. Improve communication. Sheets payments that the payment schedules are been scheduling in the scheduling of the scheduling schedule multiple invoices with supplier relationships. Improve Cash Management: Contact Models of the scheduling of the scheduling of the scheduling of the scheduling scheduling in Oracle Accounts Psyable, organizations can: Improve cash management Reduce late payments Increase efficiency. Technology of the scheduling in Oracle Accounts Psyable, organizations can: Improve cash management Reduce late payments Increase efficiency. Technology of the scheduling in Oracle Accounts Psyable, organizations can: Improve cash management Reduce late payments Increase efficiency. The scheduling in Oracle Accounts Psyable, organizations can: Improve cash management Reduce late payments Increase efficiency. The scheduling in Oracle Accounts Psyable, organizations can: Improve cash management Reduce late payment scheduling Schedules Management Reduce Increase and Increase of Scheduling Schedules Management Reduce Increase and Increa	nele Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data page in Bid Shohniston and Account Receivables Section Inical Proposal.
633	The system must have the ability to accommodate "one-time" vendors and identify them as such.	Accurate reporting on one-time vendor activity. Setup and Configuration: Vendor Classification: Define one-time vendor category. Vendor Attributes, Assign relevant attributes (e.g., name, address). Payment Terms: Establish nayment terms. Navigation: Payables Manager > Vendors Sheets) re	ncle Account Payables Section fechnical Specifications (Data page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section mical Proposal.

	M Datele Accounts Bayable provides comprehensive reporting capabilities to support informed decision-making. Comprehensive AP Report Features. Vendor Details. Lists vendors, addresses, and contact information. Incline Information: Inclined Report: Information: Inclined Report: Invoice-level details. Payment History, Displays payment dates, amounts, and methods. Outstanding Balances. Also, some control and payment and paym	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data
	Payment Report: Payment transaction history. Account Balance Report: Current account balances. Benefits: Improved Visibility: Comprehensive view of AP activity. Informed Decisions-Making: Data-driven decisions. Efficient Auditing: Simplified audit processes. Compliance: Meets	Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section of Technical Proposal.
	Modules: General Ledger, Integrates with GL accounts. Cash Management: Reflects cash balances. Procurement: Integrates with purchasing processes. By leveraging comprehensive AP reporting in Oracle Accounts Payable, organizations can: Gain improved visibility Make informed decisions Streamline audit processes.	or recuirear rroposar.
65. The system must have the ability to generate a Supplier	M Dracle Accounts Payable provides a Supplier Analysis report to support informed decision-making and supplier management. Supplier Analysis Report Features: Supplier Breakdowns: Activity by supplier (quantity, product line, type). Current Period Analysis: Current period activity.	See Oracle Account Payables Section A3 of Technical Specifications (Data
Analysis report. This report is printed upon request and should show various breakdowns of activity by supplier (quantity, product line, type) for the current period and year-to-date, and	Supplier Name Date Range Product Line Transaction Type **Location" Report Format Ontions: PDF: Portable Document Format, Excel. CSV: Comma Separated Values, Navigation: Payables Manager > Reports > Supplier Applysis Select Report Parameters Run.	A3 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page in Bid Submission and Oracle Account Receivables Section
provide a comparison to the previous year's figures.	Report Benefits: Informed Decision-Making: Data-driven decisions. Supplier Performance Evaluation: Asses supplier performance. Cost Analysis: Analyze spending patterns. Compliance: Meets regulatory reporting requirements. Best Practices: Regularly Review Supplier Analysis (Performance on the Confedence of Compliance) and Performance on the Confedence of Compliance of Compliance on the Confedence of Compliance of Complian	of Technical Proposal.

66. The system must have the ability to print the list of suppliers upon request based on user specified format such as supplier ID number, alphabetical, or year-ode to proclaim amount (currency or quantity) sequenced by produce line.	Active/Inactive) Location Vendor Type Navigation: Payables Manager > Reports > Supplier List Select Report Parameters Run Report Benefits: Flexible Reporting: Meet specific reporting needs. Supplier Management: Easily manage supplier information. Data Analysis: Analyze Oracle	racle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data) page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section hnical Proposal.
67. The system must have the ability to generate Purchase Analysis report. This report is generated by supplier (Names or ID numbers) showing budgeted items, quantities and amount purchased, actual items, budget-to-actual purchasing variances, dates purchased, delivery performance, comparisons to prior periods years.	Items, quantities, and amounts. Variance Analysis: Identify budget-to-actual purchasing variances. Purchase History: View dates purchased and delivery performance. Prior Period Year Comparison: Compare current purchasing activity. Report Contents: Supplier Name/ID Budgeted A3 of Tuess Quantities, Purchased Amount Purchased Autual Items Budget-to-Actual Variance Purchase Dates Delivery Performance Prior Period/Year Comparison Report Filtering Options: Supplier Name/ID Date Range Budget Period Report Date Range Budget Period Report Services (Services). Supplier Name/ID Budget-to-Actual Variance Purchase Dates Delivery Performance Purchase Analysis Select Report Parameters Run Report Benefits: Informed Decision-Making: Data-driven decisions. Supplier Performance Evaluation: Onale	racle Account Payables Section Technical Specifications (Data) page in Bid Submission and Account Receivables Section hnical Proposal.

2.3.1.8 Stores/Inventory Management						
No. Requirement Description Priority Detailed Response Cross Reference in Brochure/Document						
No. Requirement Description	Priority		Cross Reference in Brochure/Document			
The Inventory management sub-module must be integrated with the procurement, general ledger to enable straight-through processing of some transactions.	М	Dracle Inventory by default integrates with Procurement and General Ledger since they are part of the same Oracle E-Business Suite, automating transactions like purchasing, receiving, and issuing materials. Key processes include item creation, inventory setup, receiving, inspection, stocking, shipping, and cycle counting, with real-time General Ledger updates for precise financial tracking.	See Oracle Inventory Management, Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Purchasing Section C, Al and E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Management, Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.			
2. What is the process of Inventory on how the below process take place in Oracle Inventory including process details for each process: The system should allow users to raise stors requisition which record the following details: □ Imm Content Lem description □ Quantity requested □ Name of requestor □ Date of request □ Department (Summarized answer in just 2 sentences)	M	Tracle Inventory integrates with Procurement and General Ledger, atramilianing transactions from purchasing to issuing materials. Key processes include item setup, inventory organization, receiving, inspection, stocking, shipping, and cycle counting, with automatic financial updates.	See Oracle Inventory Management, Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Purchasing Section C, A1 and E of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Management, Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Purchasing Section of Technical Proposal.			
3. The system should allow users to record details of items when they are received into stores and update stock levels automatically.	М	In Oracle Inventory, the Receiving process enables users to record item details upon arrival, automatically updating stock levels and triggering inspections, stocking, and accounting transactions. The Receiving process involves steps like creating a receipt, impecting items, accepting or rejecting shipments, and updating inventory quantities, with simultaneous General Ledger postings for accurate financial tracking.	Sec Oracle Inventory Management, and Oracle General Ledger Section C, and Al of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Management and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.			
4. The system should have the ability to record and track issued items and update stock levels after issue.	М	bracle Inventory's Issue Material process allows users to record and track item issues, automatically updating stock levels and triggering accounting transactions. The process involved creating an issue transaction, selecting items, specifying quantities, and updating inventory balances, with simultaneous General Ledger updates to reflect reduced asset values.	See Oracle Inventory Management, and Oracle General Ledger Section C, and AI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Management and Oracle General Ledger Section of Technical Proposal.			
5. The system should enable approval of the stores requisition through workflow at different levels.	М	Oracle Inventory's Requisition Approval process automates multi-level approvals through workflow, ensuring controlled and efficient requisition management. The process initiates requisitions, assigns approval routes, notifies approvers, and updates status, triggering subsequent actions upon approval or rejection.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.			

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6.	The system must provide the following inventory valuation methods, at a minimum: 🛘 FIFO 🗍 Average cost 🗀 Actual cost		Dracle Inventory offers three valuation methods: FIFO, Average Cost, and Actual Cost, to calculate inventory value. These methods utilize earliest acquisition costs, weighted averages, or specific transaction costs, ensuring accurate financial reporting and precise inventory tracking.	
	The system must provide an automatic reorder process for all stock items including electronic request and approval.		Dracle Inventory's Automatic Reorder Process uses predefined reorder points, quantities, and lead times to generate electronic requisitions for replenishment. The system then routes these requisitions for approval, enabling seamless procurement and ensuring optimal stock levels.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system must trigger a message when a reorder point for an inventory item is reached. The system must have the ability to determine the Economic Order Quantity (EQQ) for items in stores.		Dracle Inventory's Reorder Point Alert triggers notifications when inventory levels reach predefined thresholds. The system automatically generates alerts, emails, or workflow notifications to procurement or inventory managers, enabling prompt replenishment actions to maintain optimal stock evels.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.
		М	Dracle Inventory calculates Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) using a formula considering factors like annual demand, ordering costs, carrying costs, and lead times. The EOQ calculation optimizes order quantities, minimizing total inventory costs and ensuring cost-effective replenishment, and can be viewed or used to automatically generate requisitions.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system must allow users to define cause of inventory disposal, including: Obsolescence Damage in storeroom Expired Expired	M	Dracle Inventory automatically updates stock levels and balances in real-time when new stock is received through Purchase Orders or Internal	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid
	The systems should have the ability to automatically update stock level and balances upon receipt of new stock. The system should be able to age stock and flag obsolete stock.	M	Oracle Inventory's Stock Aging process categorizes inventory into age ranges based on transaction or receipt dates, identifying slow-moving or non-	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid
12.	the gradest angular to ago stock and mag overfice above.	374	Uracle inventory stock Aging process categorizes inventory into age mages assed on transaction or receipt dates, identifying stow-moving or non-moving items. The system flags obsolete stock, enabling informed decisions on disposal, revaluation, or other actions to optimize inventory management and minimize waste.	See Oracle inventory Managemen Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sneets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.

13. The system should be able to record goods returned to supplier and the reason for returning goods.	M	Oracle Inventory's Return to Supplier process records returned goods, tracking reasons like defects or incorrect items. The system generates a Return Material Authorization, updates inventory, and triggers financial transactions for credit or replacement, ensuring accurate inventory and financial reporting.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.
14. The system should be able to generate an inventory valuation report per store showing the following details: □ Item Code □ Item Name □ Item value		Oracle Inventory's Valuation Report provides store-level details on item code, name, and value. This report enables accurate financial reporting, asset tracking, and informed inventory management decisions through real-time valuation insights.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.
15. The system should generate a report of stock issued per storeroom showing the following details; □ Date of request □ Name of requestor □ Department □ Item code □ Item description □ Quantity □ Value of stock issued		Dracle Inventory's Stock Issue Report provides detailed storeroom-level tracking of stock issuances, including key details such as date, requestor, and ittem information. This report ensures inventory accountability, accurate stock tracking, and informed decision-making through comprehensive audit trails and financial insights.	
16. The system must produce the following reports by user selected criteria: □ Inventory Count report □ Usage report, by department by branch □ Inventory status report	М	Dracle Inventory generates customizable reports based on user-selected criteria, including Inventory Count, Usage by department and branch, Inventory Status reports and many more. These reports provide real-time insights into inventory levels, usage patterns, and status, enabling informed decision-making, optimized inventory management, and improved operational efficiency.	See Oracle Inventory Management Section C of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Inventory Managemen Section of Technical Proposal.

2.3.1.9 Asset Management Module/System						
No. Requirement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document			
The system must allow users to capture details of any type of assets—that is both financial and fixed assets.	М	aracte Assets allows uses to capture and manage details of both financial and fixed assets. The system supports the tracking of various asset (types, including buildings, machinery, equipment, and financial assets such as leaves. Oracle Assets provides functionallities for asset sequences and financial references also give with other Gracle Financials modules, allowing seamless processing of financial transactions related to asset management. This ensures that asset-related financial data is automatically captured and reflected in the general ledger, improving overall financial control and reporting.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.			
 The system should allow both and manual entry creation of in a set into the system. 	f M	Dracle E-Business Suite supports both automated and manual asset creation. In the Oracle Assets modulo, users can manually enter asset details such as asset type, cost, and depreciation rules. This is useful for assets that need to be added individually or require special handling. Additionally, Oracle EBS allows for automated asset creation through integration with other modules like Oracle Payables. For example, when an asset is purchased, the system can automatically create an asset entry based on the invoice, streamlining the asset management process. This flexibility ensures efficient asset tracking regardless of how the asset is acquired.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.			
3. The system must at the minimum be able to capture the following financial assets: Outstanding loans Short-erm investments (for example foreign exchange, money markets, etc.) I Long-term investments (for example securities, derivatives, etc.)	М	anche Aseix, especially when integrated with Oracle Financials, can explure and manage financial asets we such as Outstanding Jours Otacle Aseix can record Joun transactions and track their amortization, prayments, and interest accords over time. It allows you to monitor the financial performance and liability of outstanding jours. Short-term investments, e.g., foreign exchange, money, markety, Oracle Financials integrated with Oracle statistics can expute details of short-term investments, including tracking investments, including tracking investments, including tracking investments, including tracking investments and provide detailed in the performance, valuation, and associated risks. The provided of the performance of th	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.			
The system must allow authorized users to define savestment instruments.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite supports this requirement through Oracle Cash Management modules. Authorized users can define and set up various investment instruments by creating appropriate account structures and categories for different types of investments, such as short-term and long-term instruments. These can include assets like bonds, stocks, or foreign exchange instruments. Additionally, the system's robust role-based access controls ensure that only authorized users can create and modify investment instrument definitions, maintaining security and compliance while allowing flexibility in managing diverse financial assets.	See Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Cash Management Sections Al and AS of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle General Ledger and Oracle Cash Management Sections of Technical Proposal.			
5. The system should enable the registration of fixed assets with the following details. ☐ Asset number	M	Dracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation seconding to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, and compliance with financial regulations.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.			

∃ Asset name	y assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation are, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specification such as insured value, and a subject of the control o	Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical ns (Data Sheet) page of Bid and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of toposal.
□ Asset description	assets. Date of purchase, cost, alwage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specification such as insured value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Technical P. T	
□ Asset group	assets. Date of purchase, cost, alwage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specification such as insured value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Technical P. T	
□ Date of purchase	assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specification	Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical nos (Data Sheets) page of Bid and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of roposal.

3 Useful life	M	Dracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details trough the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation accurate manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture specifications (Data Shetes) page of Bid details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.
Depreciation method	M	Dracke F-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and seed in the specification of fixed assets with the specification of the description of the description of fixed assets with the specification of the description method, depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Sheets) specifications
Depreciation rate	М	Sec Oncic Fixed Assets Section Af of Technical Meeting Section of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including. Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and deathy assets. Date of purchase, coat, subseqs value, and depreciable value for accumate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users or acquire depreciation (Data Sheets) page of file details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.
Depreciation frequency	M	Tracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Tracle Assets section A4 of Technical dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and despeciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation sectoral formation is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

3. Cost	М	Dracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and identify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation arte, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Setalis such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting facility of the compliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical details under the compliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Proposal in the compliance of the compliance with financial regulations (Data Sheets) page of Bid Setablished Sections and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Proposal in the compliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Proposal in the compliance with financial regulations. Additionally, users can explicit explorations (Data Sheets) page of Bid Setablished Sections (Data Sheets) page of Bid Sections (Data Sheets)	
3. Salvage value	М	bracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciation tance, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Sheles) page of Bid details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.	
Depreciable value	M	bracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation sucordinal policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Shectis) page of Bid details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.	
∃ Insured value	М	tracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cout, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Beful like, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation secondally, users can explure Specifications (Data Shets) page of Bild details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.	

3. Market value	М	Dracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including: Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, slavage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation metod, depreciation netco, and frequency to manage asset depreciation process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of the compliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A of Technical Brown and Group tracking to regularize the compliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.	
□ Department	M	bracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including. Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Shadi details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.	ef
☐ Responsible employee	M	bracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including. Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications (Data Shide and Compiliance vital and compiliance vital and compiliance with financial regulations. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal and Compiliance vital Proposal Proposal.	r F
_ Supplier	M	bracle E-Business Suite can effectively support the registration of fixed assets with the specified details through the Oracle Assets module. Users can enter comprehensive information for each asset, including. Asset number, name, description, and group to categorize and dentify assets. Date of purchase, cout, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation policies. Additionally, users can capture Specifications Data Shadid details such as insured value, market value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. Technical Proposal.	

	Status	М	dentify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specification is insured value, and manufacture within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting. Bubbinission and compliance with financial regulations. Technical	
	Manufacturer	М	Identify assets. Date of purchase, cost, salvage value, and depreciable value for accurate financial tracking. Useful life, depreciation method, depreciation rate, and frequency to manage asset depreciation according to organizational policies. Additionally, users can capture Specificatis used as insured value, department, responsible employee, supplier, status, and manufacturer within the asset registration process. This comprehensive approach ensures that all relevant asset information is recorded, enabling effective tracking, reporting, Submission and compliance with financial regulations. Technical	Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical ions (Data Shees) page of Bid and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Proposal.
i.	he system should enable the creation of additional user fined fields in the asset registration window	М	business needs or requirements. Authorized users can utilize the Flexifelds functionality, which enables the definition of custom fields to capture additional information relevant to assets. This might include fields for specific project codes, asset locations, or any other data successary for detailed asset tracking. The ability to add these user-defined fields enhances the system's flexibility and ensures that all relevant asset information can be captured effectively, supporting better decision-making and reporting. Specification Technical asset tracking. The ability to add these user-defined fields enhances the system's flexibility and ensures that all relevant asset information can be captured effectively, supporting better decision-making and reporting. Echnication Technical asset tracking. The ability to add these user-defined fields enhances the system's flexibility and ensures that all relevant asset information can be captured effectively, supporting better decision-making and reporting. Echnication Technical asset tracking. The ability to add these user-defined fields enhances the system's flexibility and ensures that all relevant asset information can be captured effectively, supporting better decision-making and reporting.	
7. 1	he asset registration window should display only relevant idslot as specified asset group when an asset group is attered in the screen, concealing the irrelevant fields	M	system can be configured to display only the relevant fields associated with that specific group, concealing any irrelevant fields. This ensures a streamlined user experience, as users only see the information they need to input for the particular asset type they are registering. Specification	Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical ions (Data Sheets) page of Bid and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Proposal.
I Ł	he module: should allow for amendment of asset details in e asset registration window but this should be limited to athorized users with requisite permissions on the system	М	breanizations to define specific permissions for users based on their roles within the system. This ensures that only users with the requisite permissions can edit asset details such as cost, depreciation methods, and asset descriptions. By implementing these access controls.	Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical ions (Data Sheets) page of Bid and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Proposal.

9.	The system should allow for definition of asset groups with values for the following details: Asset group ID	M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details: Asset group ID: A unique identifier for each asset group. Description: A detailed explanation of the asset group to provide context and clarity. Depreciation method: The approach to be used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, declining balance). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	□ Description	M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details: Asset group ID: A unique identifier for ach asset group. Description: A detailed explanation of the asset group to provide context and clarity. Depreciation method: The approach to be used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, declining balance). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	Technical Proposal.
	3 Depreciation method	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details. Asset group, be provide context and clairly. Depreciation method: The approach to be used depreciation (e.g., straight-line, declining balanace). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	Depreciation rate	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details: Asset group. Drace and categorization of assets are composed to be used depreciation (e.g., staight-line, declining balance). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

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	3. Useful life	M	Dracle E-Business Suits' Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details. Asset group, bescription: A detailed explanation of the asset group to provide context and clarity. Depreciation method: The approach to be used depreciation (e.g., straight-line, declining balance). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	Depreciation frequency	M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to define asset groups with specific parameters, ensuring effective management and categorization of assets. Authorized users can create asset groups with the following details: Asset group to provide context and clarity. Depreciation method: The approach to be used depreciation (e.g., straight-line, declining balance). Depreciation rate: The percentage or value that determines how much the asset will depreciate over time. Useful life: The estimated lifespan of assets within the group, which informs depreciation calculations. Depreciation frequency: The interval at which depreciation is calculated (e.g., monthly, annually).	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
10.	The fixed assets upon registration should automatically take not the details of the fixed asset groups to which they belong but the module should also allow for amendment of these asset details at the individual asset level during registration.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module supports the automatic inheritance of details from fixed asset groups during the asset registration process. When users register a new fixed asset and select its associated asset group, the system automatically populates relevant fields—such as depreciation method, depreciation rate, useful life, and depreciation frequency—with the predefined values from that asset group. This streamlines the registration process and ensures consistency across smilar asset types. Additionally, the module allows for flexibility by enabling users to amend these inherited asset details at the individual asset level during registration. This means that users can customize specific attributes—such as adjusting the depreciation method or rate—without altering the overarching asset group settings. This dual functionality ensures efficient asset management while providing the necessary adaptability to meet unique asset characteristics or organizational needs.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	The aset management module should seam lessly interface with the Payables Management module such that a fixed asset procured and paid for in Payables Management module is automatically picked up by the Asset Management module for completion of registration.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite facilitates a scamless interface between the Oracle Assets module and other Oracle modules including Oracle Payables Management module, ensuring efficient asset management processes. When a fixed asset is procured and paid for through the Payables module, the integration allows for automatic recognition and transfer of relevant asset information to the Assets module.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
12.	The aset management module should scam lessly interface with the human resources module such that employees can be attached to fixed assets for which they use and are directly responsible for.	М	Dracle E-Business Sairés Oracle Assets module can seamlessly interface with the Oracle Human Resources (HR) module, allowing organizations to attach employees to specific fixed assets for which they are responsible. This integration enables the assignment of accountability and enhances a set tracking by linking individual assets to the employees who use them. Through fixmetionality, users can designate responsible employees during the asset registration process, ensuring that all relevant information is captured in one place. The HR module provides access to employee data, facilitating casy selection of employees based on their roles and responsibilities.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

13.	The asset management module should enable the attachment of reference documents e.g. scanned images and files to the fixed asset register for reference while looking up assets details.	M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module supports the attachment of reference documents, such as scanned images and files, to the fixed asset register. This feature allows users to enhance asset records with relevant documentation, making it easier to access critical information during asset lookups. Users can attach various types of documents, including purchase agreements, warranties, maintenance records, and other supporting files directly to the asset records. This capability not only streamlines asset management by providing all pertinent information in one location but also improves decision-making and compliance by ensuring that users have quick access to important documentation related to each asset.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
14.	The asset management module should have a workflow functionality such that fixed assets upon registration can be approved at relevant levels before capitalization.	M	Dractle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module includes workflow functionality that allows fixed assets to undergo an approval process before capitalization. This feature ensures that all newly registered assets are reviewed and approved by designated personnel at various levels within the organization promoting accountability and accuracy in asset management. The workflow can be customized to reflect the organization's approval hierarchy, allowing different levels of management to review asset details, such as cost, description, and responsible employee, before finalizing the capitalization process.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
15.	The asset management module should enable capitalization of fixed assets but only after full approval upon registration.	M	Dracle E-Business Suits' Oracle Assets module facilitates the capitalization of fixed assets, ensuring that this process occurs only after full approval upon registration. This feature reinforces financial controls and accountability within the asset management workflow. When a fixed asset is registered, it must go through the predefined approval process Only after all necessary approvals have been obtained—confirming the asset's details, cost, and compliance with organizational policies—can the asset be capitalized in the system. This process helps prevent unauthorized capitalization and ensures that only verified assets are reflected in the financial statements.	Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
16.	The system should allow for simulation of capitalization and generate a statement showing the following details:	М	Dractle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module includes functionality for simulating the capitalization of The simulating the capitalization of the sumulation will typically include the following details. Asset ID. Unique identifier for the asset. Asset name: Descriptive name of the asset. Date of capitalization received statement specifier for the asset. Asset name: Descriptive name of the asset. Date of capitalization: The intended date when the asset will be capitalized amount: The total value that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be posted to the general ledger upon capitalization.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	□ Asset name	M	bracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module includes functionality for simulating the capitalization of facts assets, enabling users to generate detailed statements prior to actual capitalization. This simulation feature allows for comprehensive review and analysis of the suscess impact on financial statements before finalizing the capitalization process. The generated statement from the simulation will typically include the following details. Asset ID. Unique identifier for the asset. Asset name: Descriptive name of partialization: The intended date when the asset will be capitalized amount: The total value that will be capitalized for the asset. Deepartment: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be posted to the general ledger upon capitalization.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

Date of capitalization	M	asset's impact on financial statements before finalizing the capitalization process. The generated statement from the simulation will typically include the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for the asset. Asset name: Descriptive name of the asset. Date of stapitalization. The intended date when the asset will be capitalized amount: The total value that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be posted to the general ledger upon capitalization. To the department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset. Accounting entries: Details of the journal entries that will be capitalized. The department associated with the asset will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department associated with the asset will be capitalized. Capitalized for the asset will be capitalized. The department associated with the asset will be capitalized for the asset will	ee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid bubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
Capitalized amount	М	the general ledger upon capitalization. T	ee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Shets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
Department	M	asset's impact on financial statements before finalizing the capitalization process. The generated statement from the simulation will typically include the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for the asset. Ascename: Descriptive name of the asset. Descriptive name of the asset name of the asse	ee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Shets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
Accounting entries	M	Issert's impact on financial statements before finalizing the capitalization process. The generated statement from the simulation will typically include the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for the asset. Asset asset amen of the asset. Date of spatialization. The intended date when the asset will be capitalized amount: The total value that will be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department asset will be capitalized amount. The posted to be capitalized for the asset. Department: The department asset Asset asset Asset united printed printed asset. Asset	ec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pectifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.

17. The module should have the capability for both automati and manual capitalization of fixed assets after registration	c M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module offers the flexibility for both automatic and manual capitalization of fixed assets after registration, extering for different organizational needs and processes. Automatic Capitalization: The module can be configured to untomatically capitalized or mistance, once a manual effort, and minimizes the risk of errors. Manual Capitalization: In addition to automation, the module allows users to manually capitalize assets as needed. This is particularly useful for scenarios where specific asset details require additional review or adjustments before capitalization. Users can initiate the manual capitalization process, ensuring that they have full control over the timing and details of the capitalization entry. **Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module enforces controls that ensure fixed asset transactions—such as depreciation, revaluation, disposal, and transfer—can only be performed on assets that have been capitalized. This functionality is crucial for maintaining the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical
depreciation, revaluation, disposal and transfer to be performed on only capitalized fixed assets.	A	Integrity of aset management and financial reporting. Depreciation: The system automatically calculates and posts depreciation only for capitalized assets as preventing any non-capitalized assets from being subjected to depreciation entries. This ensures compliance with accounting standards and accurate reflection of asset values based on market conditions or other relevances. Revaluation: Only capitalized faced assets an be revalued, allowing organizations to adjust asset values based on market conditions or other relevances that any changes in asset value are appropriately accounted for and reflect the actual worth of the assets. Disposal: The module requires assets to be capitalized before they can be disposed of, ensuring that all disposals are tracked accurately and that any gains or losses on disposal are properly recorded. Transfer: Asset transfers between departments or locations can only occur for capitalized assets, ensuring that all asset movements are documented and that asset accountability is maintained.	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
19. The fixed asset registration window should automatically display whether a fixed asset has been capitalized or not	М	Dracie E-Business Suités Oracle Assets module features an automatic indicator in the fixed asset registration window that displays whether a fixed asset has been capitalized. This functionality enhances user experience by providing immediate visibility into the asset's status, reducing the need for additional navigation to check capitalization details. With this automatic display, users can quickly determine if an asset is capitalized or not, allowing them to make informed decisions during the registration process. This capability streamlines asset nanagement, supports compliance with financial reporting requirements, and helps maintain accurate asset records.	Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
20. The system should allow for capitalization of only non- capitalized fixed assets.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module ensures that only non-capitalized fixed assets can be capitalized. This built-in control mechanism prevents users from inadvertently capitalizing assets that have already been capitalized, thus maintaining the integrity of asset records. When attempting to capitalize an asset, the system checks the capitalization status. If the asset is already capitalized, the system will not allow the transaction to proceed, thereby safeguarding against duplicate capitalization entries.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
21. The system should automatically execute the accounting entries involved in capitalization.	M	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module automates the execution of accounting entries involved in the capitalization of fixed assets. Once an asset is approved for capitalization, the system generates the necessary journal entries automatically, ensuring that all linancial transactions are accurately recorded in the general ledger. This automation not only streamlines the capitalization process but also minimizes the risk of manual errors, enhancing the overall accuracy of financial reporting.	See Oracle Fixed Austr Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

22	The system should allow for de-recognition of fixed assets and the reason for de-recognition should be captured.	М	statements. When de-recognizing an asset, the system prompts suers to capture the reason for de-recognition, which can include factors such as disposal, obsolescence, or loss. This feature not only ensures that all de-recognition actions are documented for auditing purposes by the state of	ee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
233	The system should produce a fixed assets report with the following details: Asset ID	M	organization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier Greach asset. Asset description: A brief description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase; When the asset was acquired. Even admonstructured that the carbon and the control of th	ec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
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□ Asset group	M	The Omele Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the brganization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational report is asset to expected to be usable. Cost: Initial purchase cost of the asset. Revalued amount: Current stationary of the asset at the end of the asset after revuluation. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation. Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
. Division	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the preparization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description: A brief description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase: Expected us for under a Remaining useful life: Assessments of how long the asset is expected to be usuable. Cost: Initial purchase cost of the asset. Revalued amount: Current estimated value of the asset after revaluation. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Department	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the organization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description: A brief description of the asset, Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational Aractured tealist associated with each asset. Date of purphase: When the asset was acquired. Expected to be usable. Cest: Initial purphase cost of the asset. Asset description of the asset after revaluation. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

5 District	M	The Oncic Austin module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective suert management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the yaganization. The report can rencompass the following details. Asset ID ultique identified for each asset. Asset description. A brief description of no fle asset. Asset proper Classification of assets facts properting any programment. District Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase: When the asset was acquired. Expected useful life and Remaining useful life: Assessments of how long the asset is expected to be usable. Cost: Initial purchase cost of the asset. Revaluation. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
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Expected useful life	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and satus within the organization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset. Dr. Unique identifier for seats have a Asset description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase: When the asset was acquired. Expected useful life and Remaining useful life: Assessments of how long the asset is expected to be usable. Cost: Initial purchase cost of the asset. Revalued amount: Current stating of the asset as the end of the preciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Remaining useful life	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the arganization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description in A brief description of the asset: Asset group. Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station, Organizational assets and the provided of the sease of the se	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
- Cost	M	The Oracle Austis module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the report can encompast the following details. Asset EU Duiquie (detailer for each asset). Asset description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of Sasts for propring purposes. Division, Department, District, Statisnio Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase: When the asset was acquired. Expected useful life and Remaining useful life: Assessments of how long the asset is expected to be usable. Cost. Initial purchase cost of the asset asset asset as expected to be usable. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Omele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

Revalued amount	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Besines Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed suets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the against and the provided of the provide	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bird Specifications (Data Sheets) Page of Bird Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Depreciation charge for the year	М	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Businees Stite can generate a comprohensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for affective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the significant of the provided of the provided of the sace of the sace of the provided of the provided of the sace of the sace of the provided of the provided of the sace of th	See Omele Fixed Assets Section As of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) Page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Accumulated depreciation	М	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the arganization. The report can encompass the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description of the asset: Asset group; Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational properties of the provided of the company of the properties of the provided of the pr	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

□ Net book value	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Basiness Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the sugarization. The report can recommans the following details. Asset. Ell. Disquie identifier for ceach asset. Asset description of the asset, Asset group; Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational structure details associated with each asset. Date of purchase: When the asset was acquired. Expected useful life and Remaining useful life: Assessments of how long the asset is expected to be usable. Cost: initial purchase cost of the asset. Revalued amount: Current tends of the asset as the condition of the experiment of the provided depreciation. Pranacial merites indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated all the condition of the asset is a specific detailed. The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated all the condition of the asset is a specific detailed. The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated all the condition of the asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated all the condition of the asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated all the condition of the asset's current book value after depreciation. The asset's current book value after depreciation. The asset's current book value after depreciation of the asset is a specific to the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
3 Residual value	M	The Oracle Assets module in Oracle E-Business Suite can generate a comprehensive fixed assets report that includes all specified details. This report is essential for effective asset management, providing a clear overview of asset performance and status within the arganization. The report can encompase the following details: Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset description: A brief description of the asset. Asset group: Classification of assets for reporting purposes. Division, Department, District, Station: Organizational contents of the contents of the contents of the saset after revaluation. Depreciation charge for the year and Accumulated depreciation: Financial metrics indicating the asset's depreciation over time. Net book value: The asset's current book value after depreciation. Residual value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
24. The system should automatically recognize accounts that are related to capital expenditures. These purchases should automatically roll over purchasing/accounts payable information into the fixed asset system.	i M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module is designed to automatically recognize accounts related to capital expenditures, streamlining the integration between purchasing/accounts payable and the fixed asset system. This feature ensures that relevant purchase transactions are seamlessly rolled over into the asset management process, enhancing operational efficiency. When capital expenditures are recorded in the purchasing or accounts payable modules, the system automatically identifies these transactions and transfers the pertinent information—such as asset details, costs, and related accounts—into the fixed asset module.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
25. The system should be able to allow for tracking multiple/split expense accounts related to the purchase of one fixed asset.	М	Enable E-Business State's Oracle Assets module facilitates the tracking of multiple or split expense accounts related to the purchase of a single fixed asset. This feature is particularly beneficial to organizations that require detailed cost allocation across different department or projects associated with an asset. When users record the purchase of a fixed asset, they have the option to allocate costs to various expense accounts. This capability allows for precise financial tracking and reporting, ensuring that all associated expenses are accurately captured and categorized.	Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheeta) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
26. The system should be able to allow for maintenance/improvement adjustments to a fixed asset to increase the value and/or extend the useful life.	M	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows for maintenance and improvement adjustments to fixed assets, enabling organizations to increase an asset's value or extend its useful life. This feature is essential for managing the lifecycle of assets effectively and ensuring they continue to meet operational needs. When maintenance or improvement work is performed on a fixed asset, users can enter these adjustments into the system. The module allows for the capitalization of these costs, which can then be added to the asset's value.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

27. The systen maintenan	a should be able to track the history of ee/improvement on a fixed asset.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module includes the capability to track the history of maintenance and improvements made to fixed assets. This feature is vital for organizations seeking to maintain comprehensive records of asset performance and management activities over time. When maintenance or improvement actions are performed, users can log these activities in the system, capturing essential details such as the date of the activity, nature of the maintenance or improvement, costs incurred, and any changes made to the asset's value or useful life. This historical tracking enables organizations to analyze the impact of maintenance activities on asset performance and make informed decisions regarding future investments.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
numbers b	i should allow the assignment of fixed asset used on a predefined numbering series so that ill not be skipped or duplicated.	М	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module supports the assignment of fixed asset numbers based on a predefined numbering series, ensuring that asset IDs are unique and sequential. This feature is crucial for maintaining the integrity and organization of asset records within the system. When setting up asset numbering, users can define specific numbering formats and rules that the system will follow during asset registration. By doing so, the system prevents the possibility of skipped or duplicated asset numbers, which can lead to confusion and discrepancies in asset management.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
29. The system	should have the ability to provide for automatic	· M	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module offers automatic calculation of depreciation and the posting of relevant entries to the General Ledger. This feature streamlines the financial management of fixed assets by ensuring that depreciation is calculated consistently	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical
29. Ine system calculation General L.	of depreciation and posting of entries to the	. M	Tractic fields when seeds as industried calculation of depreciation in the posting or relevant entires to the celerate recentlines is unclusted; the seed on the assets when the depreciation is calculated constently described and selectates. When assets are attained, and any relevant changes were time. Once the exceeding to predefined methods and selectates, and the experimental constant is calculated, and any relevant changes when the experiment of the predefined methods and selectates. When assets are attained, and any relevant changes were time. Once the experiment of the predefined methods and selectates when the experiment of the predefined methods and selectates when the experiment of the experiment	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Guerra (Data Sheets) page of Bid Guerra (Data Sheets) page of Bid Fechnical Proposal.
30. The system depreciation other five	i should have the ability to selectively post on based on fixed asset category, account, status, ld.	М	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module provides the capability to selectively post depreciation based on various criteria such as fixed asset category, account, status, or other defined fields. This functionality allows organizations to tailor their depreciation processes according to specific business needs and financial reporting requirements. By enabling selective posting, users can choose which assets to depreciate based on factors like asset type or department, ensuring that the financial impact is accurately reflected in the appropriate accounts. This feature enhances flexibility in asset management, allowing organizations to adapt their financial strategies to reflect different asset classes or operational requirements.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
31. The systen be calcula basis.	should have the ability to allow depreciation to ted on either a monthly, quarterly, or annual	M	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module offers flexibility in calculating depreciation on a monthly, quarterly, or annual basis, eatering for diverse needs of organizations. This capability allows users to choose the most unitable depreciation frequency for their financial reporting and asset management practices. When setting up an asset, users can specify the desired depreciation frequency, ensuring that the calculations align with the organization's accounting policies and reporting requirements. This flexibility not only supports accurate financial reporting but also enhances cash flow management by allowing organizations to reflect asset depreciation in a manner that best suits their financial cycles.	Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
assets on a	a should possess the option to depreciate fixed variety of methods (straight line, sum of years ble declining balance, etc.)	М	Fracte E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module provides the capability to depreciate fixed assets using a variety of methods, including straight-line, sum-of-the-years-digits, double declining balance, and others. This flexibility allows organizations to select the most appropriate depreciation method based on their accounting policies and financial strategies. By supporting multiple depreciation methods, the system enables users to optimize their financial reporting and tax strategies. Organizations can choose the method that best reflects the usage and value decline of their assets, ensuring accurate financial representation.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

33. The system should have the capability to compute depreciation expense on one basis for financial statem purposes and another basis for internal accounting pury	ooses.	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module includes the capability to compute depreciation expense on different bases for financial statement purposes and internal accounting purposes. This feature is essential for organizations that need to meet external reporting requirements while also managing internal financial metrics according to their specific operational needs. By allowing users to define separate depreciation methods or rates for external financial reporting and internal management reporting, the system ensures compliance with accounting standards while providing flexibility for internal analysis. This dual approach enables organizations to align their financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal objectives, facilitating more accurate performance evaluations and decision-making. **Discrete of the providing flexibility for internal analysis.** This dual approach enables organizations to align their financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal objectives, facilitating more accurate performance evaluations and decision-making. **Discrete of the providing flexibility for internal analysis.** This dual approach enables organizations to align their financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal objectives, facilitating more accurate performance evaluations and decision-making. **Discrete of the providing flexibility for internal analysis.** This dual approach enables organizations to align their financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal accounting purposes. This feature is essential for organizations that need to meet external financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal accounting purposes. This feature is essential for organizations that need to meet external financial strategies with regulatory requirements and internal accounting purposes. This feature is essential for organizations that need to meet external reporting requirements and internal accounting purposes. This feature is essential toperation of th	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical
34. The system should provide for depreciation compariso such as Last Year Amount, Year to Date Amount, Las Depreciation Amount, etc.)	t M	asset performance and make informed financial decisions. The system enables users to generate comprehensive reports that compare current depreciation figures against historical data. By providing insights into trends and variations in depreciation expenses, organizations can better understand asset utilization and financial impacts. These comparisons assist in budget planning, forecasting, and strategic decision-making, ensuring that management has access to relevant data for effective asset management.	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
35. The system should allow a user to copy fixed asset information from another, pre-existing fixed asset.	M	Oracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module allows users to copy fixed asset information from pre-existing assets, streamlining the asset registration process. This feature is particularly beneficial for organizations that manage multiple similar assets, as it reduces data entry time and minimizes the risk of errors. When creating a new fixed asset, users can select an existing asset and copy its relevant details, such as asset group, depreciation method, and purchase information. This capability not only enhances efficiency but also ensures consistency in asset data across the organization.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should have the ability to track the transferized assets and all associated history. The module should allow for description of description.		effectively and maintain accurate records throughout the asset lifecycle. When a fixed asset is transferred, users can log the transaction within the system, capturing details such as the asset ID, the parties involved in the transfer, and any changes to asset value or status. The module maintains detailed history of all transfers, allowing organizations to track asset to departments, and ownership changes over time. This capability enhances accountability and supports compliance with auditing and reporting requirements, providing organizations with the visibility needed to make informed decisions regarding their assets. Overall, the ability to track asset transfers and associated history contributes to effective asset management and resource optimization.	Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
37. The module should allow for depreciation of deprecial assets	ble M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module is designed to allow for the depreciation of depreciable assets, providing organizations with the necessary tools to manage their asset lifectively. This feature is crucial for ensuring accurate financial reporting and compliance with accounting standards. When assets are categorized as depreciable, users can define the depreciation method, useful life, and other relevant pranteers. The module automatically calculates depreciation expense based on the selected method, whether it be straight-line, declining balance, or another approach. This automated process simplifies accounting operations and ensures that financial statements reflect the accurate value of assets over time.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

38.	The system should support the applicable depreciation methods like straight line and reducing balance method.	M	Dracle E-Business Suite's Oracle Assets module supports various depreciation methods, including straight-line and reducing balance (or declining balance) methods. This flexibility allows organizations to choose the depreciation approach that best aligns with their financial reporting requirements and asset management strategies. With the straight-line method, users can allocate an equal amount of depreciation expense over the asset's useful life, providing a simple and predictable expense pattern. In contrast, the reducing balance method allows for a higher depreciation expense in the earlier years of the asset's life, reflecting its usage and value decline more accurately in some scenarios.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	While performing the depreciation operation, a user should be able to specify the periods over which the depreciation should be performed.	М	bracle Assets allows users to perform depreciation operations and specify the depreciation period (i.e., the multiple of years over which depreciation should be calculated). Users can define the useful life of an asset, set the depreciation method (such as straight-line, declining balance, or units of production), and assign the number of periods (years or month) over which depreciation such depreciation schedules, asset cost, and chosen depreciation method. Additionally, Dracle Assets supports adjustments to depreciation schedules, ensuring that changes in asset life or other factors can be accommodated.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
40.	The system should allow for simulation of depreciation and generate a depreciation summary showing the following details: Asset ID	М	bracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation sammary with the specified details. Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset Name: Descriptive name of the asset. Department responsible for the asset. Division: The organization of which the asset belongs. Depreciation Period. The time frame over which depreciation (actual time, depreciation is calculation. Depreciation (actual time, depreciation (actual time) and the depreciation actual time). The calculated depreciation expense for the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for depreciation. Accounting Entries: Detailed journal entries that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	□ Asset name	М	Drack Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation is calculated. Depreciation is calculation. When the sext Division: The organizational division to which the asset belongs. Depreciation Period. The time frame over which depreciation is calculated. Depreciation method used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, reducing balance). Depreciation Rate: The percentage used in the depreciation calculation. Cost. The initial purchase price or value of the asset. Depreciation Amount: The calculated depreciation expense for the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for depreciation. Accounting Entries: Detailed journal entries that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

Г	☐ Department	M	Dracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation summary with the specified details. Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset Name: Descriptive name of the asset. Department: The department See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A	4 of Technical
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	□ Division	M	Dracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation summary with the specified details. Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset Name: Descriptive name of the asset. Department: The department responsible for the asset. Division: The organizational division to which the asset belongs, Depreciation Period. The time frame over which depreciation is calculated. Depreciation Method: The method used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, reposition) (e.g., straight-line, reposition) (because the proposition) (e.g., straight-line) (e.g., straight-line	of Bid ts Section of
	Depreciation period	М	Dracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation for the asset. Discinson: The organizational division to which the asset belongs. Depreciation Ferriod: The time frame over which depreciation is calculated. Depreciation Method: The method used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-liner, todaics) and the process of the specification of the sact. Depreciation Method: The method used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-liner, todaics) and oracle Fixed Asset Section A responsible for the sact indepreciation and carried period. The time of the sact. Depreciation Method is calculated. Depreciation expense for the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for submission and Oracle Fixed Asset Expeciation. Accounting Entries: Detailed journal entries that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements. The preciation of the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for submission and Oracle Fixed Asset Received Asset Section A received asset as a submission of the preciation of the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for submission and Oracle Fixed Asset Received	4 of Technical of Bid ts Section of
	□ Depreciation method	M	Dracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation summary with the specified details. Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset Name: Descriptive name of the asset. Department: The department responsible for the asset. Division: The organizational division to which the asset belongs. Depreciation Period: The time frame over which depreciation is calculated. Depreciation Method: The method used for calculating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, reducing balance). Specifications (Data Sastes) page Depreciation Research asset. Department of the asset of the specified period. The saset's current value after accounting for Submission and Oracle Fixed Asset depreciation. Accounting Entries: Detailed journal entries that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements.	of Bid

□ Depreciation rate		Dracle Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation sea, and of Technic responsible for the asset. Distinct: The organizational division to which the asset belongs. Depreciation Period: The time frame over which depreciation is expectation for calculating depreciation (as, a straight-line, reducing balance). Specifications (Data Shets) page of Bid Depreciation Rends. The method used for calculating depreciation (as, a straight-line, reducing balance). Specifications (Data Shets) page of Bid Depreciation Rate. The percentage used in the depreciation calculation. Cost: The initial purchase price or value of the asset. Depreciation Amount: The calculated depreciation expense for the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for Subbinsion and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Repreciation. Accounting Entries: Detailed journal entries that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements.	
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	counting entries	M	practe Assets can effectively meet the requirement for simulating depreciation and generating a detailed depreciation summary with the specified details. Asset ID: Unique identifier for each asset. Asset Name: Descriptive name of the asset. Division: The organization of the object to which the asset belongs. Depreciation Period: The time frame over which depreciation is calculated. Depreciation develous defor eacledulating depreciation (e.g., straight-line, reducing balance). Depreciation Rate: The percentage used in the depreciation calculation. Cost: The initial purchase price or value of the asset. Depreciation Amount: The calculated depreciation expense for the specified period. Net Book Value: The asset's current value after accounting for the specified period. See that reflect the financial impact of depreciation on the organization's financial statements.	see Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid roubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
of ti depr	system should allow for setting of triggers to matically depreciate fixed assets after certain duration and the set of th	М	The Oracle Assets module supports both automated and manual depreciation processes, allowing organizations to manage their asset depreciation according to specific operational needs. The system can be configured to set triggers that automatically initiate depreciation after a specified duration, ensuring that assets are depreciated consistently and on time. This feature minimizes human error and maintains accurate financial records, complying with relevant accounting regulations.	see Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheet) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheet) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheet) Section of Technical Proposal.
the 1	utomatic depreciation triggered by passage of time, cleavant users should be alerted by the system by e-mail on-screen prompts.	М	This ensures that users are promptly informed about upcoming depreciation events, allowing them to review and take any necessary actions.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
fixe	system should enable both depreciation of individual lasest and batch depreciation of multiple fixed assets single operation.	М	The Oracle Assets module provides robust functionality for both individual and batch depreciation, allowing organizations to manage their asset portfolios effectively. Users can easily initiate the depreciation process for single fixed assets, enabling detailed tracking and adjustments based on specific asset characteristics or circumstances. This flexibility is essential for organizations that need to monitor the depreciation of high-value or strategically significant assets closely. In addition to individual asset depreciation, the system supports batch depreciation, allowing users to process multiple fixed assets in a single operation.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
44. The grou	system should enable batch depreciation per fixed asset	M	The Oracle Assets module offers the capability to perform batch depreciation based on specific criteria such as fixed asset group, department, or other classifications. This feature allows organizations to streamline the depreciation process for large groups of assets that share common characteristics, such as be seing in the same department or belonging to a specific asset category. By enabling batch depreciation per fixed asset group, users can efficiently manage the financial impact of multiple assets at once, ensuring consistency in how depreciation is applied across similar assets.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section As of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
trans	module should enable the approval of depreciation actions for the depreciation to be effective.	M	The Oracle Assets module includes an essential approval workflow for depreciation, ensuring that all depreciation activities are subject to appropriate oversight. This feature allows organizations to establish a structured approval process where designated users or managers must review and authorize depreciation transactions before they are finalized. By requiring approval for depreciation, the system enhances financial controls and accountability, minimizing the risk of errors or unauthorized changes to asset values.	Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
46. The auto	period in which an asset was last depreciated should matically show in the fixed asset register screen.	M	The Oracle Assets module includes functionality that automatically displays the period in which an asset was last depreciated directly on the fixed asset register screen. This feature enhances user experience by providing immediate visibility into an asset's depreciation history, allowing users to quickly assess the status of depreciation for each asset without needing to navigate through huntiple screens. By automatically displaying that plant displaying that plant displaying the tast depreciation period, the system facilitates better asset management and financial planning. Users can efficiently track the depreciation schedule and ensure compliance with accounting standards, making it easier to manage assets and prepare accurate financial statements.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

47	Any depreciation operation should depreciate fixed assets starting with the period following the period of last depreciation.	М	The Oracle Assets module is designed to ensure that any depreciation operation automatically commences from the period following the last recorded depreciation for each fixed asset. This functionality guarantees that depreciation calculations are consistently applied without overlapping previous periods, maintaining accurate financial records. By starting the depreciation process from the subsequent period, the system helps prevent errors that could arise from double-counting or gap in depreciation expenses. This feature not only enhances the accuracy of financial reporting but also supports compliance with accounting standards.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
48	. Ipon full depreciation of a fixed asset (depreciation to the salvage value) the system should automatically prevent subsequent depreciation of such an asset.	М	The Oracle Assets module includes a built-in feature that automatically prevents further depreciation of a fixed asset once it has reached its full depreciation limit, which is typically calculated down to the asset's salvage value. This functionality ensures that users cannot accidentally initiate additional depreciation for an asset that has already been fully depreciated, thus maintaining the integrity of financial records. By enforcing this restriction, the system not only prevents errors but also ensures compliance with accounting principles regarding asset valuation.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
49	. The system should automatically post entries to the	М	The Oracle Assets module is equipped with functionality that automatically posts accounting entries to the appropriate accounts immediately following the approval of depreciation transactions. This automation streamlines the accounting workflow, ensuring that financial	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical
	elevant accounts upon approval of depreciation.		records are updated accurately and in real time to reflect the effects of depreciation. By eliminating the need for manual posting, the system reduces the risk of errors and enhances overall efficiency in financial reporting. As a result, all approved depreciation activities are seamlessly integrated into the organization's accounting framework, providing stakeholders with precise insights into asset values and expenses while ensuring compliance with financial standards.	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
50	The system should allow for the creation of detailed retirement records in relation to an asset, including sales price, disposal date, method of sale, vendor, address, etc.	М	The Oracle Assets module facilitates the creation of comprehensive retirement records for each asset, capturing essential details such as the sales price, disposal date, method of sale, vendor information, and vendor address. This functionality allows organizations to maintain accurate and thorough documentation related to the retirement of asset, ensuring transparency and accountability throughout the disposal process. By storing this information, the system not only adis in tracking asset retirements but also enhances financial reporting by providing insights into the realized gains or losses from asset disposals. This detailed record-keeping supports compliance with accounting standards and helps organizations analyze their asset management strategies more effectively.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
51	The system should support the revaluation of fixed assets.	М	The Oracle Assets module is designed to support the revaluation of fixed assets, allowing organizations to adjust the book value of their assets to reflect current market conditions and fair value. This functionality is essentially accurate financial statements and ensuring compliance with accounting standards that require assets to be reported at their fair value. Through the revaluation process, users can input the new valuation figures, and the system will automatically calculate the necessary adjustments to the assets carrying amount. This feature not only aids in providing a more accurate depiction of the organization's financial position but also enables better decision-making regarding asset management and investment strategies. By facilitating regular revaluations, the module helps organizations remain agile and responsive to changes in the market and asset performance.	Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
52	The module should allow the attachment into the document archive, of the revaluation report written by independent valuers, for reference.	М	The Oracle Assets module includes functionality that enables users to attach revaluation reports prepared by independent valuers into the document archive for easy reference. This feature ensures that all supporting documentation related to asset revaluations is systematically organized and readily accessible within the system. By storing these reports alongside the relevant asset records, organizations can maintain a comprehensive audit trail that enhances transparency and accountability in asset management. This functionality not only supports compliance with accounting standards and regulatory requirements but also facilitates internal reviews and decision-making processes regarding asset valuations. The availability of documented revaluation assessments aids stakeholders in understanding the basis for asset value adjustments and reinforces trust in the organization's financial reporting practices.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

53. Upon performance of the revaluation operation but prior to approval, the system should be able to generate a revaluation statement showing: Asset ID	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to generate a comprehensive revaluation statement immediately following the revaluation operation but before it receives final approval. This statement provides key details, including the Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to the naset, allowing for eavy tracking and referencing within the asset management system. Asset Name: The descriptive name of the asset, providing clarity on what specific asset is being revalued. Department: The department responsible for the asset, helping to identify appearance of the asset appearance of the asset, helping to identify appearance of the asset ap
□ Asset name	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to generate a comprehensive revaluation statement immediately following the revelopting classified for experiment and referencing within the asset management system. Asset Name: The descriptive name of the asset, providing claimly on what specified search is part of the part of th
Department	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to generate a comprehensive revaluation statement immediately following the revealuation statement immediately following the revealuation statement immediately following the revealuation of reactives from the following the revealuation of reactives from the statement provides key details, including the Asset ID. A unique identified assigned to the saket Name: The descriptive name of the asset, providing claimly on what specific asset is being revealued. Department The department reproposable for the asset, helping to identify which the unique identify is a saket Name: The department reproposable for the asset, helping to identify the asset provides and provided asset is being revealed. Department The department reproposable for the asset, helping to identify the asset, providing claimly on the provided asset provided as a result of the revaluation. The specific date when the revaluation and some conducted, essential for record-keeping and compliance purpose. Original Value: The assets initial recorded value before revaluation. Been Crack Fixed Assets Section Advanced as a result of the revaluation, detailing how the asset's value adjustment impacts the financial statements and accounts. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section Advanced Personal Proposal. See Oracle Fixed Assets Section Advanced Personal Proposal Proposa

☐ Date of revaluation	M	The Oracle Awest models is designed to generate a comprehensive evaluation automatic immediately following the evaluation potentials have been asserted as a result of the revaluation in the formation of the awest possible of the sevaluation and oracle provided for the sevaluation and oracle provided for the sevaluation of the awest possible of the sevaluation. The against provides key dealth, neckning and accountability within the oracle analysis and recommendation of the awest after the revaluation was conducted, essential for record-keeping and compliance purposes. Original Value: The awest within the corresponding of the sevaluation. But of Revaluation. But of Revaluation is pecific date when the revaluation process, reflecting current market conditions and fair value. Accounting Entries. The journal entries generated as a result of the revaluation, detailing how the assert's value adjustment impacts the financial statements and accounts.
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□ Revalued value	M	The Oxele Austs module is designed to generate a comprehensive revaluation statement immediately following the revaluation operation but before it receives final approval. This statement provides key details, including the Aust ID. A unique identified assigned to the state of the provided of the provi

☐ Accounting entries	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to generate a comprehensive revaluation statement immediately following the revaluation operation but before it receives final approval. This statement provides key details, including the Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to the asset, allowing for easy tracking and referencing within the asset management system. Asset Name: The descriptive name of the asset, providing clarity on what specific asset is being revalued. Department: The department responsible for the asset, kelping to identify the asset, and the revaluation asset in the revaluation as	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Fechnical Proposal.
54. The system should enable the approval of revaluation transactions online and a revaluation should only be effective upon full approval.	М	The Oracle Assets module supports online approval of revaluation transactions, ensuring that asset adjustments undergo a controlled and systematic review process. This feature allows authorized users to review and approve revaluation requests through the system, facilitating real-time decision-making and enhancing operational efficiency. The revaluation will only take effect once it has received full approval from the designated authorities, ensuring that all changes to asset values are justified and documented. This process not only strengthens governance by preventing unauthorized adjustments but also maintains the integrity of financial reporting, as only approved revaluations are reflected in the asset management records and accounting entries.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
55. The system should automatically post entries to the relevant accounts upon approval of revaluation.	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to automatically post accounting entries to the relevant accounts not explain the need for manual entry, thereby reducing the obtential for errors and ensuring that financial records remain accurate and up-fo-date. When a revaluation is approved, the system seamlessly updates the general ledger and associated accounts to reflect the new asset value, which enhances overall financial reporting efficiency. This automation not only saves time for finance teams but also ensures compliance with accounting standards, as all necessary adjustments are recorded promptly and accurately following the approval process.	See Ornacle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
56. The system should be able to flag fixed assets due for revaluation after three years.	M	The Oracle Assets module includes functionality to automatically flag fixed assets that are due for revaluation after a period of three years or any number of years desired by Ministry of Finance. This proactive feature ensures that assets are regularly assessed for their fair value, maintaining accurate financial reporting and compliance with accounting standards. By automatically liding assets requiring revaluation, the system helps organizations manage their asset portfolios effectively and ensures that all necessary adjustments are made in a timely manner. This not only aids in maintaining up-to-date asset valuations but also facilitates strategic planning and decision-making regarding asset management and investment.	See Ornacle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
57. The system should enable fixed asset additions.	M	The Oracle Assets module provides robust functionality for enabling fixed asset addition, allowing users to seamlessly register new assets into the system. This feature supports the comprehensive documentation of new acquisitions, ensuring that each addition includes essential details used as asset type, description, cost, and any relevant metadata. By streamlining the asset addition process, the system enhances operational efficiency and ensures accurate tracking of all fixed assets from the point of acquisition onward. Additionally, this application are applicated with existing financial and inventory management processes, facilitating effective asset management and reporting while maintaining the integrity of financial records.	Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

58.	The system should automatically adjust the net book value of a fixed asset upon addition.	M	The Oracle Assets module is designed to automatically adjust the net book value of a fixed asset when an addition is made. This functionality ensures that any new costs associated with the asset, such as improvements or upgrades, are accurately reflected in its financial records. By automatically recalculating the net book value, the system enhances the accounting process but also provides real-time naights into the asset's value, supporting informed decision-making regarding future investments and resource allocation.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
59.	The system should automatically capitalize the added amount and add it to the original fixed asset amount.	M	reflecting the true value of the asset on the balance sheet. By automating the capitalization process, the system reduces manual errors and streamlines the financial reporting workflow, ensuring that the asset's value is accurately updated in real time. This capability not only simplifies asset management but also aligns with accounting principles, providing a clear and comprehensive view of the asset's financial position for better decision-making and compliance.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) Page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
60.	The system should automatically post addition transactions to the relevant accounts.	М	The Oracle Assets module is equipped to automatically post addition transections to the relevant accounts, ensuring accurate financial records and seamless integration with the organization's accounting system. This functionality streamlines the process by eliminating the need for manual entry, thereby reducing the risk of errors and enhancing operational efficiency. Upon the addition of a fixed asset, the system automatically updates the general ledger with the corresponding entries, reflecting the increased asset value and any related expenses. This capability not only ensures timely and accurate financial reporting but also supports compliance with accounting standards by maintaining a clear audit trail of all asset transactions.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
611	The system should produce an assets revaluation report with the following details: Asset ID	M	back Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and manufact that the asset's value reflects its current market conditions. By Iverzaign of more lassets, organizations can seamledsyl track and report vital asset information with precision and efficiency. Asset IDs. A unique identifier for each asset, but no brief description of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset. Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time ket before the asset is expected to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimated how less that a set will continue to be useful after revaluation. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset is value has been adjusted based on the revaluation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

☐ Asset description	M	Fracel Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate fracens and ensuring that the asset's value reflects its current market conditions. By leveraging Oracle Assets, organizations can make slay track and report vital asset in formation with precision and efficiency. Asset ID. A unique identifier for each asset. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset bearing of the continuous of the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Department	M	Drace Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate framental records and meaning that the asset's value reflects its current market conditions. By leveraging Oracle Assets, or capitazionis can anneale sy track and report vital asset in formation with precision and efficiency. Asset ID. A unique identifier for each asset. Asset Description. A brief description of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset to a section of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset to a section of the asset to a section of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The annual to the left of the asset will remain operational to the left of the asset will remain operational to the left of the asset will remain operational to the left of the asset wil	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Date of purchase	M	Drack Assets offers obsus, functionality for generating an assets evaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and neutral the asset value reflects its current market conditions. By leveraging for mice assets, organizations can seamlestly track and report vital asset information with precision and efficiency. Asset IDs. Aunique identifier for each asset, Asset Description A brief elseription of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset. Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimate of how long the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset was reported to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimated on long the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated description of the asset of the asset asset is expected to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimate of how long the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset was reported to the asset as a construction of the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated on the extension of the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated was accommended to the extension of the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated was accommended to the extension of the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated was accommended to the extension of the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The updated estimated was accommended to the extension of the extension of the extension of the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

Expected useful life	d	Oracle Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value reflects its current market conditions. By leveraging Oracle Assets, organizations can seamlessly track and report vital asset information with precision and efficiency. Asset IDs. A unique identified for each asset, before dealers and a season of the comparison of the asset. Described in the comparison of the asset precision and efficiency. Asset IDs. A unique identified for each asset, before dealers of the asset. Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset was in the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount of time (in before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original Remaining Useful Life: The updated expected useful Life: The updated useful Life: The updated useful Life: The updated	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Remaining useful life	d d	Oracie Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revuluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revuluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and resulting that the asset value following a formal revuluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and resulting that a seal to the control of the second of the s	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section At of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Revised useful life	e d	Oracie Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revuluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revuluation process. This feature is central for maintaining accurate financial records and ensuring that the asset's value facilities its current market conditions. By leveraging Oracle Assets, organizations can assemblely track and report vital asset information with precision and efficiency. Asset IDs. A unique identifier for each asset, Asset Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimate of how lost asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimate of how left asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estimate of how left asset as the end of its useful life. In a second or a sec	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section At of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

. Сом	M	brack Assets offers robust functionality for generating an assets revaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and ensuring that the asset's value reflects its current market conditions. By leveraging Oracle Assets, or capitazionis can annealized track and report vital asset in fromation with precision and efficiency. Asset ID: A unique identifier for each ack as Description: A brief description of the asset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset Loe of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful, Life: The padaed estimate of hospita asset will continue to be useful after revaluation. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset's value has been adjusted based on the revaluation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Rixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
3 Revaluation amount	М	Ancto Assets offers obsolut functionality for generating an assets evaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is sessential for maintaining accurate financial records and numeric desired to the sactive state reflects its current masket conditions. By leveraging forcate Assets, congenizations can examined approximate and information with precision and efficiency Asset IDs. A unique identifier for each asset, have described to the series of decisions and the sactive a	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
3 Residual value	M	Sincle Assets offers obsist functionality for generating an assets evaluation report, providing a comprehensive overview of adjustments made to an asset's value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and natural testing and the asset value following a formal revaluation process. This feature is essential for maintaining accurate financial records and natural testing and the asset value followed by the asset testing and the asset value and the asset value followed by the asset test expected closer; the specific department responsible for the asset. Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estinate of how long the asset was acquired. Expected Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset was reported to be retried or decommissioned. Revised Useful Life: The updated estinated on the great value of the asset. Revaluation Amount: The amount by which the asset's value has been adjusted based on the revaluation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Ornele Bixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

62	The system should produce a fixed asset additions report with the following details:	М	Dracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial fee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessible. Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A biref overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under the highest control of the asset and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial Section A4 of Technical management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessible. Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A biref overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under the high Specifications (Data Section Otto Secti
	□ Asset description	М	bracle. Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section At of Technical management by ensuring that all perintent information is readily accessible. Asset IDs. A unique identified reasigned to each new asset. Asset Description. A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under which the asset falls, helping in organizing similar assets. Departmental Information Department: The specific department responsible for managing the asset. But of flurchase: The date when the asset was acquired, providing a timeline for asset management. Useful Life: The testimated duration that the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations.
	: Asset group	M	Tracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking eavly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective fine financial for management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessable. Asset Dr. An injust identifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classifier asset management useful Life: The asset falls, helping in organizing similar assets. Departmental Information Department: The specified department responsible for managing the asset. Bate of Purchase: The date when the asset was acquired, providing a timeline for asset management. Useful Life: The asset acquisitions and useful asset acquisitions and supports affective management asset. Bate of Purchase: The date when the asset was acquired, providing a timeline for asset management. Useful Life: The asset asset asset asset asset because of the asset as the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset as the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation and appropriate price of the asset as the end of its useful life, which is important for a purchase price of the asset as the end of its useful life, which is important for a purchase price of the asset as the end of its useful life, which is important for a purchase price o

3. Department	M	Dracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial Sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical management by ensuring that all perintent information is readily accessible. Asset IDs. A mique identified asset asset does not never eview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under which be asset falls, helping in organizing similar assets. Departmental Information Department: The specific department responsible for managing the asset. Asset Description: A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under which should be asset as the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is important for depreciation (all uniformation Department: The specification (Ratio Assets Section of Technical Proposal. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations.
Date of purchase	М	Pracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly equired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effection that management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessible. Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to each measure asset. Asset Description: A brief or exception: A brief or exception: A brief or exception: A brief of Burchase: The date when the asset was acquired, providing a time line for asset management. Useful Life: The extinated duration that the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The date when the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The date when the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The date when the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations.
□ Use ful life	М	Instel, Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed axest additions, report, which is exential for tracking active acquarted axests and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of axest acquisitions and supports effective from the axest congruence of the axest congruence organization and supports effective from the axest congruence organization in readily accessible. Axest UPA a mique identified reasigned to each new seasct. Axest Description: A brief overview of the axest, including its purpose or function. Axest Group: The category or classified active methods the axest falls, helping in organizing similar axests. Departmental Information Department: The specific department responsible for managing the axest. Date of Purchase: The date when the axest was acquired, providing a timeline for axest management. Useful Life: The axis and duration that the axest is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the axest. Residual Value: The expected value of the axest at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The contraction of the axest is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the axest. Residual Value: The expected value of the axest at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The contraction of the axest is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the axest. Residual Value: The expected value of the axest at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations. The contraction of the axest is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the axest. Axes Department are a contraction of the axest and the price of the axest and the price of the axest. Axes Department are a contraction of the axest is a contraction of the axest and the price of the axest

			bracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessible. Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A brief overview of the asset, including its purpose or function. Asset Group: The category or classification under which the asset falls, helping in organizing similar assets. Departmental Information Department: The specific department responsible for managing the asset. Date of Purchase: The date when the asset was acquired, providing a timeline for asset management. Useful Life: The extended duration that the asset is expected to be operational. Cost: The total purchase price of the asset. Residual Value: The expected value of the asset at the end of its useful life, which is important for depreciation calculations.	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	3 Residual value	М	Dracle Assets provides the capability to generate a fixed asset additions report, which is essential for tracking newly acquired assets and their associated details. This report allows organizations to maintain accurate records of asset acquisitions and supports effective financial management by ensuring that all pertinent information is readily accessible. Asset ID: A unique identifier assigned to each new asset. Asset Description: A best De	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
63.	The system should allow a user to track information related to the purchase, such as contract number, purchase order number, bid number, check number, invoice info, vendor, GL account, etc.	М	The Oracle Assets module provides users with the capability to meticulously track essential information related to fixed asset purchases. This includes critical details such as the contract number, purchase order number, between the capability of the capability and course of the capability and accuracy in financial reporting, making it easier to perform audits and maintain compliance with regulatory standards.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
64.	The system abould be able to provide sufficient location information fields, such as building, department, room, room description, address, phone, etc.	М	The Oracle Assets module includes comprehensive location information fields to facilitate the effective management of fixed assets. This functionality should allow sucrs to capture essential details such as the building in which the asset is located, the specific department responsible for it, room number, room description, as well as the physical address and contact plone number. By designed partment responsible for it of detail, the system enhances visibility and accountability for asset to locate assets when needed, streamline maintenance and support, and ensure that all stakeholders have accurate information regarding the assets under their purview. This feature ultimately aids in optimizing asset utilization and improves operational efficiency.	see Orsele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
65.	Have the ability to perform ad-hoc reporting on any field or feature within the fixed asset sercens to produce depreciation reports, inventory reports, etc.	М	The Oracle Assets module incorporates robust ad-hoc reporting capabilities, allowing users to generate custom reports based on any field or feature within the fixed asset screens. This flexibility enables users to create tailored depreciation reports, inventory reports, and other analytical report in users assect fice business needs. By leveraging this functionality, organizations can easily access and analyze critical asset data, facilitating informed decision-making and enhancing financial reporting accuracy. The ability to produce reports on demand ampowers users to respond quickly to queries and regulatory requirements while maintaining comprehensive oversight of asset performance and status.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

66	The fixed asset disposal screen should have the following fields: Asset ID	M	racial for financial responding and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID as of the first being disposed for financial assessment traceability. Asset Name: The name or description of the asset to be disposed of, aiding in quick identification. Net Book Value: This field is auto-filled is auto-filled on which provide the traceability of the providence o	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	I Asset name	M	racial for financial reporting and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID use of the time to expend the first porting and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID use of the description. Net Book Value: This field is auto-filled by the system, providing the current recommendation of the providing the providing the current recommendation of the providing the providin	See Ornele Bixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

□ Net book value (auto filled by the system)	M	The fixed asset disposal screen in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the efficient management of asset disposals which is recorded to the control of t	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Date of disposal	M	The fixed send dipposal screen in Oracle Auset is designed to facilitate the efficient management of axed dipposal selle ensuring that all relevant details are captured. This user-friendly interface help organizations maintain accurate records of axed dipposals, which is recical for financial reporting and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID. a migned identifier for each sast being disposed of, ensuring clarity and traceability. Axed Name: The name or description of the asset to be disposed of, adding in quick identification. Net blook Value: This field is auto-filled by the system, providing the current value of the asset after depreciation, which is recical for financial assessments. Date of Disposal: The specific date on which the disposal occurs, important for accounting records and reporting. Proceeds from Disposal: The amount receiver from the disposal of the asset, which is necessary for determining any gain or loss on the transmit. The express incurred during the disposal proces, believe to overall impact on financials. Salvage Value: Automatically populated by the system, this field indicates the estimated residual value of the asset poss-disposal, which is useful for accounting purposes. Department: The department responsible for the asset, ensuring accountability and proper tracking throughout the disposal process.	see Ornele Fixed Assets Section At all Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

3 Proceeds from disposal	M	The fixed aset disposal screen in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the efficient management of asset disposals while ensuring that all relevant details are captured. This user-friendly interface helps organizations maintain accurate records of asset disposals, which is received for financial reporting and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID: A unique identifier for each asset being disposal of, ensuring clarity, and traceability. Asset Name: The same or description of the asset to be disposed of, aiding in quick identification. Net Book from Disposal: The expenses in the complex of the asset, which is accessary for determining any gain or loss on the traceability. Asset Name: The amount received form the disposal of the asset, which is accessary for determining any gain or loss on the traceability. Asset Name: The amount received form the disposal of the asset, which is accessary for determining any gain or loss on the traceability and proper tracking throughout the disposal process. Value: Automatically populated by the system, this field indicates the estimated residual value of the asset post-disposal, which is useful for accounting purposes. Department: The department responsible for the asset, ensuring accountability and proper tracking throughout the disposal process.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
: Cost of disposal	M	The fixed axect disposal serven in Oracle Axects is designed to facilitate the efficient management of axect disposals which are calculated as a complaint. Examinal Fields Axect Disposals while control for the axect designed of the complaint of	see Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheeta) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

	Salvage value (auto filled by the system)	M	The fixed asset disposal server in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the efficient management of asset disposals white his varieties of fixed services of the services o	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Monacle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	Department	M	the fixed asset disposal server in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the efficient management of asset disposals while neutral for financial reporting and compliance. Essential Fields Asset ID. a unique identifier for each asset being disposed of, ensuring clarity and fixed assets. The man or description of the asset to be disposed of, a disping in clarity and fixed assets. The same of section providing the current value of the asset after depreciation, which is crucial for financial assessments. Date of Disposal: The specific date on which the disposal occurs, important for accounting records and reporting. Proceeds from Disposal: The amount received from the disposal of the asset, which is necessary for determining any gain or loss on the transic. Octs of Disposal: The expenses incurred during the disposal process, helping to evaluate the overall impact on financials. Salvage Valuez Automatically populated by the system, this field indicates the estimated residual value of the asset post-disposal, which is useful for accounting purposes. Department: The department responsible for the asset, ensuring accountability and proper tracking throughout he disposal process.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid abbinusion and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
67.	The module should enable the approval of disposal ransactions online at different levels.	M	structured approval workflow, the system enhances accountability and compliance, allowing organizations to manage asset disposals efficiently while adhering to internal policies and regulatory requirements. This process not only streamlines the disposal of fixed assets but also helps maintain accurate records and supports audit trails for future reference.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Month Section (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
68.	The module should enable the attachment into the document archive, of the disposal request and other relevant supporting documents.	M	The Oracle Assets module provides the functionality to attach disposal requests and relevant supporting document directly into a document archive. This capability allows users to maintain comprehensive records associated with each aset disposal, ensuring that all necessary documentation is easily accessible for review and for audit purposes. By facilitating the attachment of key documents, such as disposal requests, vendor agreements, and approval notifications, the system enhances transparency and traceability in the disposal process. This ensures that all stakeholders can verify the legitimacy of disposals and supports compliance with organizational policies and regulations.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Duta Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

69	Upon performance of the disposal operation the system should auto-compute the profit or loss on disposal.	М	Dracie Assets can perform the specified functions related to asset disposal. The module allows users to execute disposal operations and automatically computes the profit or loss on the disposal of fixed assets. It calculates this by comparing the proceeds from the sale of the asset with its net book value at the time of disposal. This feature ensures accurate financial reporting and helps organizations assess the impact of asset disposals on their overall financial performance. Additionally, Oracle Assets provides robust tracking and reporting capabilities, enabling users to manage and analyze their fixed asset disposals effectively.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
70	The system should automatically post entries to the relevant accounts upon approval of the disposal transaction.	М	Dracle Assets can automate the posting of accounting entries upon the approval of disposal transactions. Once a fixed asset disposal is approved, the system seamlessly generates and posts the necessary journal entries to the relevant general ledger accounts. This automation helps entaire accurate financial records and reduces manual intervention, thereby enhancing efficiency and accuracy in the accounting process. By integrating these postings with the organization's overall financial management system, Oracle Assets provides a comprehensive solution for tracking and reporting asset disposals.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
71	Upon disposal, the system should automatically derecognize the fixed asset.	М	Dracle Assets is capable of automatically derecognizing fixed assets upon disposal. When an asset is disposed of, the system will remove it from the asset register, ensuring that it no longer appears in the active asset listings. This automatic derecognition process not only maintains the integrity of asset records but also ensures that the financial statements accurately reflect the organization's asset base. By streamlining this process, Oracle Assets helps organizations comply with accounting standards and provides a clear audit trail for asset disposals.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
72	Upon disposal, the system should be able to generate a disposal statement for the disposed assets showing: Asset ID	M	for the disposed asset, ensuring clarity and traceability. Asset Name: The name or description of the asset, adding in quick identification. Department: The department responsible for the asset, facilitating accountability. Once of Purchase: The date on which the asset was disposed printing law quiried, important for historical context. Date of bisposal: The specific date when the asset was disposed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life: The total estimated lifespan of the asset, providing context of the properties of calculations. Remaining Useful providing context of the asset, providing context of the asset, providing context of the asset providing context of the asset, providing context of the asset, providing context of the asset providing context of the asset, providing context of the asset	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

3 Asset name	М	for the disposed asset, causting clurity and tracebality. Asset Name: The same or description of the asset, adding in quick identification. Despute the product of the production of the product	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technica Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Department	M	born the disposed of an awart. Oracle Amer is negatiped to astimated by generate a comprehensive disposal statement. This statement were as detailed record of the transactions, providing countial insight for financial reporting and analysis. Asset ID: A major description of the asset, indige in guide, identification. Deparation for the disposal and including accounted, the providing country for description of the asset, indige in guide, identification. Deparation for historical context, there of hisposal The specific date when the naset was disposed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life: The total estimated lifepan of the asset, providing context for depreciation celeculations. Remaining Useful Life; The total estimated lifepan of the asset, providing context for depreciation celeculations. Remaining Useful Life; The total estimated lifepan of the asset, providing context for depreciation celeculations. Remaining Useful Life Provided Context for the context of the contex	See Omele Fixed Americ Section A4 of Technica Specifications (Data Sheeto) age of Bid Specifications (Data Sheeto) age of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed America Section of Technical Proposal.

Date of purchase	M	local to disposal of an auct. Duck! Auct is equipped to assomatically generic a comprehense disposal instances are a dealled record for the temporal of the complex of the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Date of disposal	М	how the disposed of an aust. Orale A next is equipped to automatically generate, a comprehensive disposal statement. This attainment serves as a detailed record of the transactions, providing content insight for financial reporting and analysis. Aust ID A unique identifies the design of the sace, though a disposal providing content for design of the sace, the depreciation of the sace is a second of the sace in the sace of the sace is a second of the sace is	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

Useful life	M	Ipon the disposal of an asset, Oracle Assets is equipped to automatically generate a comprehensive disposal statement. This statement serves as a detailed record of the transaction, providing essential insights for financial reporting and analysis. Asset ID: A unique identifier for the disposed asset, ensuring clarity and traceability. Asset Name: The name or description of the asset, aiding in quick identification. Department: The department responsible for the asset, facilitating accountability. Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was stipsoed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life: The total estimated lifespan of the asset, providing context for depreciation calculations. Remaining Useful Life: The portion of the useful life that was still available at the time of disposal, relevant for evaluating asset performance. Cost: The original acquisition cost of the asset, which is crucial for financial assessments. Accumulated Depreciation: The total edpreciation states that the date of disposal, helping to calculate the net book Value. The asset value after accounting for depreciation, significant for determining any financial impact from the disposal. Residual Value: The estated value of the asset at the end of its useful life, important for accounting and future planning. Profit/Loss on Disposal: The financial gain or loss realized from the disposal, calculated as the difference between proceeds and net book value. Proceeds from Disposal: The amount received from the disposal of the asset, necessary for evaluating the overall impact on financials. Accounting Entries: A summary of the journal entries generated as a result of the disposal transaction, ensuring accurate financial reporting.	isce Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid bubbushist and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
Remaining useful life	М	for the disposed asset, ensuring clarity and traceability. Asset Name: The name or description of the asset, raiding in quick identification. Department: The department responsible for the asset, facilitating accountability. Dates the date on which the asset was the principally acquired, important for historical context. Date of Disposal: The specific date when the asset was disposed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life: The total estimated lifespan of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. Remaining the Useful Section of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The asset is a section of the asset, providing context of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The asset is a section of the asset, providing context of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The asset is a section of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The principal calculations are also as a section of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The principal calculations are also as a section of the asset, providing context of the principal calculations. The principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations. The principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations. The principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations. The principal calculation are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculations are also as a section of the principal calculatio	see Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.

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Accumulated depreciation	M	Spot the disposal of an asset, Oracle Anest's sequipped to automatically generate a comprehensive disposal statement. This statement serves as a detailed record of the transaction, providing sensitial insights for financial reporting and analysis. Asset ID A unique identifies the disposal case, causing legistry and transactivities and excellation. Description of the asset, a displication of the particular asset and transactive and the state of the state of the description of the asset, a displication of the state of the	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

□ Net book value	M	For the disposed some, ensuring clarity and traceability. Anset Name: The same or description of the same, is disposed some, ensuring clarity and traceability. Asset Name: The same or description of the same, is described by the same of the same, is described by the same of the sam	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
Residual value	M	spon the disposal of an asset. Oracle Asset is equipped to automatically generic a comprehensive disposal statement. This statement surves as a detailed record of the transaction, providing control including a comprehensive disposal to the form of the disposal and mechality. Asset Shum: The man or description of the asset, indiging inquired, important for historical context. Date of Disposal. The specific date when the saset was adopted of, critical for accounting records. Useful Light part of the asset, providing context for depreciation calculations. Remaining Useful Automatical contexts. Date of Disposal The specific date when the saset was adopted of, critical for accounting records. Useful Light part of the asset, providing context for depreciation calculations. Remaining Useful Automatical Contexts are also asset to the saset of subjects to the date of disposal charges of the asset of subjects as a subject of the saset as a subject of	See Oracle Fixed Assetts Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

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☐ Proceeds from disposal	disposal of an asset, Oracle Assets is equipped to automatically generate a comprehensive disposal statement. This statement serves as a detailed record of the transaction, providing essential insights for financial	reporting and analysis. Asset ID: A unique identifier See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technic
	disposal of an assci, Oracle Assets is equipped to automatically generate a comprehensive disposal attenuent. This statement. This statement. The comparison of the sack providing exemptation of the asset, adming inquick identification. Desirent: The department responsible for the asset, facilitying accountability. Asset Manner: The anam or description of the asset, adming inquick identification. Description: The department responsible for the asset, providing control of the asset, providing control of the asset provided and the state of proposal. The specific date when the asset was disposed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life: The total estimated lifepan of the asset, providing control of the asset provided and the specific date when the asset providing control of the asset provided asset asset provided as a second provided asset providing exemption. The asset provided as a second provided provided as a second provided provided as a second provided provided provided as a second provided provide	ext for depreciation calculations. Remaining Useful Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of

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	counting entries	M	how the disposal of an ease. Oracle Asset is equipped to automatically general exception, deepending exception in highly for financial reporting, also after A unique identifies the the disposal and recashity). Asset Mrs. Name: The same of education of the same, constituting and introduction. Asset Mrs. The precifie date when the same was disposed of, critical for accounting records. Useful Life. The total estimated lifegain of the same, providing context for depreciation accounting the Life. The protein of the useful life that was still available as the time of disposal. Accounting depreciation and the late of the same of	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
73. The lives	system should be able to flag fixed assets whose useful end in within a month.	М	Oracle Assets can flag fixed assets whose useful lives are set to end within a month. This functionality ensures that relevant stakeholders are alerted in a timely manner, enabling proactive management of asset retirement, replacement, or reassessment. By automatically senerating notifications for these assets, the system assists organizations in making informed decisions regarding asset management, thereby enhancing operational efficiency and compliance with accounting standards. This capability helps prevent the oversight of assets nearing the end of their useful life, ensuring that all necessary actions are taken before they are fully depreciated.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
74. The with	ystem should produce a de-recognized assets report the following details: □ Asset ID	М	Incide Assets can produce a descriptional or disposed assets report with specific details. The system tracks the full infection of assets, including when assets are retrice, with, or otherwise description of the asset as the partners. The second of the s	see Omule Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Dats Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

□ Asset description	Morfer Anset Do A unique a de-recognized frame, despection in a brief description of the sext of the s	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
3 Department	M Dracke Assets can produce a de-recognized (retired or disposed) savets report with specific details. The system tracks the full lifesycle of assets, including when assets are retired, sold, or otherwise de-recognized. Users can generate customized reports that provide details as as Asset Life at the on which the asset exceptions. A brief description of their descriptions of their descriptions of their asset the savet on which the asset was acquired. Experience Useful Life: The anticipated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Accumulated Depreciation: The total depreciation expense that has been recognized against the asset over its useful life. Net Book Value: The current value of the asset after accounting for depreciation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	lisee Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Date of purchase	M Ducke Assets can produce a de-recognized (retined or disposed) assets report with specific details. The system tracks the full lifecycle of assets, including when asset are retired, sold, or otherwise de-recognized. Users ein generate customized reports that provide dottails was asset like a metal. Asset Descriptions. A brief description of their description of their descriptions of their descriptions and their asset parameters than the same to the service of the seed. The description of their inclusivated duration the asset will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Accumulated Depreciation: The total depreciation expense that has been recognized against the asset over its useful life. Net Book Value: The current value of the asset after accounting for depreciation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
□ Expected useful life	M Oracle Assets ear produce a de-recognized (retired or disposed) assets pepert with specific details. The system tracks the full lifecycle of assets, including when asset are retured, with, or otherwise de-recognized. Users can generate customized reports that provide details were asset that A unique identifier for each asset Asset Description. A best of the asset Date of Purchase: The description of the first description of the left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Asset multiple descriptions of the left before the asset is expected to be retired or decommissioned. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Assemblated Depreciation: The total depreciation expense that has been recognized against the asset over its useful life. Net Book Value: The current value of the asset after accounting for depreciation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Shoets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

© Remaining useful life	as. Asset ID: A sanique identifial; for each asset. Asset Deet pianous of brid selectifusion of the asset. Is expected in the process of the sast and the sast over its suchal life. Not Book Value: The current value of the asset after accounting for depreciation. Besidual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its mehid life. The total depreciation expense that has been recognized by a sast after accounting for depreciation. Besidual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its mehid life.	re Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid abmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
□ Cost	is. Asset ID: A unique identifier for each asset. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset, Date department responsible for the asset, Date of Purchase: The date on which the asset was a contracted and the asset was a contracted. Accumulated Expected Court for the asset of the as	se Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical security of the Section A5 of Technical security of Bid abmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
3 Accumulated depreciation	is. Aset ID: A unique identifier for each aset. Aset Description: A brief description of the aset. Department: The specific department responsible for the asset, Date of Purchase; The date on which the asset was acquired. Expected Out Unfail Life: The annual of the interface of the aset. As a complained Department in the proper department in th	re: Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bia obmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of chairs. Proposal.
□ Net book value	is Asset ID: A unique identifier for each asset. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset, Date opportunent: The specific department responsible for the asset, Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the asset of the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the asset of the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact is capacited duration the specific department responsible for the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact is capacited duration the specific department responsible for the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact is capacited duration the specific department responsible for the asset Date of Purchase; The date on which the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was acquired Expected Useful Life: The amount of the sact was a	se Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecefications (Data Sheets) page of Bid abmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.

	□ Residual value	М	user will remain operational. Remaining Useful Life: The amount of time left before the asset is expected to be refired or decommissioned. Cost: The original purchase price of the asset. Accumulated Depreciation: The total depreciation expense that has been recognized against the asset over its useful life. Net Book Value: The current value of the asset after accounting for depreciation. Residual Value: The estimated value of the asset at the end of its useful life.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
75.	The asset transfer screen should have the following details: Asset ID	М	asset being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset, providing context and clarity regarding its nature and function. Department From: The department from which the asset is being transferred, ensuring proper documentation of the asset's previous location. Department To: The department receiving the asset, facilitating accountability and ensuring that all stakeholders are informed of the asset's new location. Date of Transfer: The specific date on which the transfer occurs, important for maintaining accurate records and for auditing purposes.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Oata Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	Asset description	M	the asset being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. Asset Description of the asset, providing context and clarity regarding its nature and function. Department From: The department from which the asset is being transferred, ensuring proper documentation of the asset services location. Date of Transfer: The specific date on which the ransfer occurs, important for maintaining accurate records and for auditing purposes.	See Oracle Rixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	□ Department from	M	The asset transfer screen in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the seamless movement of faced assets between departments while ensuring that all relevant details are captured for record-keeping and accountability. Asset Transfer Details Asset ID: A unique identifier for hea asset being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. Asset Descriptions of the asset, providing context and clearly regarding is nature and function. Department management asset is bring transferred, ensuring proper documentation of the asset's previous location. Department To: The department receiving the asset, facilitating accountability and ensuring that all stakeholders are informed of the asset's new location. Date of Transfer: The specific date on which the ransfer occurs, important for maintaining accurate records and for auditing purposes.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

	Department to	M	The asset transfer screen in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the seamless movement of fixed assets between departments while ensuring that all relevant details are captured for record-keeping and accountability. Asset Transfer Details Asset ID: A unique identifier for the asset being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset, providing context and clarity regarding its nature and function. Department From: The department from which the asset is being transferred, ensuring proper documentation of the asset previous location. Date of Transfer: The specific date on which the transfer occurs, important for maintaining accurate records and for auditing purposes.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
	Date of transfer	М	The asset transfer screen in Oracle Assets is designed to facilitate the scamless movement of fixed assets between departments while ensuring that all relevant details are captured for record-keeping and accountability. Asset Transfer Details Asset ID: A unique identifier for the asset being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. Asset Description: A brief description of the asset, providing context and clarity regarding its nature and function. Department From: The department from which the asset is being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. The department from the asset is being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management. The department from the asset is being transferred, allowing for precise tracking and management from which the asset is being transferred. The specific date on which the stransfer occurs, important for maintaining accurate records and for auditing purposes.	See Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
76.	the system should enable the approval of the fixed asset ansfer at different levels.	М	The Oracle Assets module allows for a structured approval process for fixed asset transfers, facilitating approvals at multiple levels within the organization. This functionality ensures that each transfer is reviewed and authorized by designated personnel or departments, adhering to the organization's internal control policies. By implementing a tiered approval system, the module enhances accountability and governance, allowing for more robust oversight of asset movements. This feature helps prevent unauthorized transfers and ensures that all relevant stakeholders are informed and involved in the decision-making process, ultimately leading to better management of the organizations's fixed assets.	See Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
77.	The system should maintain a fixed asset transfer history howing the departments to which it was transferred and the ates of transfer.	М	The Oncile Assets module maintains a comprehensive fixed asset transfers history, meticulously tracking each asset's movement across different departments. This functionality allows users to view detailed records of all transfers, including the specific departments involved and the corresponding dates of each transfer. By maintaining such a history, the system ensures transparency and accountability in asset management, enabling organizations to monitor asset utilization effectively. This feature also aids in compliance with internal policies and external regulations, as it provides a clear audit trail of asset movements, facilitating better decision-making regarding resource allocation and departmental responsibilities.	See Ornele Fixed Auste Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
78.	the system should have the ability to compare actual fixed seet expenditures versus budgeted amount comparisons.	М	The Oncle Assets module is designed to facilitate comprehensive financial oversight by allowing users to compare actual fixed asset expenditures against budgeted amounts. This functionality provides organizations with valuable insights into their asset acquisition and management processes, helping them to monitor spending and ensure alignment with financial plans. By comparing actual expenditures to budgeted figures, users can identify variances, assess the impact of spending decisions, and make informed adjustments to future budgets. This capability enhances fiscal discipline and accountability, enabling organizations to optimize their asset investment strategies while ensuring adherence to budgetary constraints.	Sec Oncile Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.

79.	The system should have the ability to export information to Excel.	M	facilitating tasks such as financial analysis, reporting, and budget forecasting. By exporting information to Excel, organizations can enhance collaboration among teams, share insights, and create customized reports tailored to their specific needs. This integration with Excel pate of the organization of the contract	see Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid bubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of Technical Proposal.
80.	The system should have the ability to extract reports by asset class/category.	М	lassifications, such as machinery, vehicles, or office equipment. By generating reports by asset class, users can gain valuable insights into asset utilization, depreciation trends, and financial performance across different categories. This targeted reporting enhances strategic Becision-making, supports budgetary planning, and aids in compliance with financial reporting standards by providing clear visibility into asset distribution and management practicular and against the support of the suppo	ice Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid hubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
81.	The system should allow the association of an asset with a responsible person, such as a custodian.	М	asset, ensuring that there is a specific individual tasked with its oversight and maintenance. By linking assets to custodians, the system not only improves tracking and reporting but also promotes better stewardship of resources. This capability fosters a culture of seponsibility, as custodians are directly accountable for the management and condition of the assets assigned to, then, thereby supporting effective governance and operational integrity.	sec Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical pecifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid ubminssion and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of rechnical Proposal.
82	The system should allow the attachment of an image to each asset.	М	facilitating easy identification and reference during audits or asset evaluations. By attaching images directly to the asset records, users can improve their asset tracking capabilities and enhance overall management efficiency. This visual integration supports better decisions in a making and helps ensure compliance with organizational policies regarding asset documentation and reporting. It is a support to the content of the content o	see Ornele Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical people people for the Aberta Sheets) page of Bid bubmission and Ornele Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.
83.	The system Should integrate with the MFI CBS and back office ERP system	М	The Oracle Assets module is designed to integrate scamlessly with the Microfinance Institution Core Banking System (MFI CBS) and back-office ERP systems through its robust API, facilitating a comprehensive approach to asset management within the broader organizational Famework. This integration allows for the automatic synchronization of asset data, ensuring that any changes of additions made in the asset management module are instantly reflected across both systems. By crashling real-time data, framework and the asset management module are instantly reflected across both systems. By canadising the asset tracking and asset tracking. Additionally, this capability ensures that all relevant stakeholders have access to consistent and up-to-date information, supporting better decision-making and sompliance with regulatory requirements. If the provided in the provided in the provided integrated in the provided integration of the provided integra	see Oracle Fixed Assets Section A4 of Technical peccifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid ubmission and Oracle Fixed Assets Section of echnical Proposal.

.3.2 Human Resources and Payroll Management			
No Requirement Description	riority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
.3.2.1 Employee Registration			
	М	The vendor will design and implement a centralized employee mater file within Oracle Human Resources to manage comprehensive employee details across the organization. The file will generate a mique limployee ID for each individual, common and smill principle of particular and positions in the manage of the property o	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
2. The system should allow both manual and auto generation of employee ID.	M	The vendor will ensure that the system accommodates both manual and automatic generation of employee IIDs within the centralized employee mater file in Oracle Human Resources. This dual approach provides flexibility in assigning imployee. IDs catering for different organizational needs and preferences. For manual generation, IRR administrators will have the shifty to input a custom employee. ID during the registration process. This formation is not organization that follow specific employee. ID during the registration process. This formation is not organization that follows specific explore its position of the control of the con	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
3. The name field should have an allowance of name, title and nick name.	М	The vendor will configure the employee registration process to include a name field with three components full name, title, and nickname. The name field captures the employee's legal name, title for formal correspondence, and nickname for personal preferences. This allows for a comprehensive and flexible approach to employee identification, ensuring professionalism in formal records and personalization in daily interactions.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

The pay scale and pay grade value should default to entry level of the position.	M	The vendor will configure the system to ensure that the pay scale and pay grade fields default to the entry-level value associated with the employee's position during registration. This feature will streamline the onboarding process and instructions are supported to the minimum or starting level assigned to that position. This automatically default he pays scale and pay grade to the minimum or starting level assigned to that position. This automatically default he pays asked and pay grade to the minimum or starting level assigned to that position. This automatic has been supported by the starting level assigned to the process and pay grade to the minimum or starting level assigned to the pays asked and pay grade to the minimum or starting level assigned to the pays asked and pay grade values, the system will support consistent application of compensation policies, speed up the registration process, and ensure that new employees are accurately assigned to their corresponding salary levels.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bit of Technical Management Section Bit of Technical Submission and Oata Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
The qualification field should allow for capture of multiple academic and professional qualifications such as award, awarding institute, date of award stc.	M	the vendor will configure a qualification field to record multiple academic and professional qualifications for each employee, ensuring comprehensive documentation of their educational and professional background. The system will include subficiles for award, awarding institute, date of award, and optional fields like qualification level, specialization, and grades. HR administrators will be able to add, edit, and update records as employees achieve new agualifications, current and relevant. This configuration will support career development, job assignments, and promotion decisions based on documented credentials, ensuring a comprehensive and organized record of employee qualifications.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bl of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should be able to capture the following multiple next of kin details: □ Relationship (user defined) □ Name □ Date of Birth □ Address	М	The vendor will configure the system to capture comprehensive next of kin information for each employee, ensuring accurate documentation for emergency contact or legal scenarios. The system will include a customizable field for capture relationship details, a full legal name, a date of birth, and a residential address for clear point of contact. Multiple next of kin records can be enterted, allowing employees to specify multiple contacts for emergency attentions. This streamlines management and provides HR with all necessary information, ensuring employees personal contacts are documented and accessable when needed.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bl of Technical Management Section Bl of Technical Submission and tata Sheets) page of Bld Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
7. The system should have the ability to link each staff to the location.	М	the vender will configure the system that links each employee to a specific location within the organization, enhancing motiforce management, reporting, and logistical planning. The system will capture location details for each warm sember, including effice or branch location, department and worksite, and country, region, or city. This will be manage resource allocation, attendance and time management, and entergency and crisis management. This feature will improve operational efficiency, optimize resource distribution, and support effective communication and coordination across geographically dispersed teams. The system will be particularly useful for global organizations with multiple operations.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

The system should facilitate users in identifying team, team work and work sociation.	M	The vendor will configure the system to help users identify their team, teamwork, and work location within an organization. This functionality is crucial for enhancing collaboration, transparency, and operational efficiency, especially in organizations with employees grouped into teams and operating from various locations. The system will grow the team structure, team name, project or tax assignment, and team collaboration tools. It will also a structure and the structure of the structure, team name, project or tax assignment, and team collaboration tools. It will also a structure, team name, project or tax assignment, and team collaboration tools, it will also display work and structure in the structure of the	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bl of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Management Section of Technical Proposal.
9. The system should have values that correspond to the following employee statuses. De Active employee (one in employment) \(\Begin{array}{c} \text{Suspended employee} \) \(\Begin{array}{c} \text{mactive employee} \) (due to death, resignation, Dismissal) \)	M	the vender plans to configure the system that categorizes comployees are included to the contribute to the organization with features like performance tracking and payord management. Supended employees are to the treation on payord, with documentation of reasons duration, and reinstatement procedures. Institute employees are to the treation on payord, with documentation of reasons, duration, and reinstatement procedures institute employees are too longer part of the organization due to resignation, dismissal, or death. The system will handle resignations, dismissals, and deaths, providing valuable feedback for organizational improvement. Implementing these employee statutes will improve reporting, compliance, and communication. It will also enhance the organization's ability to manage personnel effectively, supporting IRR processes and promoting a more organized approach to workforce management. The vendor's goal is to enhance the organization's ability to manage personnel effectively.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
10. The system should enable users to determine which fields are mandatory so as to compel entry.	М	The vendor will configure a system to enable users to identify mandatory fields for data entry, ensuring consistent and accurate data capture during employee registration and throughout their employment lifecycle. This feature is a metal for maintaining data integrity and examing compliance with organizational policies and reporting requirements. Mendatory fields will be clearly marked with visual indicators, such as asceriaks and color coding, and our provided provided the completed before users as short forms. Administrative users can early use maintains in a sixtuative users can early user forms. Administrative users can early users the complete the completed before the maintains in a sixtuative user can early user maintains of the control of the complete the complete data quality, are smilling processes, and enhanced user experience. By enabling users to determine standard or fields, the vendor will enhance the system's effectiveness, promoting user compliance with data entry requirements.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Sections (Section B1 of Technical Section Section B2 of Technical Section Section B2 of Technical Management Section of Technical Proposal.

Ability to upload information scanned or otherwise that form the employee file e.g. CV, passport snaps appointment letters, contracts, reference letters, medical reports, criminal records etc.	The vendor will implement a comprehensive document management feature within the system that allows users to upload and manage scanned or digital documents as part of an employee's file. This feature will include file upload rapshilities, supported formats, darga-and-drop functionality, and document categories. Users can upload CVs, passon photographs, appointment fetter, contracts, reference letters, moderal reports, and criminal records. The system will also inspirement stricts access and excepting rote-based access and excepting rote-based access and excepting rote-based cases and excepting rote-based access and excepting rote-based cases a	Sec Oracle Human Resources I Management Section Bl of Technical Section of Technical Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
12. The system should allow editing of employee information by authorized users.	Mexical contents a feature within the system that enables authorized users to edit employee information efficiently, ensuring accurate and up-to-date records. The system will use role-based access control mechanism to determine which users have the authority to odit employee information. Users will have specific perminsions, such as HB, personnell, managers, and administration, to edit all employee details. The system will also feature a user-friend interface, with intuitive navigation and inline editing. Change tracking and audit trails will be implemented to maintain accountability and transparency. The system will also implement validation rules and confirmation prompts to maner data integrity. A nonlinear will also frastrate amployee information has been edited, with automated emists and dashboard notifications. Ser training and support will be provided, including user manuals an workshops. The benefits of this feature include data accuracy, streamlined HR processes, and enhanced accountability. The vendor's implementation will enhance the system's effectiveness, ensuring consistent employee records and the latest information for effective HR management.	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid d Submission and Oracle Human Resources
The system should enable the approval of new employee information by an authorized user.	The vendor will implement a robust approval workflow feature within their system, ensuring the approval of new employee information by authorized users. This is crucial for maintaining data integrity and ensuring a structured review process before finalization. The vystem will use tole-based access counts mechanism to define who has authority to approve as employee information, ensuring that only designated personnel, such as IR minangers or department has a property of the	Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid

14. For changes on the employees' master file, it has to be approved by an authorized user.	The vendor will implement a comprehensive approval workflow for changes to employees inaster files, ensuring that all modifications are approved by authorized personnel to review and authorize modifications. Key coles may include IB. Managers, department heads, and sydem administrators. The sydem will facilitate a ancitated approval process, including change and the state of the state of the sydem will approve the state of the sydem will all provide a meritar data accuracy and integrity, enhance accountability and transparency, and force fractive collaborations the tween IB personnel and approvers. The sydem will also provide the though a provide a state accuracy and integrity, enhance accountability and transparency, and force fractive collaborations are thought and compliance documentation. The benefits of this workflow is understanding a securacy and reliability, enhancing accountability, and forceting effective communication. The vendor's implementation of this workflow will trengthen the system's functionality, ensuring that all modifications are thoroughly vetted and authorized by appropriate personnel before being finalized.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Management Section B1 of Technical Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
15. The system should enable the production of staff identification cards based on apput and verified information.	The vendor will implement a comprehensive feature within the system that enables the production of staff identification cards based on verified employee information from the employee master file. This feature ensures that all employees have official identification that reflects their current employment attas and relevant details. Key features include seamless integrations with the employee master file, customizable card designs, data verification mechanisms, a structured workflow for card production, excurity features like barreds or ON Codes, whereavailing signatures, and card reisson employeemater file, customizable card designs, data verification mechanisms, a structured workflow for card production, and structured workflow or card production and the card production and the card production and the card production of the card production in the card production of the card production and the card production of the card production will play a critical role in supporting the overall identity management strategy of the organization.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources begenent Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should be able to produce a report on employee information showing any combination of parameters captured at entry.	The vendor will implement a robust reporting feature that allows users to generate detailed reports on employee information. This feature is essential for HR departments to analyze, manage, and utilize employee data effectively. The system facility of the state of a user-friendly interface, filter options, multi-parameter selection, and visual reporting tools. Users can filter reports based on specific criteria, such as employee ID, name, department, position, employee type, status, that of birth, qualification, and state properties tools include chains that the state of the feature include explanationality, and marital status. The system also offers report exclusion options, including column selection, origing and grouping, and date rage filter. Visual reporting tools include chains that the state of the feature include enhanced decision-making improved data management, and stategic workforce planning. By implementing a flexible and powerful reporting feature, the vendor equips organizations with the secessary tools to manage employee data effectively, enhancing their ability to analyze workforce metrics, improve HR operations, and support strategic initiatives.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

17. The system should be able to generate staff age band report with the following details: Name Employee D Position Pay grade Department Gender Age band below 26 years Age band between 26 to 40 years Age band between 40 to 60 years Age above 60 years Age	M The vendor will implement a feature within the system that enables the generation of a comprehensive staff age baged in the provided valuable insights into the demographic distribution of employees by age. The report will include exeminal details for each employee, such as makes, employee flowing and the provided provided provided the provided valuable insights into the demographic distribution of employees by age. The report will be added the provided provided the provided provided the provided provided provided the provided provided provided the provided provi	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bl of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
18. The system should be able to generate a staff per grade report showing the following details: □ Name □ Employee ID □ Grade □ Department □ Period of employment □ Qualification	M. The vendor will develop a feature within the given that enables the generation of a comprehensive staff per grade report within their system, providing a detailed overview of employees categorized by their respective grades. The providing the providing the staff of the providing staff of the pr	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section BI of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
9 The system should be able to generate staff on probation report with the following details □ Name □ Employee ID □ Position □ Grade □ Department □ Number of months on Probation □ Assessment to date on Probation □ Confirmation due date □ Confirm/extension/termination of services	He vendor will implement a feature within the system to facilitate the generation of a staff on probation report to track and evaluate employees under probationary periods. The report will be dismostled that the probation of the probation period to date on probation period. Users can filter and sort the report based on specific criteria, such as department or confirmation due date, and confirmation due states, providing real-time updates and tracking probation period. Users can filter and sort the report based on specific criteria, such as department or confirmation due date. Visual representations of data, such as the properties of the report updates and tracking probation period. Users can filter and sort the report based on specific criteria, such as department or confirmation due date. Visual representations of data, such as department or confirmation due date. Visual representations are applied to the report update of the properties of the report include performance management, informed decision-making, and strategic workforce planning. The vendor's implementation of this feature will enhance the arganization's ability to manage and evaluate probationary employees effectively, contributing to the overall efficiency of the workforce management process and fostering a more productive and balanced work environment.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section Bl of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

20. The system should be able to generate a staff retirement report with the	M The vendor will implement a feature within the system to generate a staff retirement report, providing a comprehensive overview of employees nearing retirement. This report will be a crucial tool for human resources and	See Oracle Human Resources
20. The system should be able to generate a staff retirement report with the following details: D Name Position Grade Date joined Time of errive: Five-year notice Three-year notice One-year notice Six shouths' notice Last working day reminder	The vendor will implement a feature within the system to generate a staff retirement report, providing a comprehensive overview of employees nearing retirement. This report will be a crucial tool for human resources and management, enabling planning for staff transitions and ensuring proper protocols are followed. The report will also have a same, position, grade, date joined, time of service, and retirement notice periods, it will also feature a last wixing day reminder for each employee, serving multiple purposes, such as planned in transitions and notifying IRT. The report will pull date dynamically from the employee management database, providing real-time updates, filtering and sorting options, and visual representations. The report will also have export and distribution expabilities, including saving the report in various formats, email functionality, and scheduled reporting. This real-time updates, filtering and sorting options, and visual representations. The report will also have export and distribution expabilities, including saving the report in various formats, email functionality, and scheduled reporting the vertice of the report include practice workforce planning, interpretations, and stream-limit transitions processes. The detailed information in the report is upported a structured approach to managing retirement, facilitating smoother handovers and maintaining organizational continuity. Implementing this capability will significantly enhance the organizations. Ability to manage employee transitions effectively, contributing to a more strategic approach to managing the overall human resources lifecycle.	Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid

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2.3.	3.2.2 Payroll Processing							
No	Requirement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document				
1.	The system should enable the capture of all payments and deductions that relate to payroll including but not limited to the following: Basic pay Overtime pay Housing allowance Leave grant allowance Shift allowance Pringe allowance Pension contribution Personal tax Personal loan recovery	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to capture all payments and deductions related to psyroll, including basic pay, overtime pay, housing allowance, shall a	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.				
2.	The system should enable user to define standard rate for payment and deduction for employees.	M	The Vendor (Countribuse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable users to define standard rates for payments and educations for complete the organization, consumer accuracy and compliance in payroll processing. By providing this flexibility, the system will enhance payroll management and simplify adjustments to employee compensation as needed.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.				
3.	The system should enable attachment of rates to different pay grade.	М	the Vendor (Countenance) will configure Oracle Thyroll to enable the attachment of nate to different pay grades. This functionality will allow for indirect compensation structures have on specific pay grades, committee that employees receive appropriate remuneration aligned with their roles and responsibilities. By facilitating this customization, the system will enhance sayroll management and ensure consistency in compensation practices across the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.				
	The system should enable the attachment of rates to positions and employee types.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable the attachment of rates to specific positions and employee types. This functionality will allow for customized compensation structures that reflect the unique responsibilities and requirements of each position, as well as the structures that reflect the unique responsibilities and requirements of each position, as well as the structure of the responsibilities. By supporting this level of detail, the system will enhance payroll management, ensure equitable pay practices, and facilitate accurate payroll processing across the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.				
5.	The system should be capable of performing calculations to derive some payments and deductions and totals.	M	The Vendor (Counterhous) will configure Oracle Payroll to perform calculations necessary to derive various payments, deductions, and totals. This capability will ensure that the system can accurately compute employee compensation and liabilities, including overtime pay, its deductions, allowances, and other related figures. By automating these calculations, the system will enhance payroll efficiency, reduce the risk of errors, and provide reliable financial data for reporting and analysis.	see Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.				

6. The system should be able to pull overtime hours from time sheets for calculation of overtime pay.		The Marie Constitution William Cont. Bond Lond Constitution Constitution	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data
	M	noces by automating the data extraction from timesheet, enuring accurate tracking of overtime worked. By integrating this feature, the system will enhance payroll efficiency, reduce named data entry errors, and provide reliable calculations for employee compensation.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
7. The system should be able to pull absence information for incorporation into deductions for absence.	M	the Ventor (Counterbane) will configure Oracle Payall to counter essential employee pension while considered in compensation calculations. By automating this process, the system will enhance payroll accuracy and efficiency, ensuring that all elevant absence data is considered in compensation calculations. By automating this process, the system will enhance payroll accuracy and efficiency, ensuring that all elevant absence data is considered in compensation calculations.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specification
8. The system should be able to capture the following employee peasion details: □ Company Name □ Payroll Name □ Employee D□ □ Employee Name □ Employee Contribution □ Company Contribution □ Total Contribution □ Sub totals □ Total Employees □ Grand Total	374 A	the complete and supporting effective pension management and financial planning.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
9. The system should have the ability to define and set payroll calculation formulas.	M	the Vendor (Counterbone) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable simulations of naviol calculations based on period conjugations are accurately computed. By enabling this flexibility, the system will inhance payroll processing efficiency and accommodate changes in compensation structures or regulations as needed.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data
10. The system should enable simulation of the payroll per employee, department, region and the whole organization.	M	the Vendor (Country) will configure Oracle Payrola the cable simulations for layered latent the financial impact of various companions and the entire organization. This unctionality will allow for severe many configurations are allowed to the configuration of t	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.

11. They systems should have the provision to amend any payroll data by an authorized user before running of the payroll.	M	the Verdor (counterinese) will configure Oracle Psycult to include provisions that allow anthorized news to an early appell data before the payoff is processed. This functionality will marre that any necessary adjustments can be an add to a controlled manner, enhancing data accuracy and integrity. By allowing authorized modifications prior to running payroll, the system will facilitate more reliable payroll processing and help minimize errors in employee compensation.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
12. The system should enable users to run payment processing in one operation.	M	the Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable users to run payment processing in a single operation. This functionality will streamline the payroll process, allowing for flicient execution of all payment tasts—such as salary disbusements, bonases, and deductions—in one go. By simplifying payment processing, the system will enhance efficiency and educe the administrative burden on payroll personnel, enuring timely and accurate compensation for employees.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
13. The system should enable running of pay roll per department, region, and other user defined criteria.	М	he Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable the running of payroll based on department, region, and other user-defined criteria. This functionality will provide lexibility in payroll processing, allowing organizations to tailor payroll runs according to specific needs. By facilitating this level of customization, the system will enhance efficiency at name that payroll is accurately aligned with organizational structure and requirements.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data obheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
14. Upon running of the payroll operation, the system should be able to generate net pay per employee based on applicable payments and deductions.	M	he Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate net pay for each employee upon maning the payroll operation, based on applicable payments and deductions. This unctionality will ensure accurate calculations of total compensation, considering all relevant payments and deductions for each employee. By automating this process, the system will nhance payroll accuracy and efficiency, providing clear visibility into employee earnings for reporting and analysis.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
15. The system should enable the approval of payroll at different levels through workflow. 16. The system should be able to generate a payroll statement showing net pay per employee.	М	he Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable the approval of payroll at different levels through a structured workflow. This functionality will facilitate a multi-tiere, proval process, ensuring that payroll data is reviewed and authorized by the appropriate stakeholders before finalization. By implementing this workflow, the system will enhance ecountability, improve compliance, and reduce the risk of errors in payroll processing.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal. See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data

17. The system should be able to generate, print and email an employee payment statement, aggregating employees per payment bank, showing the following: Employee number Employee name Bank account Net pay	M	he Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate, print, and email employee payment Matements aggregated by payment bank. These statements will include employee	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data
bank, showing the following: Employee number Employee name Bank account Net pay		number, employee name, bank account, and net pay. This functionally will enhance communication with employees and provide clear visibility into their compensation while improving efficiency and accuracy in payroll reporting.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
18. The system should be able to generate employee pay slip showing: Employee number Employee name Department	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate employee pay slips that include employee number, employee name, department, all payments, all deductions, net	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data
18. [The system should be able to generate employee pay slip showing: Employee number Employee name Department All Payments All deduction Net pay Month of payment Financial year		pay, month of payment, and financial year. This functionally will provide employees with comprehensive pay slips, enhancing transparency and improving communication about their compensation while enuming payroll accuracy.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
			l
Page 19 Page 19 Page 20 Page	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to auto-identify errors during payroll processing and enable corrections before finalizing payroll. This functionality will enhance the accuracy and reliability of payroll calculations by allowing users to address discrepancies in real-time. By implementing this feature, the system will minimize the risk of errors,	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of
		improve compliance, and ensure that all payroll data is accurate before it is processed.	Technical Proposal.
20. The system should have the ability to process multiple payrolls.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to process multiple payrolls. This functionality will allow the organization to manage different payroll cycles concurrently, such as monthly, bi-weekly, or weekly payrolls. By enabling the processing of multiple payrolls, the system will enhance flexibility and efficiency in payroll management, ensuring timely and	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of
		accurate compensation for all employees across various payroll schedules.	Technical Proposal.
 The system should have the ability to run payroll anytime during the pay period, and consider the information as per the cut-off date. 	f M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to allow for payroll processing at any time during the pay period while considering the information as of the designated cut-off date. This functionality will provide flexibility in payroll management, enabling timely adjustments and calculations based on the most current data. By accommodating various processin	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
		time, the system will ensure that payroll reflects accurate and up-to-date information for employee compensation.	Technical Proposal.
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22. The system should enable the definition of payroll cut-off dates for processing.	M	File Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable the definition of payroll cut-off dates for processing. This functionality will allow the organization to set specific dates that determine which data will be included in payroll calculations for a given pay period. By defining out-off dates, the system will enhance payroll accuracy and ensure that all relevant	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of
		that determine which data will be included in payroll calculations for a given pay period. By defining out-off dates, the system will enhance payroll accuracy and ensure that all relevant information is accounted for before payroll processing, leading to more reliable compensation outcomes.	Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
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23.	The system should have the ability to calculate the overtime pays as per the pre-defined hourly rate.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to calculate overtime pay based on predefined boardy rates. This functionality will ensure that employees receive accurate compensation for overtime how noted, according to the established pay structure. By automating this calculation, the system will enhance payroll efficiency and accuracy, ensuring compliance with labor regulations regarding overtime pay.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
	The system should enable users to view monthly payroll accounting entries before posting into general ledger.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable users to view monthly payroll accounting entries before they are posted into the General Ledger. This functionality will movide an opportunity for review and verification of payroll data, ensuring accuracy and compliance prior to final posting. By allowing this oversight, the system will enhance financial countries and reduce the risk of errors in financial reporting.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
25.	The system must be able to indicate the employees who are active on the payroll and employees who are inactive and on the pension payroll i.e. the system must be able to maintain the same data for pensioners only that they will not be on the active payroll.	M	the Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to differentiate between active employees and tinetive employees on the pension payroll. The system will maintain data for both croups, ensuring that pensioner are tracked sparately from active payroll employees. This functionality will enhance payroll management by providing clear visibility into employee status while ensuring accurate record-keeping for pensioners without impacting the active payroll processing.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
26.	The system should enable users to post payroll entries into the general ledger.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable users to post payroll entries into the General Ledger. This functionality will facilitate the integration of payroll data with the organization's financial records, ensuring accurate tracking of payroll expenses and liabilities. By allowing users to post payroll entries directly, the system will enhance efficiency, improve financial reporting, and support compliance with accounting standards.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
27.	Any reversal to any mistake or adjustment should be done on the payroll module then transferred it to the GL.	M	the Yeador (Counterhous) will configure Oracle Payroll to ensure that any reversals or adjustments to payroll errors are made directly within the payroll module before being transferred to the General Ledger (GL). This functionality will maintain the integrity of payroll data and allow for accurate tracking of adjustments. By processing corrections within the payroll module first, the system will ensure that the GL reflects accurate payroll information, enhancing financial reporting and compliance.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
28.	The system should support payment by Cash, cheques and EFT.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to support payment methods including cash, cheques, and electronic funds transfer (EFT). This functionality will provide electronic funds transfer (EFT) and the content of the composition of the system of the content of the composition of the content	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.

29. The system should be capable of integrating the payroll module with the available banking systems to enable electronic transfers.	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to integrate with existing banking systems to facilitate electronic transfers. This functionality will enable seamless propagation and a electronic funds transfers (EFT), improving efficiency and accuracy in disbursing employee salaries. By ensuring integration with banking systems, the pay will enhance the overall payroll process, allowing for timely payments while minimizing manual interventions.	scessing of See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data roll module Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
30. User should with ease generate bank transfer statements off the system.	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to allow users to easily generate bank transfer statements from the system. This functionality will streamline the procedurating detailed statements for electronic fund transfers, improving transparency and facilitating reconciliation with banking records. By automating this task, the system will efficiency and ensure that users have quick access to accurate bank transfer information.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data chance Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
31. The system should enable the option to post transactions to the General Ledger in details or in summary.	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to provide the option to post transactions to the General Ledger (GL) either in detail or in summary. This functionalist leability in financial reporting, allowing users to choose the level of detail that best meets their needs. By enabling both detailed and summarized postings, the system will exporting capabilities and improve overall financial management within the organization.	y will offer See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data shance Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
32. [The system should have the ability to enable auto posting of payroll transactions to the General ledger.	1 The Yeador (Countribuse) will configure Oracle Payroll to enable the automatic posting of payroll transactions to the General Ledger (GL). This functionality will streamline process by Johnstiang the need for manual entries, easing that payroll data is accurately and efficiently transferred to the GL in real time. By automating this process, the general entries accuracy, reduce administrative workload, and improve overall financial reporting.	the payoffl. See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data ystem will Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
33. The system should have the ability to apply and maintain the following security and audit controls: Audit log of all changes Transaction audit trail Time and attendance	1 The Yendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to implement security and audit controls, including an audit log of all changes, a transaction audit trail, and time and tracking. These features will enhance data integrity, ensure compliance, and build confidence in payroll processes.	lattendance See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
34. The system should be able to generate employee payroll report that includes all the pay details such as □ Employee number □ Name □ Employee Type □ Position □ Department □ Branch □ Pay group □ Pay grade □ Basic pay □ Net pay □ Deductions	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate detailed employee payroll reports that include essential information such as employee number, name, employeen the continuous payroll, the payroll	pluyec type. See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheet) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.

35. The system should have the ability to generate a report summing up all payments and deductions per employee/department/branch and for the whole organization.	M	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate reports that summarize all payments and deductions for each employee, department, branch, and the entire	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data
		ugenization. This capability will enhance financial visibility and facilitate effective analysis of payroll expenses across various levels within the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
36. The system should be able to generate a report on staff costs per period.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate reports on staff costs for each reporting period. This functionality will provide insights into total personnel expenses, anabling effective budget management and financial analysis within the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
37. The system should be able to generate a report on annual staff costs.	М	The Vendor (Counterbouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate reports on annual staff coass. This functionality will provide a comprehensive overview of total personnel expenses ov the year, aiding in budget planning, financial analysis, and strategic decision-making within the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
38. The system should be able to generate a pension report with the following details: □ Company Name □ Payroll Name □ Employee Name □ Employee Name □ Employee Contribution □ Company Contribution □ Total Contribution □ Sub totals □ Total Employees □ Grand Total	М	The Vendor (Counterhous) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate pension reports that detail company name, payroll name, employee 10, employee name, contributions (employee and company), total contributions, subtotals, total employees, and grand total. This feature will facilitate effective management and analysis of pension contributions within the organization.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
39. The system should be able to generate user defined reports such as Payroll control report, monthly payroll register analysis, eash/cheque/bank payment analysis etc.	М	The Vendor (Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to generate user-defined reports, including payroll country leports, monthly payroll register analyses, and cash, cheque, and bank nayment analyses. This functionality will enhance reporting flexibility, allowing users to tailor reports to meet specific organizational needs and improve financial oversight.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
40. The system should cater for the deduction of statutory taxes like Pay As You Earn (PAYE) tax	М	The Vendor (Counterbouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to accommodate the deduction of statutory taxes, such as Pay As You Earn (PAYE) tax. This functionality will ensure compliance with tax regulations and facilitate accurate withholding of taxes from employee salaries, supporting the organization's financial and legal obligations.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.
41. The system should cater for the automation and generation of PAYE reports on a monthly	М	The Vendor Counterhouse) will configure Oracle Payroll to automate the generation of PAYE (Pay As You Earn) reports on a monthly basis. This functionality will streamline compliance with tax regulations, ensuring timely and accurate reporting of tax deductions for employees while reducing manual efforts in payroll processing.	See Oracle Payroll Section B2 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Payroll Section of Technical Proposal.

3.2.3 Employee Performance Management			
Requirement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
The system should provision for the creation of Performance Periods a gainst which KRAs for employees should be set.	М	The vendor will implement a feature within Oracle Performance Management that allows the creation of Performance Periods, a structured framework for setting Key Result Areas (KRAs) for impleyees. These periods are preferentiated intervals for performance evaluations, ensuring consistency and a systematic approach. The feature allows users to configure the Performance Periods incording to their organization sucks, including start and endates and descriptive names. It is given will be inked to the establishment of KRAs, ensuring alignment with organizational goals, the system will also enable monitoring of progress against KRAs. Encillating organizations between enableyees an amangers. Only another the progress of the periods of the control of the periods of the	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technica Proposal.
The system should enable the definition of Specific Measurable Achievable Realistic Time bound (SMART) Goals or Key Result Areas (KRA).	M	The vendor will implement a feature within Oracle Performance Management that allows the definition of Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, and Time-bound (SMART) Goals or Key Reali Areas (KRAs). This feature is central for exting clear performance expectations that align with organizational objectives and castering engaged contributions are effectively measured and valuated. The VMART framework will be integrated into the system, allowing users to define goals that are specified and castering the system of the property of the p	See Omcle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technics Proposal.

The system should allow an employee to set weighted GOALS for a given performance period, whose total weight is validated to sum up to 100%.	M	The vendor will implement a feature within Oracle Performance Management that allows employees to set weighted goals for specific performance periods. This feature will enhance the goal-ceiling process by allowing employees to prioritize their objectives based on their importance and contribution to overall performance. The system will feature an infutive interface with impulsive processors of the process	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should allow an employee to review and save the KRAs if they are not ready to submit them to their line manager for approval.	M	The vendor will implement a feature within Oracle Performance Management that allows employees to review and save their Key Result Areas (RRAs) without submitting them for approval. This feature is designed to improve user experience and encourage careful consideration of performance objectives before final submission. The system will provide an intuitive interface for creating, editing, and reviewing RRAs, with a structured format for entering KRAs. A dedicated 'Review' section will allow employees to revisit their entires before making a final decision. The 'Save as Draft' Feature will allow employees to save their RRAs without submitting them for approval, will temporary storage and version control. Notification features will needed remarked allows a strength of the revision of the strength of the revision of the same and the strength of the revision of the strength of the revision of the same and t	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
5. The system should enable an employee to SUBMIT their KRAs for review and approval to the line managers.	M	The vendor will implement a robust functionality within Oracle Performance Management that allows employees to submit their Key Result Areas (KRA) for review and approval. This feature is circuial for aligning performance objectives with organizational goals and ensuring management oversight. The system will provide a clear and intuitive interface for employees to submit their RRA, including a review summary and a submission button. A confirmation sheep will be included to prevent accidental submissions. The KRA will be automatically rounded to line managers for review, with automatic notifications and access to previous drafts. Line managers will have a comprehensive interface to evaluate the KRA, with feedback options for managers for provide resoluce. The approval process will allow line managers for approval process will allow line managers for provide resoluced. The approval process will allow the managers to provide resoluced to the part of the part of the provide provide and the part of the provide provide and the part of the part of the provide provide and the part of the part of the provide provide and the part of the part of the provide provide and the part of the p	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.

6. The system should send reminder notifications and alerts for KRAs that are pending submission to the line managers.	M	the vector will implement a comprehensive motification system within Gracle Perform size. Management to counter timely administrate the Areas (RRAs) by employees, the system will target reministers based on predictined timelines leading up to the submission addition, while the statement will be sent through various channels, including email alors, in up notifications, and personalized reminder content. The system will also notify line managers of any pending whomissions, allowing them to follow up with employees directly. Managers can increase a summary report detailing all pending RRAs adminstons from their team, enabling them to monitor compliance and support employees as needed. The system will be user-friendly, with a lidelicated section within the dashboard displaying all pending motifications. Employees can acknowledge reminders, enhancing user experience and tracking engagement. The benefits of this outem include timely action, enhanced accountability, improved communication, and a culture of continuous improvement within the organization.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
7. The systems should have a report of employees with KRAs that have not yet been submitted to line managers for a particular performance period.	М	the veodor will implements reporting feature within Oncice Performance Management that allows administration and managers to generate a report detailing employees with Key Realit Aces (ERA) that have not yet been administed for agency experience of the property of the result of the results of receiving the methyl of the results of the	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
8. The system should send email alerts and notifications to the line namager whenever an employee/subordinate submits KRAs for review.	M	he vesdor will implement a robust email stern and notification system withis Oracle Performance Management as notify line managem of an employee's obtaination of Net Real I Areas (RRA). This feature is crucial for maintaining an efficient performance management process and facilitating imply feedback. The system will generic and early to line managers, can configure their notification preferences, and its management and the provides details, submission date, performance period, and KRA overview. It will also provide a direct link to the Performance Management system, allowing easy access. Management as configure their notification preferences, such as frequently of a letter and email settings. The system can also integrate with calendar implications to set reminders for pending RRA eviews. As the review deadline approaches, additional alerts will be sent to ensure that critical evaluations are not overlooked. The system will also maintain a log of all notifications sent to line managers regarding KRA submissions, providing transparency and accountability. The benefits of this feature included timely feedback, improved communication, enhanced workflow efficiency, and increased accountability. This integration will significantly enhance the effectiveness of the Oracle Performance Management system, impowering line managers to engage preactively with their teams and contribute to improved organizational outcomes.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.

The system should alert the employee whenever the line manager reviews and approves the KRAs	М	The vector will implements a robust slort system within Oxecle Performance Management designed to notify compleyes of their Key Result Areas (KEAs) approachs. This will improve engagement, immunication, and streamline the performance management process. The system will general conficients instantly, providing employees with elect rapidates on their performance to the process of	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
10 The system should allow the line manager to revert/reverse the KRAs with comments for corrections and further instructions to their subordinate prior to approval.	М	the vector will develop a feature within the Oncole Performance Management system that allows line managers to reverte or reverse Key Result Areas (KEA) submitted by their submotinates. This victor is consisted for closuring performance expectations are clearly defined and aligned with organizational poals. The system will allow managers to provide detailed feedback and interactions for supprovements, guiding employees on how to refine their submissions. The process begins when a subordinate submits their KEAs for review, and if necessary, the system will initiate the revert success. This not only enhances the quality of KEAs but also encourages ongoing dialogue between employees and managers, fostering a culture of collaboration and continuous improvement.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
11 The system should alert the employee once their line manager reverses the KRAs for further editing prior to final submission.	М	The vendor will implement an alert feature within the Oracle Performance Management tays tends that policy employees when their line manager reverses their admitted Key Result Areas (KRA) for further deliting. This feature is into consumption and contract an environment of continuous improvement in the performance management process. The alert will be sent through multiple channels, including email and in-app notifications, and provide a direct link to the relevant section of the Oracle Performance Management platform. The system encourages employees to excise their line managers comments, enhancing the quality of their KRAs and alligning with organizational objectives. This feature will improve the overall performance management experience and foster a culture of open communication and continuous development.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
12 [The system should allow the employee to review the line-manager's comments once the KRAs have been approved.	М	the vendor will implement a feature within the Oracle Performance Management system that enables employees to review their time manager's comments after their Key Revail Areas (RRAs) have been approved. This enhances transparency and understanding of the performance evaluation process. Employees can access the comments provided by their managers, which can provide insights into the rationale behind the approval and any feedback that may influence their future performance. The system will also allow employees to acknowledge the comments, fostering accountability and encouraging them to take the feedback into consideration. This feature promotes open communication and continuous improvement within the organization, enhancing individual accountability and overall performance management.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
13 The system should show a graph of KRA completion status per department for management and HR to follow up.	M	the vector will develop a perphical representation feature within the Oracle Performance Management system that displays the completion status of Key Result Areas (REAs) per department. This tool will bely management and IR ceans monitor performance, facilitate strategic decision-making, and provide a clear overview of progress. The system will also allow users to full down into specific departments for detailed analysis, identifying departments or individuals needing additional support. The feature will also allow filtering options to track progress over different performance periods or time frames. The graphical representation will enhance monitoring capabilities, promote accountability, and align with organizational objectives.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.

14 The system should allow for the final employee performance rating to be captured for that performance period after the review of the KRAs by management.	М	The veodor will implement a functionality within the Oracle Performance Management a piece that allow s line managers to input final employee performance ratings after a brough review of Keg Rewill Areas (RRA). This feature will ensure that trings are accounted by reflected in employee records and promote accountability. Line managers will be required to provide justices promoting employee understanding and highlighting strengths. The system will also allow IR to review and validate the ratings, ensuring they align with company policies and standards. The feature will automatically update the employee's performance record, reflecting in various reports for future evaluations, promotions, or professional development discussions. The vendor will integrate the feature with other functionalities to foster transparency and encourage active engagement.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
15 The system should render a report of performance Trend for smployees over the past performance periods.	М	the vendor will implement a comprohensive reporting feature within the Oracle Performance Management system, allowing management and IRI to analyze employee performance over time. The feature wildshapla key performance (KPIs) for each employee, allowing makeholders to visualize performance under the property of the p	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
16 The system should capture the following header information for Performance Periods II = Priod ID = Period Name IP Period Start Date ID Period End Date ID Record Created By ID Record Creation Date ID Record Updated By ID Record Update Date ID Record Updated By ID Record Update Date	М	The vendor will develop a feature within the Oracle Performance Management system to effectively explure exemital beapter information for each Performance Period. This will ensure accurate organization and accessability of performance data, facilitating streamlined processes. The system will allow users to input a unique Period U.P. rentod Name, and Period Start and End Date fields, disfining the duration of each period. The Record Created By field and Record Creation Date will provide accountability and traceability. The system will also enable users to update existing records, promoting transparency and accountability. This systemanic approach will enhance the Oracle Performance Management system's capabilities, facilitating better tracking of performance trends, accurate reporting, and effective performance evaluation processes.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.
17 The System should capture the following fields on an individual KRA setting: □ Transaction ID □ Period ID □ Employee ID □ KRA ID □ KRA Weight □ KRA Score □ KRA Employee Comments □ Line Manager Comments □ KRA setting Date □ KRA performance entry date □ KRA Submission Date − for approval □ KRA Approval Date □ KRA Review Date □ KRA Creation Date	М	The vendor will implement a detailed feature within the Orecle Performance Management oyatem that will truck employee to Mend NEAS witting, listing it to its respective Performance Period. The Imployee ID field will udently the employee to whom the KRA pertains, and each KRA with the unsociated with a specific KRA ID. The KRA Weight field will capture the importance of each KRA in relation to the overall performance evaluation. The KRA Score field will document the unstall performance rating assigned to the employee based on their KRA achievement. The KRA Employee Commiss field will allow employees to provide feedback on their performance. The Line Manager ID field will maintain accountability in the performance management process. The system will also capture the KRA Setting Date, Performance Entry Date, Submission Date, Approval Date, Review Date, and Creation Date fields. This will enhance the system's ability to track employee performance comprehensively.	See Oracle Performance Management Section B5 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Performance Management Section of Technical Proposal.

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2.3.2.4 Leave Management			
No Requirement Description	Priority	Detailed Response	Cross Reference in Brochure/Document
 The system should create leave calendars in the system against which an employee can take leave. 	М	The vendor will develop a feature within the Ozacle Human Resources Leave Management module that will enable the creation of leave calendars. This will help employees manage their leave entitlements and schedules deficiently, aliquing with organizational policies and operational needs. The system will allow for different timeframes, capture specific details, define leave types, and incorporate public and urganizational holidays. Employees can view their leave balances directly on the calendar, preventing over-commitment and improving leave plasming. The vendor will also provide robust reporting capabilities, allowing HR and management to generate reports on leave utilization trends and potential staffing impacts. The feature will also include automated notifications and reminders, encouraging imployees to use their leave entitlements and maintain a healthy work-life balance.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
 The system should record all annual public holidays, as they would be needed during leave days ad culations. 	М	The vender will enhance the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module by implementing a feature that recorded a named public holidays. This will help-HR administrators accentrely extended and comply with organizational policies. The space will enterprise helidays into statutory, observed, and floating helidady, centiting elegency policies. Recorded public holidays will be bonded as will be provided by the minomatically integrated into the leave calendar, allowing employees to plan their leave requests more effectively. The system will also exclude public holidays from the calendation of leave days, preventing integrated into the leave calendar, allowing employees to plan their leave requests more effectively. The system will also growing employees to plan their leave requests more effectively. The system will also provide detailed reports on public holidays' impact on leave balances and usage, enabling informed staffing and resource allocation decisions.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
 The system should have definition of feave days per employee grade as defined by the HR manual. 	М	The veeder will develop a feature within the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module that defines leave days based on employee grades, aligning with HIR policies. This feature will allow HIR minimizartors to configure specific leave day estiliations to cache employee grades, understanding section of the specific serve day estiliation and indigingly leave entitlements for each grade, reducing administrative errors and ensuring compiliance with HIR manuals. The system will also facilitate management of changes to employee grades, updating entitlements based on new grade infinitions. Additionally, the vendor will implement reporting capabilities to analyze leave patterns and ensure organizational policies are being adhered to. This feature will enhance employee satisfaction and support adherence to policies.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
 The system should automatically credit all employees with attained leave days on a monthly. 	М	the vendor will implement an automated feature in the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module that will credit employees with their accrued leave days monthly. This feature will ensure amployees receive their leave benefits consistently and transparently, in line with the organization's leave policy to system will calculate and allocated leave days based on defined entitlements for each employee grade, considering factors like employee; grade, tenure, and part-time vs. full-time status. Monthly notifications will be generated for employees, and a detailed audit trail will be maintained to monitor leave utilization patterns. HR administrators can adjust leave entitlements or accrual rates as needed, ensuring the system remains aligned with the organization's objectives and regulations.	Sec Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

5. The system should have dynamic types of feave definitions. G Annual leve: Maternity leave graternity leave G Compassionate leave G Other types of leave as they may apply	М	The vector will implement a dynamic leave definition feature within its Human Resources Leave Management module. This returns allow all the distriction to set attained duritions for each feet between the engineering and the a customized application provides. It will all be little documentation requirements, carry-ever policies, and generate reports based on different leave type, edine will also integrate with employee profiles, causing employees have a clear inderstanding of their leave balances and can neffectively manage their time off. This feature will enhance the flexibility and responsiveness of the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module, contributing to improved employee satisfaction and engagement.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
The system should allow employees to request for cave, online, with recording the following	М	the vendor will implement an online leave request feature within its Human Resources Leave Management module. This feature will allow employees to submit leave request shrough a user-friendly interface, committing accurate and efficient information depress. Key details need to leave, and relate of date, and diration. Employees can also provide a resour for their leave request supporting decuments, provide contact information during leave, and schooledge company policies. The feature will also generate notifications for review and approval, keeping employees interned about the status of their request. The vendors move will agminisarily improve the efficiency of leave management, enhancing transparency, improved communication, and foatering a positive workplace culture. The feature will be implemented within the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
7. The system should exclude public holidays from requested leave days.	М	the vendor will casure that the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module will automatically exclude public holidays from total leave days requested by employees. This feature ensures accurate leave calculations and compliance with labor regulations. The system will maintain a comprehensive database of annual public holidays, automatically consectedness and datas in leave requests, and provide real-stime feedback on the total number of leave days requested. The system will motify employees of any excluded holidays during the leave request process, promoting awareness of leave sylicies. Reporting capabilities will allow HR to analyze leave trends and comply with leave policies. This feature will improve leave management accuracy, employee satisfaction, and adherence to labor regulations.	See Oracle Hurran Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hurran Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
 The system should allow an employee to submit the leave request for approval. 	М	the vendor will implement a robust leave request submission feature within the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management modale, enabling employees to submit their leave requests for approval, casumity charity and communication between employees and their line manager. The system will provide a user-frenditrate, allowing employees to enter all necessary details, including the type of leave, start and dates, duration, reason for leave, and supporting documents. The system will also initiate an approval workflow, sending automated notifications to both employees and line managers. Employees car track their leave requests, while line managers can add comments or feedback. The system will also integrate with leave balances, ensuring accurate leave tracking and preventing oversue of leave antitlements. The system will also maintain an audit trail for all leave requests.	See Oracle Hurran Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Hurran Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

9. The system should alert the employee's line manager about a leave request that has been submitted for approval.	М	the vender will implement a notification system within the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module to nully line managers of employee leave requests. The system will generate real-time flerts, seed notifications through multiple channels, and provide clear and informative messages about the request. Line managers will have direct access to the request decision-thaking. The system will track notifications, ensuring accountability and monitoring approval workflow efficiency. Customization options allow line managers to manage notifications based on their styles and workfloads. The system can also integrate with calendar features, allowing managers to view requested leave dates in their calendars. This proactive communication will improve leave management efficiency and ensure timely approvals.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
10 The system should alert the employee whenever a leave request is approved/rejected.	М	the vender will implement a notification feature within its Human Resources Leave Management module, allowing employees to be notified of their leave requests approval or rejection. This feature simply to communication between employees and management, providing clear information on leave statues and prompting employees to be informed of decisions. The system will generate real-time alerts, end notifications through multiple channels, and provide detailed information about the request's status, type, requested dates, and any comments or reasons. Employees can also access the request history, follow-up actions, and track notifications for HR insights. The feature also allows employees to customize their, on ortification preferences, such as receiving alerts via SMS or email. This proactive communication fosters a transparent workplace culture and promotes efficiency in the leave management process.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
I The system should not allow the submission of leave equests that consume more days that then employee's leave balance.	М	the vendor will implement a robust validation mechanism to ensure employees do not exceed their available leave balance. The mechanism includes real-time balance checks, user-friendly alertis, a leave balance dryby, adjustment recommendations, prevention of over-requests, reporting capabilities, customization of leave policies and an audit trail. The system will all pathors the property of the p	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
12 The system should generate department wise reports that show the leave balances of all employees.	M	the vender will implement a departmentwise leave balance reporting feature within its Illinian Resources Leave Management system. This feature will privide a detailed overview of employee leave balances across departments, including various types. Here now customic report parameters based on their needs, and the system will allow automative therefore for easy reporting. Reports can be expected in various formats, and the system will allow automated scheduling for regular updates. The system will also provide graphical representations of leave balances across departments, enabling management to insense trends and identify potential staff shortage. Users can view both aimmany and detailed reports, and the system will alter departments to low leave balances. The system will allow a separaments to be a season to a system of the system will be system of the syste	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

13 The systems should be flexible to carry forward leave lays from one year to another as per the client's HR Manual.	M	The vendor will configure the Oracle Human Resources Leave Management module to support the flexible carry-forward of leave days from one year to the next, in line with the clients HR Manual. This configuration will automate the process of managing leave entitlements across leave periods, reducing administrative burden and ensuring compliance with organizational policies. Key features include customizable leave carry-forward nules, automatic leave balance updates, leave expiry alerts, a detailed audit trail, employee leave balance visibility, leave request integration, automated notifications, and comprehensive reporting. The system will provide transparency, enable employees to plan their leave more effectively, prioritize the use of carried-forward leave days during the leave request process, and generate reports for HR administrators and managers. This configuration simplifies leave management, maintains policy compliance, and enhances the employee experience, ensuring that leave balances are always up-to-date and employees can fully utilize their entitled leave days.	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.
tel system should have Employee Self Service Portal that will used for leave application, staff loan application, viewing/generation/printing of payalips, appraisals, checking for pension/gratuity/DC Issues.	М	be vesdor will configure the system to integrate an Employeen Self-Service (ESS) portal into their system, allowing employees to manage various HR; elated tasks independently. The partial will streamlist the second of the streamlist of the second streamlist in their payalins, enabling transparency and easy access to payfull data The ESS Portal will facilitate performance garangement by allowing employees to review and submit their Key Result Areas (RRAs), set performance goals, and tract appraisal outcomes. It will also provide detailed breakdowns of person and gratuity contributions, enabling employees to track their financial planning for retirement. The ESS Portal collects several benefits, including increased efficiency and transparency, improved employee engagement, including increased efficiency and transparency, improved employee engagement, and streamliness quarter of the ESS Portal collects and increased efficiency and transparency, improved employees engagement, and streamliness may be under the engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance an examination of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement and experiments of the engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement and experiments of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance a second engagement of the ESS Portal will enhance a second enhance and enhanced engagement enhanced enhanced engagement enhanced engagement enhanced enhanced engagement enhanced enh	See Oracle Human Resources Management Section B1 of Technical Specifications (Data Sheets) page of Bid Submission and Oracle Human Resources Management Section of Technical Proposal.

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