# Project Documentation Network Simulator

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# 1 Information page

# Students

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# Changelog

Version	Date	Author	Description
0.1	2020-08-26	All	Template
0.9	2020-08-27	Jani	Majority written. TODO: Dancun info on GUI.
0.9.1	2020-08-27	Jani	Requirement B5 was implemented, changed to Yes
1.0	2020-08-27	Jani and Dancun	GUI info

Table 1: Document changelog.

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### 2 Introduction

The purpose of this document is to be the final documentation of the project in the *ELEC-A7151* - *Object oriented programming with C++* course. The output of the project was a network simulator where it is possible to build simple networks and simulate traffic between nodes. The project plan outlined the features that we aimed to implement:

Module	Req#	Requirement	Implemented
Compatibility	S1	It shall be possible to compile and run the program on Ubuntu 18.04.	Yes
	S2	A CMake file shall be provided together with the source code upon completion.	Yes
Network model	B1	The network shall be modeled by nodes and links between nodes. Communication between nodes shall be done by (data) packets over the links.	Yes
	B1.1	Links shall be defined by a transmission speed and a propagation delay, which shall govern: 1. how fast new packets can be sent; and 2. how fast they propagate over the link. There shall be a way to queue packets at the node before the link.	Yes
	B1.2	Nodes shall be defined by an address and are of a type: router or end-host.	Yes
	B1.2.1	Routers shall be able to route packets between other nodes.	Yes
	B1.2.2	End-hosts shall be able to run applications that can send and/or receive packets to/from other end-hosts for a specified length of time.	Yes <sup>1</sup>
	B2	The model code shall be written in such a way that it is easy to extend with e.g. new kinds of links or applications.	Yes
Program	В3	Running simulations shall be "easily configurable" for different network scenarios, through e.g. configuration files.	TODO
	B4	It shall be possible to collect statistics on the simulated network, e.g. packet to destination times, link utilization, queue lengths, etc.	No
	В5	From the applications user interface, it shall be possible to follow the progress of simulation, including statistics and states for links, queues and packets.	Yes
GUI	A1	There shall be a graphical user interface (GUI) for the program to interact with all other functionalities.	No
	A1.1	B5 shall be expanded to an animation on the GUI.	No
Expanded functionality	A2	B1.1 shall be expanded to create different queue behaviours, including limited queues and as a result, dropped packets.	No
Ž	A3	B1.1 and B1.2 shall be expanded to include mobile hosts, i.e. wireless links.	No
	A3.1	Communication parameters of wireless links shall be defined by signal strength.	No
	A3.2	Mobile hosts shall be able to move around in a 2D map with obstacles that reduce the signal strength of the wireless link.	No

Table 2: The programs functional requirements and implementation status. (1: Only one application was implemented.)

### 3 Software structure

The architecture is very straight forward and shown in figure 1. Note that the diagram doesn't show absolutely everything, e.g. some getters and setters are excluded together with unimportant data types and some helper methods. An explanation of each classes role in the architecture follows below.

The root class is Simulatable, which handles the simulations timesteps through evt\_times[] and AdvanceTime(). Each simulatable point in the inherited classes has an entry in evt\_times[], which basically determines how many timesteps to go until it can be executed. A value of -1 indicates nothing to simulate and once every evt\_times[] entry of every Simulatable is equal to -1, the simulations is ran.

The NetworkInterface class handles the IP address and every Node holds one. Initially the plan was for a node to be able to hold multiple network interfaces and a full LAN / WAN implementation for routing packets.

The Packet class is an arbitrarily simplified TCP packet, holding the important (to our simulation) headers, such as source and target addresses and a time-to-live value, which gets reduced by 1 on each routing event.

The Node class inherits from Simulatable and has multiple functions. For instance, it holds a reference to all neighboring nodes and which links are used to connect to those in the connected[] variable. Packets are handled in separate receive[] and transmit[] queues, the latter of which also holds a reference to which currently connected node the packet is to be transferred to. Multiple helper methods exist, e.g. for connecting or disconnecting from neighboring nodes and moving packets. The RunApplication() method is overloaded by inherited classes to implement application specific functionality.

The Link class inherits from Simulatable and is used to link nodes together. The main parameters are transmissionspeed and propagationdelay, which ultimately result in the timestamp written back to Simulatable.evt\_times[]. The link also holds two transmissionqueue variables, which are the currently in transfer packets.

The EndHost class inherits from Node and is the node that ultimately generates packets that will be sent to another endhost. The implemented functionality simply generates random sized packets (amount equal to packetcount) with the specified targetadr. If the target address is set to self (as it is by default) then no packets are generated.

The Router class inherits from Node and is the node responsible for routing packets between other nodes. The way this is done, is by going through the Node.receive queue and looking up the self, target address in a routing table generated by the Network. If no route exists, the packet is dropped.

The Network class ties everything else together. It is the interface to creating and removing nodes, linking and unlinking them and other graph behaviour. The routingtable map is generated by running Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm from every source node to every target node. The Network also holds the functionality to Save and Load JSON files which contain the network configuration.

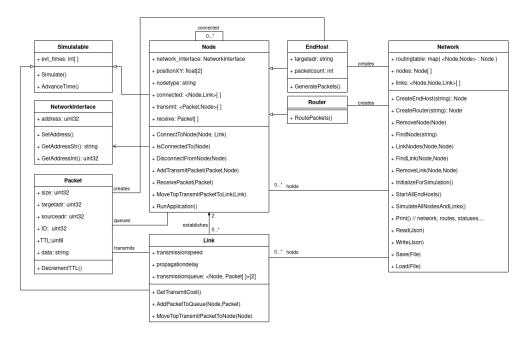


Figure 1: Network simulator class diagrams.

### 4 Build instructions

- 1. Clone the project repository to your machine, or download and unzip.
- 2. Open terminal and navigate to the project root, run cd src/nwsim
- 3. Build the software by first generating the Makefile with cmake CMakeLists.txt and then running make
- 4. The software is built to the projects root/bin and the executables name is nwsim-cli

# 5 Running the software

The software is a CLI implementation and has rather intuitive usage. For usage, please run the **help** command, or see the compiled version below in section 5.2.

### 5.1 Example on running the simulator

- 1. Open a terminal and navigate to the project root. Run the simulator with ./bin/nwsim-cli
- 2. At any point, type help for usage.
- 3. Create an endhost node with add e 1.1.1.1, you will enter edit mode for this node:
  - (a) Run list to see all changeable parameters.
  - (b) exit or quit or q to drop out of editmode.

- 4. Create a router node with add r 2.2.2.2, drop out of editmode.
- 5. Create another endhost node with add e 3.3.3.3, in editmode configure:
  - (a) set target 1.1.1.1 to set target to the first endhost.
  - (b) set count 100 to send 100 packets from this endhost.
- 6. Edit the first endhost with edit 1.1.1.1 and configure:
  - (a) set target 3.3.3.3
  - (b) set count 50
- 7. Link the first endhost to the router with link 1.1.1.1 2.2.2.2, and enter links edit-mode:
  - (a) Run list to see all changeable parameters.
  - (b) set ts 100 to set transmission speed to 100 timeunits.
  - (c) **set pd** 2 to set propagation delay to 2 timeunits / byte.
  - (d) exit or quit or q to drop out of editmode.
- 8. To finish the network, link the remaining endhost and the router link 2.2.2.2 3.3.3.3 and configure:
  - (a) set ts 50
- 9. If you created unnecessary nodes, they can be removed with rem <adr>
- 10. If you linked the wrong nodes, they can be disconnected with unlink <adr> <adr>>
- 11. If you wish to edit the links parameters, run edit <adr> <adr>
- 12. Run list to see the current network configuration.
- 13. Enter the simulation mode with sim
  - (a) Run list to see all endhosts that will be sending packets during the simulation.
  - (b) Run **routes** to see the routing table and check that your network isn't missing a crucial link.
  - (c) Start the simulation with the **run** command. You will go back to the simulation mode once the simulation has finished.
  - (d) To exit simulation mode, use exit or quit or q
- 14. To save the current network configuration, run save <filename>
- 15. To load a new network configuration from a file, run load <filename>, NOTE: this will overwrite the current configuration.
- 16. To exit the program, use exit

#### 5.2 Help documentation

```
LEGEND:
            - edit, sim
<filename>
            - JSON file to save/load network config
            - IP address in octet format, e.g. 192.168.0.1
<adr>
            - integer, note that parameters are capped between valid values.
NWSIM HELP:
                    - Print this manual.
help
                    - Prints mode specific usage.
                    - Save current network configuration as JSON to given file.
       <filename >
save
load
       <filename >
                    - Discard current network configuration and load from specified file.
                     - Exit current mode or if at root, exits the program.
exit
                    - Lists all current nodes and what other nodes they are linked to.
list

    Adds an [e]ndhost or [r]outer with given address.
    NOTE: Address must be IP format and unique in network.

       e | r < adr >
add
       < a d r >
                    - Removes an endhost or router that matches the given address, and
rem
                       severs affected links. If node doesn't exist, nothing happens.
       <adr> <adr> - Links given nodes, if they exist.
link
unlink <adr> <adr> - Unlinks given nodes, if they are currently linked.
e d i t
       < a d r >
                    - Enter node (endhost, router) edit mode.
       <adr> <adr> - Enter link edit mode.
edit
                     - Enter simulation mode.
                    - Prints result of all tests and exit program.
tests
EDIT MODE HELP:
                    - Print this help for edit mode.
help
exit
                    - Exit edit mode.
                    - List all changeable parameters.
list
NODE SPECIFIC EDIT MODE HELP:
     address <adr> - Changes this nodes to use the given address.
                      NOTE: Address must be IP format and unique in network.
ENDHOST SPECIFIC EDIT MODDE HELP:
set target <adr>
                    - Requires endhost source and endhost target. Sets target address.
                      NOTE: Address must be IP format and exist in current network.
                             If set to self, no packets sent in simulation.
set count <int>
                    - Requires endhost. Sets amount of packets sent to target.
LINK SPECIFIC EDIT MODE HELP:
                    - Sets links transmission speed to given value (timeunit). Value
set ts <int>
                       determines the interval at which new packets can be transmitted
                       to the link.
                     - Sets links propagation delay to given value (timeunit / byte).
set pd <int>
                       Value determines the time it takes for a packet to travel across
                       the link. time = propagation_delay * packet_size
SIM MODE HELP:
help
                     - Print this help for sim mode.
                    - Lists all endhosts that are configured to send packets.
list
                    - Prints current network routing table.
routes
                     - Starts simulation.
run
```

# 6 Tests

The software was tested while it was being written and refactored, by writing unit tests and updating as necessary when the underlying logic changed. The src/nwsim/tests/testroutines.hpp file holds all testcases and they can be executed in software by running the tests command. The program output was then simply searched for the flag false for any tests that didnt pass, e.g.

- 1. ./bin/nwsim-cli | tee testout.txt
- 2. Run the tests command for test output and exit

3. Search for tests that didnt pass with grep false testout.txt

#### 6.1 Test output

Below is the output of running tests in the program. Note that all tests that pass hold value true. If it was not possible to write simple and quick enough tests, e.g. for the routing table or actual simulation output, then a manual look is needed.

Note in the simulation test output not all packets have moved to their corresponding nodes. This is because the test is only run for  ${\tt n}$  timesteps, and the packet counts are too high to be transferred during this,

```
______
TESTING - NWSim:: Packet class
_____
Default constructed packet should have:
          ttl = 0: true
          decrementing ttl is still 0: true
          target address all zeroes: true
         source address all zeroes: true
         ID = 0: true
         data string is empty: true
size = MINPACKETSIZE: true
         can set size to >= MINPACKETSIZE: set to 123: true
         can NOT set size to < MINPACKETSIZE: set to 0, size now: 18
Using "actual" constructor with valid data:
data = test \;,\; target = 123.123.123.123 \;,\; source = 255.255.255.255 \;,\; ID = 666
          tt1 = 255: 255
          decrementing ttl gives 254: true
         target address matches: true
          source address matches: true
         ID matches: true
id is666should be666
         data string is test: true
          size is MINPACKETSIZE + len(test): true
TESTING - NWSim:: Address helpers
_____
Converting from int to string:
          arg 0 gives 0.0.0.0: true
         UINT32_MAX gives 255.255.255.255: true
Converting from str to int:
          0.0.0.0 = 0: true
          255.255.255.255 = UINT32_MAX: true
         Testing randomly generated (valid) address strings::

Generated str '3.182.89.53' doesnt throw - : true

Generated str '31.253.46.58' doesnt throw - : true

Generated str '1.134.129.19' doesnt throw - : true
                   Generated str '95.167.144.3' doesnt throw -: true
Generated str '180.3.111.222' doesnt throw -: true
                   Generated str '100.172.49.85' doesnt throw -: true
                   Generated str '101.153.212.37' doesnt throw -: true
Generated str '151.240.19.26' doesnt throw -: true
                    Generated str '39.108.206.70' doesnt throw - : true
                   Generated str '106.252.1.234' doesnt throw - : true Generated str '3.130.254.99' doesnt throw - : true
```

```
invalid address "asd" throws: true invalid address "1" throws: true
         invalid address "255.255.255.256" throws: true
Double wrapped:
         Setting to 1.2.3.4, converting to int, and back to str, matches: true
TESTING - NWSim:: NetworkInterface class
_____
NOTE: Valid addresses handled by NWSim:: Address helpers!
Default constructed
         address is 0: true
         Possible to set address to valid one 1.2.3.4: true
         Address string matches after setting: true
        NOT Possible to set address to invalid one invalid adr: true Address string hasn't changed after setting to invalid: true
adr should be 1.2.3.41.2.3.4
Constructing with given VALID adr '1.2.3.4'
Address string matches after constructing: true Constructing with given INVALID adr 'invalid adr'
        Address string should be 0.0.0.0 after constructing: true
TESTING - NWSim:: Node class
NOTE: Addressing handled by NWSim:: NetworkInterface!
NOTE: Methods that cannot be tested without network/link:
        Connect To Node\ , Is Connected To\ , Disconnect From Node\ , Move Top Transmit Packet To Link Run Application:
Can generate default constructed nodes:
        Default pos is (0,0): true
        Can move to new position (1.2, 3.4): true
        Node type is "DEFAULT": true
        NOT connected to any other nodes: true
         Transmit queue is empty: true
         Receive queue is empty: true
Default address is 0.0.0.0: true Using "correct" constructor:
         Constructed at pos (1.200000, 3.400000): true
         Constructed with adr 1.2.3.4: true
Compare node equality (address):
         Node against same adr as str: true
        Two different nodes with different IP's are NOT the same: true
         Comparing node to itself is equal: true
Packet handling of the Node
         After receiving 1 packet, receive queue holds 1 packet: : true
        Can NOT add packet with TTL==0 to transmit queue: : true Can add packet with TTL>0 to transmit queue: : true
-----
TESTING - NWSim:: EndHost class
NOTE: Only checking EndHost specific functionality, check Node for shared, or Network for "fuller" function
Packet generation variables
        Node type is EndHost: true
         Initial packet count is MINPACKETS: true
        Can set packet count >MINPACKETS but <= MAXPACKETS: true
        Can NOT set packet count >MAXPACKETS, clamped to MAXPACKETS: true
         Initial target address is self: true
        Can set target address to a new valid one: true
```

```
Target address after set matches: true
        Can NOT set target address to a new invalid one: true
        Target address after ivnalid set matches old one: true
TESTING - NWSim:: Router class
NONE YET, TODO, false
Default constructor
       Node type is Router: true
TESTING - NWSim::Link class
NOTE: Methods that cannot be tested without network/link:
       InitTransmissionQueues, MoveTopTransmitPacketToNode, AddPacketToQueue:
Default constructed:
        transmission speed is MIN: true
       propagation delay is MIN: true
       transmission speed is set: true
       propagation delay is set: true
Constructed with 0,0:
       transmission speed is MIN: true
       propagation delay is MIN: true
Constructed with 123,321:
       transmission speed is 123: true
       propagation delay is 321: true
TESTING - NWSim:: Network class
______
NOTE: A deeper exploration of node/link specific functions in their respective tests.
Empty network tests
       New network is empty: true
       A non-existent node can not be found and returns nullptr: true
       Can add default EndHost: true
       Can find existing node: true
       Can NOT add node with same IP again: true
Linking nodes ...
        After adding another host and router, size is 3: true
        Linking two nodes worked: true
        Attempting to relink throws an exception: true
        Attempting to backwards relink throws an exception: true
       Linking other two nodes worked: true
Removing node from network
        Network size is 2 nodes: true
        Removing the router between hosts severed all links: ...
               h1 —/— r1: true
               h2 -/- r1: true
               h1 size == 0: true
               h2 size == 0: true
Removing link from network
        Network size is 3 as no nodes removed: true
        Removing a link between h1, r2 only removes that link: ...
               h1 —/— r2: true
               h2 — r2: true
               h1 size == 0: true
               h2 size == 1: true
**** Manually see below routing table if it makes sense ... ****
```

```
New print table should not be simulatable out of the box: true
Current routing table size: 9
        When at: 0.0.0.11
                                 and target: 0.0.0.22
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.22
        When at: 0.0.0.11
                                 and target: 0.0.0.33
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.22
        When at: 0.0.0.22
                                and target: 0.0.0.11
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.11
        When at: 0.0.0.22
                                and target: 0.0.0.33
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.33
        When at: 0.0.0.33
                                 and target: 0.0.0.11
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.22
                                 and target: 0.0.0.22
        When at: 0.0.0.33
                                                           send to: 0.0.0.22
Testing packet transfer in network
         Setting target adr for h1: true
        Before run, transmit queue size is 0: true
        After run transmit queue == packetcount == set packet count: true
Starting packet movement ...
        Link is empty and can not move any packets: true
        Moving packet from node h1 to link is successful: true
        Link h1-r1 now has 1 packet: true
        Link has moved packet to next node r1: true
        Next link 11 timestamp should be 0 as no other packets exist: true
        After running router, receive queue is 0 and transmit is 1: true
        After moving from the router, transmit q is empty: true
        Link has moved packet to next node h2: true
        Next link 12 timestamp should be 0 as no other packets exist: true
Moving the remaining packets...

Before run — h1 and l1 are empty: true
        Before run - Router reveived holds rest of the packets: true
                                                                   TTL: 255
                                                                                    ID: 1
Source: 0.0.0.11
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                   Size: 30
                                                                                             Data: Test
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                                                             Data: Test
Source: 0.0.0.11
                                                   Size: 29
                                                                   TTL: 255
                                                                                    ID: 2
Source: 0.0.0.11
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                   Size: 22
                                                                   TTL: 255
                                                                                    ID: 3
                                                                                             Data: Test
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                                   TTL: 255
                                                                                    ID: 4
                                                                                             Data: Test
Source: 0.0.0.11
                                                  Size: 40
        After run - Router transmit holds rest of the packets: true
        All packets found on endhost: true
Source: 0.0.0.11
                        Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                   Size: 41
                                                                   TTL: 254
                                                                                    ID: 0
                                                                                             Data: Test
                                                                                             Data: Test
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                   Size: 30
                                                                   TTL: 254
Source: 0.0.0.11
                                                                                    ID: 1
Source: 0.0.0.11
                        Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                   Size: 29
                                                                   TTL: 254
                                                                                    ID: 2
                                                                                             Data: Test
                                                  Size: 22
Size: 40
                                                                   TTL: 254
TTL: 254
                                                                                             Data: Test
Data: Test
Source: 0.0.0.11
                         Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                                                    ID: 3
Source: 0.0.0.11
                        Target: 0.0.0.33
                                                                                    ID: 4
**** Testing Simulatable runs ****
        Set up network, can not run yet: true
        Initialized network for running: true
        Check below routing table ...:
Current routing table size: 25
                                 and target: 2.2.2.2
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 1.1.1.1
        When at: 1.1.1.1
                                 and target: 3.3.3.3
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 1.1.1.1
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
                                and target: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 1.1.1.1
                                 and target: 5.5.5.5
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 2.2.2.2
                                 and target: 1.1.1.1
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 2.2.2.2
                                 and target: 3.3.3.3
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
                                 and target: 4.4.4.4
and target: 5.5.5.5
        When at: 2.2.2.2
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 2.2.2.2
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 3.3.3.3
                                 and target: 1.1.1.1
                                                           send to: 1.1.1.1
        When at: 3.3.3.3
When at: 3.3.3.3
                                 and target: 2.2.2.2
                                                           send to: 2.2.2.2
                                 and target: 4.4.4.4
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 3.3.3.3
                                 and target: 5.5.5.5
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 4.4.4.4
When at: 4.4.4.4
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
send to: 3.3.3.3
                                 and target: 1.1.1.1
and target: 2.2.2.2
        When at: 4.4.4.4
                                 and target: 3.3.3.3
                                                           send to: 3.3.3.3
        When at: 4.4.4.4
                                                           send to: 5.5.5.5
                                 and target: 5.5.5.5
        When at: 5.5.5.5
                                 and target: 1.1.1.1
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 5.5.5.5
                                 and target: 2.2.2.2
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 5.5.5.5
                                 and target: 3.3.3.3
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
        When at: 5.5.5.5
                                 and target: 4.4.4.4
                                                           send to: 4.4.4.4
Actual simulation -
```

```
Packet counts before simulation:

      EndHost 1.1.1.1
      — transmit: 100
      receive: 0

      EndHost 2.2.2.2
      — transmit: 50
      receive: 0

      Router 3.3.3.3
      — transmit: 0
      receive: 0

      Router 4.4.4.4
      — transmit: 0
      receive: 0

      EndHost 5.5.5.5
      — transmit: 10
      receive: 0

                                                                                                 receive: 0 receive: 0
 Packet counts after simulation:

      1.1.1.1
      — 3.3.3.3
      : 85

      2.2.2.2
      — 3.3.3.3
      : 33

      3.3.3.3
      — 4.4.4.4
      : 17

      4.4.4.4
      — 5.5.5.5
      : 1

                                                                                                        waiting: (
                                                                                                                                      -1.4)
                                                                                                         waiting: (
                                                                                                                                      -1,19
                                                                                                        waiting: (
                                                                                                                                     -1,9)
                                                                                                        waiting: (
                                                                                                                                     -1,9)
EndHost 1.1.1.1 — transmit: 0
EndHost 2.2.2.2 — transmit: 0
Router 3.3.3.3 — transmit: 0
EndHost 5.5.5.5 — transmit: 0
                                                                                                     receive: 10
                                                                                                        receive: 0
                                                                                                        receive: 0
                                                      - transmit: 0
                                                                                                     receive: 0
EndHost 5.5.5.5
                                                         - transmit: 0
                                                                                                        receive: 14
```

# 7 Work log

The amount of hours for each week for every group member is described here.

Week	Dates	Hours	What was done?
1	July 6 - July 12	2	Project plan
2	July 13 - July 19	3	Weekly meeting, node, link and network design.
3	July 20 - July 26	11	Weekly meeting, studying CMake and Qt Creator. initial work
			on IP address handling helpers, NetworkInterface, Packet, Node,
			Link and Application classes. Test cases for NetworkInterface and
			Packet.
4	July 27 - Aug 2	6	Weekly meeting. Continued work on Node and Link classes. Tests
			for Nodes, Links and initial packet transfer. Node position vari-
			ables + tests for Dancun.
5	Aug 3 - Aug 9	2	Weekly meeting. Mid-term meeting with Pasi.
6	Aug 10 - Aug 16	0	Nothing
7	Aug 17 - Aug 23	25	Weekly meeting. Major refactor and cleanup of Node and Link
			classes, dropped Application as a separate class. Network class to
			hold Nodes and Links, routing, EndHost, Router, Packet genera-
			tion. Testcases for Node, Link, Network. Moved testcases to sepa-
			rate file and introduced assert checks to grep for fails.
- 8	Aug 24 - Aug 30	30	Weekly meeting. Simulatable nodes and links, packet transfer be-
			tween them, fix routing, testcases. Wrote CLI as GUI was aban-
			doned. Final documentation. Reviewing file save/load implemen-
			tation from Brian.
Total	All	79	-

Table 3: Jani's work log. Hours are rough estimates from git commit history, stopped tracking on week 7 to keep up.

Week	Dates	Hours	What was done?
1	July 6 - July 12	4	Studied about Qt and how to use it in making GUIs in C++
2	July 13 - July 19	2	Tried making nodes which would represent the routers plus the necessary buttons needed to add nodes
3	July 20 - July 26	4	Researched on a ways in which to connect the nodes to each other so that traffic could be implemented in the network between the nodes
4	July 27 - Aug 2	2	Changed the GUI as the original setup I had was not able to send any communication over the kink between the two nodes
5	Aug 3 - Aug 9	1	Worked on improving the GUI by adding the needed buttons and other features needed
6	Aug 10 - Aug 16	2	Came with nodes that can display on the screen and can be connected to each other
7	Aug 17 - Aug 23	2	Tried adding the source code but did not find the expected results on how to tie the GUI to the code
8	Aug 24 - Aug 30	1	GUI works but still problems trying to get the code and GUI to work
Total	All	18	-

Table 4: Dancun's work log.

Week	Dates	Hours	What was done?
1	July 6 - July 12	4	UML for Project Plan, studied network basics
2	July 13 - July 19	1	Weekly meeting.
3	July 20 - July 26	5	Weekly meeting. Studied the use of CMake and linking libraries
4	July 27 - Aug 2	3	Weekly meeting. Decided on the use of Qt's own JSON libraries.
5	Aug 3 - Aug 9	4	Weekly meeting. Figured out how to use QJson-classes, some pre-
			liminary implementations for reading/writing to JSON.
6	Aug 10 - Aug 16	0	Nothing
7	Aug 17 - Aug 23	2	Weekly Meeting.
8	Aug 24 - Aug 30	5	Implemented save/load functionality for user-configurable at-
			tributes of the network in JSON file format.
Total	All	24	-

Table 5: Brian's work log.

Week	Dates	Hours	What was done?
1	July 6 - July 12	3	Project plan, studied network protocols
2	July 13 - July 19	2	Attended weekly meeting, planned parts of the implementation
3	July 20 - July 26	2	Attended weekly meeting, wrote initial version of event queue
4	July 27 - Aug 2	2	Attended weekly meeting, rewrote event queue
5	Aug 3 - Aug 9	1	Attended weekly meeting
6	Aug 10 - Aug 16	1	Attended weekly meeting
7	Aug 17 - Aug 23	3	Attended weekly meeting, created routing table for the network
8	Aug 24 - Aug 30	0	nothing
Total	All	14	-

Table 6: Leo's work log.

#### 8 Post mortem

It is quite obvious from the output of the project that we did not meet the goal that we set for ourselves and what was expected from the project description. There are many reasons for why this was the case, but the core issues were:

- 1. Work was probably divided wrong from the start, e.g. Jani had work until the last 2 weeks of the project, but everyone else was waiting for the results of his code. Similarly, Leo had free time at the start, but less towards the end. See figure 2 for the original schedule from the project plan.
- 2. Design of the software was only done superficially and at a too high level. The approach was to design further as we progressed, but this turned out to be a bad decision. Ad-hoc approach to design rarely works, and here it didn't either.
- 3. Related to the design, but the architecture was started from the bottom up, which introduced some unnecessary issues, which could have been averted if the network was immediately designed as a graph and the necessary interfaces implemented early, such that other group members wouldn't have to worry about ever-changing code.
- 4. The GUI portion was started early and progressed fine, but it was never properly integrated with the core functionality. This is why, in the end, a CLI approach was taken as there was not enough time left to write a shorter implementation and integration.

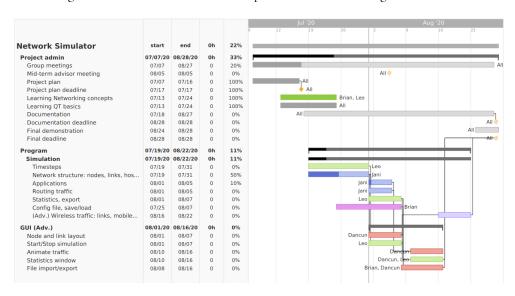


Figure 2: Original schedule from the project plan.

#### 8.1 GUI

The GUI was being worked on as mentioned, and some functionality was achieved:

1. The GUI we have so far has the ability to add nodes on the screen. The nodes can be connected

to each other and a given node can be deleted. The implementation is simple and does not include 2D or 3D  $\,$ 

2. For the time being the functionality that exist, is one to add nodes and connect them. There is not any additional functionalities that have been implemented as of now

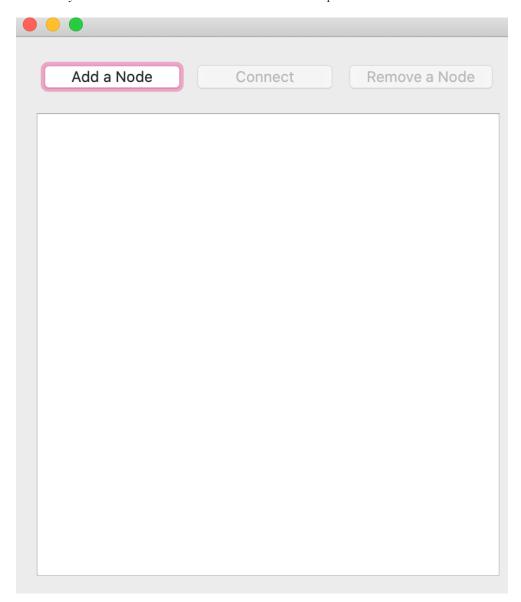


Figure 3: Screenshot 1 from the GUI.

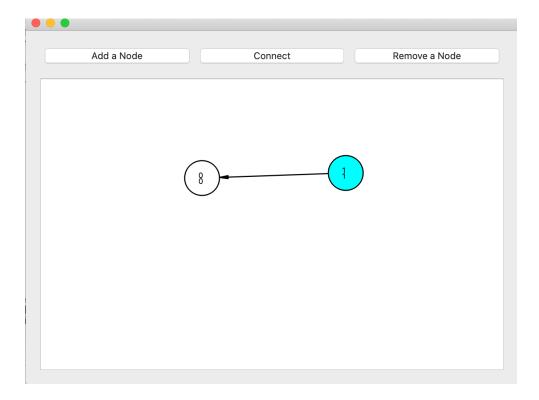


Figure 4: Screenshot 2 from the GUI.